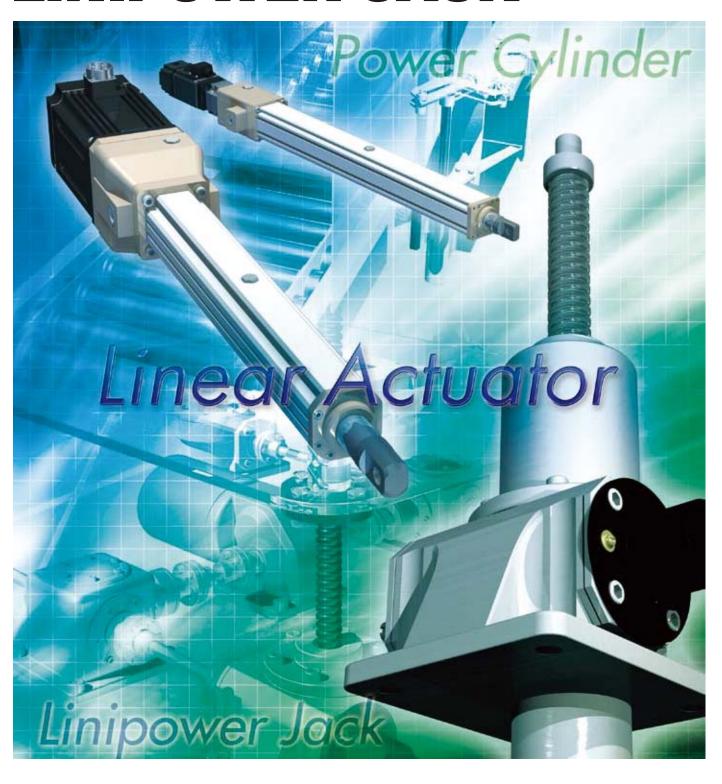
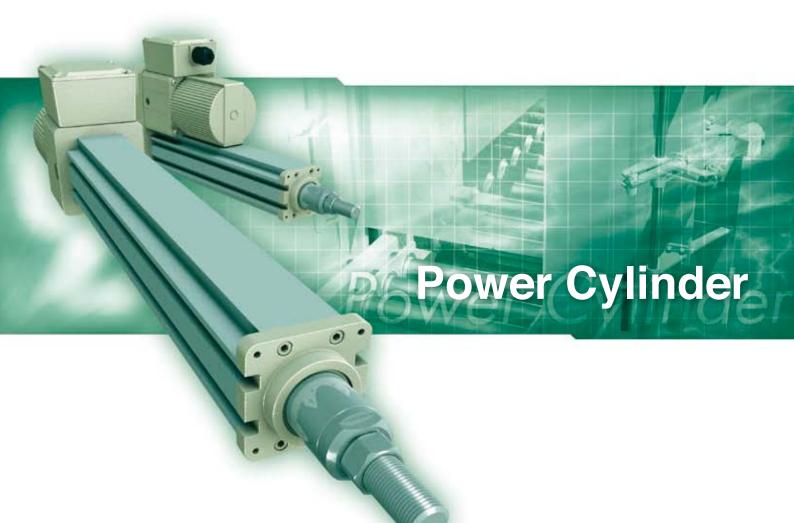


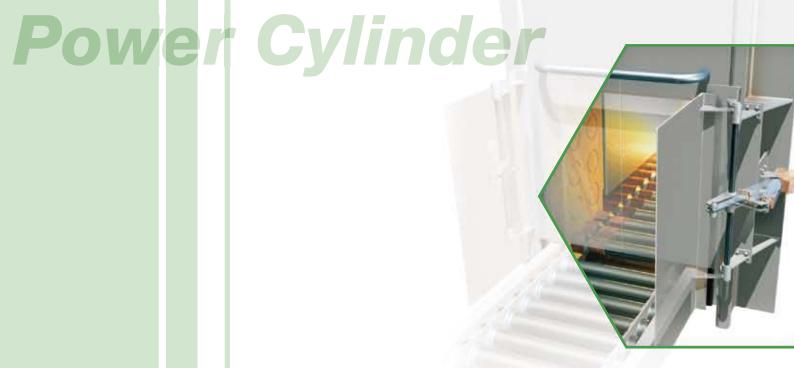
TSUBAKI POWER CYLINDER® LINIPOWER JACK®



ver Cylinder Integrated Actuator Linipower Jack **Series lineup** Power Cylinder >> P.2~ Straight Servo type **Eco series Straight CDS** type **Parallel** F series **Straight** LPGA type **Parallel** Basic type **Power Cylinder** LPGB type **Parallel G** series With torque limite **Straight** LPGC type **Parallel** LPTB type T series Linear actuator LPTC type LPTB type **Multi series** LPTC type Mini series Differences between and how to select the Power Cylinder and Linipower Jack Linipower Jack >> P.142~ Power Cylinder JWM (Trapezoidal screw) • Used to press up or pull up a load. • The numerical value in the model number indicates thrust (power to press and pull). **Linipower Jack** JWB (Ball screw) Linipower Jack No (basic) motor (model with motor is optional.) Indoor specifications JWH (High-lead ball screw) Used to support a load The numerical value in the model number shows a basic capacity (load that can be supported)



| Application | 3 |
|---|-----|
| Examples of use | 5 |
| Basic specifications list ——— | 7 |
| Capacity range ————— | 9 |
| Eco series ———————————————————————————————————— | 10 |
| series ————— | 52 |
| G series ———————————————————————————————————— | 66 |
| r series | 86 |
| Multi series ———————————————————————————————————— | 124 |
| Mini sarios | 124 |

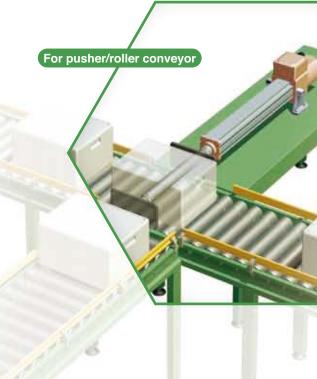


APPLICATION SOLUTION

TSUBAKI E&M Power Cylinders were born over 40 years ago, and have been used across a variety of industries by a wide range of customers.

By taking advantage of our accumulated experience, we have continued to develop new products as well as upgrade technologies, and proactively address environmental issues to create our present series.

We will continue to create products which are customer-friendly, taking the environment into consideration.



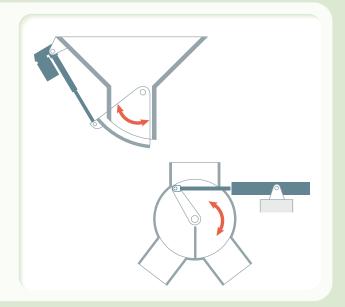


Power Cylinder Examples of use

Opening and closing

Various types of opening and closing can be performed by changing the linear motion of power cylinders into turning force through link mechanisms or by using the linear motion as it is. The G series (GC type) and T series (TC type) that can press at the end are suitable. Those with a position detecting unit are used to indicate the degree of opening.

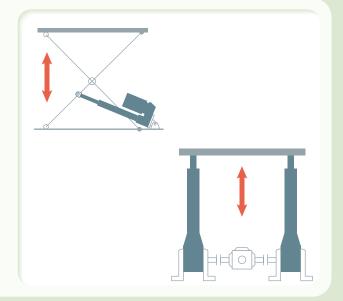
- Opening and closing of hopper gates
- Opening and closing of switching dampers
- Opening and closing of the lids of drying furnaces, incinerators, various kilns, etc.



Elevation

Various types of elevation can be performed by using the linear motion of power cylinders. Power cylinders are effective for holding loads reliably and in synchronization.

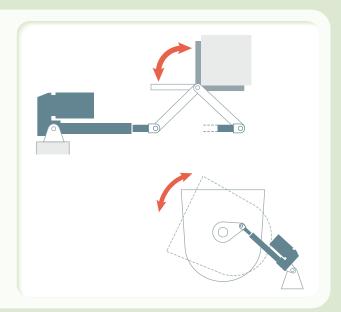
- Pantograph type lifting and lowering devices
- Lifting and lowering devices using fixed pulleys and moving pulleys.
- Lifting and lowering devices directly using the linear motion of power cylinders (telescope type)
- Lifting and lowering devices operating multiple power cylinders synchronously



Turnover

Conveyed objects can be turned over and transferred by the linear motion of power cylinders and simple supporting arrangements. Smooth operation can be performed with little backlash.

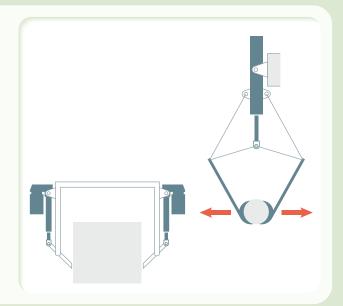
- Turnover devices for steel materials and packaged goods
- Lateral turning of wire bobbins
- Turnover of furnaces



Handling

Various handling devices can be established by combining power cylinders and link mechanisms. Power cylinders enable reliable fastening.

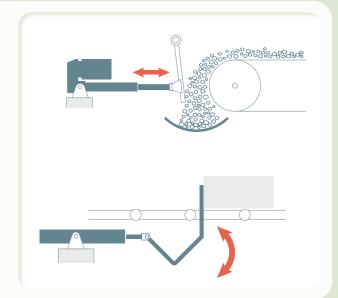
- Chucking of cotton materials, and chucking and transfer of steel materials
- Handling of various automatic apparatuses



Stopper

Conveyed objects can be stopped or changed in direction mainly through the link mechanisms in addition to the linear motion of power cylinders. Also, they can be stopped directly by power cylinders.

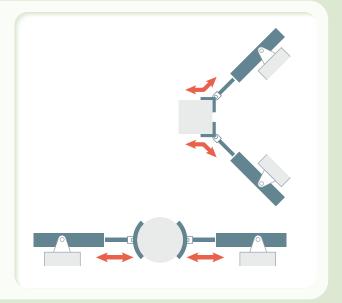
- Directional adjustments of the flows of conveyed objects on belt conveyors
- Stopper for conveyed objects on roller conveyors
- Stopper for materials in material cutting machines



Positioning

Goods and materials can be moved into place and positioned by using a single or multiple power cylinders. Furthermore, they can be held and fixed in place.

- Positioning of materials, etc., in cutting machines
- Positioning and finishing machines of corrugated cardboard, plated parts, etc.
- Positioning and fixing for taking in and out movable stands in event halls





Power Cylinder Basic specifications list

TSUBAKI E&M Power Cylinders come in a varie options in our 7 series I Select the optin option for your

| _ | | | | | Eco series | | | | | | | | Fs | seri | es | | | G series | | | |
|---|---------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|------|------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-----|-----|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------|
| * Note that the set of types and set of | | Servo type | | | | CDS type | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated | N | | 150N {15.3 | N~150 ~153 | 000N 0kgf} | | 0. {2 | 25kN~ 25.5~ | ~1.00l 103kg | kN f} | | | 100N {10.2 | N~6.0 2∼612 | 00kN 2kgf} | | | 7/ | 00N~ /1.4~ | ∕3.00kl 306kg | N f} |
| thrust | {kgf} | 15.3 | 30.6 | 153 | 306 | 1530 | 25.5 | 51.0 | 51.0 | 102 | 10.2 | 20.4 | 40.8 | 102 | 204 | 306 | 612 | 70 | 100 | 150 | 300 |
| | Slow | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed | Low | | | | | | | | | | | | 15 | | | 9 | 8 | 25/30 | 25/30 | 25/30 | 25/30 |
| орооц | Low Medium | | | | | | | 90/100 | | 90/90 | | 24 | | | 18 | | | | 75/90 | | 50/60 |
| | High | | ~3 | 300 | , | ~333 | 160/190 | | 160/170 | | 54 | | | 30 | | | | 100/120 200/240 | 100/120 200/240 | 100/120 | 67/80 |
| | 2000mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1500mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1200mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • |
| | 1000mm | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • |
| | 800mm | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • |
| Stroke | 600mm | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • |
| | 500mm | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • |
| | 400mm | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • |
| - | 300mm | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | 200mm | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | 100mm | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | 50mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

 $^{^{\}star}$ Thrust means force at which the power cylinder can press and pull.

Options

| With brake | | | • | | • |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| With shaft for manual operation | | | • | | • |
| Anti-rod rotation | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| With external limit switch for stroke adjustment | | | | 0 | 0 |
| With internal limit switch for positioning detection* | | | | 0 | 0 |
| With potentiometer* | | | | 0 | 0 |
| With rotary encoder* | | | | | 0 |
| With bellows | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Clevis fitting | | | | • | 0 |
| Trunnion fitting | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| Foot fitting | 0 | | | | |
| I-type end fitting | • | • | 0 | | 0 |
| U-type end fitting | 0 | 0 | 0 | | • |
| N-type end fitting | 0 | | • | | |

^{*} For options with an * mark, the clevis fitting cannot be attached.

 $^{^{\}star}$ For Eco series servo type, this row is the maximum thrust instead.

Note) ● indicates standard. ○ indicates an option.

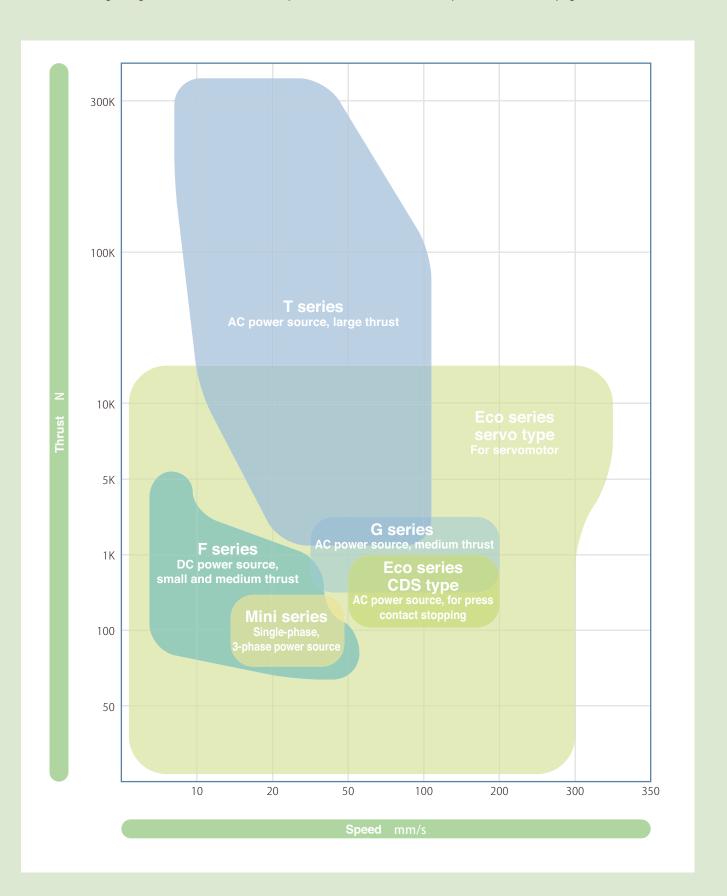
| T series | | | | | | | | La: ser | rge ies | | | N | /lult | i se | eries | S | | | | Vin erie | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------|------|-------|---------|------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 2.4 {25 | 45kN∕ 50~32 | ~313k 2000k | cN gf} | | | | 617kN~ | ~882kN 90000kgf} | 4.9kN~313kN {500~32000kgf} | | | | | | | 98.0N~392N {10~40kgf} | | | | |
| 250 | 500 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 6000 | 8000 | 12000 | 16000 | 32000 | 63000 | 90000 | 500 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 6000 | 8000 | 12000 | 16000 | 32000 | 10 | 20 | 40 |
| | | | 12.5/15 | 9/11 | 6.3/7.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25/30 50/60 | 25/30 50/60 | 25/30 50/60 | | 25/30 35/42 | 17.5/21 25/30 | | 10/12 | 14.5/17.5 | 10/12 15/18 | 7.5/9 10/12 | 7.5/9 10/12 | | he cyli | | | | | | | | | 17/21 | 9/11 |
| 100/120 | | | | 60/72 | 42/50 | | | 31/37 | 20/24 | 15/18 | 10/12 | | | | | , to pe | .go | | | | 34/42 | 1//21 | |
| 100/120 | 100/120 | 100/120 | 73/70 | 00/72 | 12/30 | 13/32 | 0 | • | 20/21 | 13/10 | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | 31/12 | | |
| | | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | | | |
| | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | |
| | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | |
| • | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | | | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | | | • | • | • |
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| 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | |
| 0 | • | • | 0 | • | |
| • | | | • | | |
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| | 1 | | | | |

Power Cylinder capacity range

TSUBAKI E&M Power Cylinders can be used across a wide range of thrusts and speeds.

Refer to the image diagram below and select the optimum model from the basic specifications list on pages 7 and 8.



Power Cylinder

Eco series

Eco series servo type

Thrust: 150N to 15000N {15.3kgf to 1530kgf}

Maximization of servomotor performance
Realization of high stopping accuracy
Selectable servomotor
Realization of high speeds and wide-ranging thrusts
Reduction in servomotor capacity with precision
planetary reducer



Eco series CDS type

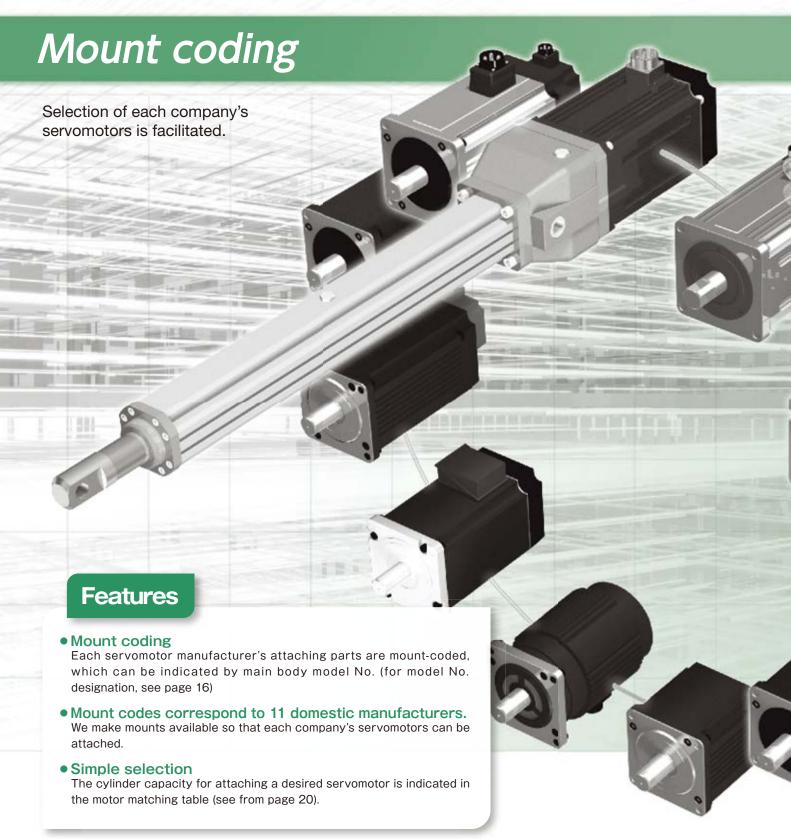
Thrust: 250N to 1.00kN {25.5kgf to 102kgf}

Self-contained
Environmentally friendly
Running cost reduction
For highly frequent operation and long life
Simple operation



Power Cylinder Eco Series

New lineup for mount coding and with precision planetary reducer



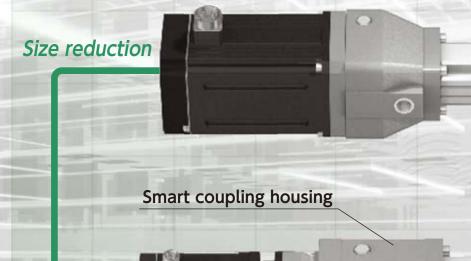
Servo Type





With precision planetary reducer

For low-speed uses, the motor capacity can be reduced in combination with our precision planetary reducer PAT-B.



Precision planetary reducer

Features

Equipment cost reduction

As the servomotor capacity becomes smaller, the amplifier (driver) also becomes smaller, so that the initial cost can be reduced.

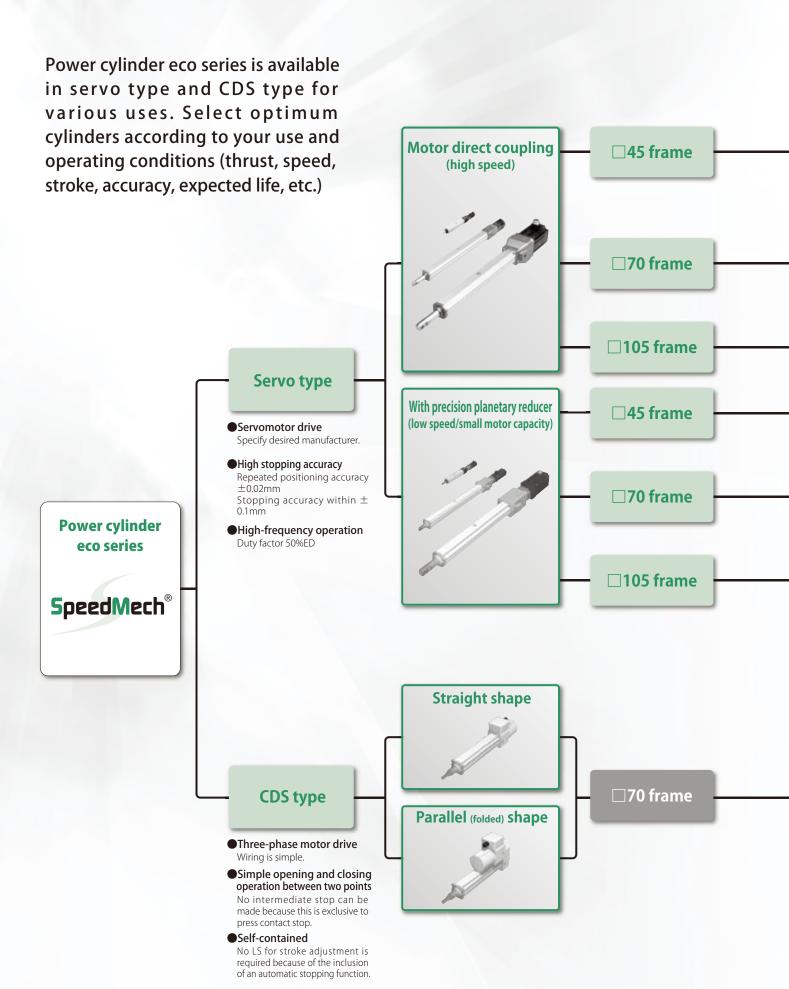
Light weight and compactness

Due to the reduction in servomotor size, a new smart coupling housing is adopted. Mass reduction is up to approximately 30kg (80%).

High-precision positioning

Due to the adoption of our precision planetary reducer (PAT-B), the backlash of the reducer will not affect the cylinder accuracy.

Guidance for selection

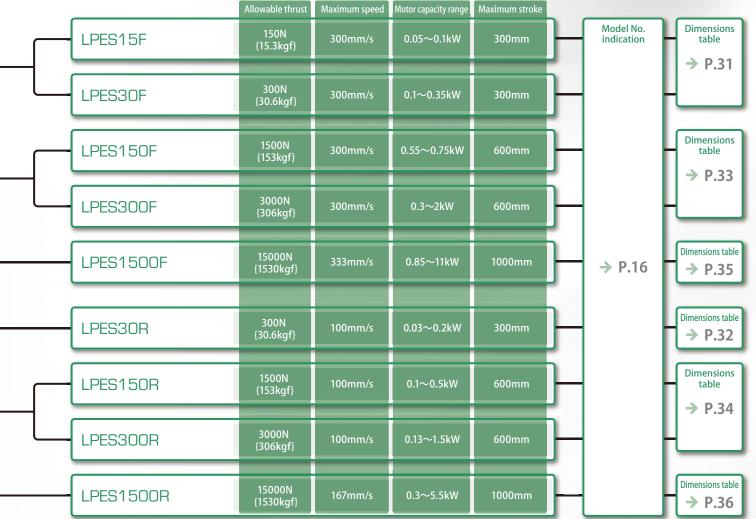


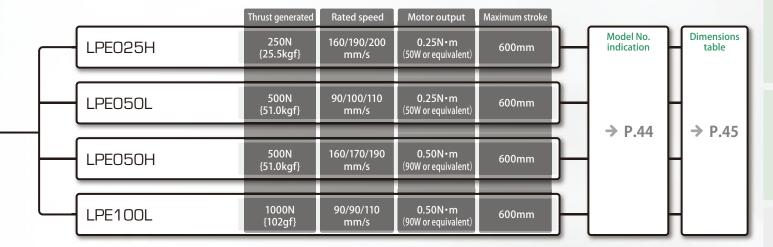
Servomotor manufacturers

Mitsubishi Electric → P.20 Yaskawa Electric → P.21 Panasonic → P.22 Fuji Electric → P.23

Omron \Rightarrow P.24 Sanyo Denki \Rightarrow P.25 FANUC \Rightarrow P.26 Keyence \Rightarrow P.27

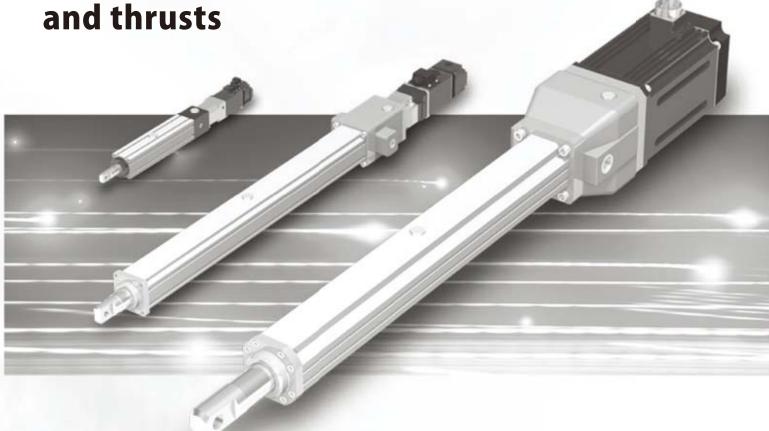
Nikki Denso → P.28 Tamagawa Seiki → P.29 Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems → P.30





Power cylinder eco series servo type

New models of power cylinders capable of corresponding to wide-ranging speeds



Maximization of servomotor performance

Servomotor performance is maximized by combining high-efficiency ball screw and high-rigidity and light-weight disc coupling.

Because of clamp type fastening, there is no backlash like key fastening. Clamp type fastening also applies even with precision planetary reducer.

Realization of high stopping accuracy

High stopping accuracy is realized through the adoption of high-precision ball screw. The repeated positioning accuracy *1 is ± 0.02 mm.

The stopping accuracy*2 is within ± 0.1 mm.

The accuracies are not affected even with the precision planetary reducer.

- *1) Difference in the position of stopping at one point in the same direction of operation
- *2) Difference between target point and actual stopping position

Effects with precision planetary reducer

Due to the reduction in servomotor size, the following effects can be expected:
• Peripheral equipment, such as amplifier, can also be made smaller, so that the

- initial cost can be reduced.Electric energy decreases, so that the running cost can also be reduced.
- The coupling housing is also down-sized to be lightweight and compact.

Selectable servomotor

A desired servomotor can be installed.

For an estimate, inform us of the servomotor manufacturer or mount code. Also, specify ${\bf @}$ Motor handling in model No. designation.

Note) Each manufacturer has some unsupported models.

Realization of high speeds and wide-ranging thrusts

Can be used at high speeds in a large thrust area.

☐45 frame 300mm/s at the maximum thrust of 300N {30.6kgf}

☐70 frame 300mm/s at the maximum thrust of 3000N {306kgf}

□ 105 frame 333mm/s at the maximum thrust of 15000N {1530kgf}

Model No. designation LPES 1500 R 5 T 10 G5L A SUJ ① Product/series name (4) Reduction gear ratio 8 Motor handling 3:1/3 A: Installed by customer Power cylinder B: Supplied by customer eco series servo type 4:1/4 5:1/5 7:1/7 ② Allowable thrust 9:1/9 7 Mount code ☐45 frame 15: 150N {15.3kgf} A:1/10 G5L: Example) 750W manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric 300N {30.6kgf} 30: * For details, see the motor matching table □70 frame 150: 1500N {153kgf} (from page 20). (5) Main body shape 300: 3000N {306kgf} 1500: 15000N {1530kgf} □105 frame T: straight 9 Options

(3) Motor mounting method

- F: Motor direct coupling (no reduction gear ratio)
- R: With precision planetary reducer
 - $\ensuremath{^*}$ For details, see the motor matching table (from page 20).

⑥ Stroke

- 3:300mm 10:1000mm
- * The above numerical values are examples. For actual strokes, see the standard model list below.

W: Waterproof spec IP65 (□70 and □105 frames only)

M: Anti-rod rotation spec (\square 45 frame only)

S: With 3 magnetic sensors

(See the sensor related option on page 17.)

U: U-type end fitting

N: N-type end fitting (□45 frame only) (No symbol indicates I-type end fitting.)

J: Bellows (□70 and □105 frames only)

(The strokes do not change even with bellows.)

Standard model list

| Model No. | Reduction gear ratio | Allowable thrust N {kgf} | Speed mm/s | Stroke mm | Screw diameter mm | Screw lead mm | Frame size |
|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| LPES15F | _ | 150 {15.3} | 300 | | | | |
| LPES30F | - | | 300 | | | | |
| LPES30R3 | 3 | | 100 | 400 | | | |
| LPES30R4 | 4 | | 75 | 100 200 | Ф12 | 6 | □45 |
| LPES30R5 | 5 | 300 (30.6) | 60 | 300 | ΨΙΖ | U | L-13 |
| LPES30R7 | 7 | | 43 | | | | |
| LPES30R9 | 9 | | 33 | | | | |
| LPES30RA | 10 | | 30 | | | | |
| LPES150F | - | | 300 | | | | |
| LPES150R3 | 3 | | 100 | | | | □70 |
| LPES150R4 | 4 | | 75 | | | | |
| LPES150R5 | 5 | 1500 {153} | 60 | | | | |
| LPES150R7 | 7 | | 43 | 100 | | | |
| LPES150R9 | 9 | | 33 | 200 300 400 | | | |
| LPES150RA | 10 | | 30 | | Ф20 | 6 | |
| LPES300F | - | | 300 | | | | |
| LPES300R3 | 3 | | 100 | 500 600 | | | |
| LPES300R4 | 4 | | 75 | | | | |
| LPES300R5 | 5 | 3000 (306) | 60 | | | | |
| LPES300R7 | 7 | | 43 | | | | |
| LPES300R9 | 9 | | 33 | | | | |
| LPES300RA | 10 | | 30 | | | | |
| LPES1500F | - | | 333 | 200 | | | |
| LPES1500R3 | 3 | | 167 | 200 300 | | | |
| LPES1500R4 | 4 | | 125 | 400 | | | |
| LPES1500R5 | 5 | 15000 {1530} | 100 | 500 | Ф30 | 10 | □105 |
| LPES1500R7 | 7 | | 71 | 600 800 | | | |
| LPES1500R9 | 9 | | 56 | 1000 | | | |
| LPES1500RA | 10 | anut of 2000s/min (ave | 50 | | | | |

^{*} The speeds are values at an input of 3000r/min (except for LPES1500F, the speed of which is a value at an input of 2000r/min).

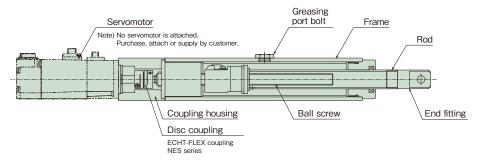
Standard use environment

| Model Environment | Indoor type |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Ambient temperature | 0~40℃ |
| Relative humidity | 85% or less (non-condensing) |
| Impact resistance value | 1G or less |
| Installation altitude | 1000m or lower above sea level |
| Atmosphere | Normally indoors* |

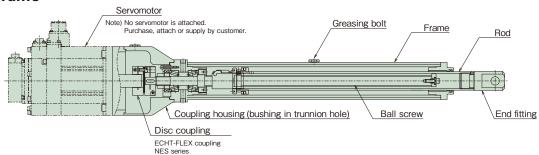
[&]quot;Normally indoors" means no exposure to wind. rain and water, and at a general in-factory level of dust.

Structure

□45 frame



□70•**□105** frame



Driving part

Motor

A servomotor of almost any manufacturer can be selected. Please attach or supply a servomotor.

Coupling part

Coupling

ECHT-FLEX coupling NES series is adopted. The industry leader in light weight and high rigidity, servomotor functions are fully exerted.

Actuating part

Ball screw

Highly efficient ball screw is adopted.

It can withstand remarkably frequent operations and a long life can be expected.

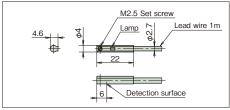
Framo

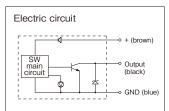
To realize lighter weight, an aluminum frame has been adopted. And the external dimensions of the cylinder are not changed even after mounting a magnetic sensor.

Sensor related option

■Standard magnetic sensor (S)

☐45 frame



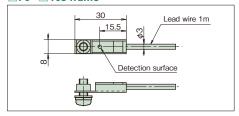


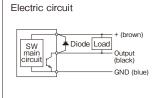
Magnetic sensor specifications Non-contact switch (DC 3-wire system, lead wire 1m, with lamp) Power voltage 5~24V DC Consumption current 10mA or less

Load current 40mA or less

Output specifications
Open collector output

□70 •□105 frame





Magnetic sensor specifications

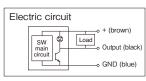
| Non-contact sw | Non-contact switch (DC 3-wire system, lead wire 1m) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Power voltage | 5~26V DC | | | | | | | | | |
| Consumption current | 8mA MAX (24V DC) | | | | | | | | | |
| Output specifications | 15mA MAX(24V DC) Open collector output | | | | | | | | | |

Special type (for □70 and □105 frames)

①With (LED) lamp

When the sensor detects, a red lamp lights to indicate detection. It is useful when setting the position of the magnetic sensor.

With a DC 3-wire system LED With a DC 3-wire system LED Lead wire 1m

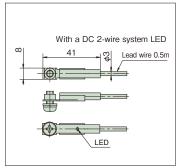


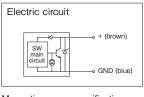
Magnetic sensor specifications

| For position detection | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Power voltage | 5~24V DC | | | | | | | | |
| | Consumption current | 8mA MAX (24V DC) | | | | | | | | |
| | Output specifications | 15mA MAX(24V DC) Open collector output | | | | | | | | |

22-wire system

* 2-wire system is only with lamp.





Magnetic sensor specifications

| - | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| For position detection | | | | | | | |
| Power voltage | 10∼28V DC | | | | | | |
| Load current | 5∼40mA | | | | | | |
| Internal drop voltage | 4V or less | | | | | | |

Input shaft conversion inertia moment

| Mar del No | Reducer | Inertia moment X10 ⁻⁴ kg • m² | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Model No. | frame No. | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | | | | |
| LPES15F | - | 0.086 | 0.102 | 0.119 | - | - | - | | | | |
| LPES30F | - | 0.134 | 0.151 | 0.168 | - | - | - | | | | |
| LPES30R3 | | 0.045 | 0.047 | 0.049 | - | - | - | | | | |
| LPES30R4 | | 0.038 | 0.039 | 0.041 | - | - | - | | | | |
| LPES30R5 | 120 | 0.035 | 0.036 | 0.037 | - | - | - | | | | |
| LPES30R7 | 120 | 0.033 | 0.033 | 0.033 | - | - | - | | | | |
| LPES30R9 | | 0.032 | 0.032 | 0.032 | - | - | - | | | | |
| LPES30RA | | 0.031 | 0.032 | 0.032 | - | - | - | | | | |
| LPES150F | - | 1.039 | 1.166 | 1.292 | 1.418 | 1.545 | 1.671 | | | | |
| LPES150R3 | | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.304 | 0.318 | 0.332 | 0.346 | | | | |
| LPES150R4 | | 0.205 | 0.213 | 0.221 | 0.229 | 0.237 | 0.244 | | | | |
| LPES150R5 | 160 | 0.172 | 0.177 | 0.182 | 0.187 | 0.192 | 0.197 | | | | |
| LPES150R7 | 160 | 0.151 | 0.154 | 0.156 | 0.159 | 0.162 | 0.164 | | | | |
| LPES150R9 | | 0.143 | 0.144 | 0.146 | 0.148 | 0.149 | 0.151 | | | | |
| LPES150RA | | 0.140 | 0.142 | 0.143 | 0.144 | 0.145 | 0.147 | | | | |
| LPES300F | - | 1.720 | 1.846 | 1.973 | 2.099 | 2.225 | 2.352 | | | | |
| LPES300R3 | | 0.351 | 0.365 | 0.379 | 0.393 | 0.407 | 0.421 | | | | |
| LPES300R4 | | 0.247 | 0.255 | 0.263 | 0.271 | 0.279 | 0.287 | | | | |
| LPES300R5 | 160 | 0.199 | 0.204 | 0.209 | 0.214 | 0.219 | 0.224 | | | | |
| LPES300R7 | 100 | 0.165 | 0.168 | 0.170 | 0.173 | 0.175 | 0.178 | | | | |
| LPES300R9 | | 0.151 | 0.153 | 0.154 | 0.156 | 0.157 | 0.159 | | | | |
| LPES300RA | | 0.147 | 0.148 | 0.150 | 0.151 | 0.152 | 0.154 | | | | |
| LPES300R3 | | 0.801 | 0.815 | 0.829 | 0.843 | 0.857 | 0.871 | | | | |
| LPES300R4 | | 0.587 | 0.595 | 0.603 | 0.611 | 0.619 | 0.627 | | | | |
| LPES300R5 | 220 | 0.539 | 0.544 | 0.549 | 0.554 | 0.559 | 0.564 | | | | |
| LPES300R7 | 220 | 0.485 | 0.488 | 0.490 | 0.493 | 0.495 | 0.498 | | | | |
| LPES300R9 | | 0.461 | 0.463 | 0.464 | 0.466 | 0.467 | 0.469 | | | | |
| LPES300RA | | 0.457 | 0.458 | 0.460 | 0.461 | 0.462 | 0.464 | | | | |

| M. J.IN. | Reducer | Inertia moment X10⁻⁴kg • m² | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Model No. | frame No. | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | | | | |
| LPES1500F | - | 6.913 | 7.555 | 8.197 | 8.838 | 9.480 | 10.763 | 12.047 | | | | |
| LPES1500R3 | | 2.000 | 2.072 | 2.143 | 2.214 | 2.286 | 2.428 | 2.571 | | | | |
| LPES1500R4 | | 1.262 | 1.302 | 1.342 | 1.382 | 1.423 | 1.503 | 1.583 | | | | |
| LPES1500R5 | 220 | 0.971 | 0.996 | 1.022 | 1.048 | 1.073 | 1.125 | 1.176 | | | | |
| LPES1500R7 | 220 | 0.705 | 0.718 | 0.732 | 0.745 | 0.758 | 0.784 | 0.810 | | | | |
| LPES1500R9 | | 0.594 | 0.602 | 0.610 | 0.618 | 0.626 | 0.642 | 0.658 | | | | |
| LPES1500RA | | 0.565 | 0.572 | 0.578 | 0.584 | 0.591 | 0.604 | 0.616 | | | | |
| LPES1500F | - | 12.513 | 13.155 | 13.797 | 14.438 | 15.080 | 16.363 | 17.647 | | | | |
| LPES1500R3 | | 4.640 | 4.712 | 4.783 | 4.854 | 4.926 | 5.068 | 5.211 | | | | |
| LPES1500R4 | | 3.522 | 3.562 | 3.602 | 3.642 | 3.683 | 3.763 | 3.843 | | | | |
| LPES1500R5 | 220 | 3.211 | 3.236 | 3.262 | 3.288 | 3.313 | 3.365 | 3.416 | | | | |
| LPES1500R7 | 320 | 2.875 | 2.888 | 2.902 | 2.915 | 2.928 | 2.954 | 2.980 | | | | |
| LPES1500R9 | | 2.724 | 2.732 | 2.740 | 2.748 | 2.756 | 2.772 | 2.788 | | | | |
| LPES1500RA | | 2.695 | 2.702 | 2.708 | 2.714 | 2.721 | 2.734 | 2.746 | | | | |
| LPES1500F | - | 16.113 | 16.755 | 17.397 | 18.038 | 18.680 | 19.963 | 21.247 | | | | |
| LPES1500R3 | | 11.000 | 11.072 | 11.143 | 11.214 | 11.286 | 11.428 | 11.571 | | | | |
| LPES1500R4 | | 8.547 | 8.587 | 8.627 | 8.667 | 8.708 | 8.788 | 8.868 | | | | |
| LPES1500R5 | 400 | 8.065 | 8.090 | 8.116 | 8.142 | 8.167 | 8.219 | 8.270 | | | | |
| LPES1500R7 | 400 | 7.469 | 7.482 | 7.495 | 7.508 | 7.521 | 7.547 | 7.574 | | | | |
| LPES1500R9 | | 7.239 | 7.247 | 7.255 | 7.263 | 7.271 | 7.286 | 7.302 | | | | |
| LPES1500RA | | 7.191 | 7.198 | 7.204 | 7.210 | 7.217 | 7.230 | 7.242 | | | | |

The moment of inertia does not include the moment of inertia of the servomotor

Operating frequency and duty factor

The working time rate shows a rate of operating time per 30 minutes on a 30-minute basis.

The working time rate is calculated with the right formula. The allowable cycle number of the Eco series servo type is determined depending on heating of the motor and heating of the ball screw and bearing part. It varies depending on the stroke and thrust in use, use the values specified above as a guide. Additionally, the life of the cylinder is not

Number of cycles 15 times/min.

Working time rate 50%ED

Working time rate (%ED) = $\frac{\text{operating time of a cycle}}{\text{operating time of a cycle + dwell time}} \times 10^{-10}$

Life

The life of the ball screw varies depending on peeling due to fatigue of the rolling surface. Check the approximate life with this expected traveling distance graph. However, when shocks are frequently applied, and when appropriate lubrication or maintenance are not provided, the expected traveling distance becomes considerably shorter.

Expected traveling distance (km) =

considered for the values.

actual load stroke (m) \times operation frequency (times/day) \times operating number of days/year \times 10-3 \times expected number of years

The graph at the right is on an L10 life basis.

The L10 life means the life that can be reached by 90% or more of all is shown as traveling distance.

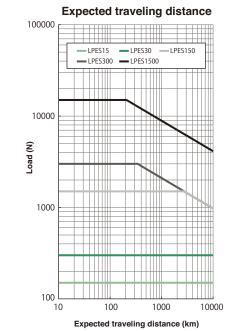
When selecting a power cylinder based on the life, select the model No. from this graph.

For example, if the expected traveling distance is 1000km and the actual load is 5000N (510kgf), the required power cylinder is LPES1500.

* Select the servomotor capacity from the motor matching table as the actual load < thrust generated.

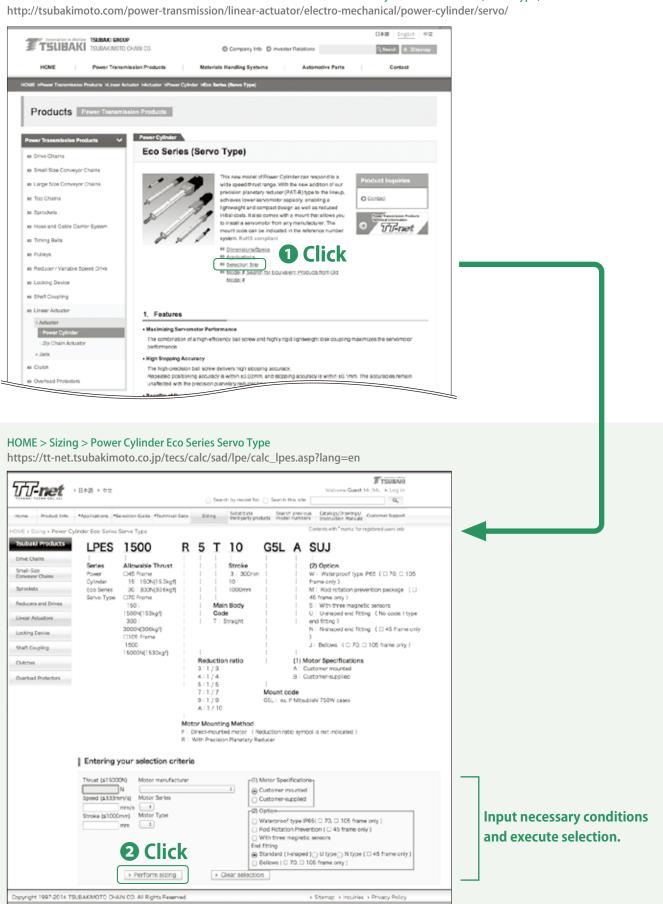
If the load fluctuates greatly in the middle of stroke, calculate the equivalent load (P_M) by the following equation. Also, with LPES30 and below, the expected traveling distance becomes 10000km or longer.

 $\begin{array}{ll} P_{\text{M}} & \text{: equivalent load N} \\ P_{\text{MIN}} & \text{: minimum load N} \\ P_{\text{Max}} & \text{: maximum load N} \end{array} \qquad P_{\text{M}} = \frac{P_{\text{MIN}} + 2 \times P_{\text{MAX}}}{3}$



Model No. corresponding required specifications is selected on the website.

HOME > Power Transmission Products > Linear Actuator > Actuator > Power Cylinder > Eco Series (Servo Type)



Servomotor matching table

■Motors manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric

●J4 series HG-KR/HG-MR ●J3 series HF-KP/HF-MP ●J2-Super series HC-KFS/HC-MFS

| | Motor | Power | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear rat | io | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Motor type | capacity | cylinder | Mount | Reducer frame | Motor dire | | 3 | | 4 | 1 | | 5 | | 7 | |) | | 0 |
| motor type | kW | model No. | code | No. | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s |
| HG-KR053(B) HG-MR053(B) HF-KP053(B) | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3D | - | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-MP053(B) HC-KFS053(B) HC-MFS053(B) | | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 130 | 100 | 220 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| HG-KR13(B) HG-MR13(B) | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-KP13(B) | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-MP13(B) HC-KFS13(B) | 0.1 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| HC-MFS13(B) | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 310 | 43 | 550 | 33 | 810 | 30 |
| HG-KR23(B) HG-MR23(B) | | LPES30F | E4H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-KP23(B) HF-MP23(B) | 0.2 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 600 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| HC-KFS23(B) HC-MFS23(B) | | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| HG-KR43(B) HG-MR43(B) HF-KP43(B) | 0.4 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| HF-MP43(B) HC-KFS43(B) HC-MFS43(B) | ••• | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2200 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| HG-KR73(B) HG-MR73(B) | | LPES150F | G5L | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-KP73(B) HF-MP73(B) | 0.75 | LPES300R | G5L | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| HC-KFS73(B) HC-MFS73(B) | | LPES1500R | G5L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9800 | 50 |

●J4 series HG-SR ●J3 series HF-SP ●J2-Super series HC-SFS

| • | | • | | | | , c. , c | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|---|------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| HG-SR51(B) | 0.5 | LPES300F | K3Y | - | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| пд-3КЭ I(В) | 0.5 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 5800 | 56 | 8300 | 42 | 11000 | 33 | 15000 | 24 | 15000 | 19 | 15000 | 17 |
| HF-SP51(B) | 0.5 | LPES300F | K3Y | - | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0.5 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 5700 | 56 | 8200 | 42 | 10900 | 33 | 15000 | 24 | 15000 | 19 | 15000 | 17 |
| HG-SR81(B) | | LPES1500F | K3Y | - | 2700 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-SP81(B) | 0.85 | LPES1500R | КЗҮ | 220 | | | 11400 | 56 | 15000 | 42 | 15000 | 33 | | | | | | |
| HC-SFS81(B) HG-SR121(B) | | | L3R | | 4600 | 167 | 11400 | - 50 | 13000 | 72 | 13000 | - 55 | | | | | | |
| HF-SP121(B) | 1.2 | LPES1500F | | - | 4000 | 107 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HC-SFS121(B) | | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 15000 | 56 | | | | | | | | | | |
| HG-SR201(B) HF-SP201(B) HC-SFS201(B) | 2 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 8900 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HG-SR301(B) HF-SP301(B) HC-SFS301(B) | 3 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 14300 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HG-SR52(B) | | LPES300R | КЗҮ | 220 | | | 3000 | 67 | 3000 | 50 | | | | | | | | |
| HF-SP52(B) HC-SFS52(B) | 0.5 | LPES1500R | КЗҮ | 220 | | | 1600 | 111 | 2900 | 83 | 4000 | 67 | 6300 | 48 | 8600 | 37 | 10000 | 33 |
| | | LPES300F | K3Y | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HG-SR102(B) | 1 | LPES1500R | КЗҮ | 220 | | | 5700 | 111 | 8300 | 83 | 10800 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| HF-SP102(B) | 1 | LPES300F | K3Y | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HC-SFS102(B) | ' | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 5600 | 111 | 8200 | 83 | 10700 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| HG-SR152(B) | 1.5 | LPES1500F | K3Y | - | 2000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (-, | 1.5 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | 2000 | 222 | 9700 | 111 | 13700 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| HF-SP152(B) | 1.5 | LPES1500F LPES1500R | K3Y K3Y | 220 | 2000 | 333 | 9700 | 111 | 13600 | 83 | 15000 | 77 | | | | | | |
| HC-SFS152(B) | - | LPES1500R | L3R | - 220 | 3300 | 333 | 9700 | 111 | 13000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| HG-SR202(B) | 2 | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | 3300 | 333 | 11700 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| HF-SP202(B) | - | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 3300 | 333 | 11700 | | 13000 | - 05 | | | | | | | | |
| HC-SFS202(B) | 2 | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 11800 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| HG-SR352(B) | 2.5 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 7400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-SP352(B) HC-SFS352(B) | 3.5 | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | |
| HG-SR502(B) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-SP502(B) HC-SFS502(B) | 5 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 11500 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HG-SR702(B) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HF-SP702(B) HC-SFS702(B) | 7 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

●J3 series HA-LP

| • 33 3 | CC.5 . | ., | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|----|-----------|-----|---|-------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| HA-LP70 | 01M(B) | 7 | LPES1500F | N1S | - | 15000 | 250 | | | | | | |
| HA-LP70 | 01M4(B) | 7 | LPES1500F | N1S | - | 15000 | 250 | | | | | | |
| HA-LP5 | 502 | 5 | LPES1500F | N1S | - | 11500 | 333 | | | | | | |
| HA-LP7 | 702 | 7 | LPES1500F | N1S | - | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | |
| HA-LP1 | 1K24(B) | 11 | LPES1500F | N1S | - | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

^{*} Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

^{*} Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

Servomotor matching table

■Motors manufactured by Yaskawa Electric

● Σ V series SGMJV/SGMAV ● Σ II series SGMAH

| | | | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear rat | io | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|---------------|------------------|-------------|------|-------------|------|---------|-------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|-------|-------------|
| Motor type | Motor capacity | Power cylinder | Mount | Reducer frame | | ct coupling | | 3 | | 1 | ! | 5 | 7 | | | 9 | | 0 |
| wotor type | kW | model No. | code | No. | Ihrust generated | | | Rated speed | | | | | Thrust generated | | Thrust generated | | | Rated speed |
| | | | 0.00 | | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s |
| SGMAH-A3 | 0.03 | LPES30R | B3B | 120 | 4.0 | 200 | | | | | | | | | 30 | 33 | 60 | 30 |
| SGMJV-A5 SGMAV-A5 | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3D | _ | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAH-A5 | 0.05 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 120 | 100 | 210 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| CCMIV 01 | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMJV-01 SGMAV-01 | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAH-01 | 0.1 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| 34111111111 | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| SGMJV-C2 | | LPES30F | B3D | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAV-C2 | 0.15 | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | 550 | 75 | 810 | 60 | 1300 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| JUNIAV-CZ | | LPES300R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | | | 1600 | 33 | 2100 | 30 |
| SGMJV-02 | | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | | | | |
| SGMAV-02 SGMAH-02 | 0.2 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| CCMAIL 02 | 0.3 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1400 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAH-03 | 0.3 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | 2100 | 75 | 2800 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| SGMJV-04 | | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAV-04 SGMAH-04 | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| CCMAN/ OC | 0.55 | LPES150F | E4H | - | 630 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAV-06 | 0.55 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| CCM IV OC | 0.6 | LPES150F | E4H | - | 780 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMJV-06 | 0.6 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150F | G5K | - | 930 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAH-07 | 0.65 | LPES300R | G5K | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | G5K | 220 | | | | | 2000 | 125 | 3000 | 100 | 5000 | 71 | 7000 | 56 | 7900 | 50 |
| SGMJV-08 | | LPES150F | G5L | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAV-08 SGMAH-08 | 0.75 | LPES1500R | G5L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |
| CCMAV 10 | 1 | LPES300F | G5L | - | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMAV-10 | ' | LPES1500R | G5L | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 |

● Σ V series SGMGV

| SGMGV-03 | 0.3 | LPES300R | H1H | 160 | | | 3000 | 50 | 3000 | 38 | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|-----------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| 201VIGV-02 | 0.5 | LPES1500R | H4H | 220 | | | | | 1900 | 63 | 2800 | 50 | 4600 | 36 | 6600 | 28 | 7500 | 25 |
| SGMGV-05 | 0.45 | LPES300F | H2K | - | 1700 | 150 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20-ADIMBC | 0.43 | LPES1500R | H4K | 220 | | | 2500 | 83 | 3900 | 63 | 5300 | 50 | 8100 | 36 | 11200 | 28 | 12600 | 25 |
| SGMGV-09 | 0.85 | LPES300F | K3L | - | 3000 | 150 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20INIOA-03 | 0.65 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 6800 | 83 | 9600 | 63 | 12500 | 50 | 15000 | 36 | 15000 | 28 | 15000 | 25 |
| SGMGV-13 | 1.3 | LPES1500F | K3M | _ | 2700 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20INIO A-12 | 1.5 | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 11800 | 83 | 15000 | 63 | 15000 | 50 | | | | | | |
| SGMGV-20 | 1.8 | LPES1500F | K3Y | - | 4400 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3GIVIG V-20 | 1.0 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMGV-30 | 2.9 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 8500 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMGV-44 | 4.4 | LPES1500F | L3R | _ | 14000 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMGV-55 | 5.5 | LPES1500F | L2S | _ | 15000 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

lacktriangle Σ V series SGMZS (explosion-proof type)

| | | LPES30F | H1H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|-----------|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| SGMZS-02 | 0.2 | LPES150R | H1H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| | | LPES300R | H1H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| SGMZS-05 | 0.5 | LPES300R | J7Y | 220 | | | 2500 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| 3GINIZ3-03 | 0.5 | LPES1500R | J7Y | 220 | | | | | | | 1600 | 100 | 3100 | 71 | 4500 | 56 | 5200 | 50 |
| | | LPES300F | J7Y | - | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SGMZS-10 | 1 | LPES300R | J7Y | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | J7Y | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 |
| SGMZS-18 | 1.8 | LPES300F | J8Y | - | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3GIVIZ 3-10 | 1.0 | LPES1500R | J7Y | 220 | | | 7200 | 167 | 10300 | 125 | 13300 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| SGMZS- | 2.97 | LPES1500F | M3P | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30A2A | 2.97 | LPES1500R | M3P | 320 | | | 12100 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| SGMZS- | 2.96 | LPES1500F | M4P | - | 5900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30A2B | 2.90 | LPES1500R | M4P | 320 | | | 15000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

* Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

* Mount codes may change with oil seal. Please contact us or check with the selection tool.

■Motors manufactured by Panasonic

●MINAS A5 series MHMD/MSME/MSMD

| | | _ | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear rat | io | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------|------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|
| Motortono | Motor | Power cylinder | Mount | Dadwarfman | Motor dire | ct coupling | 3 | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 7 | ç |) | 1 | 10 |
| Motor type | capacity kW | cylinaer model No. | code | No. | Thrust generated | Rated speed | Thrust generated | | | | | |
| | | | | | IN | : mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s |
| MSME5A | 0.05 | LPES15F | B2D | _ | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSMD5A | **** | LPES30R | B2D | 120 | | | 130 | 100 | 220 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| MSME01 | | LPES15F | B2D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSMD01 | 0.1 | LPES30F | B2D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES30R | B2D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| MHMD02 | | LPES30F | E3G | _ | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSME02 | 0.2 | LPES150R | E3G | 160 | | | 600 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| MSMD02 | | LPES300R | E3G | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| MHMD04 | | LPES150R | E3H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| MSME04 MSMD04 | 0.4 | LPES300R | E3H | 160 | | | 2200 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| MHMD08 | | LPES150F | G4L | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSME08 | 0.75 | LPES300R | G4L | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSMD08 | | LPES1500R | G4L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9800 | 50 |
| MCME10 | 1 | LPES300F | J5L | - | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSME10 | l ' | LPES1500R | J5L | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 |
| NACNAE1E | 1.5 | LPES300F | J5L | - | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSME15 | 1.5 | LPES1500R | J5L | 220 | | | 5600 | 167 | 8100 | 125 | 10600 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| MSME20 | 2 | LPES1500R | J5L | 220 | | | 8300 | 167 | 11700 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| MCMESS | _ | LPES1500F | КЗМ | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSME30 | 3 | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 13700 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | | | | | | | | |
| MCMEAO | 4 | LPES1500F | K4Y | - | 5100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSME40 | 4 | LPES1500R | K4Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | |
| MSME50 | 5 | LPES1500F | K4Y | _ | 6900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

●MINAS A5 series MDME ●MINAS A4 series MDMA

| MDMA08 | 0.75 | LPES300F | K3L | - | 2100 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|-----------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| MDMAUS | 0.75 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 3600 | 111 | 5500 | 83 | 7300 | 67 | 11000 | 48 | 14600 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| MDME10 | 1 | LPES300F | КЗМ | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MIDINILIO | ' | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 5600 | 111 | 8200 | 83 | 10700 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| MDMA10 | 1 | LPES300F | КЗМ | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MIDIMATO | <u>'</u> | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 5700 | 111 | 8300 | 83 | 10800 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| MDME15 | 1.5 | LPES1500F | K3M | - | 2000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDMA15 | 1.5 | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 9700 | 111 | 13600 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| MDME20 | 2 | LPES1500F | K3M | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDMA20 | | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 13700 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| MDMA25 | 2.5 | LPES1500F | K4Y | - | 4600 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MIDIMINES | 2.5 | LPES1500R | K4Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| MDME30 | 3 | LPES1500F | K4Y | - | 6000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDMA30 | | LPES1500R | K4Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDMA35 | 3.5 | LPES1500F | M3P | - | 7300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDME40 | 4 | LPES1500F | L1R | - | 8700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDMA40 | 4 | LPES1500F | M3P | - | 8600 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDMA45 | 4.5 | LPES1500F | L1R | - | 10000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDME50 | 5 | LPES1500F | L1R | - | 11500 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDMA50 | 5 | LPES1500F | L1R | - | 11400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MDME75 MDMA75 | 7.5 | LPES1500F | L2S | _ | 15000 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

●MINAS A5 series MFME ●MINAS A4 series MFMA

| MFMA04 | 0.4 | LPES300R | K3L | 220 | | | 3000 | 67 | 3000 | 50 | 3000 | 40 | | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| MITMAU4 | 0.4 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | | | 1700 | 83 | 2600 | 67 | 4300 | 48 | 6100 | 37 | 7100 | 33 |
| MFMA08 | 0.75 | LPES300F | L1M | - | 2100 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IVIFIVIAUO | 0.73 | LPES1500R | L1M | 220 | | | 3600 | 111 | 5500 | 83 | 7300 | 67 | 11000 | 48 | 14600 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| MFME15 | 1.5 | LPES1500F | L1R | _ | 2000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MFMA15 | 1.5 | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 7700 | 111 | 11100 | 83 | 14300 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| MFME25 | 2.5 | LPES1500F | P2R | - | 4700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IVIFIVIEZO | 2.3 | LPES1500R | P2R | 400 | | | 15000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| MFMA25 | 2.5 | LPES1500F | P2R | - | 4600 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IVIFIVIAZO | 2.3 | LPES1500R | P2R | 400 | | | 15000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| MEMARE | 3.5 | LPES1500F | P2R | _ | 7300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MFMA35 | 3.5 | LPES1500R | P2R | 400 | | | 15000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| MFME45 | 4.5 | LPES1500F | P3R | - | 10100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MFMA45 | 4.5 | LPES1500F | P3R | - | 10100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

* Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

Servomotor matching table

■Motors manufactured by Fuji Electric

●ALPHA 5 series GYS ●FALDIC-α series GYS

| | | | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear rat | tio | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|-------|-------------|-------|---------|-------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| Motor type | Motor capacity | Power cylinder | Mount | Reducerframe | Motor dire | ct coupling | | 3 | 4 | ļ | ! | 5 | | 7 | 9 | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| wotor type | kW | model No. | code | No. | Inrust generated : | | , | Rated speed | , , | | | | Thrust generated | | Thrust generated | Rated speed | Thrust generated | Rated speed |
| | | | | | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s |
| GYS500D5 | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3B | - | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYS500DC | 0.03 | LPES30R | B3B | 120 | | | 120 | 100 | 210 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYS101D5 | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | _ | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYS101DC | 0.1 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| GYS201D5 | | LPES30F | E4H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYS201DS | 0.2 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| 0.020.00 | | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| GYS401D5-□□6 | 0.375 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | | | | | | |
| GYS371DC | 0.575 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 1800 | 100 | 2900 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | | |
| GYS401D5-□□2 | 0.4 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| GYS401DC | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| GYS751D5 | | LPES150F | G5K | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYS751DS | 0.75 | LPES300R | G5K | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 010/0100 | | LPES1500R | G5K | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |
| GYS102D | 1 | LPES300F | J4Y | _ | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| G13102D | ' | LPES1500R | J4Y | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 |
| GYS152D | 1.5 | LPES300F | J4Y | - | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| G13132D | 1.5 | LPES1500R | J4Y | 220 | | | 5600 | 167 | 8100 | 125 | 10600 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| GYS202D | 2 | LPES1500F | J4Y | - | 1500 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| G13202D | | LPES1500R | J4Y | 220 | | | 8300 | 167 | 11700 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| GYS302D | 3 | LPES1500F | K4P | | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| G15502D | | LPES1500R | K4P | 320 | | | 12300 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | | | | | | | | |
| GYS402D | 4 | LPES1500F | K4P | | 5100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | K4P | 320 | | | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYS502D | 5 | LPES1500F | K4P | | 6900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

●ALPHA 5 series GYC ●FALDIC-α series GYC

| •/1.21 11/1 3 | 5005 | J.C | ,,,_,, | a 3c | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------|-----------|--------|------|------|-----|------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| CVC101DE | | LPES30F | E5D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYC101D5 GYC101DC | 0.1 | LPES30R | E4D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| GICIOIDC | | LPES150R | E4D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| CVC201DF | | LPES30F | G2H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYC201D5 GYC201DC | 0.2 | LPES150R | G5H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| GICZOIDC | | LPES300R | G5H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| CVC401DE | | LPES150R | G5H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| GYC401D5 GYC401DC | 0.4 | LPES300R | G5H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| GTC40TDC | | LPES1500R | G5H | 220 | | | | | | | | | 1900 | 71 | 2900 | 56 | 3400 | 50 |
| GYC751D5 | 0.75 | LPES300R | J2K | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYC751DC | 0.73 | LPES1500R | J2K | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |
| GYC102D5 | 1 | LPES300F | K3Y | - | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYC102DC | l ' | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 |
| GYC152D5 | 1.5 | LPES300F | K3Y | - | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYC152DC | 1.5 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 5600 | 167 | 8100 | 125 | 10600 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| GYC202D5 | 2 | LPES1500F | K3Y | - | 1500 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYC202DC | 4 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 8300 | 167 | 11700 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |

●ALPHA 5 series GYG ●FALDIC-W series GYG

| | | LPES300R | K3L | 220 | | | 3000 | 67 | 3000 | 50 | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| GYG501C | 0.5 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 1600 | 111 | 2800 | 83 | 4000 | 67 | 6300 | 48 | 8600 | 37 | 9900 | 33 |
| | | LPES300F | K3L | - | 2000 | 150 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYG501B | 0.5 | LPES300R | K3L | 220 | | | 3000 | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 3000 | 83 | 4600 | 63 | 6200 | 50 | 9400 | 36 | 12800 | 28 | 14400 | 25 |
| GYG751C | 0.75 | LPES300F | K3L | - | 2200 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GYG/SIC | 0.75 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 3600 | 111 | 5500 | 83 | 7400 | 67 | 11000 | 48 | 14600 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| GYG851B | 0.85 | LPES300F | K3L | - | 3000 | 150 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GICODID | 0.65 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 6800 | 83 | 9700 | 63 | 12500 | 50 | 15000 | 36 | 15000 | 28 | 15000 | 25 |
| GYG102C | 1 | LPES300F | КЗМ | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| G1G102C | <u>'</u> | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 5600 | 111 | 8200 | 83 | 10700 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | | |
| GYG132B | 1.3 | LPES1500F | КЗМ | - | 2600 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GIGISZD | 1.5 | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 11700 | 83 | 15000 | 63 | 15000 | 50 | | | | | | |
| GYG152C | 1.5 | LPES1500F | КЗМ | - | 2000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GTGT52C | 1.5 | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 9700 | 111 | 13600 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| GYG202C | 2 | LPES1500F | КЗМ | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| d I dzuzc | | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 13700 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| GYG182BC | 1.8 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 4400 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 63 | 15000 | 50 | | | | | | |
| GYG292BC | 2.9 | LPES1500F | L3R | _ | 8400 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

* Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

■Motors manufactured by Omron

●R88M-K series

| | | | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear rat | tio | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|------|--------------------|------------------|
| Motor type | Motor capacity | Power cylinder | Mount | Reducer frame | Motor dire | | | | | 4 | | 5 | | 7 | | 9 | | 0 |
| Motor type | kW | model No. | code | No. | Thrust generated | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | 1 - | | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | _ | 40 | 300 | IN | mm/s | IN | mm/s | IN | : mm/s | IN | : 11111/5 | IN | mm/s | IN | mm/s |
| R88M-K05030H (T) | 0.05 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | 300 | 130 | 100 | 220 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K10030L (S) | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K10030H (T) | 0.1 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 310 | 43 | 550 | 33 | 810 | 30 |
| R88M-K20030L (S) | | LPES30F | E3G | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K20030H (T) | 0.2 | LPES150R | E3G | 160 | | | 600 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| , , | | LPES300R | E3G | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| R88M-K40030L (S) | 0.4 | LPES150R | E3H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K40030H (T) | 0 | LPES300R | E3H | 160 | | | 2200 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| R88M-K40020F (C) | 0.4 | LPES300R | J4L | 220 | | | 3000 | 67 | 3000 | 50 | 3000 | 40 | 4.400 | 10 | 5400 | | 7000 | 2.2 |
| | | LPES1500R | J4L | 220 | 1500 | 200 | | | 1800 | 83 | 2600 | 67 | 4400 | 48 | 6100 | 37 | 7200 | 33 |
| R88M-K60020F (C) | 0.6 | LPES300F | J5L | | 1500 | 200 | 2400 | 111 | 2000 | 0.2 | 5200 | | 0100 | 10 | 11000 | 27 | 12600 | 22 |
| | | LPES1500R LPES150F | J4L G4L | 220 | 1200 | 300 | 2400 | 111 | 3900 | 83 | 5300 | 67 | 8100 | 48 | 11000 | 37 | 12600 | 33 |
| R88M-K75030H (T) | 0.75 | LPESTOUF LPES300R | G4L G4L | 220 | 1200 | 300 | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | - |
| NOOIVI-N/3U3UH (1) | 0./3 | LPES1500R | G4L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9800 | 50 |
| | | LPES300R | J4L | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3900 | 100 | 0300 | / / | 8000 | 30 | 3000 | 30 |
| R88M-K75030F (C) | 0.75 | LPES1500R | J4L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |
| R88M-K90010H (T) | | LPES1500F | K7M | | 3000 | 167 | 1000 | 107 | 2700 | 123 | 3900 | 100 | 0300 | - / 1 | 0000 | . 50 | 3700 | 30 |
| R88M-K90010F(C) | 0.9 | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | 3000 | 107 | 12200 | 56 | 15000 | 42 | 15000 | 33 | 15000 | 24 | | 1 | | - |
| R88M-K1K030H (T) | | LPES300F | J5L | - | 1800 | 300 | 12200 | 50 | 15000 | 12 | 13000 | 33 | 13000 | | | | | |
| R88M-K1K030F (C) | 1 | LPES1500R | J4L | 220 | 1000 | 300 | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 |
| R88M-K1K020H (T) | | LPES300F | K3M | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K1K020F(C) | 1 | LPES1500R | КЗМ | 220 | | | 5600 | 111 | 8200 | 83 | 10700 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| R88M-K1K530H (T) | 1.5 | LPES300F | J5L | - | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K1K530F(C) | 1.5 | LPES1500R | J4L | 220 | | | 5600 | 167 | 8100 | 125 | 10600 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| R88M-K1K520H (T) | 1.5 | LPES1500F | КЗМ | - | 2000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K1K520F(C) | 1.5 | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 9700 | 111 | 13600 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| R88M-K2K030H (T) R88M-K2K030F (C) | 2 | LPES1500R | J4L | 220 | | | 8300 | 167 | 11700 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| R88M-K2K020H (T) | 2 | LPES1500F | K3M | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K2K020F (C) | | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 13700 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K2K010H (T) | 2 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 8900 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K2K010F (C) | | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 15000 | 56 | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K3K030H (T) | 3 | LPES1500F | K3M | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K3K030F (C) | | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 13700 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K3K020H (T) | 3 | LPES1500F | K4Y | - | 6000 | 333 | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K3K020F (C) | | LPES1500R | K4Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | - |
| R88M-K3K010H (T) R88M-K3K010F (C) | 3 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 14400 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K4K030H (T) | 4 | LPES1500F | K4Y | - | 5100 | 333 | 45005 | 4.57 | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K4K030F (C) | | LPES1500R | K4Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | - |
| R88M-K4K020H (T) R88M-K4K020F (C) | 4 | LPES1500F | L1R | - | 8700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K5K030H (T) R88M-K5K030F (C) | 5 | LPES1500F | K4Y | - | 6900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R88M-K5K020H (T) R88M-K5K020F (C) | 5 | LPES1500F | L1R | _ | 11500 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

●R7M-A/Z series

| • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|-----------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|----|------|----|------|----|
| R7M-A03030 | 0.03 | LPES30R | B3B | 120 | | | | | | | | | | | 30 | 33 | 60 | 30 |
| R7M-A05030 | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3B | - | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| K/WI-AU3U3U | 0.05 | LPES30R | B3B | 120 | | | 120 | 100 | 210 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R7M-A10030 | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R7M-Z10030-S1 | 0.1 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| D7M A 20020 | | LPES30F | E4H | _ | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R7M-A20030 R7M-Z20030-S1 | 0.2 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| 11/101-220030-31 | | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| R7M-A40030 | 0.4 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| R7M-Z40030-S1 | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| D7M A7F020 | | LPES150F | G5K | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R7M-A75030 R7M-Z75030-S1 | 0.75 | LPES300R | G5K | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11/141-2/3030-31 | | LPES1500R | G5K | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

* Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

Servomotor matching table

■ Motors manufactured by Sanyo Denki

●R2 series

| | | _ | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear rat | io | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Matautuma | Motor | Power | Mount | Reducer frame | Motor dire | | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | 7 | 7 | | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| Motor type | capacity kW | cylinder model No. | code | No. | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s | Thrust generated N | Rated speed mm/s |
| R2AA04003F R2EA04003F | 0.03 | LPES30R | B4B | 120 | | | | | | | | | 30 | 43 | 50 | 33 | 90 | 30 |
| R2AA04005F | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3D | - | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R2EA04005F | 0.03 | LPES30R | B4D | 120 | | | 120 | 100 | 210 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| R2EA04008F | 0.08 | LPES15F | B3D | - | 130 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NZEAU4UUOF | 0.06 | LPES30R | B4D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R2AA04010F | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NZAAU4010F | 0.1 | LPES30R | B4D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| | | LPES30F | E5D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R2AA06010F | 0.1 | LPES30R | E4D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | E4D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| D2 A A O 6 O 2 O F | | LPES30F | E4H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R2AA06020F R2EA06020F | 0.2 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| NZLA000Z01 | | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| | | LPES30F | G2H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R2AA08020F | 0.2 | LPES150R | G5H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| | | LPES300R | G5H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| R2AA06040F | 0.4 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| NZAAUUU4UF | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | G5H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| R2AA08040F | 0.4 | LPES300R | G5H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | G5H | 220 | | | | | | | | | 1900 | 71 | 2900 | 56 | 3400 | 50 |
| | | LPES150F | G5K | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R2AA08075F | 0.75 | LPES300R | G5K | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | G5K | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |

●Q1 series

| | | LPES300F | J4M | - | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|-----------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| Q1AA10100D | 1 | LPES300R | J4M | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | J4M | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9500 | 71 | 12700 | 56 | 14300 | 50 |
| | | LPES300F | K6M | _ | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1AA12100D | 1 | LPES300R | K6M | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | K6M | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9500 | 71 | 12700 | 56 | 14300 | 50 |
| O1AA10150D | 1.5 | LPES300F | J4M | - | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| QIAAIOIJOD | 1.5 | LPES1500R | J4M | 220 | | | 5700 | 167 | 8200 | 125 | 10700 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| O1AA10200D | 2 | LPES1500F | J4M | - | 1500 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1717110200D | | LPES1500R | J4M | 220 | | | 8300 | 167 | 11700 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES300F | K6M | - | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1AA12200D | 2 | LPES1500F | K6M | - | 1500 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | К6М | 220 | | | 8300 | 167 | 11700 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| O1AA10250D | 2.5 | LPES1500F | J4M | - | 2400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Z 17 11 10 2 5 0 5 | | LPES1500R | J4M | 220 | 2400 | 222 | 11000 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | | | | | | | | |
| O1AA12300D | 3 | LPES1500F | K6P | - | 3400 | 333 | 40400 | 4.67 | 45000 | 405 | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | K6P | 320 | 2200 | 222 | 12400 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1AA13300D | 3 | LPES1500F | K3P | - | 3300 | 333 | 12200 | 167 | 15000 | 105 | 15000 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | | | - | |
| | | LPES1500R | K3P | 320 | 5100 | 222 | 12200 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | | | | |
| Q1AA13400D | 4 | LPES1500F | K3P | - | 5100 | 333 | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 01441045044 | 4.5 | LPES1500R | K3P | 320 | 14100 | 250 | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1AA18450M | 4.5 | LPES1500F | L1R | - | 14100 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1AA13500D | 5 | LPES1500F | K3P | _ | 6800 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Q2 series

| Q2 3CHC3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| 03640005011 | ۸۶ | LPES300 | H1K | 160 | | | 3000 | 67 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2CA08050H | 0.5 | LPES1500 | H1K | 220 | | | 1600 | 111 | 2900 | 83 | 4000 | 67 | 6300 | 48 | 8600 | 37 | 10000 | 33 |
| Q2AA08100D | 1 | LPES300 | H1K | - | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| QZAAU61UUD | <u>'</u> | LPES1500 | H1K | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 |
| Q2AA10100H | 1 | LPES300 | J4M | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2CA10100H | _ ' | LPES1500 | J4M | 220 | | | 6000 | 111 | 8700 | 83 | 11400 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| O2AA13100H | 1 | LPES300 | K3M | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| QZANISIOUII | _ ' | LPES1500 | K3M | 220 | | | 6000 | 111 | 8700 | 83 | 11400 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| O2AA10150H | 1.5 | LPES1500 | J4M | _ | 2000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| QZAATOTOOT | 1.5 | LPES1500 | J4M | 220 | | | 9700 | 111 | 13700 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| Q2AA13150H | 1.5 | LPES1500 | K3M | _ | 2200 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2CA13150H | 1.5 | LPES1500 | K3M | 220 | | | 10200 | 111 | 14400 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| Q2AA13200H | 2 | LPES1500 | K3P | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2CA13200H | | LPES1500 | K3P | 320 | | | 12300 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| O2AA18200H | 2 | LPES1500 | L1R | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| QZ/I/(1020011 | | LPES1500 | L1R | 400 | | | 11700 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | | |
| O2AA22250H | 2.5 | LPES1500 | P2R | - | 4700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| QZMMZZZZJOTT | 2.5 | LPES1500 | P2R | 400 | | | 15000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| Q2AA18350H | 3.5 | LPES1500 | L1R | - | 7400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2CA18350H | | LPES1500 | L1R | 400 | | | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2AA22350H | 3.5 | LPES1500 | P2R | - | 7600 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2AA18450H Q2CA18450H | 4.5 | LPES1500 | L1R | - | 10100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2AA22450R | 4.5 | LPES1500 | P2R | - | 10100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q2AA18550R Q2AA18550H | 5.5 | LPES1500 | L3S | - | 15000 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

* Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

■ Motors manufactured by FANUC

● a is series (straight shaft)

| | | | | | | | | | | Redu | uction gea | r ratio | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| M-4 | Motor | Power | Mount | D. J (| Motor dire | ct coupling | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 7 | | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| Motor type | capacity kW | cylinder model No. | code | Reducer trame No | Thrust generated | Rated speed |
| | | | | | N | mm/s | IN | : mm/s | IN IN | : mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s |
| αiS 2/5000 (HV) | 0.75 | LPES300R | H1F | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 0.75 | LPES1500R | H4F | 220 | | | | | 1800 | 125 | 2800 | 100 | 4700 | 71 | 6600 | 56 | 7500 | 50 |
| αiS 2/6000 (HV) | 1 | LPES300R | H1F | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | ' | LPES1500R | H4F | 220 | | | | | 1800 | 125 | 2800 | 100 | 4700 | 71 | 6600 | 56 | 7500 | 50 |
| αiS 4/5000 (HV) | 1 | LPES300F | Z9Z | - | 2600 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | l ' | LPES1500R | H1H | 220 | | | 4300 | 167 | 6400 | 125 | 8400 | 100 | 12700 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| αiS 8/6000 (HV) (straight shaft) | 2.2 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 11100 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | | | | |
| αiS 8/4000 HV (straight shaft) | 2.3 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 11100 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | | | | |
| α iS 8/4000 (straight shaft) | 2.5 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 11100 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | | | | |
| aiS 12/4000 HV | 2.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 4700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 2.5 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| αiS 12/4000 | 2.7 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 4700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 2.7 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| αiS 22/4000 (straight shaft) | 4.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 10400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| αiS 22/4000 HV (straight shaft) | 4.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 10400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| αiS 50/3000 (HV) (straight shaft) | 5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | _ | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| αiS 30/4000 (HV) (straight shaft) | 5.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 14900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| αiS 40/4000 (HV) (straight shaft) | 5.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

$\bullet \alpha$ iF series (straight shaft)

| • a ii series (sera | . 9 | , | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| -::F 1/F000 | | LPES150R | H1F | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | | | | | | |
| α iF 1/5000 (straight shaft) | 0.5 | LPES300R | H1F | 160 | | | 1600 | 100 | 2500 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| (straight shart) | | LPES1500R | H4F | 220 | | | | | | | | | | | 1500 | 56 | 1900 | 50 |
| αiF 2/5000 | 0.75 | LPES300R | H1F | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 0.73 | LPES1500R | H4F | 220 | | | | | 1800 | 125 | 2800 | 100 | 4700 | 71 | 6600 | 56 | 7500 | 50 |
| α iF 4/4000 (straight shaft) | 1.4 | LPES300F | Z9Z | - | 2700 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| αiF 4/4000 HV (straight shaft) | 1.4 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 4300 | 167 | 6400 | 125 | 8400 | 100 | 12700 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| αiF 8/3000 (HV) (straight shaft) | 1.6 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 11100 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | | | | |
| αiF 12/3000 (HV) | 3 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 4700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | ٥ | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | |
| α iF 22/3000 (HV) (straight shaft) | 4 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 10400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| αiF 40/3000 (straight shaft) | 6 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| αiF 30/3000 (straight shaft) | 7 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 14900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

lacktriangleright eta is series (straight shaft)

| βiS 0.2/5000 | 0.05 | LPES15F | Z9Z | - | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|-----------|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| (straight shaft) | 0.05 | LPES30R | B4D | 120 | | | 130 | 100 | 220 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | Z9Z | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| βiS 0.3/5000 | 0.1 | LPES30F | Z9Z | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 0.1 | LPES30R | B4D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 310 | 43 | 550 | 33 | 810 | 30 |
| 0:00 4/5000 | | LPES30F | Z9Z | - | 270 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| β iS 0.4/5000 (straight shaft) | 0.13 | LPES150R | E4E | 160 | | | | | | | 450 | 60 | 840 | 43 | 1200 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| (Straight Shart) | | LPES300R | E4E | 160 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1500 | 30 |
| 0:C 0 F/6000 | | LPES30F | Z9Z | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| β iS 0.5/6000 (straight shaft) | 0.35 | LPES150R | E4E | 160 | | | 630 | 100 | 1200 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| (Straight Shart) | | LPES300R | E4E | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2200 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| βiS 1/5000 | 0.4 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 1900 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | | |
| βiS 1/6000 | 0.5 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 0.5 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| βiS 2/4000 (HV) | 0.5 | LPES300R | H1F | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 0.5 | LPES1500R | H4F | 220 | | | | | 1800 | 125 | 2800 | 100 | 4700 | 71 | 6600 | 56 | 7500 | 50 |
| βiS 4/4000 (HV) | 0.75 | LPES300F | Z9Z | - | 2100 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 0.73 | LPES1500R | H1H | 220 | | | 3500 | 167 | 5200 | 125 | 7000 | 100 | 10700 | 71 | 14200 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| βiS 8/3000 (HV) | 1.2 | LPES300F | Z9Z | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 1.2 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 9400 | 111 | 13300 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | | |
| βiS 12/2000 | 1.4 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 3900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 1.4 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | |
| βiS 22/1500 | 1.4 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | _ | 9200 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 1.44 | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | | | | | |
| βiS 12/3000 (HV) | 1.8 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 4200 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (straight shaft) | 1.0 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| β iS 22/2000 (HV) (straight shaft) | 2.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 9200 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

^{*} Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

Servomotor matching table

■Motors manufactured by Keyence

MV series

| | | _ | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear rat | io | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| Motoutumo | Motor | Power | Mount | Reducer frame | Motor dire | ct coupling | | 3 | | ļ | : | 5 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| Motor type | capacity kW | cylinder model No. | code | No. | Thrust generated | Rated speed |
| | KVV | moderno. | | NU. | N | mm/s |
| MV-M05 (B05) | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3D | - | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1010-10103 (003) | 0.03 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 120 | 100 | 210 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MV-M10 (B10) | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IVIV-IVITO (DTO) | 0.1 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| | | LPES30F | E4H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MV-M20 (B20) | 0.2 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| | | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| MV-M40 (B40) | 0.4 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| WW-W40 (D40) | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| | | LPES150F | G4K | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MV-M75 (B75) | 0.75 | LPES300R | G4K | 160 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | G4K | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3800 | 100 | 6200 | 71 | 8500 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |

SV series

| ••••• | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------|-----------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| SV-M005 | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3D | _ | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (B005) | 0.03 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 120 | 100 | 210 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV-M010 | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | _ | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (B010) | 0.1 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| SV-M020 | | LPES30F | E4H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (B020) | 0.2 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| (5020) | | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| SV-M040 | 0.4 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| (B040) | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| SV-M075 | | LPES150F | G5L | _ | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (B075) | 0.75 | LPES300R | G5L | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | G5L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |
| SV-M100A | 0.85 | LPES300F | K3L | - | 3000 | 150 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (B100A) | 0.03 | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 6800 | 83 | 9600 | 63 | 12500 | 50 | 15000 | 36 | 15000 | 28 | 15000 | 25 |
| SV-M150A | 1.3 | LPES1500F | КЗМ | - | 2700 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (B150A) | 1.5 | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 11800 | 83 | 15000 | 63 | 15000 | 50 | | | | | | |
| SV-M200A | 1.8 | LPES1500F | K3Y | - | 4400 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (B200A) | 1.0 | LPES1500R | K3Y | 220 | | | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV-M300A (B300A) | 2.9 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 8500 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV-M500A (B500A) | 4.4 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 14000 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

* Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

■Motors manufactured by Nikki Denso

●NA100 series

| | | | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear rat | io | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|-------|---------------|------------|------|-------|-------------|-------|---------|-------------|------|------------------|------|-------|------|---|----------|
| Motor type | Motor capacity | Power cylinder | Mount | Reducer frame | Motor dire | | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | 7 | | | 9 | | 0 |
| wotor type | kW | model No. | code | No. | | | | Rated speed | , , | | | | Thrust generated | | | | | |
| | | | 17.47 | | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s |
| NA100- | 1.2 | LPES1500F | K4Z | - | 4600 | 167 | 15000 | | 15000 | 42 | 15000 | 22 | | | | | | - |
| 110F(B)-10 | | LPES1500R | Z9P | 320 | | | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 42 | 15000 | 33 | | | | | | |
| NA100- 180F(B)-10 | 1.9 | LPES1500F | L1Z | - | 8400 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA100- | 2.2 | LPES1500F | K4Z | - | 3900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110F(B) | 2.2 | LPES1500R | Z9P | 320 | | | 13900 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | | | | |
| NA100- 270F(B)-10 | 2.8 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | _ | 13300 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA100- 370F(B)-10 | 3.7 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA100- | 2.7 | LPES1500F | L1Z | - | 8000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 180F(B) | 3.7 | LPES1500R | Z9P | 320 | | | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA100- | 3.7 | LPES1500F | K4Z | - | 2900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110F-40 | 3.7 | LPES1500R | Z9P | 320 | | | 11000 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | | |
| NA100- 270F(B) | 5.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 12800 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA100- | 5.5 | LPES1500F | L1Z | - | 5400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| 180F-40 | 5.5 | LPES1500R | Z9P | 320 | | | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA100- 370F(B) NA100- 370AF(B) | 7.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA100- 270F-40 | 7.5 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | _ | 8100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA100- 370F-40 | 11 | LPES1500F | Z9Z | - | 12800 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

●NA80 series

| NAGO OF | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3D | _ | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|-----------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| NA80-05 | 0.05 | LPES30R | Z9D | 120 | | | 120 | 100 | 210 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA80-10 | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA00-10 | 0.1 | LPES30R | Z9D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | Z9D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| | | LPES30F | E4H | _ | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA80-20 | 0.2 | LPES150R | Z9H | 160 | | | 600 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| | | LPES300R | Z9H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| NA80-40 | 0.4 | LPES150R | Z9H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| NA60-40 | 0.4 | LPES300R | Z9H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| | | LPES150F | G7L | _ | 780 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA80-60 | 0.6 | LPES300R | Z9L | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | Z9L | 220 | | | | | 1600 | 125 | 2500 | 100 | 4400 | 71 | 6100 | 56 | 7000 | 50 |
| NA80-75 | 0.75 | LPES150F | G7L | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA60-73 | 0.73 | LPES1500R | Z9L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |
| NA830-162 | 1.6 | LPES300F | K2M | _ | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA630-102 | 1.0 | LPES1500R | Z9M | 220 | | | 6200 | 167 | 8800 | 125 | 11500 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| NA830-332 | 3.3 | LPES1500F | K2M | _ | 3900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA030-332 | 3.3 | LPES1500R | Z9M | 220 | | | 15000 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| NA820-402 | 4 | LPES1500F | L1Q | - | 8700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | Z9Q | 320 | | | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA820-602 | 6 | LPES1500F | L1Q | - | 14100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NA820-752 | 7.5 | LPES1500F | L1Q | _ | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

* Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

Servomotor matching table

■Motors manufactured by Tamagawa Seiki

●TBL-i II series

| | | | | | | | | | | Reducti | ion gear rat | tio | | | | | | |
|------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------|----------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| Matautaua | Motor | Power | Mount | D. J (| | ct coupling | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | 7 | 7 | | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| Motor type | capacity kW | cylinder model No. | code | Reducer frame No. | Thrust generated | Rated speed | Thrust generated | Rated speed | Thrust generated | Rated speed | | Rated speed | Thrust generated | Rated speed | Thrust generated | Rated speed | Thrust generated | Rated speed |
| | | | | | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s | N | mm/s |
| TS4601 | 0.03 | LPES30R | B4D | 120 | | | | | | | | | | | 30 | 33 | 60 | 30 |
| TS4602 | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3D | - | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 131002 | 0.05 | LPES30R | B4D | 120 | | | 120 | 100 | 210 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | _ | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS4603 | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 131003 | 0.1 | LPES30R | B4D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| | | LPES30F | E5D | _ | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS4606 | 0.1 | LPES30R | E4D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | E4D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 530 | 33 | 800 | 30 |
| | | LPES30F | E4H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS4607 | 0.2 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 600 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| | | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| | | LPES30F | G2H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS4611 | 0.2 | LPES150R | G5H | 160 | | | 600 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| | | LPES300R | G5H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| | | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | 1500 | | 2.00 | | 3000 | - 55 | 3000 | |
| TS4609 | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | - |
| | | LPES150R | G5H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | 3000 | | 3000 | 15 | | | | |
| TS4612 | 0.4 | LPES300R | G5H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | - |
| | 0.4 | LPES1500R | G5H | 220 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 13 | 3000 | 00 | 1900 | 71 | 2900 | 56 | 3400 | 50 |
| | | LPES150F | G7L | | 780 | 300 | | | | | | | 1900 | 7.1 | 2900 | 30 | 3400 | 30 |
| TS4613 | 0.6 | LPES300R | G5L | 220 | 700 | 300 | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 134013 | 0.0 | LPES1500R | G5L | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | 1600 | 125 | 2500 | 100 | 4400 | 71 | 6100 | 56 | 7000 | 50 |
| | | | G7L | 220 | 1200 | 300 | | | 1000 | 125 | 2500 | 100 | 4400 | / 1 | 0100 | 30 | 7000 | 50 |
| TS4614 | 0.75 | LPES150F LPES1500R | G5L | 220 | 1200 | 300 | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | F.6 | 9700 | 50 |
| | | LPESISOUR LPES300F | J2M | 220 | 1900 | 300 | 1000 | 167 | 2/00 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 0300 | 71 | 8000 | 56 | 9/00 | : 50 |
| TS4813 | 1 | | _ | | 1900 | 300 | 2100 | 1.67 | 4000 | 125 | 6400 | 100 | 0000 | 71 | 12200 | | 14000 | |
| | | LPES1500R | J4M | 220 | 2000 | 200 | 3100 | 167 | 4800 | 125 | 6400 | 100 | 9900 | 71 | 13200 | 56 | 14900 | 50 |
| TS4815 | 1.5 | LPES300F | J2M | | 3000 | 300 | F700 | 167 | 0200 | 105 | 10700 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | | 15000 | |
| TC 1000 | | LPES1500R | J4M | 220 | | | 5700 | 167 | 8200 | 125 | 10700 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| TS4833 | 1.6 | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 6200 | 167 | 8800 | 125 | 11500 | 100 | | | | | | |
| TS4817 | 2 | LPES1500F | J2M | - | 1800 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 1017 | _ | LPES1500R | J4M | 220 | | | 9100 | 167 | 12700 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| TS4882 | 2 | LPES1500F | L1Q | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 131002 | | LPES1500R | L1Q | 320 | | | 12000 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | | | | |
| TS4836 | 3.3 | LPES1500F | K2M | _ | 3900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 134030 | ر.ر | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 15000 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | | | | | | | | |
| TS4884 | 4 | LPES1500F | L1Q | - | 8700 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 134004 | 4 | LPES1500R | L1Q | 320 | | | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS4839 | 5 | LPES1500F | K2Z | - | 6900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS4887 | 6 | LPES1500F | L1Q | T - | 14100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS4889 | 7.5 | LPES1500F | L10 | - | 15000 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

●TRE series

| TS3253 TS3353 TS1983 | 0.03 | LPES30R | B2C | 120 | | | | | | | | | 30 | 43 | 50 | 33 | 90 | 30 |
|----------------------------|------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|
| TS3252 TS3352 TS1982 | 0.06 | LPES30R | E2D | 120 | | | 210 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| TS3251 | | LPES30F | E2D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS3351 | 0.1 | LPES30R | E2D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS1981 | | LPES150R | E2D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 300 | 43 | 540 | 33 | 810 | 30 |
| TS3250 | | LPES30F | G1Z | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS3350 | 0.2 | LPES150R | G1Z | 160 | | | 590 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| TS1980 | | LPES300R | G1Z | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 2900 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |

^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

* Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

■Motors manufactured by Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems

ADMA series

| | | | | | | | | | | Reducti | on gear ra | tio | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|---------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| | Motor | Power cylinder | Mount | Reducer frame | Motor dire | ct coupling | : | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 7 | | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| Motor type | capacity kW | model No. | code | No. | Thrust generated | Rated speed |
| | XVV | | | 110. | N | mm/s |
| ADMA-R5L | 0.05 | LPES15F | B3D | - | 40 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMA-R5M | 0.03 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 130 | 100 | 220 | 75 | 290 | 60 | 300 | 43 | 300 | 33 | 300 | 30 |
| | | LPES15F | B3D | - | 150 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMA-01L | 0.1 | LPES30F | B3D | _ | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMA-01M | 0.1 | LPES30R | B3D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| | | LPES150R | B3D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 310 | 43 | 550 | 33 | 810 | 30 |
| ADMA-02L | | LPES30F | E4H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| ADMA-02L ADMA-02M | 0.2 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 600 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| | | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| ADMA-04L ADMA-04M 0.4 | 0.4 | LPES150R | E4H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| | 0.4 | LPES300R | E4H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| | | LPES150F | G5L | - | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMA-08L | 0.75 | LPES300R | G5L | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | G5L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |
| ADMA-10L | 1 | LPES300F | H2Y | _ | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | ! |
| ADMA TOL | ' | LPES1500R | H1Y | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 |
| ADMA-15L | 1.5 | LPES300F | H2Y | _ | 3000 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| ADIVIA-IJE | 1.5 | LPES1500R | H1Y | 220 | | | 5600 | 167 | 8100 | 125 | 10600 | 100 | 15000 | 71 | 15000 | 56 | 15000 | 50 |
| ADMA-20L | 2 | LPES1500F | H2Y | - | 1500 | 333 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| ADIVIA-ZUL | DMA-20L 2 | LPES1500R | H1Y | 220 | | | 8300 | 167 | 11700 | 125 | 15000 | 100 | | | | | | |
| 101W/A=3(01 | LPES1500F | K4P | _ | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADIVIA-30L | | LPES1500R | K4P | 320 | | | 12300 | 167 | 15000 | 125 | | | | | | | | |
| ADMA 501 | 5 | LPES1500F | K4P | _ | 6900 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | LPES1500R | K4P | 320 | | | 15000 | 167 | | | | | | | | | | | |

ADMB series

| ADAID 011 | | LPES30F | E5D | - | 190 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|------|----|
| ADMB-01L ADMB-01M | 0.1 | LPES30R | E4D | 120 | | | 300 | 100 | 300 | 75 | 300 | 60 | | | | | | |
| ADIVID-UTIVI | | LPES150R | E4D | 160 | | | | | | | | | 310 | 43 | 550 | 33 | 810 | 30 |
| ADAAD OOL | | LPES30F | G2H | - | 300 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMB-02L ADMB-02M | 0.2 | LPES150R | G5H | 160 | | | 600 | 100 | 1100 | 75 | 1500 | 60 | 1500 | 43 | 1500 | 33 | 1500 | 30 |
| ADIVID-02IVI | | LPES300R | G5H | 160 | | | | | | | 1300 | 60 | 2100 | 43 | 3000 | 33 | 3000 | 30 |
| ADMB-04L 0.4 | | LPES150R | G5H | 160 | | | 1500 | 100 | 1500 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| ADMB-04L ADMB-04M | 0.4 | LPES300R | G5H | 160 | | | 2100 | 100 | 3000 | 75 | 3000 | 60 | 3000 | 43 | | | | |
| ADIVID-04IVI | | LPES1500R | G5H | 220 | | | | | | | | | 1900 | 71 | 2900 | 56 | 3400 | 50 |
| ADMB-08L | L 0.75 | LPES300R | K3L | 220 | | | 3000 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMD-00L | | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 1600 | 167 | 2700 | 125 | 3900 | 100 | 6300 | 71 | 8600 | 56 | 9700 | 50 |
| 4DMR-10I 1 | 1 | LPES300F | K2L | - | 1800 | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | LPES1500R | K3L | 220 | | | 2900 | 167 | 4500 | 125 | 6100 | 100 | 9400 | 71 | 12600 | 56 | 14200 | 50 | |

ADMC series

| • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| | | LPES300F | H2Y | _ | 1400 | 150 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMC-04L | 0.4 | LPES300R | H1Y | 220 | | | 3000 | 50 | 3000 | 38 | | | | | | | | |
| | | LPES1500R | H1Y | 220 | | | 2000 | 83 | 3200 | 63 | 4400 | 50 | 6900 | 36 | 9600 | 28 | 10800 | 25 |
| ADMC-08L | 0.75 | LPES300F | H2Y | _ | 3000 | 150 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMC-06L | 0.73 | LPES1500R | H1Y | 220 | | | 5700 | 83 | 8200 | 63 | 10700 | 50 | 15000 | 36 | 15000 | 28 | 15000 | 25 |
| ADMC-10L 1 | LPES1500F | H2Y | _ | 1500 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | LPES1500R | H1Y | 220 | | | 8400 | 83 | 11800 | 63 | 15000 | 50 | | | | | | | |
| ADMC-15L | 1.5 | LPES1500F | K4P | _ | 3300 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMC-IJL | 1.5 | LPES1500R | K4P | 320 | | | 12400 | 83 | 15000 | 63 | | | | | | | | |
| ADMC-20L | 2 | LPES1500F | K4P | - | 5100 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMC-20L | 2 | LPES1500R | K4P | 320 | | | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMC-30L | 2.9 | LPES1500F | L3R | _ | 8400 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMC-45L | 4.5 | LPES1500F | L3R | - | 14100 | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ADMG series

| ADMG-05HP | 0.5 | LPES300R | H1K | 160 | | | 3000 | 67 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| ADMG-05HP | 0.5 | LPES1500R | H1K | 220 | | | 1600 | 111 | 2900 | 83 | 4000 | 67 | 6300 | 48 | 8600 | 37 | 10000 | 33 |
| ADMG-10HP | 1 | LPES300F | J4M | - | 3000 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMG-10HP | ' | LPES1500R | J4M | 220 | | | 6000 | 111 | 8700 | 83 | 11400 | 67 | 15000 | 48 | 15000 | 37 | 15000 | 33 |
| ADMG-15HP 1.5 | LPES1500F | K3M | - | 2200 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | LPES1500R | K3M | 220 | | | 10300 | 111 | 14400 | 83 | 15000 | 67 | | | | | | | |
| ADMG-20HP 2 | LPES1500F | K3P | - | 3300 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMG-20FF | | LPES1500R | K3P | 320 | | | 12300 | 111 | 15000 | 83 | | | | | | | | |
| ADMG-35HP | | LPES1500F | L1R | - | 7400 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMG-33HF | 3.5 | LPES1500R | L1R | 400 | | | 15000 | 111 | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADMG-45HP | 4.5 | LPES1500F | L1R | - | 10100 | 333 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

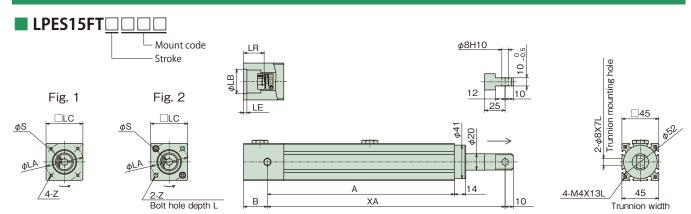
^{*} Gray-shaded areas show numerical values with precision planetary reducer.

* Shaded thrusts generated require thrust limits. Make sure to use at the specified thrusts or less.

^{*} Shaded rated speeds require speed limits. Make sure to use at the specified speeds or less.

Motor direct coupling

Dimensions table (□45 frame)

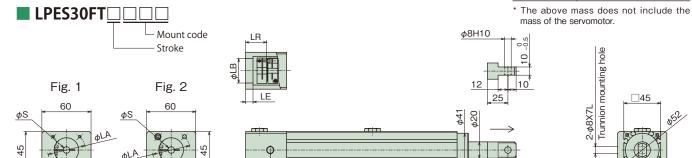


| | | | | | | | | | | Unit: mm |
|------------|----|----|----|---|----|----|--------|----|----|----------|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LA | Z | L | В | Drawing |
| A3D | 45 | 22 | 4 | 8 | 24 | 48 | M3X11L | - | 28 | 1 |
| B2D | 45 | 30 | 4 | 8 | 24 | 45 | M3X11L | - | 28 |] ' |
| B3B | 45 | 30 | 4 | 6 | 25 | 46 | M4X13L | 49 | 29 | 2 |
| B3D | 45 | 30 | 4 | 8 | 25 | 46 | M4X13L | 49 | 29 |] ~ |
| C1C | 45 | 34 | 4 | 7 | 24 | 48 | M3X11L | - | 28 | 1 |
| Z9Z | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | Unit: mm |
|--------|-----|-----|----------|
| Stroke | Α | Х | A |
| Stroke | Α | MIN | MAX |
| 100 | 228 | 290 | 390 |
| 200 | 328 | 410 | 610 |
| 300 | 428 | 510 | 810 |

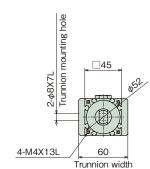
| | Unit: kg |
|--------|----------|
| Stroke | Mass |
| 100 | 1.5 |
| 200 | 1.9 |
| 300 | 2.2 |

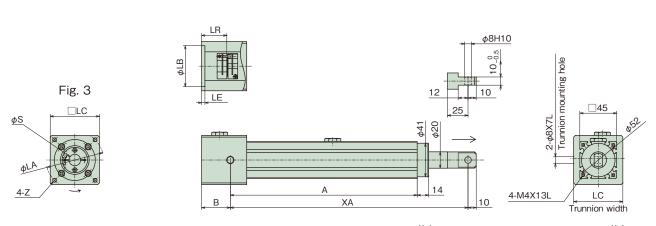
^{*} For dimensions in blanks, contact us.



В

Bolt hole depth L





XΑ

14

10

| | | | | | | | | | | Unit: mm |
|------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|--------|----|----|----------|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LA | Z | L | В | Drawing |
| A3D | - | 22 | 8 | 8 | 24 | 48 | M3X11L | - | 29 | 1 |
| B2D | - | 30 | 9 | 8 | 25 | 45 | M3X11L | - | 30 |] ' |
| B3D | - | 30 | 9 | 8 | 25 | 46 | M4X13L | 50 | 30 | 2 |
| E1C | 60 | 50 | 5 | 7 | 24 | 60 | M4X12L | - | 29 | |
| E2D | 60 | 50 | 5 | 8 | 30 | 60 | M4X12L | - | 35 |] |
| E3D | 60 | 50 | 5 | 8 | 25 | 70 | M4X12L | - | 30 |] |
| E3G | 60 | 50 | 5 | 11 | 30 | 70 | M4X12L | - | 35 |] |
| E4H | 60 | 50 | 5 | 14 | 30 | 70 | M5X12L | - | 35 | 1 |
| E5D | 60 | 50 | 5 | 8 | 25 | 70 | M5X12L | - | 30 | 3 |
| G1G | 80 | 70 | 5 | 11 | 30 | 90 | M5X12L | - | 35 |] |
| G1H | 80 | 70 | 5 | 14 | 30 | 90 | M5X12L | - | 35 |] |
| G1Z | 80 | 70 | 5 | 12 | 30 | 90 | M5X12L | - | 35 |] |
| G2H | 80 | 70 | 5 | 14 | 30 | 90 | M6X17L | - | 35 |] |
| H1H | 90 | 80 | 5 | 14 | 30 | 100 | M6X17L | - | 35 | |
| 797 | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | Unit: mm |
|--------|-----|-----|----------|
| Stroke | Λ | Х | A |
| Stroke | Α | MIN | MAX |
| 100 | 228 | 290 | 390 |
| 200 | 328 | 410 | 610 |
| 300 | 428 | 510 | 810 |

| | Unit: kg |
|--------|----------|
| Stroke | Mass |
| 100 | 1.6 |
| 200 | 2.0 |
| 300 | 2.4 |
| | |

^{*} The above mass does not include the mass of the servomotor.

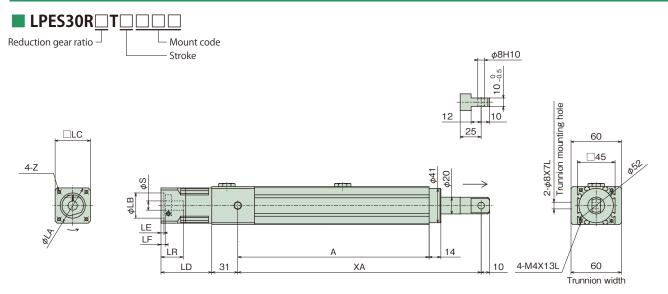
^{*} For dimensions in blanks, contact us.

noniry Form

Mini series

With precision planetary reducer

Dimensions table (□45 frame)



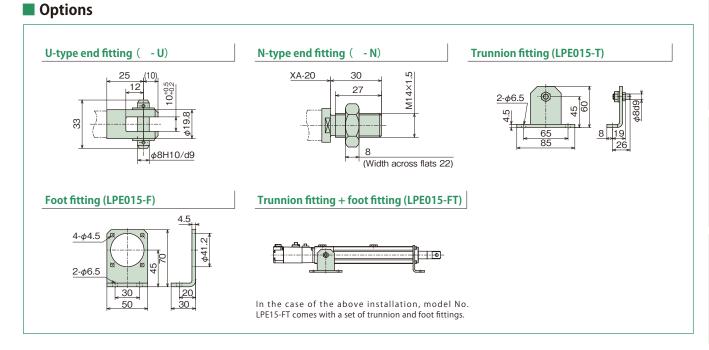
| With PAT-B120 | | | | | | | | | Unit: mm |
|---------------|----|----|-----|----|------|----|----|-------|----------|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LF | LA | Z | LD |
| A3D | 42 | 22 | 4 | 8 | 30.5 | 9 | 48 | M3X6L | 64.5 |
| B2C | | | | | | | | | |
| B2D | 42 | 30 | 3.5 | 8 | 26.5 | 5 | 45 | M3X6L | 60.5 |
| B3B | 42 | 30 | 3.5 | 6 | 26.5 | 5 | 45 | M4X9L | 60.5 |
| B3D | 42 | 30 | 3.5 | 8 | 26.5 | 5 | 46 | M4X9L | 60.5 |
| B4B | | | | | | | | | |
| B4D | 42 | 30 | 8 | 8 | 31.5 | 10 | 46 | M4X9L | 65.5 |
| C1C | 42 | 34 | 3.5 | 7 | 26.5 | 5 | 48 | M3X6L | 60.5 |
| E1C | | | | | | | | | |
| E2D | | | | | | | | | |
| E3D | 60 | 50 | 3.5 | 8 | 31.5 | 10 | 70 | M4X9L | 65.5 |
| E3G | 60 | 50 | 3.5 | 11 | 31.5 | 10 | 70 | M4X9L | 65.5 |
| E4D | | | | | | | | | |
| 79D | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | Unit: mm | | |
|--------|-----|-----|----------|--|--|
| Stroke | Α | XA | | | |
| Stroke | , A | MIN | MAX | | |
| 100 | 228 | 290 | 390 | | |
| 200 | 328 | 410 | 610 | | |
| 300 | 428 | 510 | 810 | | |

| | Unit: kg |
|--------|----------|
| Stroke | Mass |
| 100 | 2.2 |
| 200 | 2.6 |
| 300 | 3.0 |
| | |

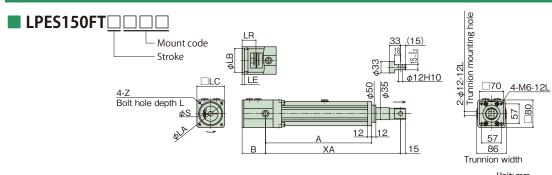
^{*} The above mass does not include the mass of the servomotor.

* For dimensions in blanks, contact us.



Motor direct coupling

Dimensions table (□70 frame)



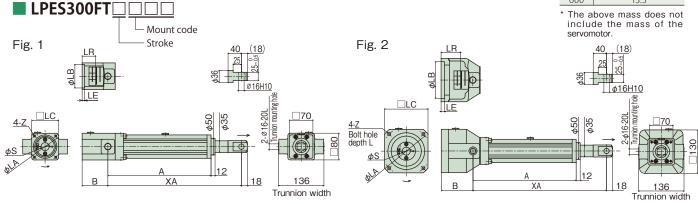
| | | | | | | | | | Unit: mm |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------|----|----------|
| マウントコード | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LA | Z | L | В |
| E4H | 80 | 50 | 8 | 14 | 30 | 70 | M5X8L | - | 68 |
| G4K | 80 | 70 | 5 | 16 | 40 | 90 | M5X16L | 14 | 77 |
| G4L | 80 | 70 | 5 | 19 | 35 | 90 | M5X16L | 9 | 72 |
| G5K | 80 | 70 | 5 | 16 | 40 | 90 | M6X16L | 14 | 77 |
| G5L | 80 | 70 | 5 | 19 | 40 | 90 | M6X16L | 14 | 77 |
| G7L | 80 | 70 | 5 | 19 | 35 | 90 | M6X16L | 9 | 72 |
| Z9Z | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} For dimensions in blanks, contact us.

Unit: mm MAX 100 495 200 409 495 695 509 895 400 609 1095 895 600 809 1495

| | Unit: kg |
|--------|----------|
| Stroke | Mass |
| 100 | 8.6 |
| 200 | 9.5 |
| 300 | 10.5 |
| 400 | 11.4 |
| 500 | 12.3 |
| 600 | 13.3 |
| | |

The above mass does not include the mass of the



| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LA | Z | L | В | Drawing |
|------------|-----|----|----|----|----|-----|--------|---|----|---------|
| G5K | 80 | 70 | 5 | 16 | 40 | 90 | M6X16L | - | 77 | 1 |
| G5L | 80 | 70 | 5 | 19 | 40 | 90 | M6X16L | - | 77 | ' |
| H1K | 130 | 80 | 7 | 16 | 35 | 100 | M6X7L | - | 74 | |
| H2K | 130 | 80 | 7 | 16 | 40 | 100 | M6X7L | - | 77 | |
| H2L | 130 | 80 | 22 | 19 | 55 | 100 | M6X22L | - | 92 | |
| H2Y | 130 | 80 | 12 | 24 | 45 | 100 | M6X12L | - | 82 | |
| J2M | 130 | 95 | 10 | 22 | 40 | 115 | M8X10L | - | 80 | |
| J3Y | 130 | 95 | 12 | 24 | 45 | 115 | M6X12L | - | 82 | 2 |
| J4M | 130 | 95 | 12 | 22 | 45 | 115 | M8X12L | - | 82 | |
| J4Y | 130 | 95 | 12 | 24 | 45 | 115 | M8X12L | - | 82 | |
| J5L | 130 | 95 | 23 | 19 | 55 | 115 | M8X10L | - | 93 |] |
| J7Y | 130 | 95 | 19 | 24 | 40 | 135 | M8X19L | - | 80 |] |
| J8Y | 130 | 95 | 19 | 24 | 50 | 135 | M8X19L | - | 89 |] |

| | | | | | | | | | Unit | t: mm |
|------------|-----|-------|----|----|-------|-----|---------|----|------|---------|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LA | Z | L | В | Drawing |
| K2L | 130 | 110 | 10 | 19 | 40~41 | 145 | M8X20L | 6 | 79 | |
| K2M | 130 | 110 | 10 | 22 | 40 | 145 | M8X20L | 6 | 79 | |
| K3L | 130 | 110 | 25 | 19 | 55~58 | 145 | M8X20L | 22 | 95 | 1 |
| K3M | 130 | 110 | 25 | 22 | 55 | 145 | M8X20L | 22 | 95 |] , |
| K3Y | 130 | 110 | 25 | 24 | 55~58 | 145 | M8X20L | 22 | 95 |] _ |
| K6M | 130 | 110 | 12 | 22 | 45 | 145 | M8X20L | 9 | 82 |] |
| K7M | 130 | 110 | 37 | 22 | 70 | 145 | M8X20L | 34 | 107 | 1 |
| L1M | 176 | 114.3 | 22 | 22 | 55 | 200 | M12X19L | - | 92 | 1 |
| Z9Z | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

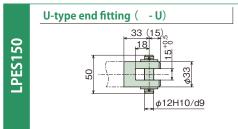
^{*} For dimensions in blanks, contact us.

| | ι | Jnit: mm |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| ٨ | Х | Α |
| ^ | MIN | MAX |
| 309 | 400 | 500 |
| 409 | 500 | 700 |
| 509 | 600 | 900 |
| 609 | 700 | 1100 |
| 709 | 800 | 1300 |
| 809 | 900 | 1500 |
| | 409 509 609 709 | A MIN 309 400 409 500 509 600 609 700 709 800 |

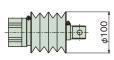
| | Unit: kg |
|--------|----------|
| Stroke | Mass |
| 100 | 14.3 |
| 200 | 15.2 |
| 300 | 16.1 |
| 400 | 17.1 |
| 500 | 18.0 |
| 600 | 19.0 |
| | |

^{*} The above mass does not include the mass of the servomotor.

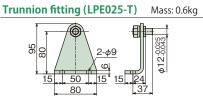
Options



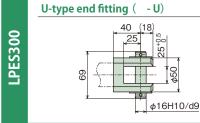
Bellows (- J)



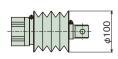
When bellows are equipped, flange mount is not available.



Order the trunnion fitting separately from main body model No. without entering any symbol at the end of model No.





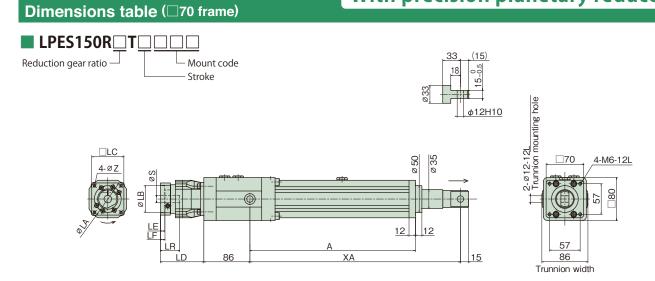


Trunnion fitting (LPE300-T) Mass: 3.3kg

Order the trunnion fitting separately from main body model No. without entering any symbol at the end of model No.

Unit: mm

With precision planetary reducer



| With PAT-B160 | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|--------|----|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LF | LA | Z | LD |
| A3D | | | | | | | | | |
| B3D | 58 | 30 | 4 | 8 | 36 | 8.5 | 46 | M4X9L | 81 |
| B4D | | | | | | | | | |
| E2C | | | | | | | | | |
| E2D | | | | | | | | | |
| E3D | | | | | | | | | |
| E3G | 60 | 50 | 4 | 11 | 32 | 4.5 | 70 | M4X9L | 77 |
| E3H | 60 | 50 | 4 | 14 | 32 | 4.5 | 70 | M4X9L | 77 |
| E4D | 60 | 50 | 8 | 8 | 36 | 8.5 | 70 | M5X10L | 81 |
| E4E | 60 | 50 | 8 | 9 | 36 | 8.5 | 70 | M5X10L | 81 |
| E4H | 60 | 50 | 8 | 14 | 36 | 8.5 | 70 | M5X10L | 81 |
| E5H | | | | | | | | | |

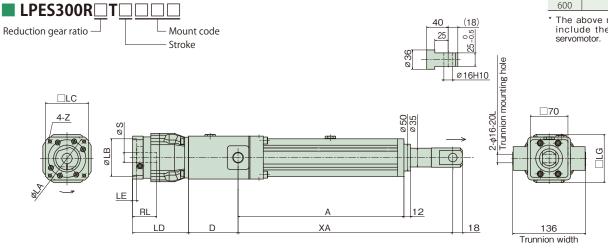
| | | | | | | | | | Uni | t: mm |
|-----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|-----|--------|-------|
| Mou | ınt code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LF | LA | Z | LD |
| (| 31G | | | | | | | | | |
| (| 31H | | | | | | | | | |
| (| G1Z | | | | | | | | | |
| (| 35H | 80 | 70 | 4 | 14 | 42 | 14.5 | 90 | M6X12L | 87 |
| | H1F | 92 | 80 | 9 | 10 | 42 | 14.5 | 100 | M6X12L | 87 |
| ŀ | 11H | 92 | 80 | 9 | 14 | 42 | 14.5 | 100 | M6X12L | 87 |
| - | H1K | 92 | 80 | 9 | 16 | 42 | 14.5 | 100 | M6X12L | 87 |
| - 2 | Z9D | | | | | | | | | |
| | Z9H | | | | | | | | | |

* For dimensions in blanks, contact us.

| | | ι | Jnit: mm |
|--------|-----|-----|----------|
| Stroke | Α | Х | A |
| Stroke | Α | MIN | MAX |
| 100 | 309 | 395 | 495 |
| 200 | 409 | 495 | 695 |
| 300 | 509 | 595 | 895 |
| 400 | 609 | 695 | 1095 |
| 500 | 709 | 795 | 1295 |
| 600 | 809 | 895 | 1495 |

| | Unit: kg |
|--------|----------|
| Stroke | Mass |
| 100 | 10.7 |
| 200 | 11.6 |
| 300 | 12.6 |
| 400 | 13.5 |
| 500 | 14.4 |
| 600 | 15.4 |

* The above mass does not include the mass of the servomotor.



| With PA | Г-В16 | 60 | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------|----|----|----|----|------|-----|--------|----|----|----|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LF | LA | Z | LD | LG | D |
| B3D | 58 | 30 | 4 | 8 | 36 | 8.5 | 46 | M4X9L | 81 | 70 | 85 |
| B4D | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 85 |
| E3G | 60 | 50 | 4 | 11 | 32 | 4.5 | 70 | M4X9L | 77 | 70 | 85 |
| E3H | 60 | 50 | 4 | 14 | 32 | 4.5 | 70 | M4X9L | 77 | 70 | 85 |
| E4E | 60 | 50 | 8 | 9 | 36 | 8.5 | 70 | M5X10L | 81 | 70 | 85 |
| E4H | 60 | 50 | 8 | 14 | 36 | 8.5 | 70 | M5X10L | 81 | 70 | 85 |
| E5H | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 85 |
| G1G | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 85 |
| G1H | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 85 |
| G1Z | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 85 |
| G4K | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 85 |
| G5H | 80 | 70 | 4 | 14 | 42 | 14.5 | 90 | M6X12L | 87 | 70 | 85 |
| G5K | 80 | 70 | 4 | 16 | 42 | 14.5 | 90 | M6X12L | 87 | 70 | 85 |
| H1F | 92 | 80 | 9 | 10 | 42 | 14.5 | 100 | M6X12L | 87 | 70 | 85 |
| H1H | 92 | 80 | 9 | 14 | 42 | 14.5 | 100 | M6X12L | 87 | 70 | 85 |
| H1K | 92 | 80 | 9 | 16 | 42 | 14.5 | 100 | M6X12L | 87 | 70 | 85 |
| J2K | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 85 |
| K2K | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 85 |
| Z9H | | | | | | | | | | | |

| With PAT-B220 Ui | | | | | | | | Unit | : mı | | |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|------|-----|-----|--------|-------|----|----|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LF | LA | Z | LD | LG | D |
| G4L | 80 | 70 | 5.5 | 19 | 43.5 | 6.5 | 90 | M5X10L | 102.5 | 90 | 93 |
| G5L | 80 | 70 | 7 | 19 | 45 | 8 | 90 | M6X12L | 104 | 90 | 93 |
| H1Y | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 90 | 93 |
| H4L | 90 | 80 | 8 | 19 | 57 | 20 | 100 | M6X12L | 116 | 90 | 93 |
| J3Y | 100 | 95 | 4 | 24 | 47 | 10 | 115 | M6X12L | 106 | 90 | 93 |
| J4L | 100 | 95 | 8 | 19 | 57 | 20 | 115 | M8X15L | 116 | 90 | 93 |
| J4M | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 90 | 93 |
| J4Y | 100 | 95 | 8 | 20 | 57 | 24 | 115 | M8X15L | 116 | 90 | 93 |
| J7Y | 120 | 95 | 7 | 24 | 58 | 21 | 135 | M8X15L | 117 | 90 | 93 |
| K3L | 130 | 110 | 18 | 19 | 60 | 23 | 145 | M8X15L | 119 | 90 | 93 |
| K3Y | 130 | 110 | 18 | 24 | 60 | 23 | 145 | M8X15L | 119 | 90 | 93 |
| K5Y | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 90 | 93 |
| K6M | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 90 | 93 |
| K7M | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 90 | 93 |
| Z9L | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

* For dimensions in blanks, contact us.

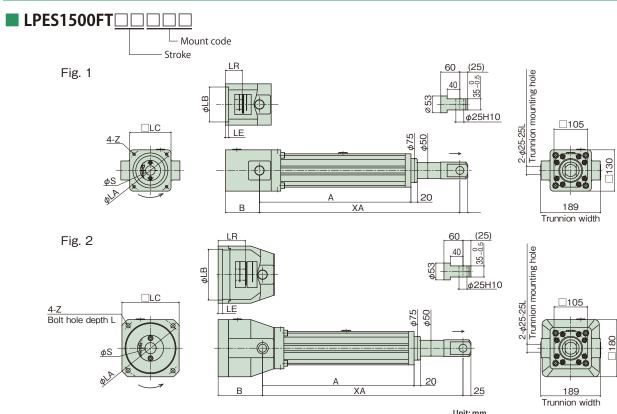
| | | | /IIIC. IIIIII | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|---------------|--|--|--|
| Stroke | | XA | | | | |
| Stroke | Α | MIN | MAX | | | |
| 100 | 309 | 400 | 500 | | | |
| 200 | 409 | 500 | 700 | | | |
| 300 | 509 | 600 | 900 | | | |
| 400 | 609 | 700 | 1100 | | | |
| 500 | 709 | 800 | 1300 | | | |
| 600 | 809 | 900 | 1500 | | | |
| , | , | | | | | |

| | | Unit: kg |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Stroke | Mass (with PAT-B160) | Mass (with PAT-B220) |
| 100 | 14.6 | 16.0 |
| 200 | 15.5 | 16.9 |
| 300 | 16.4 | 17.8 |
| 400 | 17.4 | 18.8 |
| 500 | 18.3 | 19.7 |
| 600 | 19.3 | 20.7 |
| | | |

* The above mass does not include the mass of the servomotor.

Motor direct coupling

Dimensions table (□105 frame)



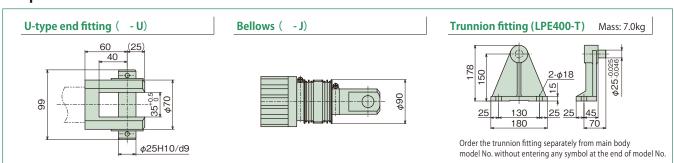
| | | | | | | | | | | Unit: mm |
|------------|-----|-------|----|--------|-------|-----|---------|----|-----|----------|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LA | Z | L | В | Drawing |
| H2Y | 130 | 80 | 12 | 24 | 45 | 100 | M6X12L | - | 101 | |
| J2M | 130 | 95 | 10 | 22 | 40 | 115 | M8X16L | - | 96 | |
| J3Y | 130 | 95 | 5 | 24 | 45 | 115 | M6X12L | - | 101 | |
| J4M | 130 | 95 | 5 | 22 | 45 | 115 | M8X16L | - | 101 |] |
| J4Y | 130 | 95 | 5 | 24 | 45 | 115 | M8X16L | - | 101 |] |
| K2M | 130 | 110 | 9 | 22 | 40 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 96 |] |
| K2Z | 130 | 110 | 9 | 26 | 40 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 96 |] |
| K3M | 130 | 110 | 9 | 22 | 55~58 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 111 | 1 , |
| K3P | 130 | 110 | 9 | 28 | 55 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 111 |] ' |
| K3Y | 130 | 110 | 9 | 24 | 55~58 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 111 |] |
| K4P | 130 | 110 | 9 | 28 | 63 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 119 |] |
| K4Y | 130 | 110 | 9 | 24 | 65 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 119 |] |
| K4Z | 130 | 110 | 9 | 28(j6) | 63 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 119 |] |
| K6M | 130 | 110 | 5 | 22 | 45 | 135 | M8X16L | - | 101 |] |
| K6P | 130 | 110 | 5 | 28 | 55 | 135 | M8X16L | - | 111 | |
| K7M | 130 | 110 | 9 | 22 | 70 | 145 | M8X16L | - | 124 | |
| L1P | 180 | 114.3 | 11 | 28 | 55 | 200 | M12X25L | 7 | 114 | |
| L1Q | 180 | 114.3 | 11 | 32 | 50 | 200 | M12X25L | 7 | 109 | |
| L1R | 180 | 114.3 | 21 | 35 | 65~70 | 200 | M12X25L | 17 | 124 |] |
| L1Z | 180 | 114.3 | 21 | 28(j6) | 65 | 200 | M12X25L | 17 | 124 |] |
| L2S | 180 | 114.3 | 65 | 42 | 113 | 200 | M12X25L | 61 | 168 | 2 |
| L3R | 180 | 114.3 | 10 | 35 | 79~80 | 200 | M12X25L | 29 | 136 |] ~ |
| L3S | 180 | 114.3 | 10 | 42 | 79 | 200 | M12X25L | 29 | 136 | |
| M3P | 180 | 130 | 17 | 28 | 60~65 | 165 | M10X25L | - | 120 |] |
| M4P | 180 | 130 | 17 | 28 | 70 | 165 | M10X25L | - | 125 |] |
| N1S | 200 | 180 | 6 | 42 | 85 | 215 | M12X25L | 33 | 140 | |
| P2Q | 220 | 200 | 6 | 32 | 65 | 235 | M12X29L | - | 124 | |
| P2R | 220 | 200 | 6 | 35 | 65 | 235 | M12X29L | - | 124 | 2 |

| Transition Water | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------|------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Unit: mm | | | | | | |
| Stroke | А | XA | | | | | | | |
| Stroke | A | MIN | MAX | | | | | | |
| 200 | 537 | 680 | 880 | | | | | | |
| 300 | 637 | 790 | 1090 | | | | | | |
| 400 | 737 | 900 | 1300 | | | | | | |
| 500 | 837 | 1010 | 1510 | | | | | | |
| 600 | 937 | 1115 | 1715 | | | | | | |
| 800 | 1137 | 1335 | 2135 | | | | | | |
| 1000 | 1337 | 1555 | 2555 | | | | | | |

| | Unit: kg |
|--------|----------|
| | |
| Stroke | Mass |
| 200 | 39.9 |
| 300 | 42.9 |
| 400 | 44.4 |
| 500 | 46.7 |
| 600 | 48.9 |
| 800 | 53.9 |
| 1000 | 57.9 |

^{*} The above mass does not include the mass of the servomotor.

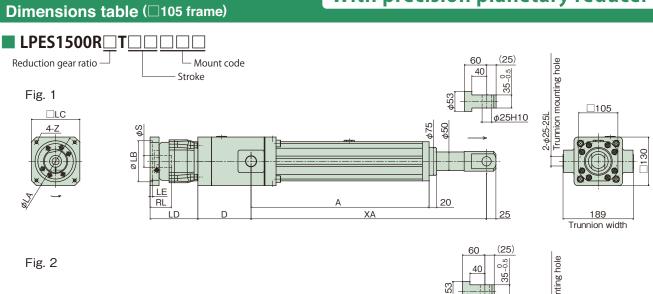
Options



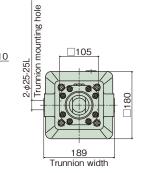
M12X29L

^{*} For dimensions in blanks, contact us.

With precision planetary reducer



| Fig. 2 | | | | 40 39-95 |
|---------------------------|----------|-----|----|----------|
| □LC 4-Z | | | | φ25H10 |
| ol B | LE LR | | | 20 |
| φS \ | LD | 167 | XA | 25 |
| Clamp shaft hole diameter | | | | , , |



| With PAT-B220 |) | | | | | | | | | | Unit: mm |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|----|------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-----|----------|
| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LF | LA | Z | LD | D | Drawing |
| G4H | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| G4K | 80 | 70 | 5.5 | 16 | 43.5 | 6.5 | 90 | M5X10L | 102.5 | 111 | |
| G4L | 80 | 70 | 5.5 | 19 | 43.5 | 6.5 | 90 | M5X10L | 102.5 | 111 | |
| G5H | 80 | 70 | 7 | 13 | 45 | 8 | 90 | M6X12L | 104 | 111 | |
| G5K | 80 | 70 | 7 | 16 | 45 | 8 | 90 | M6X12L | 104 | 111 | |
| G5L | 80 | 70 | 7 | 19 | 45 | 8 | 90 | M6X12L | 104 | 111 | |
| G7L | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| H1H | 90 | 80 | 7.5 | 14 | 46 | 9 | 100 | M6X12L | 105 | 111 | |
| H1K | 90 | 80 | 7.5 | 16 | 46 | 9 | 100 | M6X12L | 105 | 111 | |
| H1Y | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| H4F | 90 | 80 | 8 | 10 | 57 | 20 | 100 | M6X12L | 116 | 111 | |
| H4H | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| H4K | 90 | 80 | 8 | 16 | 57 | 20 | 100 | M6X12L | 116 | 111 | |
| H4L | 90 | 80 | 8 | 19 | 57 | 20 | 100 | M6X12L | 116 | 111 | |
| J2K | 100 | 95 | 4 | 16 | 42 | 5 | 115 | M8X15L | 101 | 111 | |
| J3Y | 100 | 95 | 4 | 24 | 47 | 10 | 115 | M6X12L | 106 | 111 | 1 |
| J4L | 100 | 95 | 8 | 19 | 57 | 20 | 115 | M8X15L | 116 | 111 | ' |
| J4M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| J4Y | 100 | 95 | 8 | 20 | 57 | 20 | 115 | M8X15L | 116 | 111 | |
| J5L | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| J7Y | 120 | 95 | 7 | 24 | 58 | 21 | 135 | M8X15L | 117 | 111 | |
| K3K | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| K3L | 130 | 110 | 18 | 19 | 60 | 23 | 145 | M8X15L | 119 | 111 | |
| K3M | 130 | 110 | 18 | 22 | 60 | 23 | 145 | M8X15L | 119 | 111 | |
| K3Y | 130 | 110 | 18 | 24 | 60 | 23 | 145 | M8X15L | 119 | 111 | |
| K4Y | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| K5Y | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| K6M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| K7M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| L1M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| Z9L | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| Z9M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| With PAT-B320 |) | | | | | | | | | | |
| K3P | 130 | 110 | 6.5 | 28 | 57.5 | 11 | 145 | M8×15L | 128 | 143 | |
| | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | |

| Mount code | LC | LB | LE | S | LR | LF | LA | Z | LD | D | Drawing |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|----|------|-----|-----|----------|-------|-----|---------------|
| G4H | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| G4K | 80 | 70 | 5.5 | 16 | 43.5 | 6.5 | 90 | M5X10L | 102.5 | 111 | |
| G4L | 80 | 70 | 5.5 | 19 | 43.5 | 6.5 | 90 | M5X10L | 102.5 | 111 | |
| G5H | 80 | 70 | 7 | 13 | 45 | 8 | 90 | M6X12L | 104 | 111 | |
| G5K | 80 | 70 | 7 | 16 | 45 | 8 | 90 | M6X12L | 104 | 111 | |
| G5L | 80 | 70 | 7 | 19 | 45 | 8 | 90 | M6X12L | 104 | 111 | |
| G7L | | | | | | | | | | 111 |] |
| H1H | 90 | 80 | 7.5 | 14 | 46 | 9 | 100 | M6X12L | 105 | 111 | |
| H1K | 90 | 80 | 7.5 | 16 | 46 | 9 | 100 | M6X12L | 105 | 111 | |
| H1Y | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| H4F | 90 | 80 | 8 | 10 | 57 | 20 | 100 | M6X12L | 116 | 111 | |
| H4H | | | | | | | | | | 111 | |
| H4K | 90 | 80 | 8 | 16 | 57 | 20 | 100 | M6X12L | 116 | 111 | |
| H4L | 90 | 80 | 8 | 19 | 57 | 20 | 100 | M6X12L | 116 | 111 | |
| J2K | 100 | 95 | 4 | 16 | 42 | 5 | 115 | M8X15L | 101 | 111 |] |
| J3Y | 100 | 95 | 4 | 24 | 47 | 10 | 115 | M6X12L | 106 | 111 | 1 |
| J4L | 100 | 95 | 8 | 19 | 57 | 20 | 115 | M8X15L | 116 | 111 |] ' |
| J4M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | 1 |
| J4Y | 100 | 95 | 8 | 20 | 57 | 20 | 115 | M8X15L | 116 | 111 | 1 |
| J5L | | | | | | | | | | 111 | Ī |
| J7Y | 120 | 95 | 7 | 24 | 58 | 21 | 135 | M8X15L | 117 | 111 | 1 |
| K3K | | | | | | | | | | 111 | Ī |
| K3L | 130 | 110 | 18 | 19 | 60 | 23 | 145 | M8X15L | 119 | 111 | 1 |
| K3M | 130 | 110 | 18 | 22 | 60 | 23 | 145 | M8X15L | 119 | 111 | Ī |
| K3Y | 130 | 110 | 18 | 24 | 60 | 23 | 145 | M8X15L | 119 | 111 | 1 |
| K4Y | | | | | | | | | | 111 | Ī |
| K5Y | | | | | | | | | | 111 | 1 |
| K6M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | Ī |
| K7M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | 1 |
| L1M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | Ī |
| Z9L | | | | | | | | | | 111 | 1 |
| Z9M | | | | | | | | | | 111 | Ī |
| With PAT-B320 |) | | | | | | | | | | |
| K3P | 130 | 110 | 6.5 | 28 | 57.5 | 11 | 145 | M8×15L | 128 | 143 | $\overline{}$ |
| K4P | 130 | 110 | 6.5 | 28 | 72.5 | 26 | 145 | M8×15L | 143 | 143 | 1 |
| K6P | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | 143 | 1 |
| L1P | _ | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | _ | 143 | 1 |
| L1Q | _ | - | - | _ | _ | - | - | - | - | 143 | 1 |
| M3P | 150 | 130 | 9 | 28 | 67.5 | 21 | 165 | M10×18L | 138 | 143 | 1 |
| M4P | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 143 | 1 |
| P1P | 220 | 200 | 6 | 28 | 57.5 | 11 | 235 | M12×21L | 128 | 143 | 1 |
| Z9P | 220 | 200 | | 20 | 37.3 | | 233 | WIIZAZIE | 120 | 143 | 1 |
| Z9Q | | | | | | | | | | 143 | 1 |
| With PAT-B400 |) | | | | | | | | | 115 | |

M12X21 M12X21

| | | | Unit: mm |
|--------|------|------|----------|
| Stroke | A | Х | Α |
| Stroke | A | MIN | MAX |
| 200 | 537 | 680 | 880 |
| 300 | 637 | 790 | 1090 |
| 400 | 737 | 900 | 1300 |
| 500 | 837 | 1010 | 1510 |
| 600 | 937 | 1115 | 1715 |
| 800 | 1137 | 1335 | 2135 |
| 1000 | 1337 | 1555 | 2555 |

| 1000 | 1557 | 1555 | 2333 |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | Unit: kg |
| Stroke | Mass (with PAT-B220) | Mass (with PAT-B320) | Mass (with PAT-B400) |
| 200 | 39.1 | 42.1 | 56.4 |
| 300 | 42.1 | 45.1 | 59.4 |
| 400 | 43.6 | 46.6 | 60.9 |
| 500 | 45.9 | 48.9 | 63.2 |
| 600 | 48.1 | 51.1 | 65.4 |
| 800 | 53.1 | 56.1 | 70.4 |
| 1000 | 57.1 | 60.1 | 74.4 |

^{*} The above mass does not include the mass of the servomotor.

^{*} For dimensions in blanks, contact us.

Application Solution

Glass substrate tilting equipment

A large glass substrate is tilted for transfer to the next process by this equipment.

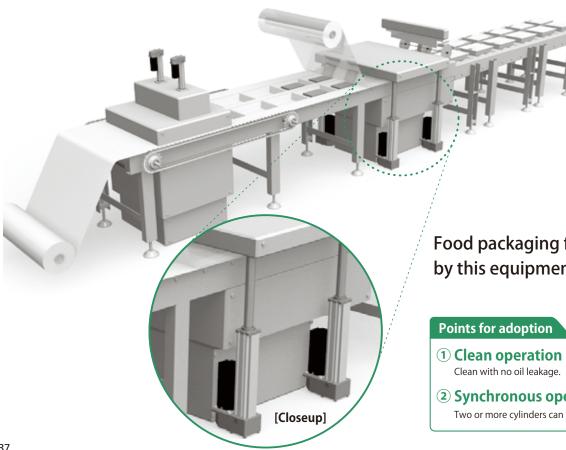


Points for adoption

- 1) Swinging operation ------
 - Swinging operation can be performed because the servo cylinder is pin-connected with the equipment.
- ② High-frequency operation ……

High-frequency operation with the frequency of starts 15 times/min. and a duty factor 50%ED can be performed.

Film welding equipment

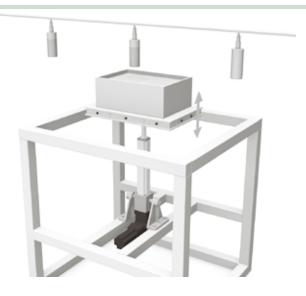


Food packaging films are welded by this equipment.

- 2 Synchronous operation

Two or more cylinders can be operated synchronously.

Coating equipment



Workpieces are coated by moving up and down a tank containing a coating agent.

Points for adoption

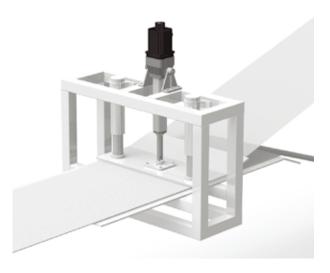
1) Accurate feeding operation

Accurate feeding operation is possible with the servo cylinder for a decrease in liquid level caused by the number of times of coating.

2 Shortening of overall length

In relation to the equipment, the overall length of the servo cylinder needs to be shortened, which is handled by an orthogonal type precision planetary reducer.

Bonding equipment



Two sheets of automotive parts are bonded by this equipment.

Points for adoption

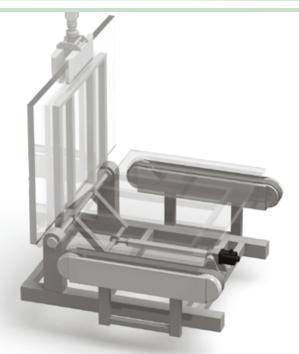
1) Accurate positioning

Fine positioning can be performed against jigs that differ in size according to sheet materials.

2 Torque control

Pressing force for bonding can be controlled.

Workpiece erecting equipment



A glass substrate is erected for insertion into a cassette by this equipment.

Points for adoption

1 Accurate positioning

The glass substrate can be erected to an accurate position by the servo positioning function.

2 Selectable servomotor manufacturer

A desired servomotor manufacturer can be specified according to control compatibility with peripheral equipment.

Application Solution

Frame assembling equipment

Aluminum frames are accurately assembled (press-fit) to a product in four directions by this equipment.

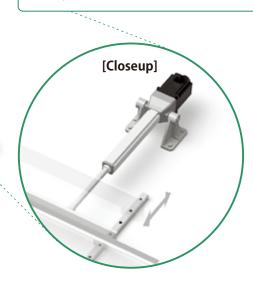
Points for adoption

1 Torque control

At the time of assembly (press fitting), pressing force can be controlled as desired. (Pressing force differs according to product and shape.)

2 Wide-ranging speed variations

At the time of assembly (press fitting), operation is performed at low speed. At the time of return, operation can be performed at high speed, so that the cycle time can also be reduced.



Glass inspection equipment

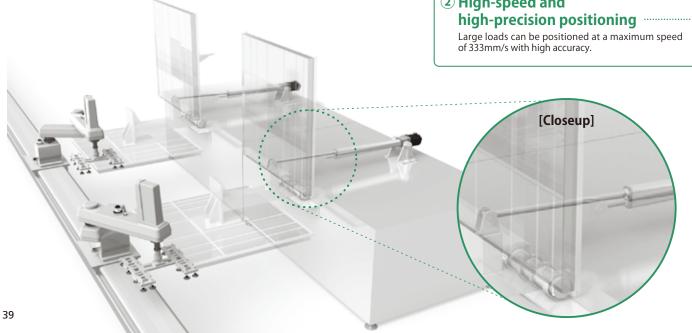
Transferred glass is erected from 0 to 90 degrees and glass surfaces are inspected.

Points for adoption

1 Support of large loads

Large loads of 8000N (up to 15000N) can be

2 High-speed and



Press-fitting equipment (press)

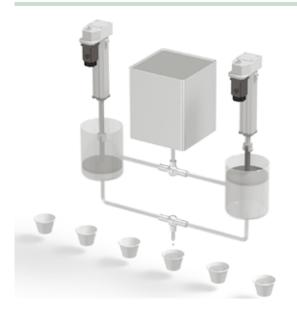


Diverse metallic parts are press-fit and assembled by this equipment.

Points for adoption

- 1 Multiple-point positioning Compared with air cylinders, positioning can be performed as desired.
- 2 Torque control Pressing force is variable with workpieces and jigs.

Injection equipment



Diverse foods are quantitatively injected into special-purpose containers by this equipment.

Points for adoption

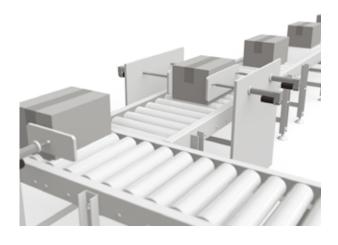
1 Clean operation

Clean with no oil leakage.

2 Accurate speed control

Compared with conventional pump type, materials can be mixed in proportions and foods can be injected in accurately determined quantities by adjusting the speed of each piston.

Equipment for arraying and pushing conveyed objects



Conveyed objects are arrayed on the roller conveyor as desired and ejected by this equipment.

Points for adoption

1 Accurate positioning

The servo positioning function allows desired arrays on the conveyor.

2 Torque control

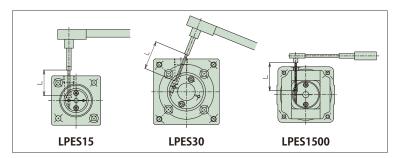
Pressing force can be controlled according to the type of conveyed object.

3 Flange mounting is possible depending on the installation space.

Servomotor mounting procedures (when installed by customer)

■Motor direct coupling

- 1 Prepare a servomotor. (An output shaft with/without keyway can be used.)
- 2 Set the servo motor with the coupling mounting hole of the motor flange facing upward. (☐45 and ☐105 frames only)
- 3 Cleanly wipe away rust, dust, antirust oil, etc., of the motor shaft.
- 4 Loosen the clamp bolt of the coupling.
- Semove the plug of the coupling case, turn the input shaft and set the clamp bolt head of the coupling to the position of the plug hole.
 A For LPES30, there is a need to insert a torque wrench at an angle as shown below.
- 6 Smoothly insert the motor shaft to the coupling.
 A If the motor is turned in the direction of rotation, the phase to the clamp bolt may be shifted.
- Pay sufficient attention not to insert the motor shaft in a tilted manner.
- 8 After inserting the spigot facing part completely, attach it with the motor attaching bolt.
- Using a torque wrench, tighten the clamp bolt of the coupling at the specified tightening torque.
- 10 Attach the removed plug to the coupling case.
 - * Refer to the instruction manual for details.



| Model number | Coupling bolt size | Tightening torque N•m {kgf•m} | L mm |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------|
| LPES15 | M2 | 0.5 {0.04} | 30 |
| LPES30 | M2.5 | 1.0 (0.10) | 40 |
| LPES150 | M4 | 3.8 {0.39} | 60 |
| LPES300 | IVI 4 | 3.0 (0.39) | 70 |
| LPES1500 | M6 | 12 {1.22} | 90 |

■With precision planetary reducer

1. When the motor shaft is round

- 1 Set the reducer with the motor mounting surface upward.
- 2 Cleanly wipe rust, dust, rust inhibitor, etc., off the motor shaft.
- 3 Remove the plug from the adapter, turn the input shaft, and align the bolt head with the position of the plug hole.
- 4 Check that the set bolt has been loosened with a hexagonal spanner, etc.
- Smoothly insert the motor shaft in the input shaft hole. At this time, be aware that if the motor shaft is inserted in a tilted manner, galling with the shaft hole, etc., will occur, resulting in failure to mount properly.
- 6 After complete insertion of the spigot portion, completely fix the motor to the adapter at an appropriate tightening torque.
- Tighten the set bolt of the input shaft with a torque wrench or the like at the tightening torque in the following table. At this time, be aware that if it is tightened at under the specified torque, looseness of the set bolt can lead to problems, such as a slip of the motor shaft.
 Do not apply Loctite and other anti-loosening agents to the set bolt. Proper tightening torque may not be obtained, resulting in insufficient tightening.
- 8 Attach the plug. Now, the motor setting is completed.

It is assumed that the clamp fit may slide with an unexpected impact. Give consideration to a separate safety mechanism for elevation drive, etc.

Set bolt tightening torque table

| Reducer frame No. | | Motor shaft diameter mm | | Bolt siz mm | ze | Hexagonal wrench width across flats mm | Tightening torque N·m |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----|----------------|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| PAT-B120 | Single reduction | ≦11 | M3 | ×0.5P | ×8L | 2.5 | 2.1 |
| PAI-DIZU | Double reduction | ≦11 | M3 | ×0.5P | ×8L | 2.5 | 2.1 |
| PAT-B160 | Single reduction | ≦14 | M4 | ×0.7P | ×12L | 3 | 4.9 |
| FAI-DIOU | Double reduction | ≦11 | M3 | ×0.5P | ×8L | 2.5 | 2.1 |
| PAT-B220 | Single reduction | ≦24 | M5 | \times 0.8P | $\times 14L$ | 4 | 9.8 |
| PAT-DZZU | Double reduction | ≦14 | M4 | ×0.7P | ×12L | 3 | 4.9 |
| PAT-B320 | Single reduction | ≦32 | M6 | ×1P | ×16L | 5 | 17 |
| PA1-0320 | Double reduction | ≦24 | M5 | ×0.8P | ×14L | 4 | 9.8 |
| PAT-B400 | Single reduction | ≦38 | M8 | $\times 1.25P$ | ×20 L | 6 | 41 |
| FA1-D400 | Double reduction | ≦32 | M6 | ×1P | ×16L | 5 | 17 |

 $^{^{*}}$ The bolt tightening torque should be in the range of the above numerical values multiplied by 1.0 – 1.2.

Set bolt tightening Plug With a torque wench, etc.

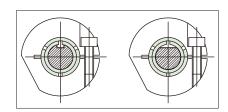
Motor mount bolt tightening torque table

| Bolt size mm | Hexagonal wrench width across flats mm | Tightening torque N·m |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------|
| M3 × 0.5P | 2.5 | 1.8 |
| M4 × 0.7P | 3 | 4.1 |
| M5 × 0.8P | 4 | 8.2 |
| M6 × 1P | 5 | 14 |
| M8 × 1.25P | 6 | 34 |

2. Mounting a keyed motor

A keyed motor shaft can be used in clamp type as is the case with a round shaft by removing the key.

Set the motor shaft keyway (D cut), each slit, and set bolt in position as shown in the illustration on the right-hand side. Other procedures for mounting to the reducer are the same as the round shaft's case.





Cautions for selecting

Anti-rod rotation mechanism is not provided with this cylinder. Turning force is generated to the rod owing to the thrust, make sure to perform prevention of rotation on the equipment side.

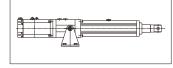
The turning force placed on the rod at the time of the maximum thrust is as shown in the following table.

| Model number | LPES15 | LPES30 | LPES150 | LPES300 | LPES1500 |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| Rod turning force N·m | 0.16 | 0.32 | 1.60 | 3.19 | 26.6 |
| {kgf•m} | {0.016} | {0.031} | {0.16} | {0.33} | {2.72} |

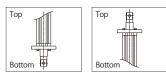
- Load holding mechanism is not provided with this cylinder in the cylinder main body. If a dangerous situation is anticipated during stoppage and when the product is broken, use a servomotor with a magnetic brake to hold the load, or provide a brake mechanism outside. It is same to use for elevating device or horizontal use and displacement is problem.
- Structurally, this power cylinder is an indoor type. Since there are problems, such as rust formation, store in a good indoor environment. Pay sufficient attention to humidity. Be aware that if it is installed in a place where the temperature changes rapidly, condensation will occur, causing failure or rust.
- Do not store or use in a corrosive atmosphere. Also, it cannot be used in a flammable atmosphere.
- Do not use in a place where there is no expectation for heat dissipation, such as in a closed container because doing so will cause failure.

Cautions for installation

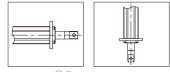
- Use a trunnion mount or a flange mount (possible only for LPES150 or smaller) to install the main body. When used with oscillation, select an I-type or a U-type end fitting. If a lateral load is applied, provide a guide so as not to receive the direct lateral load or the bending moment.
- When it is installed with a flange mount, install it in the vertical direction. (Refer to the figure at the right.)
 - * When considering use of a flange mount for a type of LPES300 or larger, please contact TEM beforehand.
- For use in a static condition without swinging the cylinder, select ① Flange mount or ② Trunnion mount + foot mount. It can be installed either horizontally or vertically. (\square 45 frame only)
- When it is used horizontally for a long stroke, support the bottom part of the frame end as shown in the figure below. At this point, do not fix the frame and the supporting base.



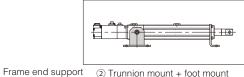
Trunnion mount



Flange mount



1) Flange mount



2 Trunnion mount + foot mount



Cautions for use

- Overload protection mechanism is not provided with this cylinder in the cylinder main body, so provide protection against overvoltage, overcurrent, overload of the servo driver (servo amplifier). Additionally, manufacture the opposite side equipment of the power cylinder with a strength sufficient to withstand the maximum torque of the servomotor.
- Manual operation shaft is not provided with this cylinder for a structural reason, so adjust the cylinder position by operating the servo driver (servo amplifier) at very low speed.
- Daphne Eponex SR No.2 is applied to the screw shaft of this cylinder at the time of shipment, however, periodic lubrication is required. Refer to the table at the right for the lubrication amount of grease and the lubrication cycle.

The application amount of the grease is 10 – 15g per stroke of 100mm. And as grease for maintenance, JWGS100G is available (sold separately) from our company.

| Lubrication cycle | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Every 1 month – 3 months | |
| Every 3 months – 6 months | |
| Every 6 months – 1 year | |
| Every 1 year – 1.5 years | |
| | |

- On the rod periphery, apply grease according to the lubrication cycle so that an oily film does not run out. Use the same grease as the one used for the screv
 - Determine the lubrication cycle according to the situation

Power cylinder eco series CDS type

New type power cylinders designed exclusively for press contact stop, and just fit for motorized air cylinders.

Self-contained

Cylinders are exclusive to press contact stop.

Overcurrent is detected to stop the motor automatically.

Simple operation

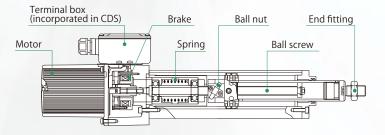
Best suited to operation between two points, like air cylinders. No intermediate stop can be made.

Simple wiring

Operation can be performed by simply connecting the three-phase power supply.

No limit switch for stroke adjustment is required.

Structure of SpeedMech

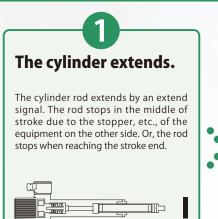


The basic structure of this electric cylinder is a combination of a screw and motor, which is the same as conventional power cylinders.

This SpeedMech enables the cylinder to stop without a limit switch by the combination of the spring built into the actuating part and the special board (CDS) mounted in the terminal box.

Also, compared with conventional electric cylinders, life is extended through the adoption of the first ball screw in this size and also the holding brake that is actuated after the motor is stopped.

Operating principle of SpeedMech



-2

The spring undergoes a deflection to lock the motor.

As the rod has stopped, the spring undergoes a deflection.

At the same time, the motor is locked and the current value rises suddenly (overcurrent is generated).

②The motor is locked (overcurrent is generated).

①The spring undergoes a deflection.

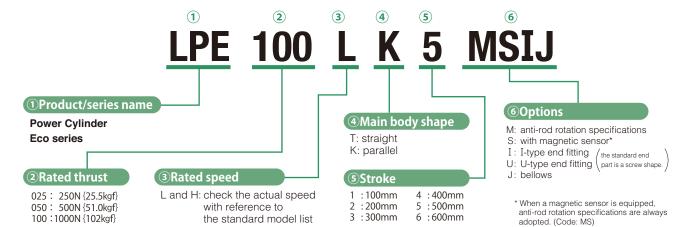
(3

The brake is actuated to stop the motor.

The rise in current value is detected by the CDS, and an operation command is sent to the brake. Subsequently, a stop command is sent to the motor to stop the motor. At this time, a pressing force is maintained by the brake force.

②Stop command to the motor
①Operation command
to the brake

Model No. designation



Standard model list

| Model number | Rated thrust N {kgf} | Rated speed mm/s 200/200/220V 50/60/60Hz | Motor output | Standard stroke mm |
|--------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| LPE025H | 250 {25.5} | 160/190/200 | 0.25N•m (50W or equivalent) | |
| LPE050L | 500 {51.0} | 90/100/110 | 0.25N·m (50W or equivalent) | 200 300 |
| LPE050H | 500 {51.0} | 160/170/190 | 0.50N·m (90W or equivalent) | 400 500 |
| LPE100L | 1.00k {102} | 90/90/110 | 0.50N·m (90W or equivalent) | 600 |

^{*} Pressing force varies depending on the machine type, and is two or three times the rated thrust.

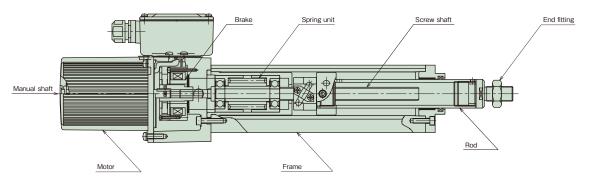
Standard environment of use

| Model Environ- ment | Indoor type |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Ambient temperature | 0~40℃ |
| Relative humidity | 45~85% (non-condensing) |
| Shock resistance value | 0.5G or less |
| Installation altitude | 1000m or lower above sea level |
| Ambient | Normally indoors* |

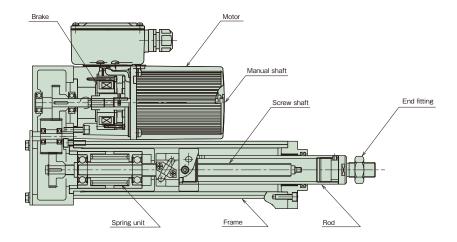
^{*} Normally indoors means no exposure to wind, rain and water, and dust at a level inside an ordinary factory.

Structure

Straight

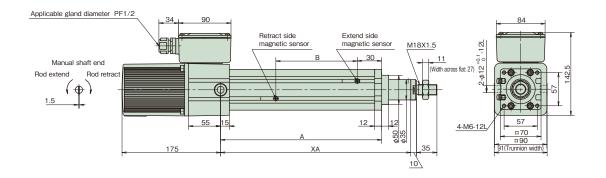


Parallel



Dimensions Table

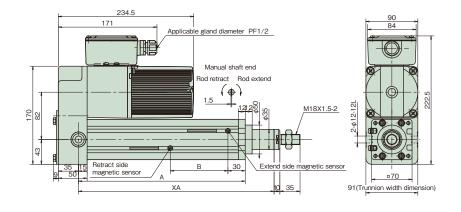
■Straight



Unit: mm

| Model | Main body | Stroke | roko A | | X | Approximate mass | |
|---------|-----------|--------|--------|-----|-----|------------------|------|
| Model | shape ´ | Stroke | A | В | MIN | MAX | (kg) |
| | | 100 | 289 | 100 | 339 | 439 | 9 |
| LPE025H | | 200 | 389 | 200 | 439 | 639 | 10 |
| LPE050L | Т | 300 | 489 | 300 | 539 | 839 | 11 |
| LPE050H | | 400 | 589 | 400 | 639 | 1039 | 12 |
| LPE100L | | 500 | 689 | 500 | 739 | 1239 | 13 |
| | | 600 | 789 | 600 | 839 | 1439 | 14 |

Parallel

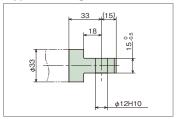


Unit: mm

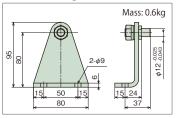
| Model | Main body | Stroke | Λ. | D | X | Approximate mass | |
|---------|-----------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------------------|------|
| Model | shape ' | Stroke | A | В | MIN | MAX | (kg) |
| | | 100 | 289 | 100 | 339 | 439 | 14 |
| LPE025H | | 200 | 389 | 200 | 439 | 639 | 15 |
| LPE050L | K | 300 | 489 | 300 | 539 | 839 | 16 |
| LPE050H | | 400 | 589 | 400 | 639 | 1039 | 17 |
| LPE100L | | 500 | 689 | 500 | 739 | 1239 | 18 |
| | | 600 | 789 | 600 | 839 | 1439 | 19 |

Options

I-type end fitting (- I)

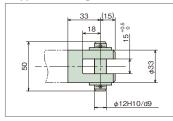


Trunnion fitting (LPE025-T)

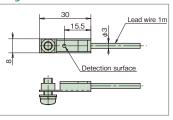


Order the trunnion fitting separately from main body model No. without entering any symbol at the end of model No.

U-type end fitting (- U)

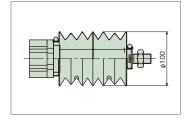


Magnetic sensor (- MS)

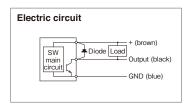


The magnetic sensor cannot be attached later. If it is necessary, place an order first. Types with a lamp or 2 wire type are also available. Refer to page 17.

Bellows (- J)



When bellows are equipped, flange mount is not available.



Magnetic sensor specifications

| | No contact switch (DC 3-wire system) (lead wire 1m) | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Power voltage | 5~26V DC | | | | |
| | Consumption current | 8mA MAX (24V DC) | | | | |
| Output specifications | | 15mA MAX (24V DC) Open collector output | | | | |

Selection

Conditions of use required for selection

- Machine to use and application
- 2. Thrust or load N { kgf }
- 3. Stroke mm
- 4. Speed mm/s
- Frequency of operation, starts/min.
- 6. Power voltage, frequency
- 7. Type of load of machine used
- 8. Environment of use
- Hours of operation and annual number of operating days

Table 1 Allowable number of starts

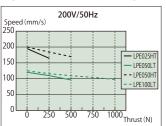
starts/min.

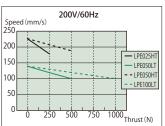
| Madal acceptan | Stroke | Thrust N | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|----------|-----|-----|------|--|--|--|--|
| Model number | mm | 10 | 250 | 500 | 1000 | | | | |
| | 100 | 15 | 12 | _ | _ | | | | |
| | 200 | 15 | 12 | _ | _ | | | | |
| LPE025H | 300 | 10 | 10 | _ | _ | | | | |
| LPEUZON | 400 | 9 | 5 | _ | _ | | | | |
| | 500 | 8 | 4 | _ | _ | | | | |
| | 600 | 6 | 3 | _ | _ | | | | |
| | 100 | 15 | 10 | 5 | _ | | | | |
| | 200 | 8 | 8 | 5 | _ | | | | |
| LPE050L | 300 | 5 | 5 | 5 | _ | | | | |
| LPEUSUL | 400 | 5 | 5 | 3 | _ | | | | |
| | 500 | 5 | 4 | 2 | _ | | | | |
| | 600 | 4 | 4 | 2 | _ | | | | |
| | 100 | 15 | 12 | 10 | _ | | | | |
| | 200 | 12 | 10 | 8 | _ | | | | |
| LPE050H | 300 | 10 | 10 | 6 | _ | | | | |
| LFEUJUH | 400 | 9 | 8 | 5 | _ | | | | |
| | 500 | 8 | 7 | 4 | _ | | | | |
| | 600 | 7 | 6 | 3 | _ | | | | |
| | 100 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 5 | | | | |
| | 200 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 5 | | | | |
| LPE100L | 300 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | | | | |
| LPEIUUL | 400 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | | | | |
| | 500 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 2 | | | | |
| | 600 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | | | | |

■Selection procedures

- Select the suitable model number from the standard model list (page16) based on thrust, speed and stroke.
- 2. Check that the number of cycles of the selected cylinder is within the allowable range with reference to the table at the right. (Table 1)
- 3. Check that the use conditions are satisfied with reference to the thrust speed graph. (Figure 1)
- In the case of use for transportation, check that the mass of the conveyed material is within the allowable range. (Table 2)
- 5. Select options as required.

Figure 1 Thrust - speed graph





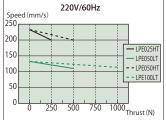


Table 2 Conveyed material mass in consideration of inertia

| Model number | Horizontal | Vertical |
|--------------|------------|----------|
| LPE025HT | 50 | 25 |
| LPE050LT | 100 | 50 |
| LPE050HT | 100 | 50 |
| LPE100LT | 200 | 100 |
| | | |

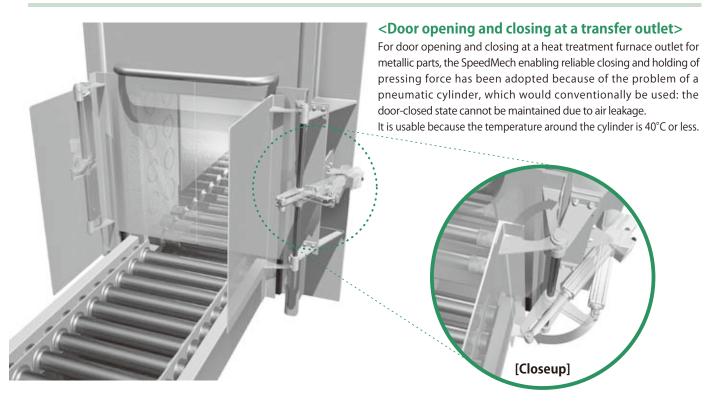
^{*} The data of the above table 1 and figure 1 are numerical values at an ambient temperature of 20°C. The numerical values may vary depending on the ambient temperature and other conditions, so use them as a guide

^{*} Select a power cylinder of a sufficient thrust, allowing for a safety rate so that the loads used (static and dynamic) do not exceed the rated thrust.

Application Solution

Heat treatment furnace < for door opening and closing > Link structure

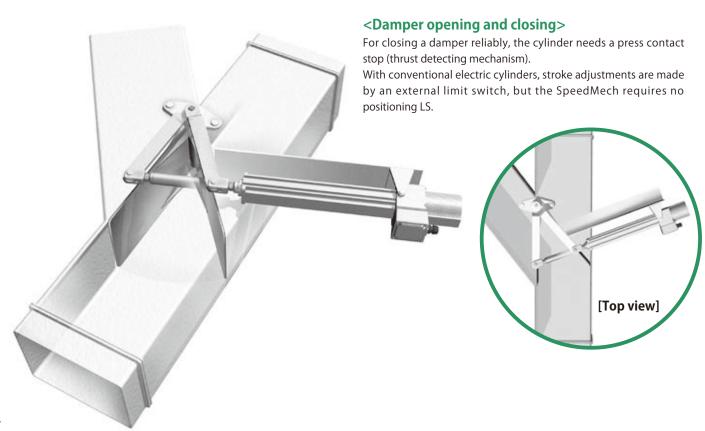
Substitution for pneumatic cylinders



Air duct <for damper opening and closing>

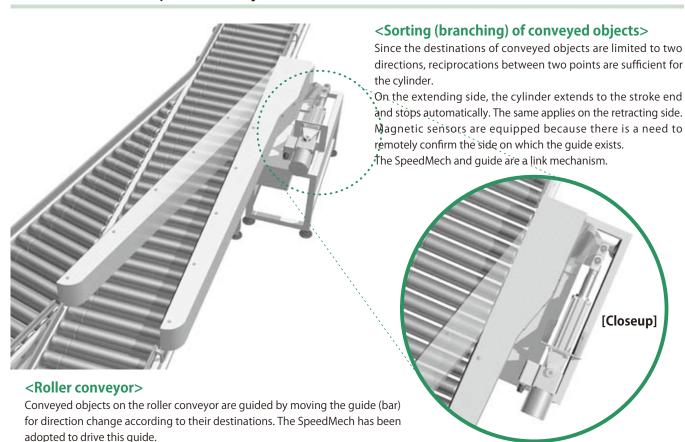
Link structure

Substitution for other companies' electric cylinders



Sorting <for roller conveyor>

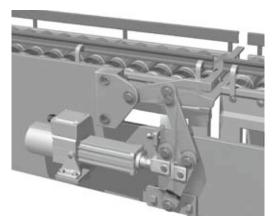
Substitution for pneumatic cylinders



Stopper



Link structure



Substitution for pneumatic cylinders

A conveyed object on the conveyor is temporarily stopped by the stopper. When the cylinder rod fully extends, the stopper goes down, allowing the conveyed object to pass through. When the cylinder rod retracts to the backward limit, the stopper goes up to stop the conveyed object.

Points for adoption

1 Total cost reduction

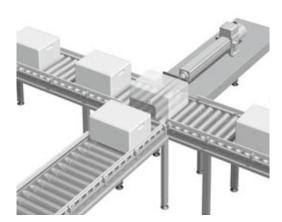
Compared with air type, the total cost can be reduced. The running cost can also be reduced.

2 Environment-friendliness

Pneumatic type has adverse environmental effects caused by noise and oil mist generation.

Pusher

Direct-push structure



Substitution for pneumatic cylinders

A specific object conveyed on the conveyor is pushed by the pusher to change the traveling direction. On the extending side, the cylinder extends to the stroke end to fully push the conveyed object with reliability. After the conveyed object is fully pushed, the cylinder rod is returned as quickly as possible.

Points for adoption

1) Simplified piping and wiring

In the case of air, piping and wiring become complicated because solenoid valves, speed controllers, etc., are required.

2 Cylinder speed

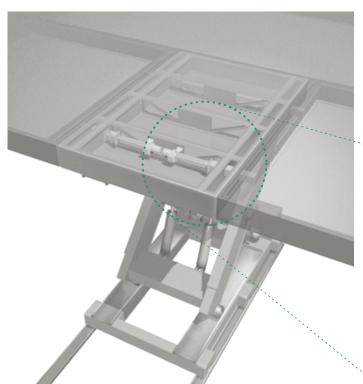
The speed, which is faster than that of conventional electric cylinders, cylinders virtually approaches that of pneumatic cylinders.

Application Solution

Lifter <for pin insertion to fix>

Direct-push structure

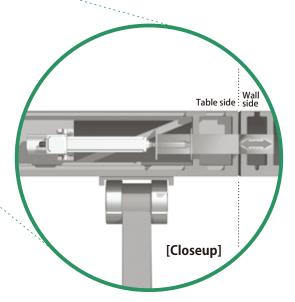
Substitution for hydraulic cylinders



<Table fall prevention>

On the extending side, the cylinder stops automatically when hitting against the wall on the other side. On the retracting side, it stops at the stroke end.

The cylinder rod position is always checked by outputting a signal with the optional magnetic sensor. Also, since the equipment on the other side has no anti-rotation mechanism, the optional rod anti-rotation specification has been adopted.



<Table lifter>

Using a hydraulic cylinder for table elevation, there is danger that the table may fall due to oil leakage from the hydraulic cylinder during an attempt to fix at the ascent position. The SpeedMech has been adopted to fix the table position.

Door opening and closing

Direct-push structure



Substitution for pneumatic cylinders

Generally, pneumatic cylinders are adopted for opening and closing the automatic doors of machines, such as lathes, but there is an increasing demand for motorization in consideration of environmental aspects. Also, wiring man-hours can be reduced compared with air piping and wiring.

Points for adoption

1) Environment-friendliness

Being free from noise and oil mist like pneumatic cylinders, the environmentally-friendly points have been well-recognized.

② Simplified wiring

Compared with air piping, extra work and maintenance are not required because it can be actuated by the power line alone.

Cutter Direct-push structure



Substitution for pneumatic cylinders

Bread dough in the hopper drops from the discharge spout, and the bread dough is cut by the opposing cylinders. Each cutter-equipped cylinder end stops just before the cutters collide with each other.

Points for adoption

1 Simplified piping and wiring

In the case of air, piping and wiring become complicated because solenoid valves, speed controllers, etc., are required.

2 Emergency stop

The cylinder brake is intended for holding, but in an emergency, it can urgently be stopped even in the middle of a stroke.

* Cylinder end mounting flanges are not included as options. Also, centering is required for installation.

Gate opening and closing





Substitution for hydraulic cylinders

When pouring fresh concrete into formwork, the gate (lid) is opened and closed.

The gate is closed by the cylinder in the pulling direction. If the fresh concrete has a high water content, there is a need to close the gate reliably in order to prevent leakage from the hopper.

Conventionally, a hydraulic cylinder would be adopted.

Points for adoption

1 High speed

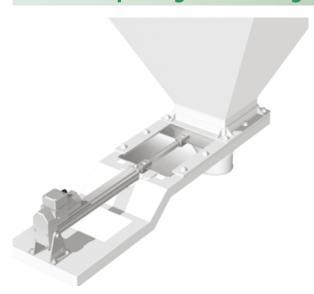
There is a need to close the gate quickly in order to secure a specified amount of pouring.

Reduction of piping and maintenance work

The hydraulic method requires time and effort, and cost for piping, and also maintenance should be performed.

Shutter opening and closing

Direct-push structure



Substitution for pneumatic cylinders

In the process of conveying grains, a fixed amount of raw materials in the tank is dropped down and weighed. At that time, when the shutter is opened and closed, it should quickly be performed because the material drops at a high speed. Also, there is a need to close the shutter reliably and hold the pressing force.

Points for adoption

1 High speed

The shutter is closed quickly to prevent more than a fixed amount of raw materials from dropping.

2 Holding of pressing force

After the shutter is closed, the state needs to be held. (Press contact stop)

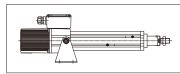
WARNING

Cautions for selecting

- No anti-rod rotation mechanism is attached to a cylinder with standard specifications. To use the end part freely, select the anti-rod rotation specifications (option).
 - And when a magnetic sensor (option) is equipped, anti-rod rotation specifications are required.
- Refer to the allowable number table on page 46 to check that the number of the starts of selected cylinder is within the allowable range.
- If this cylinder is used for press or pull contact stopping, the strength of the equipment side must be 300% or more of the rated thrust.
- Structurally, this power cylinder is an indoor type. Since there are problems, such as rust formation, store in a good indoor environment. Pay sufficient attention to humidity. Be aware that if it is installed in a place where the temperature changes rapidly, condensation will occur, causing failure or rust.
- Do not store or use in a corrosive atmosphere. Also, it cannot be used in a flammable atmosphere.
- Do not use in a place where there is no expectation for heat dissipation, such as in a closed container because doing so will cause failure.

Cautions for installation

- Install the main body using a trunnion or a flange mount.
 When it is used with oscillation using a trunnion mount, select an I-type or an U-type end fitting.
- If lateral load is applied, provide a guide so as not to receive lateral load or bending moment directly.
- When it is installed with a flange mount, install it in the vertical direction.
 (Refer to the figure at the right.)
- When it is used horizontally for a long stroke, support the bottom part of the frame end as shown in the figure below. Do not fix the frame and the supporting base.

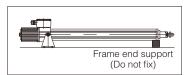


Trunnion mount



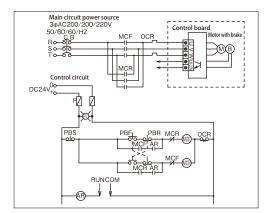


Flange mount



Cautions for use

- The motor stops when press or pull contact stops, however, on-the terminal block electricity is still being conducted. Never fail to cut off the main power source before working with the terminal box open.
- When adjusting the stroke manually, remove the cap bolt of the opposite load side of the motor, and turn the manual shaft with a flat-blade screwdriver or the like. However, use this only as an emergency since it is an operation with the brake working. And when operating manually, make sure to remove the load.
- Never use an inverter. This cylinder controls the press contact force by detecting overcurrent with the built-in CDS inside the terminal block and stopping the motor. If an inverter is used, the CDS circuit may be broken.
- Megger testing is prohibited for this cylinder. It may break the built in CDS. Remove all the terminals in the terminal block for megger testing of external circuits.
- Ensure the change over between extend and retract are at an interval of 0.2 seconds or more.
- The temperature around the motor may rapidly increase during operation and immediately after stopping. Do not touch around the motor part.
- Refer to the diagram below for connection and reference circuitry.



NOTE:

- ① This is a single acting circuit diagram. The cylinder extends with the PBF and automatically stops with the press contact force at the stroke end or when hitting a wall in the middle of a stroke, etc. For retract, the cylinder retracts with the PBR and stops in the same manner as the extend side. Provide a circuit for allowing MCF and MCR to be turned OFF every time the cylinder stops.
- ② RUN and COM terminals can take out the output signal of the cylinder action. Open collector output: 50mA maximum 30V DC Coil current of the relay AR must be 50mA DC or less.
- ③ Use an electromagnetic contactor with a contact capacity of SC-0 made of a Fuji Electric or equivalent.

Power Cylinder

F series

Thrust: 100N to 6.00kN {10.2kgf to 612kgf}

Small thrust type Power Cylinder, driven by DC (Battery) power source

AC power source is also available with AC adaptor (Option). Optimum for outdoor use, such as agricultural machine, multistory car parking.

Light weight, small type

Compact design where the operating part and the motor part are right angle.

Effective utilization of installation space

The hole of the clevis fitting is made in 2 directions at right angles to each other, the installation method can be selected from 4 directions so that it does not interfere with machine, etc.

Versatile power source

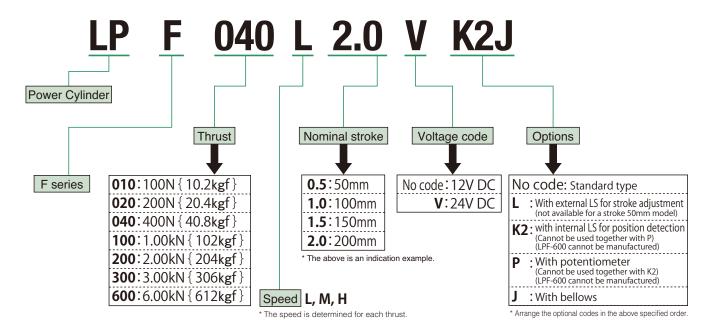
The DC power source type (12V DC, 24V DC) is standard. By using the AC adapter (sold separately), it can also be used with an AC power source. (LPF010, 020, 040 types)

Wide variety of options

Various options are available in comparison to the conventional type.

- Stroke adjustment external limit switch
- · Bellows
- · Position detection unit (internal limit switch, potentiometer)
- · Overload detection unit





Standard model list

| Model number | | Rated thrust | | Stroke | Rated speed | Power source | Rated load current | Locked rotor current | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------|--------|-------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | N | {kgf} | mm | mm/s | V | A | A |
| 0.5 | |).5 V | | | 50 | | | | |
| 1.0 | | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | 3.2 | 16.7 |
| LPF010H 1.5 | | 1.5 V | 100 | 10.2 | 150 | 54 | | (1.6) | (7.5) |
| 2.0 | 2 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | (1.0) | (7.5) |
| 3.0 | | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | | | |
| 0.5 | |).5 V | | | 50 | | | | |
| 1.0 | | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | 2.2 | 167 |
| LPF020M 1.5 | LPF020M 1 | 1.5 V | 200 | 20.4 | 150 | 24 | | 3.2 | 16.7 |
| 2.0 | 2 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | (1.6) | (7.5) |
| 3.0 | 3 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | | | |
| 0.5 | 0 |).5 V | | | 50 | | | | |
| 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | 3.7 | 16.7 |
| LPF040L 1.5 | LPF040L 1 | 1.5 V | 400 | 40.8 | 150 | 15 | | | (7.5) |
| 2.0 | 2 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | (1.8) | (7.5) |
| 3.0 | 3 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | 12 DC | | |
| 0.5 | 0 |).5 V | | | 50 | | 1200 | | |
| 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | or | 18 | 63 |
| LPF100H 1.5 | LPF100H 1 | 1.5 V | 1.00k | 0k 102 | 150 | 30 | 24 DC | (10) | (52) |
| 2.0 | 2 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | (10) | (52) |
| 3.0 | 3 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | 1 | | | |
| 0.5 | 0 |).5 V | | | 50 | | | | |
| 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | 1 | | 22 | 63 |
| LPF200M 1.5 | LPF200M 1 | 1.5 V | 2.00k | 204 | 150 | 18 | | (11) | (52) |
| 2.0 | 2 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | 1 | | | |
| 3.0 | 3 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | 1 | | | |
| 0.5 | 0 |).5 V | | | 50 | | | | |
| 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | 1 | | 22 | 62 |
| LPF300L 1.5 | LPF300L 1 | 1.5 V | 3.00k | 306 | 150 | 9 | | 22 | 63 |
| 2.0 | 2 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | 1 | | (11) | (52) |
| 3.0 | 3 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | 1 | | | |
| 1.0 | | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | | |
| 2.0 | | 2.0 V | | | 200 | 1 | | | |
| 3.0 | 3 | 3.0 V | 6 001 | 612 | 300 | 8 | | 20 | 63 (52) |
| LPF600L 4.0 | IDEANNI | 1.0 V | 6.00k | 612 | 400 | 1 ° | | (10) | |
| 5.0 | | 5.0 V | | | 500 | 1 | | , , | ` ´ |
| 6.0 | | 5.0 V | | | 600 | 1 | | | |

- Note) 1. In the case of 24V DC, V is attached at the end of the model number
 - 2. The numerical value in parentheses is an electric current value at the time of 24V DC.
 - 3. Use a power source with a sufficient capacity in consideration of the locked rotor current.

Motor specifications

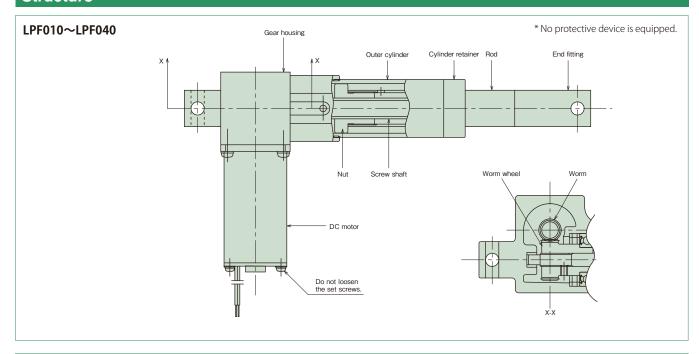
| ltem | Voltage | Output | Rated | | |
|------------|---------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Model | V | W | time | | |
| LPF010 H | 12 | | | | |
| LPF010 H V | 24 | | | | |
| LPF020 M | 12 | 29 | . 5 | | |
| LPF020 M V | 24 | 29 | minutes | | |
| LPF040 L | 12 | | | | |
| LPF040 L V | 24 | | | | |
| LPF100 H | 12 | | | | |
| LPF100 H V | 24 | | | | |
| LPF200 M | 12 | | | | |
| LPF200 M V | 24 | 160 | 5 | | |
| LPF300 L | 12 | 160 | minutes | | |
| LPF300 L V | 24 | | | | |
| LPF600 L | 12 | | | | |
| LPF600 L V | 24 | | | | |

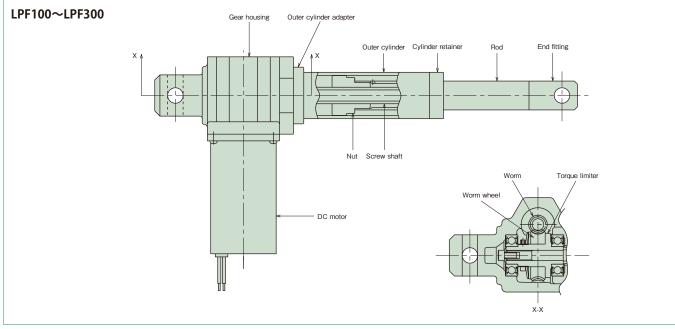
Standard use environment

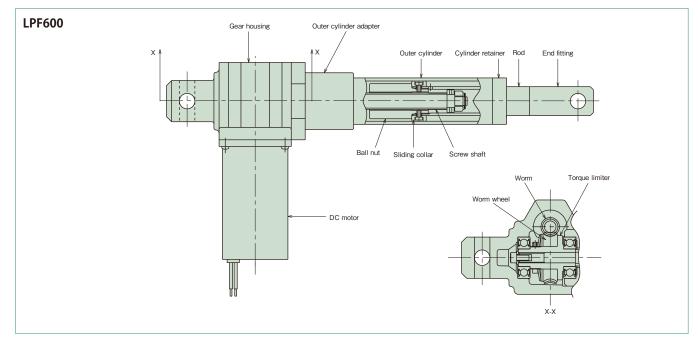
| Outdoor type | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| −5°C~40°C | | | | |
| 85% or less (no dew condensation | | | | |
| 1G or less | | | | |
| 1000m or lower above sea level | | | | |
| Normally outdoors | | | | |
| | | | | |

- If used below the freezing point, the characteristics of the cylinder (current value, speed) may change from the influence of grease.
- 2) Cylinders with bellows are recommended in an excessively dusty location.
- 3) All models are totally enclosed structures so that they can be used normally outdoors, however, when exposed to constant adverse conditions such as water, steam and snow accumulation, an appropriate cover is required. When using at 40°C or higher, always protect with a heat insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere. Otherwise it may cause an explosion and fire. In addition, avoid using in a location where vibration or shock exceeding 1G is applied.
- For use in a misty atmosphere, contact us.

Structure







Selection

Operating conditions required for selection

- 1. Used machine and application
- 2. Thrust or load N { kgf }
- 3. Stroke mm

4. Speed

- 5. Frequency of operation, number of start/min.
- 6. Power voltage, frequency

Selecting procedures

- 1. Select a suitable model number based on the thrust or load N {kgf}, stroke mm, speed mm/s.
- 2. Use the cylinder at an allowable operating frequency 2 times/min., allowable duty factor: 25%ED (5 minute basis), as for the frequency of operation.

mm/s

The Working time rate is a ratio of the operating time per 5 minutes on a 5-minute basis.

Working time rate (%ED) = $\frac{\text{Operating time of 1 cycle}}{\text{Operating time of 1 cycle + dwell time}} \times 100\%$

Duration of life as a guide

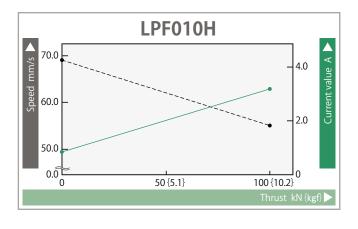
Duration of life is 15,000 reciprocations, as a guide.

* Select a power cylinder of a sufficient thrust, allowing for a safety factor so that the loads used (static and dynamic) do not exceed the rated thrust

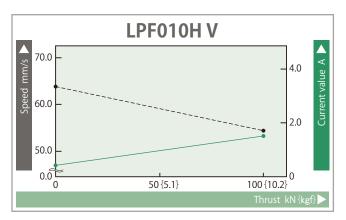
Characteristics graph

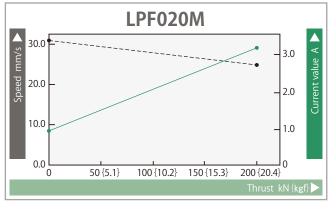
•---- Speed •--- Current

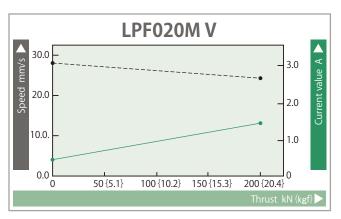
12V DC power source

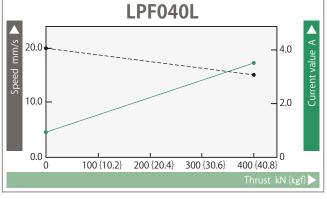


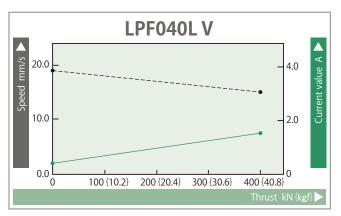
24V DC power source







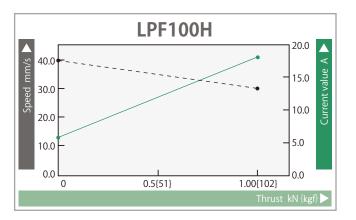




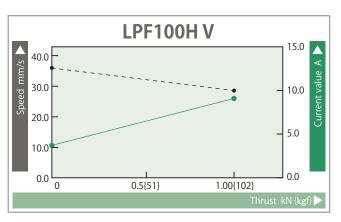
Note) The graphs show standard values (12V/24V DC power source, ambient temperature 20°C). The speed and the current value vary depending on conditions of power source and ambient temperatures, etc.

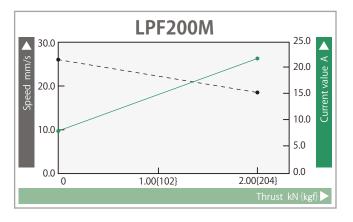
---- Speed Current

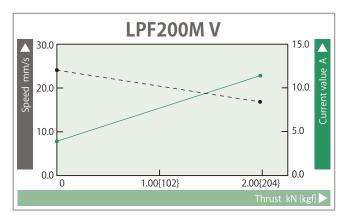
24V DC power source

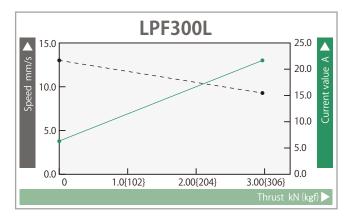


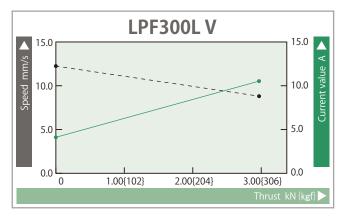
12V DC power source

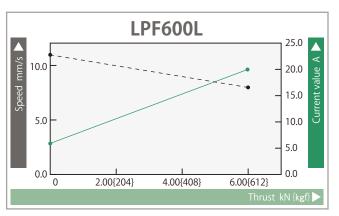


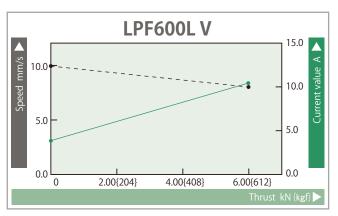








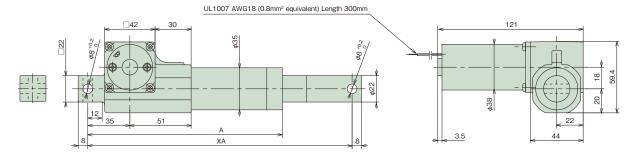




Note) The graphs show standard values (12V/24V DC power source, ambient temperature 20°C). The speed and the current value vary depending on conditions of power source and ambient temperatures, etc.

Dimensions Table

LPF010~LPF040:Basic type



| | | Data dalamas | | Caralia Rated | | Dimensions mm | | | Approximate |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------|---------------|-------|---------------|------|------|-------------|
| Model | l number | Rated thrust | | Stroke | speed | А | XA | | mass |
| | | N | {kgf} | mm | mm/s | _ ^ | MIN. | MAX. | kg |
| 0.5 | 0.5 V | | | 50 | | 162 | 220 | 270 | 1.0 |
| 1.0 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | 212 | 270 | 370 | 1.2 |
| LPF010H 1.5 | LPF010H 1.5 V | 100 | 10.2 | 150 | 54 | 262 | 320 | 470 | 1.4 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | 312 | 370 | 570 | 1.6 |
| 3.0 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | 412 | 480 | 780 | 2.0 |
| 0.5 | 0.5 V | | | 50 | | 162 | 220 | 270 | 1.0 |
| 1.0 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | 212 | 270 | 370 | 1.2 |
| LPF020M 1.5 | LPF020M 1.5 V | 200 | 20.4 | 150 | 24 | 262 | 320 | 470 | 1.4 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | 312 | 370 | 570 | 1.6 |
| 3.0 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | 412 | 480 | 780 | 2.0 |
| 0.5 | 0.5 V | | | 50 | | 162 | 220 | 270 | 1.0 |
| 1.0 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | 212 | 270 | 370 | 1.2 |
| LPF040L 1.5 | LPF040L 1.5 V | 400 | 40.8 | 150 | 15 | 262 | 320 | 470 | 1.4 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | 312 | 370 | 570 | 1.6 |
| 3.0 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | 412 | 480 | 780 | 2.0 |

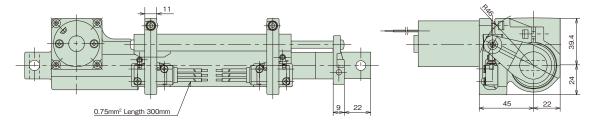
Note) V is attached at the end of the model number for 24V DC.

Options

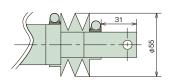
■With external limit switch for stroke adjustment

Note) No limit switch for stroke adjustment is attached to the model of 50 mm stroke.

The above-mentioned XA dimensions will not change even after attaching an external limit switch for stroke adjustment and bellows. The mechanical stroke preset value is 60mm or more. However, note that it does not include the coasting distance.



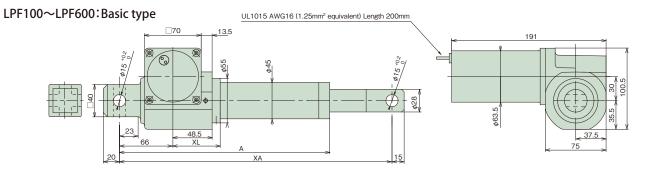
■With bellows



■LS specification (common for LPF010H – LPF600L)

| Model | D2VW-5L2A-1M equivalent OMRON | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Circuit configuration | Red Blue Black | | | | | |
| Power rating | 250V AC 4A (cos ϕ =0.7) 30V DC 4A (time constant 7ms or less) | | | | | |
| Connection | 0.75mm ² ×3C Length 300m, discrete lead wire | | | | | |

Dimensions Table



| | | Rated thrust | | Stroke | Rated | Dimensions mm | | | | Approximate |
|-------------|----------------|--------------|------------|--------|-------|---------------|-----|------|------|-------------|
| Model | number | | | Stroke | speed | XL | А | Х | A | mass |
| | | kN | {kgf} | mm | mm/s | ΛL | ^ | MIN. | MAX. | kg |
| 0.5 | 0.5 V | | | 50 | | | 210 | 275 | 325 | 5.0 |
| 1.0 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | 260 | 325 | 425 | 5.3 |
| LPF100H 1.5 | LPF100H 1.5 V | 1.00 | 102 | 150 | 30 | | 310 | 395 | 545 | 5.6 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | 360 | 445 | 645 | 5.9 |
| 3.0 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | | 460 | 545 | 845 | 6.5 |
| 0.5 | 0.5 V | | | 50 | | | 210 | 275 | 325 | 5.0 |
| 1.0 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | 260 | 325 | 425 | 5.3 |
| LPF200M 1.5 | LPF200M 1.5 V | 2.00 | 204 | 150 | 18 | 58.5 | 310 | 395 | 545 | 5.6 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | 360 | 445 | 645 | 5.9 |
| 3.0 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | | 460 | 545 | 845 | 6.5 |
| 0.5 | 0.5 V | | | 50 | | | 210 | 275 | 325 | 5.0 |
| 1.0 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | 9 | | 260 | 325 | 425 | 5.3 |
| LPF300L 1.5 | LPF300L 1.5 V | 3.00 | 306 | 150 | | | 310 | 395 | 545 | 5.6 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | 360 | 445 | 645 | 5.9 |
| 3.0 | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | | 460 | 545 | 845 | 6.5 |
| 1.0 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | 297 | 360 | 460 | 5.9 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | 397 | 480 | 680 | 6.5 |
| 3.0 | 1.DEC001 3.0 V | 6.00 | 612 | 300 | 8 | 95.5 | 497 | 580 | 880 | 7.1 |
| LPF600L 4.0 | LPF600L 4.0 V | 0.00 | 6.00 612 | 400 | 0 | 93.3 | 597 | 705 | 1105 | 7.8 |
| 5.0 | 5.0 V | | | 500 | | | 697 | 805 | 1305 | 8.4 |
| 6.0 | 6.0 V | | | 600 | | | 797 | 920 | 1520 | 9.0 |

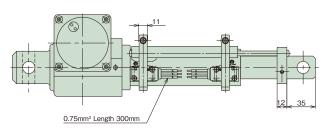
Note) V is attached at the end of the model number for 24V DC.

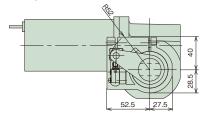
Options

■With external limit switch for stroke adjustment

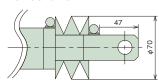
Note) No limit switch for stroke adjustment is attached to the model of 50 mm stroke.

The above-mentioned XA dimensions will not change even after attaching an external limit switch for stroke adjustment and bellows. The mechanical stroke preset value is 60mm or more. However, note that it does not include the coasting distance.



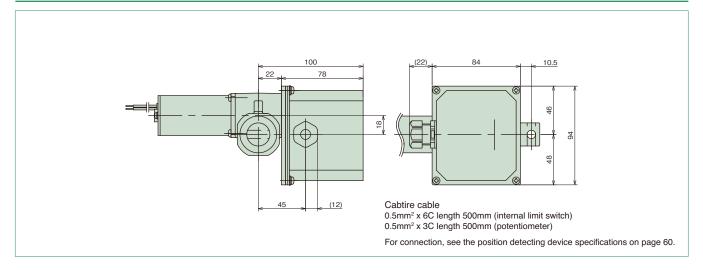


■With bellows

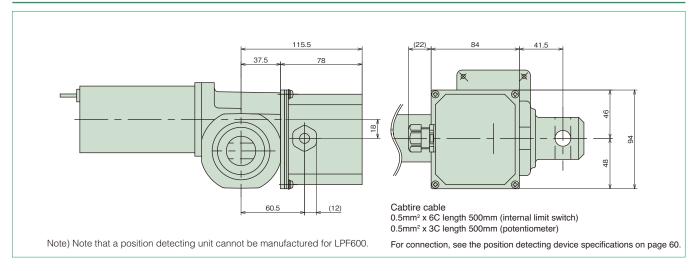


Position Detection unit

① LPF010~LPF040

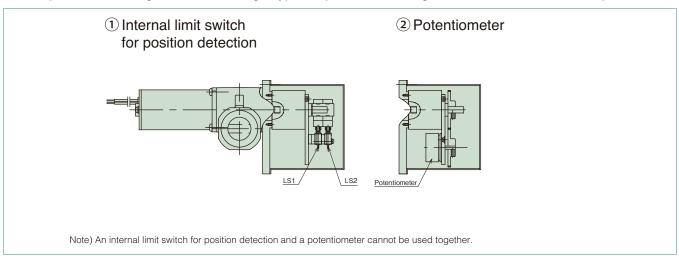


② LPF100~LPF300



Internal structure

For the position detecting unit, the following 2 types of position detecting devices can be built in as requested.



Position detecting device specifications

Internal limit switch for position detection

Use this LS when an external limit switch cannot be attached for reasons of installation space, or when the atmosphere is an adverse environment (with litter, dust, corrosion, etc.). When attaching 2

Note) Up to 2 internal limit switches can be built in. (A position detecting device with 4 internal LS cannot be manufactured)

Setting of limit switch

- 1. Operate the power cylinder individually before installing to the machine and check the rotation direction of the LS cam.
- 2. Install the power cylinder to the machine, and move the rod to a desired position to stop or to a position to detect the position.
- 3. Rotate the LS cam and tighten the hexagon socket set screw and fix it at the position where the microswitch acts. At this point, based on the previously checked rotating direction, set the LS at the front side considering the cylinder coasting amount.

Potentiometer

This is a variable resistor to output electrical signals according to the stroke amount of the cylinder. Use it together with a print board and a stroke indication meter.

The resistance value according to the model is already adjusted at the time of shipment.

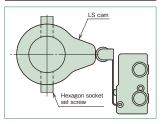
The potentiometer is set to work within the effective angle.

Note that if the rod is rotated before installation, a phase with stroke will shift.

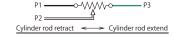
<Cautions>

- * Note that LPF600 type with a position detecting unit is not available.
- * When an internal limit switch for position detection and a potentiometer are attached, the torque limiter mechanism is removed to prevent deviation in the preset values. Do not apply any load of the rated thrust or more to the cylinder during installation and operation of the cylinder. It may cause burnout of the motor. And do not hit the cylinder on the stroke end. It may cause the rod to get caught or burnout the motor.

| Model | SS-5GL2 equivalent OMRON | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Circuit configuration | LS 1 for extend Red Black White | LS 2 for retract Green Yellow Brown | | | | | |
| Electrical rating | 250V AC 2A | $(\cos \phi = 0.4)$ | | | | | |
| Connection | 0.5mm ² ×6C Length 500 mr Cabtire cable | | | | | | |



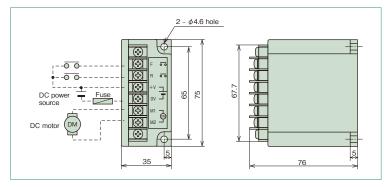
| CP-30 equivalent Sakae Tsushin Kogyo |
|---|
| 1kΩ |
| 0.75W |
| 1000V AC 1min. |
| 355° ±5° |
| 360° Endless |
| 0.5mm ² ×3C Length 500 mm Cabtire cable |
| |



Control optional

Overload detection unit Necessary for protection against instantaneous overload and for press contact stop.

Applicable for LPF010, LPF020, LPF040 * For LPF100 through 600, the overload detection unit is a special type



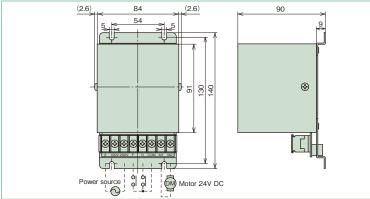
| Mod | lel number | LPF-K12 | LPF-K24 |
|------------|---|---|-------------------|
| Pov | ver source | 10 ~ 14V DC | 20 ∼ 28V DC |
| Rat | ed current | 3.7A DC | 1.8A DC |
| Overload | Load current | 7.0A DC (fixed) | 4.0A DC (fixed) |
| protection | Start time | 0.3s | (fixed) |
| function | Shock time | 0.1s (| or less (fixed) |
| | | Rod extend at ON | between F and +V |
| Operatio | n specifications | Rod retract at ON between R and +V | |
| | | Rod stops with ON both between F and +V and between R and - | |
| Ambier | it temperature | −15 ~ | ~ 40℃ |
| Ambi | ent humidity | 45 ∼ 85%RH (no d | dew condensation) |
| S | Structure Panel inside storing type Case: ABS | | ng type Case: ABS |
| | Mass | 0.2 | lkg |
| | | | |

^{*} No signal is output at time of overload

AC adapter

Applicable for LPF010, LPF020, LPF040

* AC adaptor for LPF100 to 600 is not available.
* As for LPF100 to 600, a special type with an AC motor is manufactured.



| Woder Humber | | LII | 1127 | |
|------------------|---|--|------------------------|--------------------|
| Appli | cable motor | 24V DC | 29W | |
| Power source | | Commercial power source | 100V AC 200/220V AC | 50/60Hz 50/60Hz |
| Rat | ed current | 1.8A | DC | |
| Overload | Load current | 4.0A DC | (fixed) | |
| protection | Start time | 0.3s | (fixed) | |
| function | Shock time | 0.1s or | less (fixed) | |
| | | Rod extend at ON be | tween F and C | OM |
| Operatio | n specifications | Rod retract at ON between R and COM | | |
| | | Rod stops with ON both between F a | nd COM and betwe | een R and COM |
| Ambien | it temperature | −15~ | 40°C | |
| Ambient humidity | | 45~85%RH (no dew condensation) | | n) |
| Structure | | Structure Panel inside storing type Case: SPCC | | CC |
| Mass | | 2.5k | g | |
| * The ov | The avariand protection function is built in the AC adapter | | | |

I PF - A24

Note) Check the cautions on page 62 when using an AC adapter.

The overload protection function is built in the AC adapter

Control option (for potentiometer)

Stroke indication meter



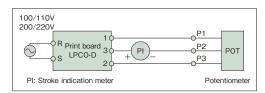
Stroke is indicated by % according to the signal from the print board.

| Model number | RM80B(100 μ ADC)equivalent | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Class | JIS C 1102 2.5 class | | |
| Appearance | Frame • Black | | |
| Scale specifications | Full stroke indicated by 100% | | |

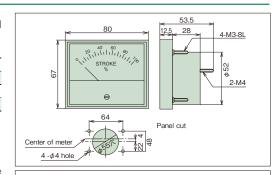


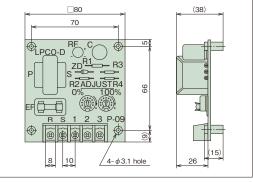
Print board Model number LPCO — D1 (Operation power: 100/110V 50/60Hz) LPCO — D2 (Operation power: 200/220V 50/60Hz)

The voltage signal from the potentiometer of the position detecting unit of the Power Cylinder F series is converted to a current value.



Adjust the meter with the adjustment dial on the print board. Do not make a mistake with the stroke indication meter (+) and (-). Replace the terminals 1 and 2 on the print board to make the indication meter 100% when the stroke is minimum.





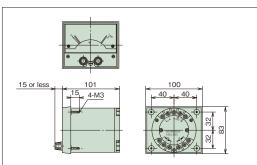
$\label{eq:Meterrelay} \textbf{Meter relay} \text{ (the print board is the same as the print board of the stroke indication meter.)}$

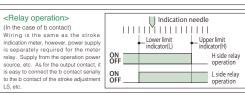


Used for simple adjustment of stroke on the operation panel.

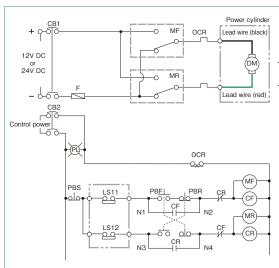
Iron panel is standard. Contact TEM when installing an aluminum panel.

| Model number | NRC-100HL (TSURUGA) equivalent |
|--------------------------|--|
| Class | JIS C 1102 2.5 class |
| Appearance | Frame: Black |
| Scale | Full stroke indicated by 100% |
| Power source | 100/100V AC, 200/220V AC 50/60Hz |
| Input | 100 μ A DC maximum |
| Output contact structure | 1C for both HIGH, LOW sides (Refer to the figure at the right) |
| Contact capacity | 250V AC 3A (cos φ=1) |





Wire connection diagram



LS11: Extend stroke adjustment external LS

LS12: Retract stroke adjustment external LS

NOTE:

- (1) This diagram shows a single-acting circuit. When using in an inching circuit, remove the wire connections between N1 and N2, N3 and N4, and short-circuit the PBS.
- (2) A _____ portion indicate a supply range of the power cylinder. Provide others than the _____ portion on your side. (Stroke adjustment external LS is our option.)
- (3) Recommended breakers for LPF100H through
 - For 12V DC: NF32-SW 30A 250V DC (Mitsubishi Electric) or equivalent For 24V DC: NF32-SW 15A 250V DC (Mitsubishi
- Electric) or equivalent
 (4) Thermal relays for LPF100H through LPF600L
- For 12V DC: TH-N20 (Mitsubishi Electric) or For 24V DC: TH-N12 (Mitsubishi Electric) or equivalent

Use drive relays (MF, MR) with the following

| Model | 12V DC Spec. | 24V DC Spec. |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| LPF010H LPF020M LPF040L | 30A or more (14V DC) | 30A or more (28V DC) |
| LPF100H LPF200M LPF300L LPF600L | 70A or more (12V DC) | 60A or more (24V DC) |

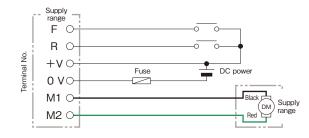
* Drive relays for LPF100H through 600L are also available from us. Contact us.

Use fuses with the following capacities as a

| Model | 12V DC Spec. | 24V DC Spec. |
|---------|--------------|--------------|
| LPF010H | | |
| LPF020M | 10A | 5A |
| LPF040L | | |
| LPF100H | | |
| LPF200M | 20A | 10A |
| LPF300L | 20A | TUA |
| LPF600L | | |

Be careful of the wire length (between motor and DC power source) and wire diameter in order to prevent voltage drop. Voltage drop may reduce the predetermined performance

Overload detection unit (used for LPF010 through LPF040)



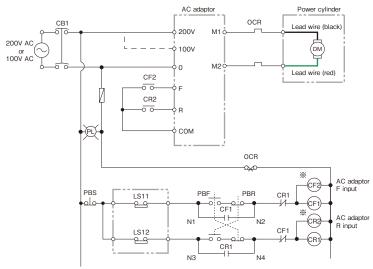
* CAUTION

* CAUTION

When the overload detection has tripped, it is necessary to turn OFF the operation signal F or R once. If it is not turned OFF (not reset), a state that voltage is not output to the motor will be held. (Common to AC adaptor)

(In the case of jogging operation, it is reset as the contact is opened when the push button is released (F or R is turned OFF).)

AC adaptor wire connection diagram (used for LPF010 through LPF040)



LS11: Extend stroke adjustment external LS

LS12: Retract stroke adjustment external LS

NOTE:

- (1) This diagram shows a single-acting circuit. When using in an inching circuit, remove wire connections between N1, N2, N3 and N4.
- (2) A ____portion indicate a supply range of the power cylinder and AC adaptor. Provide others than the ____portion on your side. (Stroke adjustment external LS is our option.)

 (3) For relays of CF1, CF2, CR1 and CR2, OMRON relay MY or
- equivalent is recommended.
 (4) If the power source is 100V AC, connect the power to the dotted line part (100V terminal).

* CAUTION

- 1. Securely separate contacts of the relays CF2, CR2 connected to the operation signals F, R on the AC adaptor from the AC circuit (200V class, 400V class) for use. If the AC circuit is built in the same relay, arc is generated between contacts due to surge, and the AC adaptor may be broken.
- 2. If a surge intrudes from the power line, connect a surge killer to the power terminal as a surge countermeasure. Surge killers which we recommend are 100V terminal - ENC221D **, 200V terminal - ENC471D **(Fuji Electric). For details on surge countermeasures, contact TEM.



Cautions for installation

- Use pins to connect the power cylinder with the equipment. Align phases of pins (clevis fitting pin and end fitting pin).
- Apply grease into the clevis fitting holes and end fitting holes, and pins before installation.
- Pay attention so as not to apply a lateral load on the power cylinder when installing.
- All models are totally enclosed structures so that they can be used normally outdoors, however, under adverse conditions exposed to constant water and steam etc., and snow accumulation, although they are an outdoors type, an appropriate cover is required. The power cylinder can generally be used in a range of -5℃ to 40℃, although it varies depending on the use conditions. When using at 40℃ or higher, always protect with a heat insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere, otherwise it may cause an explosion and fire. In addition, avoid using it in a location where vibration or shock exceeding 1G is applied.
- The main body is of outdoor specifications however, carry out proper waterproofing treatment on the motor lead wire terminal with waterproofing connectors etc.

Cautions for use

- Speed and current value change with an increase/decrease in load. For details, refer to the characteristics diagram. Linkage operation cannot be performed due to characteristics of the motor.
- When rectifying alternating current to use without using battery power, make sure to smoothen the current and provide a DC power supply with a capacity so that the voltage does not drop. It greatly affects performance of the power cylinder and the duration of the life of the brush. (As an option, an AC adaptor for an output voltage of 24V is available. This adaptor supports LPF010 to 040 only. For LPF 100 or larger, contact us separately. When using with other than commercial power supply, check that power voltage variation is within a range of ±10 % and the power supply is an alternating current power supply without strain.)
- When using an AC adaptor, use a power cylinder of 24V DC specifications.
- 12V DC specifications are within a voltage range from 10 to 14V, and 24V DC specifications are within a voltage range from 20 to 28V. Note that the speed varies if the voltage varies due to the characteristics of the DC motor.
- No overload detection mechanism is built in the LPF series. When detecting an overload, commonly use the overload detection unit as an option. For LPF010 to 040, combine with the overload detection unit to allow for press stopping. (For LPF100 to 600, an overload detection unit of special model can be manufactured, however, press stopping cannot be performed.)
 - When press stopping is performed, allow the equipment to have a sufficient strength (rated thrust x 300%) When not using the overload detection unit, never perform press stopping, and use within the stroke range otherwise the power cylinder may be damaged.
- A model of stroke 50mm cannot be equipped with a stroke adjustment external LS. The mechanical stroke adjusting range of the stroke adjustment external LS is 60mm or more. However, note that it does not include a coasting distance.
- If coasting becomes a problem, provide a dynamic brake circuit separately.
- Our overload detection unit and AC adapter are provided with a dynamic brake circuit.
- Anti-rotation is required because the rod of the power cylinder generates a rotating force with thrust. The rotating force of the rod is as follows.

| Мо | del | LPF010H | LPF020M | LPF040L | LPF100H | LPF200M | LPF300L | LPF600L |
|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Rod rotating | N∙m | 0.14 | 0.28 | 0.55 | 1.75 | 3.50 | 5.25 | 5.81 |
| force | {kgf⋅m} | 0.014 | 0.029 | 0.056 | 0.179 | 0.357 | 0.536 | 0.593 |

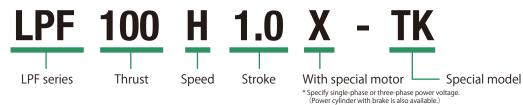
Cautions for maintenance and inspection

- The operating portion and reduction portion are filled with grease, therefore, it is not necessary for them to be greased.
- The duration of life is 15000 reciprocations as a guide.
- Structurally, repairs and parts supply are not available.
 If the above reference life is exceeded, replace the main body with a new one.

F series plus α

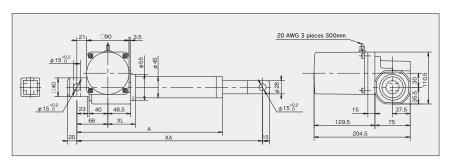
Plus a Ver.1 with AC motor





Optimum for food machines, air conditioning equipment and incineration equipment!

Operable with commercial power (single-phase, three-phase)



■Dimensions Table

| | a | Dimensions mm | | | |
|---------|--------|-----------------|-----|------|------|
| Model | Stroke | XL | Α | Х | Α |
| | | , AL | _ ^ | MIN | MAX |
| | 50 | | 210 | 275 | 325 |
| LPF100H | 100 | | 260 | 325 | 425 |
| LPF200M | 150 | 58.5 | 310 | 395 | 545 |
| LPF300L | 200 | 7 | 360 | 445 | 645 |
| | 300 | | 460 | 545 | 845 |
| | 100 | | 297 | 360 | 460 |
| | 200 | Г | 397 | 480 | 680 |
| LPF600L | 300 | 95.5 | 497 | 580 | 880 |
| LFFOUUL | 400 | ^{93.3} | 597 | 705 | 1105 |
| | 500 | 697 | 805 | 1305 | |
| | 600 | | 797 | 920 | 1520 |

■Motor specification

| | | Single | Three-phase | |
|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| M | odel | Capacitor run | Capacitor run | Induction motor |
| Ou | tput | 90W | 90W | 90W |
| Numbe | r of poles | Four-pole | Four-pole | Four-pole |
| Power | Voltage | 100/100V | 200/200V | 200/200/220V |
| Frequency | | 50/60Hz | 50/60Hz | 50/60/60Hz |
| Heat resistance class | | E | E | E |
| Capacitor capacity | | 30 μ F (Attached) | 7.5 µ F (Attached) | |
| Time rating | | S2 15min | S2 15min | S2 15min |
| Protection class | | (Indoor type) IP42 | (Indoor type) IP42 | (Indoor type) IP42 |

■Nominal speed list

| = Itolillia | mm/s | | |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| | Single | -phase | Three-phase |
| Туре | 100/100v 50/60Hz | 200/200v 50/60Hz | 200/200/220v 50/60/60Hz |
| LPF100H | 9.0 | /11 | 9.0 / 11 / 11 |
| LPF200M | 6.0 | 7.0 | 6.0 / 7.0/ 8.0 |
| LPF300L | 3.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 / 4.0 / 4.0 |
| LPF600L | 2.5 | / 3.0 | 2.5 / 3.0 / 3.0 |

■Standard use environment

| Mo | del | Indoor type |
|-------------|-------------------------|--|
| | Ambient temperature | 5 ~ 40°C |
| | Relative humidity | 85% or less |
| | Impact resistance value | 1G or less |
| | Installation altitude | 1000m or lower above sea leve |
| Environment | Atmosphere | Indoor location which is not directly exposed to rain, wind, lightning or sunlight. Extent of sand and dust which exist in general factory (5mg/m² or less) |

- Characteristic current value and speed of the cylinder may change due to influence of grease when it is used at low temperatures.
- 2) Cylinders with bellows are recommended in an excessively dusty

Plus α Ver.2 with ball clutch type overload protection device





LPF series

Thrust

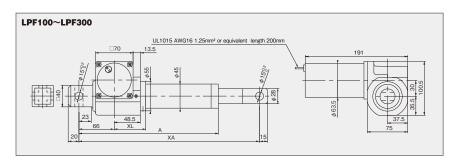
Speed Stroke

Special model

* Designate as "with ball clutch type overload protection device."

Optimum for agricultural machines!





■Dimensions Table

| | | | | | ted | Charles | Rated | | Dimensio | ns (mm) | | Approx. |
|---------|---------------------------|---------|-------|-----------|--------------|---------|-------|------|----------|---------|-----|---------|
| | Mo | del | | | ust | Stroke | speed | XL | Α | X. | | Mass |
| | | kN | {kgf} | mm | mm/s | AL. | | MIN | MAX | kg | | |
| | 0.5 | | 0.5 V | | | 50 | | | 210 | 275 | 325 | 5.0 |
| | 1.0 | | 1.0 V | | 100 | | | 260 | 325 | 425 | 5.3 | |
| LPF100H | PF100H 1.5 LPF100H 2.0 | 1.5 V | 1.00 | 102 | 150 | 30 | | 310 | 395 | 545 | 5.6 | |
| | | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | 360 | 445 | 645 | 5.9 | |
| | 3.0 | | 3.0 V | 3.0 V 300 | 460 | 545 | 845 | 6.5 | | | | |
| | 0.5 | 0.5 V | | 50 | | | 210 | 275 | 325 | 5.0 | | |
| | 1.0 | | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | 260 | 325 | 425 | 5.3 |
| LPF200M | 1.5 | LPF200M | 1.5 V | 2.00 | 2.00 204 150 | 150 | 18 | 58.5 | 310 | 395 | 545 | 5.6 |
| | 2.0 | | 2.0 V | | | 200 | | | 360 | 445 | 645 | 5.9 |
| | 3.0 | | 3.0 V | | | 300 | | | 460 | 545 | 845 | 6.5 |
| | 0.5 | | 0.5 V | | | 50 | | | 210 | 275 | 325 | 5.0 |
| | 1.0 | 1.0 V | | | 100 | | | 260 | 325 | 425 | 5.3 | |
| LPF300L | | 1.5 V | 3.00 | 306 | 150 | 9 | | 310 | 395 | 545 | 5.6 | |
| 2.0 | | 2.0 V | 3.00 | 200 | | | 360 | 445 | 645 | 5.9 | | |
| | 3.0 V | | l | 300 | | | 460 | 545 | 845 | 6.5 | | |

■Motor specifications

| Item | Voltage | Output | Rated |
|-----------|---------|--------|---------|
| Model | V | W | time |
| LPF100H | 12 | | |
| LPF100H V | 24 | | |
| LPF200M | 12 | 160 | 5 |
| LPF200M V | 24 | 100 | minutes |
| LPF300L | 12 | | |
| LPF300L V | 24 | | |

Standard use environment

| ■ Stanuaru | use enviro | mmem |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Mo | del | Outdoor type |
| | Ambient temperature | -5 ~ 40°C |
| | Relative humidity | 85% or less |
| | Impact resistance value | 1G or less |
| Environment | Installation altitude | 1000m or lower above sea level |
| | Atmosphere | Normal outdoors |

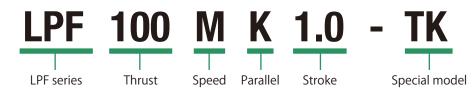
- I) If used below the freezing point, the characteristics of the cylinder (current value, speed) may change from the influence of grease.

 2) Cylinders with bellows are recommended in an excessively dusty location.

 3) All models are totally enclosed structures so that they can be used normally outdoors, however, when exposed to constant adverse conditions such as water, steam and snow accumulation, an conditions such as water, steam and snow accumulation, an appropriate cover is required. When using at 40°C or higher, always protect with a heat insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere, otherwise it may cause an explosion and fire. In addition, avoid using it in a location where vibration or shock exceeding 1G is applied.

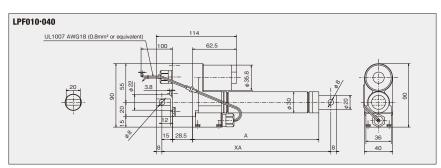
Plus α Ver.3A Parallel (folded type)

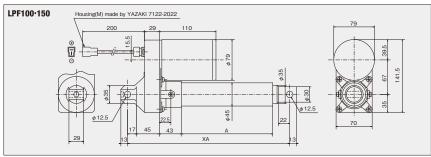




Optimum for outdoor use such as agricultural machines!







Provide a YAZAKI housing (F) 7123-2024 (1 piece), terminal (F) 7116-2090 (2 pieces) for counterpart of the connector. Waterproof connectors are also available

■Dimensions Table LPF010・040

| | Stroke | Din | Approx. | | |
|-----------------|--------|-------|---------|------|-----|
| Model | Stroke | Α | Х | mass | |
| | mm | ^ | MIN | MAX | kg |
| LPF010MK 0.5(V) | 50 | 129.5 | 190 | 240 | 0.8 |
| LPF040LK 0.5(V) | 30 | 129.3 | 190 | 240 | 0.0 |
| LPF010MK 1.0(V) | 100 | 179.5 | 240 | 340 | 0.9 |
| LPF040LK 1.0(V) | 100 | 1/9.5 | 240 | 340 | 0.9 |
| LPF010MK 1.5(V) | 150 | 229.5 | 290 | 440 | 1.0 |
| LPF040LK 1.5(V) | 130 | 229.3 | 290 | 440 | 1.0 |
| LPF010MK 2.0(V) | 200 | 279.5 | 340 | 540 | 1.1 |
| LPF040LK 2.0(V) | 200 | 2/9.5 | 340 | 340 | 1.1 |

| LPF100·150 | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|-----|-----|---------|------|
| | Stroke | Din | mm | Approx. | |
| Model | Stroke | Α | Х | Α | mass |
| | mm | А | MIN | MAX | kg |
| LPF100MK 0.5(V) | 50 | 77 | 205 | 255 | 3.6 |
| LPF150LK 0.5(V) | 30 | // | 203 | 233 | 3.0 |
| LPF100MK 1.0(V) | 100 | 127 | 255 | 355 | 3.9 |
| LPF150LK 1.0(V) | 100 | 127 | 255 | 333 | 3.9 |
| LPF100MK 1.5(V) | 150 | 177 | 305 | 455 | 4.2 |
| LPF150LK 1.5(V) | 130 | 1// | 303 | 433 | 4.2 |
| LPF100MK 2.0(V) | 200 | 227 | 355 | 555 | 4.5 |
| LPF150LK 2.0(V) | 200 | 227 | 333 | 222 | 4.5 |

■Standard model

| Model | Rated | thrust | Thrust det | ecting load | Stroke | Rated | Power | Rated load | Locked rotor |
|--------------|-------|--------|--------------------------------|---------------|--------|-------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| model | N | {kgf} | N | {kgf} | mm | mm/s | V | current A | current A |
| | | | | | 50 | | | | |
| LPF010MK | 100 | 10.2 | 157 | 16 | 100 | 50 | 12V DC | 3.4 | 9.0 |
| Litotomik | 100 | 10.2 | 157 | 10 | 150 | 30 | (24V DC) | (1.7) | (4.2) |
| | | | | | 200 | | | | |
| | | | | | 50 | | | | |
| LPF040LK | 400 | 40.8 | 490 | 50 | 100 | 15 | 12V DC | 3.0 | 9.0 |
| LI I O TOLIK | 400 | 10.0 | 450 | " | 150 | '3 | (24V DC) | (1.5) | (4.2) |
| | | | | | 200 | | | | |
| | | | Without | thrust | 50 | | | | |
| LPF100MK | 1.00k | 102 | detectin | g | 100 | 27 | 12V DC | 13 | 58 |
| Li i i oomik | 1.00K | 102 | mechani | sm | 150 | 21 | (24V DC) | (6.5) | (34) |
| | | | | tch is built | 200 | | | | |
| | | | protectio | overload n | 50 | | | | |
| LPF150LK | 1.50k | 153 | However | , it cannot | 100 | 17 | 12V DC | 13 | 58 |
| LPF150LK | 1.50K | 153 | be used for press stopping. | | 150 | 17 | (24V DC) | (6.5) | (34) |
| | | | stopping | | 200 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

■Standard use environment

| Мо | del | Outdoor type |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Ambient temperature | -5 ~ 40℃ |
| | Relative humidity | 85% or less |
| Environment | Impact resistance value | 1G or less |
| | Installation altitude | 1000m or lower above sea level |
| | Atmosphere | Normal outdoors |

Precautions for use

1. About voltage

The voltage shall be 12V DC $\pm 10\%$ or 24V DC $\pm 10\%$. If the voltage is low, the cylinder will slow down, due to which the overload detection LS may not operate.

Be aware that if the voltage is high, it may be caught at the stroke end.

(LPF100 and LPF150 should also be used within the above voltage range).

2. Pressing force

In the case of press contact stopping, maximum pressing forces of 245N {25kgf} and 784N {80kgf} are exerted on LPF010MK and LPF040LK, respectively. Be aware that LPF100 and LPF150 cannot be used for press contact stopping.

3. Outdoor use

All models have a totally enclosed structure so that they can be used normally outdoors. Even so, however, an appropriate cover is required in a severe environment that is splashed with water or vapor or in such a location where snow accumulates. For lead wire connection, use a waterproof connector.

4. Other

With use below freezing, the characteristics (current value and speed) of the cylinder may vary according to the effect of grease. For use at 40° C or higher, always protect with a heat-insulating cover, etc.

Never use in a flammable atmosphere. Doing so may cause an explosion or fire.

In addition, avoid using in a location subjected to vibration or impact exceeding 1G.

Power Cylinder

G series

Thrust: 700N to 3.00kN {71.4kgf to 306kgf}

Power cylinder in intermediate thrust zone which can be used with AC power supply.

This can be used across a wide range of applications such as steel, food and multistory car parking for general industry.

Wide variation

Basic 630 models and approximately 9000 models including option are standardized.

LPGA: Simple and basic economical type

LPGB: Built-in slip overload protection mechanism type LPGC: Built-in thrust detection, press stop mechanism type

Screw type selectable according to use

Trapezoidal screw excellent in cost performance Best-suited for low-speed, low-frequency use High-efficiency, long-life ball screw Best-suited for high-speed, high-frequency use

Quick delivery of special motor (For details, refer to page 120.)

Heat resistance class F and class H are supported.

Different voltage specifications (Overseas voltages are supported.)

Inverter specifications

Global specifications (CE-compliant, UL-compliant and CCC-compliant)

Explosion-proof specifications

Quiet operation

Noise at the start and stop has been greatly reduced by drive of the motor with a quiet DC brake.

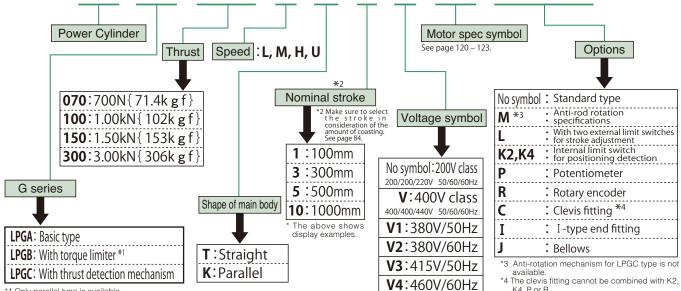
Excellent speed stability

This power cylinder is basically structured so that the screw shaft is rotated by the induction motor and the nut (rod) is extend and retract, allowing for a stable speed run which is hardly affected by load variation.



1 Only parallel type is available.

LP GC 300 L T 5 V T1 K2PIJ



Trapezoidal screw type standard model list

| | | | | | | Rod rota | ting force | | Main sha | body ape | | Туре | | | | Opt | ion | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------|------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Model | Speed symbol | Rated thrust N { kgf } | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor capacity kW | Rod movement per turn of manual shaft mm | N∙m | {kgf•m} | Nominal stroke mm | Straight | Parallel | Basic | With torque limiter | With thrust detection mechanism | Bellows | External LS | Position detection unit | I-type end fitting | Clevis fitting | Anti-rotation mechanism |
| LPGA070 | L | 700 | 25/30 | 0.1 | 1 | 1.54 | 0.16 | | | | | *1 | | | | *1 | | *1 | *2 |
| LPGB070 | M | { 71.4 } | 75/90 | 0.2 | 3 | 2.31 | 0.24 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| LPGC070 | Н | \ / 1.4 } | 100/120 | 0.4 | 4 | 1.54 | 0.16 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LPGA100 | L | 1.00k | 25/30 | 0.1 | 1 | 2.20 | 0.22 | 300 | | | | *1 | | | | *1 | | *1 | *2 |
| LPGB100 | M | { 102 } | 75/90 | 0.2 | 3 | 3.29 | 0.34 | 400 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| LPGC100 | Н | 1025 | 100/120 | 0.4 | 4 | 2.20 | 0.22 | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LPGA150 | L | 1.50k | 25/30 | 0.2 | 1 | 3.29 | 0.34 | | | | | *1 | | | | *1 | | *1 | *2 |
| LPGB150 | M | { 1.50k | 75/90 | 0.4 | 3 | 4.94 | 0.50 | 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| LPGC150 | Н | (133) | 100/120 | 0.4 | 4 | 4.94 | 0.50 | 800 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LPGA300 LPGB300 LPGC300 | L | 3.00k { 306 } | 25/30 | 0.4 | 1 | 6.59 | 0.67 | 1000 1200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | *1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | *1 | 0 | *1 | *2 |

Note) 1. For LPGC070H and LPGC100H in the above table, the motor capacity is 0.2kW.

Ball screw type standard model list

| | | | | | | Rod rota | ting force | | Main sha | body ape | | Туре | | | | | tion | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------|------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Model | Speed symbol | Rated thrust N { kgf } | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor capacity kW | Rod movement per turn of manual shaft mm | N∙m | {kgf•m} | Nominal stroke mm | Straight | Parallel | Basic | With torque limiter | With thrust detection mechanism | Bellows | External LS | Position detection unit | I-type end fitting | Clevis fitting | Anti-rotation mechanism |
| LPGA070 LPGB070 LPGC070 | U | 700 { 71.4 } | 200/240 | 0.4 | 8 | 0.99 | 0.10 | 100 200 300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | *1 | *3 | 0 | 0 | *1 | 0 | *1 | *2 |
| LPGA100 LPGB100 LPGC100 | U | 1.00k { 102 } | 200/240 | 0.4 | 8 | 1.41 | 0.14 | 400 500 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | *1 | *3 | 0 | 0 | *1 | 0 | *1 | *2 |
| LPGA300 | М | 3.00k | 50/60 | 0.2 | 2 | 4.24 | 0.43 | 800 | | | | *1 | | | | *1 | | *1 | *2 |
| LPGB300 LPGC300 | Н | { 306 } | 67/80 | 0.4 | 2.67 | 4.24 | 0.43 | 1000 1200 | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | |

^{*1} Only parallel type is available. *2 LPGC type is not available.

^{2.} The rod rotating force of LPGC070H in the above table is 2.31N·m (0.24{kgf·m}), and the rod rotating force of LPGC100H is 3.29N·m (0.34{kgf·m}).

^{1.} Only parallel type is available

^{*2.} LPGC type is not available.

^{*3.} Cannot be used for press contact stopping at the U speed.

Motor specifications

| Type | | Totally enclosed self cooling type with brake | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Output | | Standard model list | | | | | |
| Number o | f poles | 4 poles | | | | | |
| Power | Voltage | 3φ 200V/200V/220V | | | | | |
| supply | Frequency | 50Hz/60Hz/60Hz | | | | | |
| Heat resist | tance class | В | | | | | |
| Time ratin | g | S2 30min. | | | | | |
| Protection | class | Totally enclosed outdoor type (IP55) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

1) Different voltage specifications other than the above, 400/440V are also available.

2) For motor current value and brake current value, refer to page 79.

Painting color

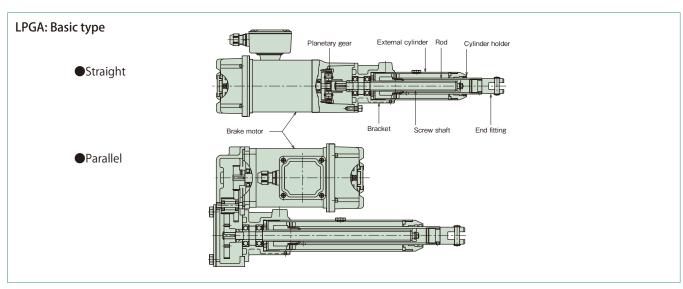
TSUBAKI olive gray (Munsell 5GY6/0.5 or approximate color)

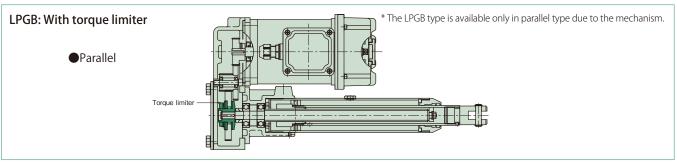
Standards use environment

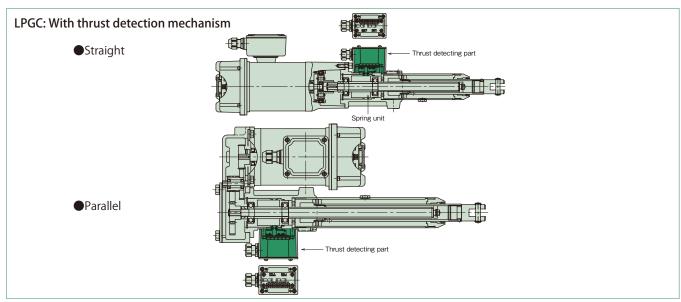
| Model Environment | Ambient temperature | Relative humidity (non-condensing) | Impact resistance value | Installation altitude | Atmosphere |
|----------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Outdoor type | −15°C to 40°C | 85% or less | 1G or less | 1000m or lower above sea level | Normal outdoors |

- 1) With use below freezing, the characteristics (current value and speed) of the cylinder may vary according to the effect of grease.
- 2) Cylinders with bellows are recommended in an excessively dusty location.
- 3) All models have a totally enclosed structure so that they can be used normally outdoors. Even so, however, an appropriate cover is required in such a hostile environment that is splashed with water or vapor or in such a location where snow accumulates. For use at 40°C or higher, always protect with a heat-insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere. Doing so may cause an explosion or fire. In addition, avoid using in a location subjected to vibration or impact exceeding 1G.
- 4) For use in a misty atmosphere, contact us.

Structure







Classification of usage according to type (protection device)

The power cylinder G series includes the following three types. Each of these can be selected so that optimum functions can be fully exerted depending on application. The three types of power cylinders have the same performances (thrust, speed, stroke).

LPGA (basic model)

This type has a stop function with a brake only. Note that use exceeding the nominal stroke may result in breakage. When using this type, sensor for stroke regulation must be installed or optional external limit switch for stroke adjustment must be used. (The other two types similarly require a sensor for stroke adjustment.)

When detecting abnormalities, combination with an electric protection device is recommended. A shock relay and shock monitor are available as electric protection devices.

LPGB (with torque limiter)

* Only parallel type is available.

When any overload phenomena occurs and the set thrust is exceeded, the built-in torque limiter slips to exert the protecting function. However, long time slip generates heat on the motor, resulting in burnout, or reduces the transmissible torque, resulting in malfunction of the cylinder. Therefore, usage in combination with our shock relay is recommended.

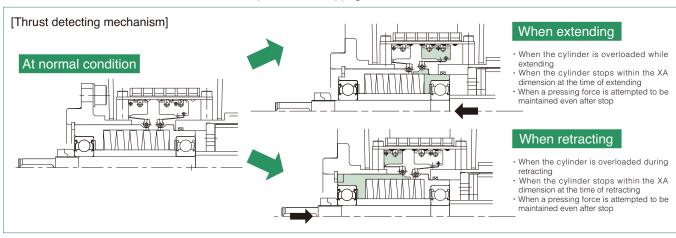
LPGC

(with thrust detecting mechanism)

- A type with a thrust detecting mechanism in combination with a pre-loaded spring and a limit switch.

This mechanism exerts an effect in the following cases.

- ① When press (pull) and stop are performed.
- 2 When an electric signal is required at overload.
- ③ When an overload is possibly applied from the load side during stoppage.
 The built-in spring absorbs deflection impact load for impact within the rating.
- * Cannot be used for press contact stopping at the mechanical stroke end.



Preset load for protection device

Preset loads for protection devices of the GB type and GC type are as follows.

The protection device does not work at the start for opening/closing of the damper or the hopper gate, normal reverse, inclination and elevation, however, when load inertia is large due to horizontal movement of the carriage, the protection device works to impair smooth operation at the start. When load inertia exceeds values shown in the table below, take countermeasures such as slow start operation by the inverter, etc.

<Operation preset load for protection device>

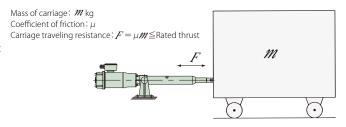
GB (with a torque limiter): 150% to 200% of rated thrust

GC (with a thrust detecting mechanism): 140% to 200% of rated thrust

* Use the above values as a guide.

< Allowable mass in consideration of inertia at the time of horizontal drive > Unit: kg

| Model | LPGA070 | LPGA100 | LPGA150 | LPGA300 |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | LPGB070 | LPGB100 | LPGB150 | LPGB300 |
| Speed | LPGC070 | LPGC100 | LPGC150 | LPGC300 |
| L | 1150 | 2085 | 1220 | 2060 |
| M | 170 | 280 | 310 | 1560 |
| Н | 130 | 240 | 270 | 790 |
| U | 71 | 102 | _ | _ |



Cautions for use

① When installing rotary encoder or potentiometer

For the LPGC type, a spring mechanism is built in the operating part. The spring slightly deflects at press (pull) and stop, or when an overload occurs, the signal amount deviates by the deflection. For LPGB type, even if the safety device is tripped, the signal amount does not deviate. However, the LPGC type can be used at normal stroke operation.

When there is a problem with movement of the rod even if overload is applied from the load side during stop

For the LPGC type, a spring mechanism is built in the operating part, therefore, when a large load is applied, the spring deflects and the rod moves by the deflection.

When the load is eliminated, the rod returns to the original position.

- ③ When using with press (pull) and stop, strength of the mating device shall be 250% of the rated thrust or more.
- 4 When the LPGC type is used, the time lag should be 0.03s or less.

Selection 1

Conditions of use required for selection

- 1. Machine to be used and application
- 2. Thrust or load N { kgf }
- 3. Stroke mm

- 4. Speed mm/s
- Frequency of operation. number of starts/min.
- 6. Power source voltage, frequency
- 7. Type of load of machine used
- 8. Environment of use
- 9. Hours of operation a day and annual operating days

Selection procedures

- 1. Select the suitable model number from the standard model list (page 67) based on thrust, load N{ kgf}, speed (mm/s), and stroke (mm).
- 2. Determine the shape (straight or parallel) of the main body suitable for the installing condition, necessity of protection device and option from the machine used and use conditions.
- 3. Check that the frequency of operation and the working time rate are within the allowable values of the cylinder.

Frequency of operation and the working time rate

| Allowable start cycle | 10 cycles/min. or less | \A/l- |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Allowable duty factor (%ED) | 25 | Work |

operating time of 1 cycle (ing time rate (%ED)=

×100% Operating time of 1 cycle + dwell time

The working time rate is a ratio of the operating time per 10 minutes on a 10-minute basis.

Guide for life

<Expected traveling distance of trapezoidal screw type>

25km in cylinder (nut) traveling distance

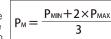
<Expected traveling distance of ball screw type>

The life of a ball screw is determined by flaking of the rolling surface caused by its fatigue. Check the rough life with this chart of expected traveling distance. However, in the case of great impact or in the case where lubrication or maintenance is not performed properly, the expected traveling distance becomes substantially short.

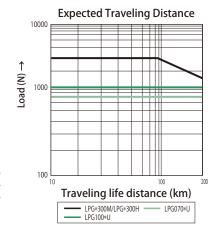
Expected traveling distance (km) = actual load stroke (m) \times frequency of use (times/day) \times number of operating days \times 10⁻³ \times expected number of years

The chart on the right-hand side is based on L10 life. L10 life expresses in traveling distance a life that can be reached by 90% or more of all ball screws. If you select a power cylinder based on the life, select

model No. from this chart.
If the load greatly fluctuates in the middle of stroke, calculate the equivalent load (PM) by the equation on the right-hand side.



Pm : Equivalent load N { kgf } PMIN: Minimum load N { kgf} PMAX: Maximum load N { kgf }



Brake holding force

A load holding force while the power cylinder stops is exerted more than the rated thrust, therefore, it can be used for holding a load of the rated thrust. This holding force is generated by braking operation of the brake motor. The brake is of a spring braking type that always performs braking operation by a spring force during stop, and the brake torque has a holding force of 150% or more of the motor rated torque. The expected life of the brake is 2,000,000 times. However, gap adjustment is required.

- * When selecting the H, U speed, refer to the cautions for selecting on page 84.

 * Select a power cylinder of a sufficient thrust, allowing for a safety rate so that the loads used (static and dynamic) do not exceed the rated thrust.

Selection 2

Refer to the following cylinder characteristics data to check that the cylinder is suitable for the application.

<Coasting distance and stop accuracy>

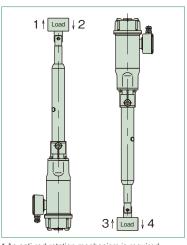
Coasting amount and stop accuracy vary depending on the operation speed and load. When you attempt to correctly position, cylinders with low operation speed are recommended. Set the limit switch in consideration of the coasting distance. Refer to the cautions for selecting on page 84.

Reference values of the coasting distance and stop accuracy are shown in the following table.

■ Coasting distance and stop accuracy (Reference values) (When relay time lag is assumed to be 0.03 seconds)

| | Usage | Lifting load (In the case of 1 or 3) | | | | Suspended load (In the case of 2 or 4) | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| | _ | 50Hz | | 60 | Hz | 50 | Hz | 60Hz | | |
| Model | | Coasting distance | Stop accuracy | Coasting distance | Stop accuracy | Coasting distance | Stop accuracy | Coasting distance | Stop accuracy | |
| LPGA070 LPGB070 LPGC070 | L | 6.9 | ±0.4 | 10.0 | ±0.5 | 10.6 | ±0.4 | 14.9 | ±0.5 | |
| | M | 15.0 | ±1.1 | 21.5 | ±1.3 | 21.8 | ±1.2 | 30.1 | ±1.4 | |
| | Н | 15.4 | ±1.4 | 21.7 | ±1.7 | 23.7 | ±1.5 | 32.7 | ±1.8 | |
| | U | 34.2 | ±2.8 | 47.9 | ±3.4 | 60.6 | ±3.1 | 81.2 | ±3.8 | |
| LPGA100 LPGB100 LPGC100 | L | 6.1 | ±0.4 | 9.0 | ±0.5 | 10.6 | ±0.4 | 14.9 | ±0.5 | |
| | M | 13.8 | ±1.1 | 19.8 | ±1.3 | 22.1 | ±1.2 | 30.5 | ±1.4 | |
| | Н | 14.1 | ±1.4 | 19.8 | ± 1.7 | 23.8 | ±1.5 | 32.7 | ± 1.8 | |
| | U | 32.0 | ±2.8 | 45.0 | ±3.4 | 66.9 | ±3.1 | 88.2 | ±3.8 | |
| LPGA150 | L | 4.6 | ±0.4 | 6.6 | ±0.5 | 7.1 | ±0.4 | 9.8 | ±0.5 | |
| LPGB150 | M | 10.6 | ±1.1 | 14.7 | ±1.3 | 15.6 | ±1.2 | 21.3 | ±1.4 | |
| LPGC150 | Н | 13.7 | ±1.4 | 19.0 | ±1.7 | 21.8 | ±1.6 | 30.0 | ±1.9 | |
| LPGA300 | L | 3.3 | ±0.4 | 4.6 | ±0.5 | 5.1 | ±0.4 | 6.9 | ±0.5 | |
| LPGB300 | M | 8.6 | ±0.8 | 12.4 | ±0.9 | 23.2 | ±0.8 | 29.4 | ± 1.0 | |
| LPGC300 | Н | 9.4 | ±1.0 | 13.1 | ±1.2 | 19.0 | ±1.1 | 25.0 | ±1.3 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

The above table takes ±25% of time lag of the relay and the brake into consideration.



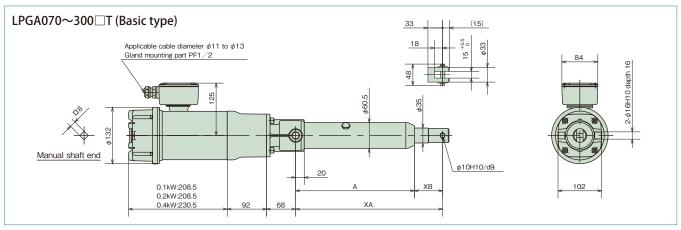
An anti-rod rotation mechanism is required.

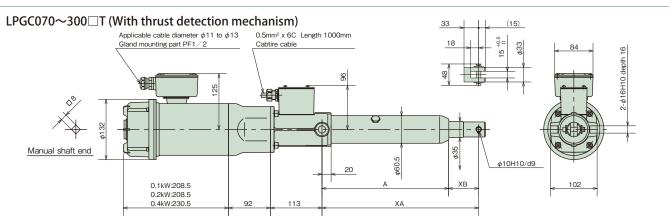
^{*} The values in the above table slightly vary depending on the models.

* Coasting distance: This indicates a distance from a time when the limit switch or the stop button is operated until the cylinder stops.

This coasting distance varies depending on how a load is applied and the operation circuit.
Stop accuracy: This indicates a variation in the stop position when stop is repeated.

Dimensions Table Straight type



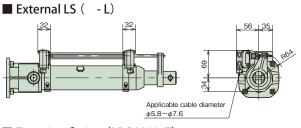


Unit: mm

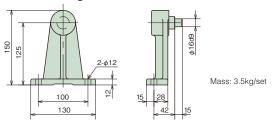
| Model | | Speed | Shape of | Nominal | l A | XA | | XB | | Approx. mass (kg) | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|--------|-----------|---------|------|------|------|-----|------|-------------------|------|----|
| | | symbol | main body | stroke | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | LPGA | LPGC | |
| LPGA 100 LPGC 150 300 | | L M | | 100 | 178 | 243 | 343 | 65 | 165 | 14 | 18 | |
| | | | | 200 | 278 | 343 | 543 | 65 | 265 | 15 | 19 | |
| | | | | | 300 | 378 | 443 | 743 | 65 | 365 | 16 | 21 |
| | | | | 400 | 478 | 543 | 943 | 65 | 465 | 18 | 22 | |
| | | | | | | 500 | 578 | 643 | 1143 | 65 | 565 | 19 |
| | | 1 | H U | 600 | 678 | 743 | 1343 | 65 | 665 | 20 | 24 | |
| | 300 | U | | 800 | 878 | 963 | 1763 | 85 | 885 | 22 | 26 | |
| | | | | 1000 | 1078 | 1183 | 2183 | 105 | 1105 | 24 | 28 | |
| | | | | 1200 | 1278 | 1403 | 2603 | 125 | 1325 | 27 | 31 | |

Note) 1. The mechanical stroke includes a margin of 3 to 8 mm of the nominal stroke on both sides. 2. For U speed, only 070 and 100 are applied.

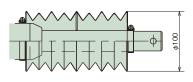
Options



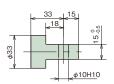
■ Trunnion fitting (LPGA300-T)



■ Bellows (- J)



■ I-type end fitting (- I)



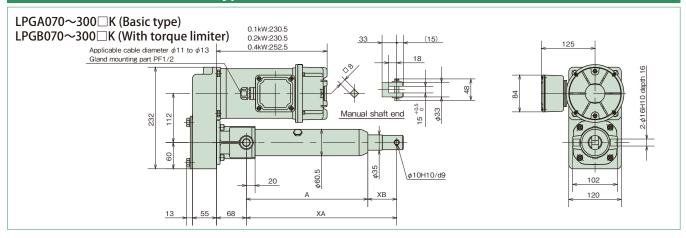
Note) Shipped as attached to the main body. The XA dimensions are the same as the standard U-type end fitting.

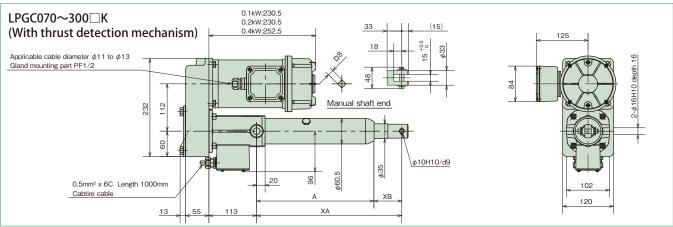
Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and into the trunnion hole for installation.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take margins into consideration.

| MEMO |
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Dimensions Table Parallel type



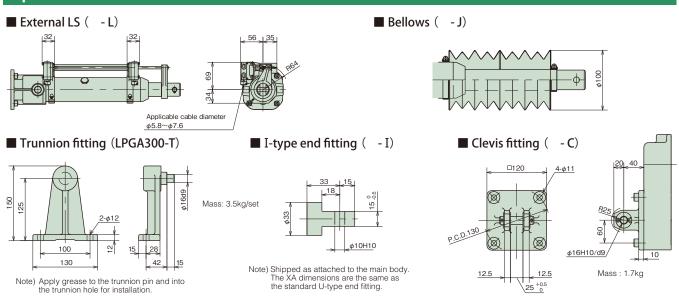


Unit: mm

| Mada | Model | | Shape of | Nominal | ۸ | Х | A | Х | В | Аррі | rox. mas | s (kg) | | | |
|-------|-------|--------|-----------|---------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|----------|--------|----|----|----|
| Model | | symbol | main body | stroke | А | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | LPGA | LPGB | LPGC | | | |
| | | | | 100 | 178 | 243 | 343 | 65 | 165 | 18 | 18 | 23 | | | |
| | | | | 200 | 278 | 343 | 543 | 65 | 265 | 19 | 19 | 24 | | | |
| | | | | 300 | 378 | 443 | 743 | 65 | 365 | 21 | 21 | 25 | | | |
| LPGA | 070 | L | | 400 | 478 | 543 | 943 | 65 | 465 | 22 | 22 | 26 | | | |
| LPGB | 100 | M | K | 500 | 578 | 643 | 1143 | 65 | 565 | 23 | 23 | 27 | | | |
| LPGC | 150 | Н | | | | | 600 | 678 | 743 | 1343 | 65 | 665 | 24 | 24 | 28 |
| | 300 | U | | 800 | 878 | 963 | 1763 | 85 | 885 | 26 | 26 | 31 | | | |
| | | | | 1000 | 1078 | 1183 | 2183 | 105 | 1105 | 28 | 28 | 33 | | | |
| | | | | 1200 | 1278 | 1403 | 2603 | 125 | 1325 | 31 | 31 | 35 | | | |

Note) 1. The mechanical stroke includes a margin of 3 to 8 mm of the nominal stroke on both sides.

Options



^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take margins into consideration.

^{2.} For U speed, only 070 and 100 are applied.

| MEMO | |
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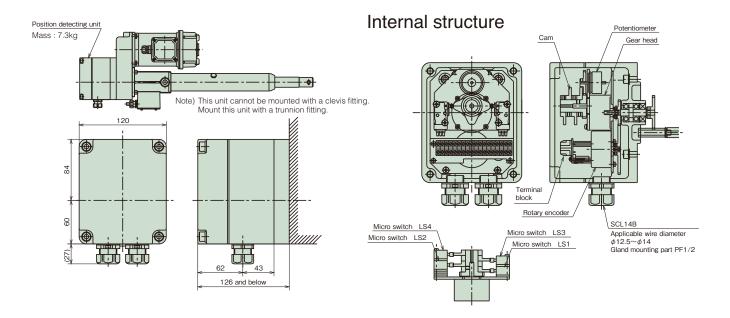
Position detecting unit

The following three types of the position detecting device can be built in the position detecting unit at your request.

1. Position detecting internal LS (with two or four pieces)

2. Potentiometer

3. Rotary encoder



Wire connection into position detecting unit

Use terminals provided in the unit to connect to the internal limit switch, potentiometer and rotary encoder. COM for the internal limit switch is common. (internally wire-connected)

Use shield wire for wire-connection to the rotary encoder.

Terminals for power cylinder wiring

Terminals for device wiring

| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Terminal No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18

| Option | | Internal limit switch (K2, K4) | | | | | | | | | | eter | | ļ | Rotary | encoder | | |
|--------------|----|--------------------------------|----|----|----|----|------------|---|---|-----|---|------|---|----|--------|---------|----|------|
| Symbol | LS | . 1 | LS | 52 | LS | 53 | LS4 Common | | | P R | | | | | | | | |
| Contact | a | b | a | b | a | b | a | b | С | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | Z | 5V~24V | 0V | Case |
| Terminal No. | 18 | 17 | 5 | 6 | 16 | 15 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |

1. Position detecting internal LS (with two or four pieces)

Use this LS when the external LS cannot be installed due to the installation space or when performing operation in combination with the potentiometer or the rotary encoder

With two pieces: Optional symbol K2 Arrangement of LS1 and LS2 in the above figure.

With four pieces: Optional symbol K4 Arrangement of all of LS1 through 4 in the above figure.

<Setting of LS>

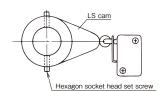
First, before installing a power cylinder to the equipment, operate the cylinder in a single unit to check the rotating direction of the LS cam.

Intall the equipment to the power cylinder, stop the power cylinder, or, move it to a position where you would like to have it be detected.

Then, rotate the LS cam, and tighten the hexagon socket head set screw to fix at a position where the micro switch operates.

At this time, estimate a coasting amount of the power cylinder depending on the pre-checked rotating direction.

| Micro switch specification | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Maralal | OMRON | | | | | | | |
| Model | D2VW-5L2A-1M or equivalent | | | | | | | |
| Circuit configuration | NC (Red) NO (Blue) COM (Black) | | | | | | | |
| Electric rating | 250V AC 4A (cosφ0.7) | | | | | | | |
| Connection | Terminal block connection in position detecting unit | | | | | | | |



Position detecting unit

2. Potentiometer

This is a variable resistor to output electric signals depending on the stroke amount of the power cylinder. Use this unit in combination with TSUBAKI TC unit, or print board and stroke indication meter. Resistance values according to the model have been adjusted before shipment.

Separately request preset values according to the model as they are described in the position detecting unit specification drawing. Pay strict attention to handling because correspondence between the stroke position and the resistance value will deviate by rotating the rod of the power cylinder.

| | Potentiometer specifications | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | CP-30 or equivalent | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | SAKAE TSUSHIN KOGYO CO., LTD. | | | | | |
| Total resistance | 1kΩ | | | | | |
| Rated power | 0.75W | | | | | |
| Dielectric strength | 1000V AC 1min. | | | | | |
| Effective electric angle | 355°±5° | | | | | |
| Effective mechanical angle | 360° endless | | | | | |
| Connection | Connected to terminal block in position detecting uni | | | | | |
| P1 —— | | | | | | |
| Cylinder | od retract - Vlinder rod extend | | | | | |

Cylinder rod retract -Cylinder rod extend

3. Rotary encoder

| Rotary encoder specifications | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | | TS5305N251 | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | | Tamagawa Seiki Co., Ltd. | | | | | |
| Output pulse number | 600P/R | | | | | | |
| Output waveform | 90° | phase difference two-phase square wave + home position output | | | | | |
| Output voltage | Н | Note 1) | | | | | |
| Output voltage | L 1V or less Note 1) | | | | | | |
| Power supply 5~24V DC | | | | | | | |

Output connection

| Signal 1 | Signal 2 | Signal Z | +5V to 24V | OV | Case |
|----------|----------|----------|------------|------|------|
| (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) |

Figures in parentheses indicate terminal No.

The output signal of the standard specification is of an incremental type, however, an absolute type is also available.

The output type in standard specifications is an open collector.

If voltage output type is required, see (Note 1) below.

If the specification of line driver output is required, contact us.

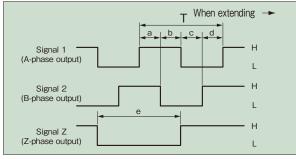
Note 1) Due to the open collector output, output signals are obtained when the pull-up

Signal 1 and signal 2 are output voltages of H "(power supply voltage – 1)V or more" and L "1V or less."

For the Z-phase, negative logic applies.

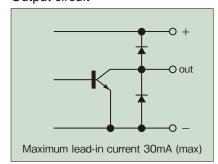
<Reference resistance values> 5V: 220Ω, 12V: 470Ω, 24V: 1kΩ

Output waveform



a. b. c. $d = T/4 \pm T/8$ $T/2 \le e \le 3T/2$

Output circuit



- * Best suited to controlling the stroke by a sequencer or programmable controller, etc.
- More accurate positioning control is possible in combination with motor speed control by an inverter, etc.
- ① The standard products incorporate an incremental type encoder.
- ② The rotary encoder has been set to output 20 pulses per stroke of 1mm.
- 3 It is possible to set an accurate home position of the machine in combination with a limit switch because home position output is read out every 600 pulses.
- ④ Do not apply vibration or impact to the rotary encoder because it is precision equipment.
- ⑤ Use shield wire for wiring to the rotary encoder.
- 6 As a guide for the distance between the rotary encoder and control panel, a collector current of 20mA should be able to be transmitted approximately 50m (12V pull-up).

For distances other than the above, consult with us.

Control option

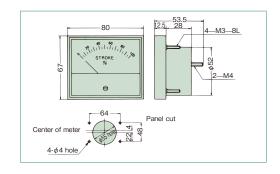
For potentiometer

■ Stroke indication meter

This meter indicates a stroke in % by a signal from the print board.

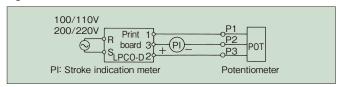
| Model | RM-80B(100 μ A DC) or equivalent |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Grade | JIS C 1102 2.5 class |
| Appearance | Frame• black |
| Scale specification | Entire stroke is indicated in 100% |

^{*} A separate printed board is also required.



■ Printed board

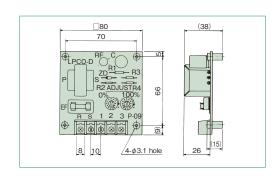
This printed board converts voltage signals from the potentiometer in the position detecting unit of the power cylinder G series into current



Adjust the meter with an ADJUST volume on the print board. Do not make a mistake with the stroke indication meter + and -. Replace the terminals 1 and 2 on the print board to set the indication meter to 100% when the stroke is MIN.

Model LPCO-D1 (Operation power 100/110V 50/60Hz)

LPCO-D2 (Operation power 200/220V 50/60Hz)

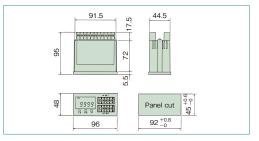


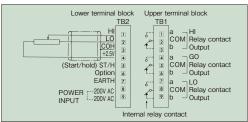
■ R controller

This controller converts voltage signals from the potentiometer in the position detecting unit of the power cylinder G series into digital signals, and performs indication and stroke control. This controller incorporates a scaling function, and can indicate real strokes or extension (%).

This R controller can be directly connected to the potentiometer.

| Model | RX-5455-NBAS (BURRUF) or equivalent |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Total resistance value of input potentiometer | 0.8kΩ~12kΩ |
| Indication | 4 digits 7 segment LED |
| Appearance | Black |
| Comparison output | HI,LO,GO (Relay output) |
| Comparison preset value | 0-±9999 |
| Comparison output contact capacity | 30V DC/1A 250V AC/0.2A |
| Output contact configuration | 1C (for all of HI, GO, LO sides) |
| Power supply | 200V AC ±10% 50/60Hz |





■ Meter relay

Used for simple adjustment of stroke on the operation panel.

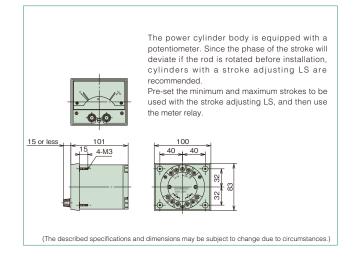
Iron panel attachment is standard.

Contact us separately when installing an aluminum panel.

Note) For using 4 - 20mA output, designate as "for 4 - 20mA output."

| | Meter relay specification | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | NRC-100HL (TSURUGA) or equivalent | | | | | | | |
| Grade | JIS C 1102 2.5 class | | | | | | | |
| Appearance | Frame • black | | | | | | | |
| Scale | Entire stroke is indicated in 100% | | | | | | | |
| Power supply | 100/100V AC, 200/220V AC 50/60Hz | | | | | | | |
| Input | Max. 100μA DC | | | | | | | |
| Output contact | For both of HIGH, LOW sides | | | | | | | |
| configuration | 1C (See the right Fig.) | | | | | | | |
| Contact capacity | 250V AC 3A ($\cos \phi = 1$) | | | | | | | |

^{*} A separate printed board is also required.

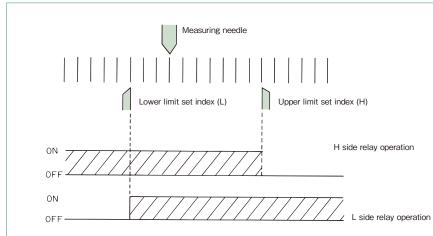


Control option

<Printed board>

This is the same as the printed board for the stroke indication meter.

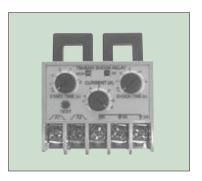
<Relay operation> (In the case of b contact)



Wire connection is the same as that for the stroke indication meter, however, it is necessary to separately feed power to the meter relay. It is easy to connect the b contact as an output contact to the b contact for the stroke adjusting LS in series.

Shock relay

Our highly reliable shock relay is recommended as an electric safety device for the GB type power cylinder. For details, refer to the "TSUBAKI E&M SAFCON overload protection devices and control devices catalogue."



Shock relay TSBSA series (Economy, automatic reset type)



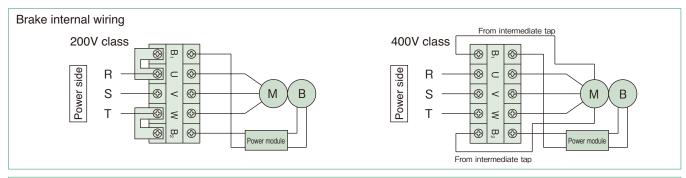
Shock relay TSBSS series (Economy, self-holding type)

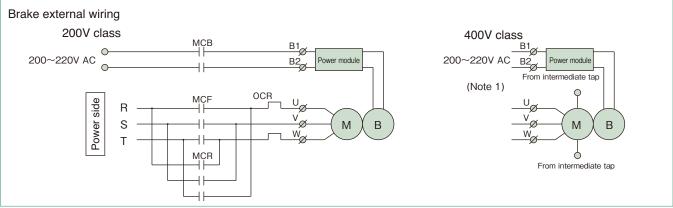


Shock relay TSBED series (Digital indication, self-holding/automatic reset type)

Wire connection

Wire connection for brake motor (motor with DC brake)





Note) 1. When AC external wiring in the three-phase 400V class motor, make sure to insulate the wire from the intermediate tap. In this case, input power supply to the power module requires 200 to 220V. If no power of 200 to 220V is supplied, decrease the voltage to 200 to 220V by a transformer.

If a voltage of 230V or more is directly input to the power module, the brake and the power module may burn out.

The capacity of the transformer shall be 90VA or more (0.1 to 0.4kW), and check that there is no voltage drop.

Use an MCB with a contact capacity of 250V AC, 7A or more.

The power module includes a surge absorbing protection element. Add a protection element for the contact in each part if necessary.

2. Do not put a relay contact on the output side of the standard power module (between the power module and brake coil). (Do not perform DC external wiring.)

3. By the above connection, the rod retracts in a straight type, and the rod extends in a parallel type.

Limit switch specification

| | Stroke adjusting external LS | Thrust detecting LS | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | OMRON D4E-1B20N or equivalent | OMRON SS-5GL2D or equivalent | | | | |
| Circuit configuration | NC ————COM | For extend Black Red White For retract Green Yellow Brown | | | | |
| Electric rating | 250V AC 3A (cosφ0.4) | 250V AC 2A (cosφ=0.4) | | | | |
| Connection | M3 screw x3 Applicable cable diameter ϕ 5.8 to ϕ 7.6 | 0.5E x 6C Length 1000A Cabtire cable draw-out | | | | |

Motor current value, Brake current value

| Output, | Motor current value (A) | | | | | - Brake | Brake current value (A) | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| frame No. | 200V 50Hz | 200V 60Hz | 220V 60Hz | 400V 50Hz | 400V 60Hz | 440V 60Hz | model | 200V 50Hz | 200V 60Hz | 220V 60Hz | 400V 50Hz | 400V 60Hz | 440V 60Hz |
| 4P - 0.1kW | 0.72 (2.76) | 0.62 (2.60) | 0.65 (2.84) | 0.36 (1.38) | 0.31 (1.27) | 0.32 (1.41) | SBH01LP | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 |
| 4P - 0.2 kW | 1.3 (4.91) | 1.1 (4.68) | 1.1 (5.14) | 0.63 (2.40) | 0.55 (2.22) | 0.56 (2.41) | SBH02LP | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 |
| 4P - 0.4 kW | 2.4 (11.6) | 2.1 (10.2) | 2.1 (11.0) | 1.2 (5.14) | 1.1 (4.88) | 1.1 (5.39) | SBH04LP | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 |

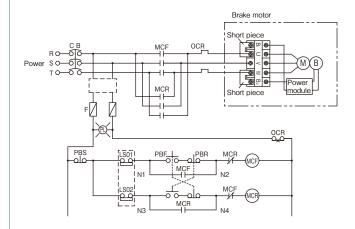
- Note) 1. The above values are rated current values of the motor and brake. The numerical value in parentheses is a start current value of the motor.
 - 2. The rated current values and start current values do not include brake current values.
 - 3. A DC brake is used as a brake. The upper stage of the brake current value indicates a value on the primary side of the power module, and the lower stage indicates a value on the secondary side.
 - 4. The above values are references because the rated current values for the power cylinder vary depending on the operating conditions.
 - 5. For AC internal wiring of the 400V class, the voltage is converted to 200V through the motor intermediate tap to be input. For AC external wiring, decrease the voltage to 200 to 220V by a transformer. The capacity of the transformer shall be 90VA or more.

^{*} Crimp contact bolt: M4

^{*} For the other details, refer to the Operation Manual.

Reference circuit

200V Class GA type brake internal wiring reference circuit

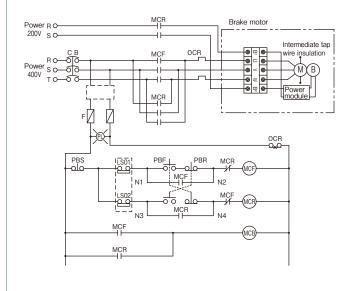


LS01: Extend stroke adjusting external limit switch
LS02: Retract stroke adjusting external limit switch

NOTE:

- (1) This diagram shows a single-acting circuit. When using in an inching circuit, remove the wire connection between N1 and N2, N3 and N4, and short-circuit the PBS.
- (2) If the power voltage for the motor is different from the control voltage, put a transformer into a _____ portion in the diagram.
- (3) When AC external wiring the brake, remove the short piece on the terminal block and apply a normal power voltage (200 to 220V) to B1 and B2 from the outside.
- * For wire connection when an inverter is used, refer to page 114.

400V Class GA type brake internal wiring reference circuit



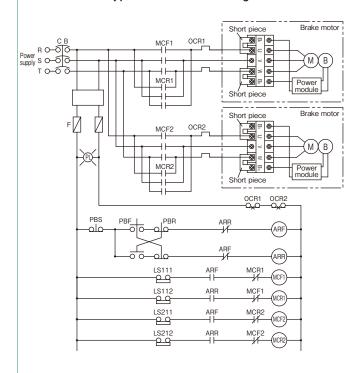
LS01: Extend stroke adjusting external limit switch
LS02: Retract stroke adjusting external limit switch

NOTE:

- (1) This diagram shows a single-acting circuit. When using in an inching circuit, remove the wire connection between N1 and N2, N3 and N4, and short-circuit the PBS.
- (2) If the power voltage for the motor is different from the control voltage, put a transformer into a _____ portion in the diagram.(3) When AC external wiring the brake, remove the wire connected to
- (3) When AC external wiring the brake, remove the wire connected to the terminal block from the motor intermediate tap and insulate it. Apply a normal power voltage (200 to 220V) to B1 and B2 (primary side of the module). If there is no power of 200V, decrease the voltage to 200V by a transformer.
 The capacity of the transformer shall be 200V or more (0.1 to

The capacity of the transformer shall be 90VA or more (0.1 to 0.4KW), and check that there is no voltage drop.
Use a contact capacity of 250V AC, 7A or more.

0.1 – 0.4kW GA type brake internal wiring reference circuit for linkage of two



LS111: LP No. 1 extend stroke adjusting external limit switch LS1 LS112: LP No. 1 retract stroke adjusting external limit switch LS1 LS211: LP No. 2 extend stroke adjusting external limit switch LS2 LS212: LP No. 2 retract stroke adjusting external limit switch LS2

NOTE:

- (1) This diagram shows an example of 0.1 0.4kW brake internal wiring circuit for linkage of two in inching motion.
- (2) If the power supply voltage for the motor is different from the control voltage, put a transformer in the _____ section in the diagram.
- (3) Lead wires B1 and B2 for the brakes are connected to U and W on the motor terminal block by using short pieces.
- (4) For using the brakes by external wiring, remove the short pieces, and externally apply not inverter output but normal power supply voltage to B1 and B2.

^{*} For wire connection when an inverter is used, refer to page 114.

Installation

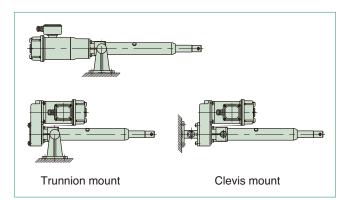
Installation direction

Either horizontal, vertical and inclined directions are allowed.

Installation method

For installation of the main body, use a trunnion mount or clevis mount (parallel only).

Apply grease to the trunnion pins and bracket holes for mounting. Install the end part with a U-type or I-type end fitting.



Mannual operation

When manually adjusting the stroke, rotate the manual shaft on the motor opposite load side with the manual handle after releasing the brake. For how to release the brake, refer to the Operation Manual. The manual handle is attached to the product.

| <u></u> WARNING |
|---|
| When a load is applied to the rod, remove the load before |
| releasing the brake. |

For the amount of movement of the rod per one turn of the manual shaft, refer to the standard model list (page 67).

Anti-rod rotation

- 1. Anti-rod rotation is required because a rotating force is generated on the rod with thrust. Generally, rotation can be mainly prevented by installing the rod end to a driven machine.
- 2. When operating with the end set free or installing pulleys to pull a rope, use a rod anti-rotation specification (option symbol M).

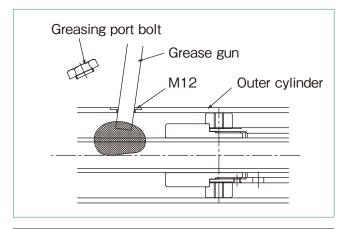
Setting of stroke adjusting external LS

- 1. Take the coasting amount (page 70) into consideration to set adjustment of the limit switch.
- 2. When using the cylinder at the nominal stroke, set the limit switch so that the cylinder stops within the XA dimension in the Dimensions Table.
- 3. When synchronized operating two or more power cylinders, install a limit switch at the extend limit and retract limit on each cylinder to stop each cylinder. Avoid controlling all power cylinders with one limit switch because accumulated errors in stroke will occur. For the control circuit, see the example of circuit for linkage on page 80.

Maintenance

Greasing on screw

Use the screw as it is because it has been applied with greased in advance. Refill grease with reference to Table 1-2 as a guide. To apply grease to the screw, remove the greasing port bolt on the outer cylinder and advance the rod in the full stroke and apply grease to the outer circumference of the screw with a grease gun, and then reciprocate the rod within the stroke to be used. Repeat this operation a few times.



WARNING

Never insert your finger into the greasing port.

If the cylinder operates with your finger inserted, your finger may be injured.

Table 1 Recommended grease

| Use classification | Company name | Grease name | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | TSUBAKI E&M | JWGS100G | | | | |
| | IDEMITSU KOSAN | *DAPHNE EPONEX SRNo.2 | | | | |
| Screw | NIPPON GREASE | NIGULUBE EP-2K | | | | |
| shaft | EXXON MOBILE | MOBILUX EPNo.2 | | | | |
| | COSMO OIL LUBRICANTS | COSMO GREASE DINAMX EPNo.2 | | | | |
| | SHOWA SHELL | SHELL ALBANIA EP grease 2 | | | | |

* The above greases are filled before shipment. Note) JWGS100G is separately sold in a container of 100g. (See page 262.)

Table 2 Lubrication cycle

| Lubrication cycle | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Traveling distance Every 5km | | | | | | | | |
| | 100 times or more/day | One to three months | | | | | | |
| Operating frequency | 10 to 100 times/day | Three to six months | | | | | | |
| | Up to 10 times/day | Six months to one year | | | | | | |

Note) The above values are for longer use, and do not indicate life.

Greasing on Reduction part

Grease has been applied on the tooth surfaces in advance, therefore, use the decelerating part as it is.

Initial tooth surface application grease

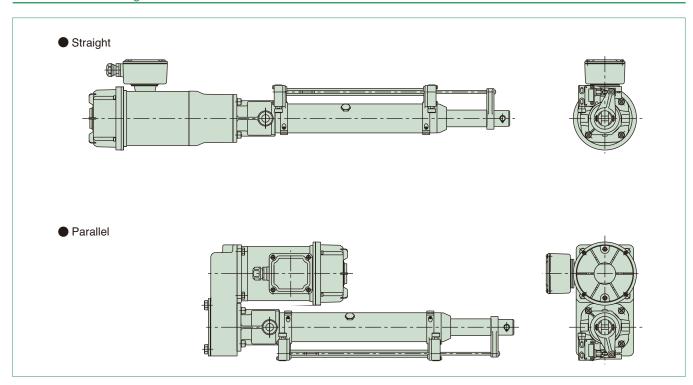
Planetary gear (straight type): Moly gear grease No. 1 (SUMICO LUBRICANT CO., LTD.)

Helical gear (parallel type): Moly gear grease No. 1 (SUMICO LUBRICANT CO., LTD.)

* Apply grease to the helical gear part (parallel type) approximately once one year.

Adjustment of external limit switch and variation of mounting

1. Standard Mounting Form



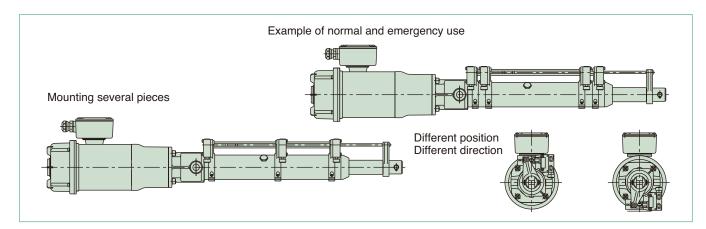
2. Adjustment method

The power cylinder G series has a margin of approximately 3 to 8mm of the nominal stroke on both sides which allows for mechanical stroke. The stroke to be used is within the nominal stroke, therefore, adjust the limit switch so that operation is made in this range. If the nominal stroke is exceeded, the striker protrudes from the LS guide rail. When adjusting the limit switches, adjust and fix the limit switches one by one so that the relative position between the LS guide rail and the cylinder body is not deviated.

<Adjustment method>

- 1. Loosen the LS flange tightening bolt (A) and the guide rail tightening bolt (B).
- 2. Slide the flange to a position where you want it set.
- 3. Tighten the guide rail tightening bolt (B) beforehand.
- 4. Check that the guide rail and the LS rod are not twisted, and tighten the LS flange tightening bolt (A).

3. Mounting variations



4. Change in mounting work

- For change in orientation and quantity, a separate Instruction Manual is available. Contact us.
- Either mounting direction is allowed, however, take the direction into consideration so that accumulation of dust or dirt the guide rail does not impair operation of the striker.

Variation in direction and position of terminal box

1. "Direction" of motor terminal box

The motor terminal box can be fixed in four directions shown in the following diagram.

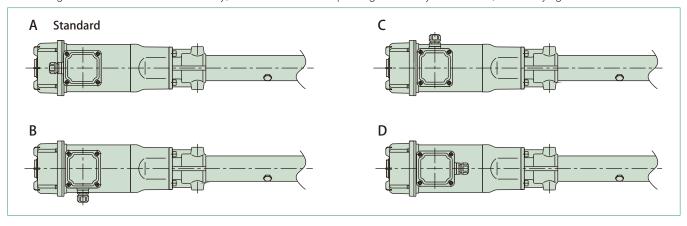
This direction can be easily changed by the customer.

Be aware that if the lead wires are pulled or bent forcefully, the wires will be broken.

Procedures to change are as follows.

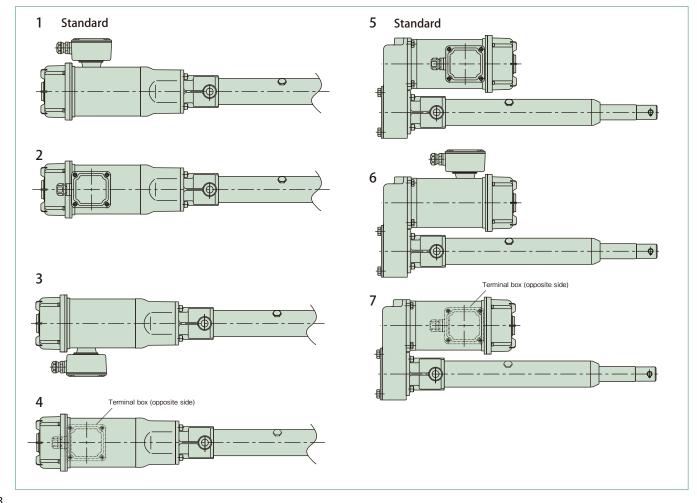
- 1. Remove the lid of the terminal box.
- 2. Remove the two screws fixed to the terminal block.
- 3. Bring up the terminal block without removing the wire connection for the motor and the brake, and remove the four screws fixed to the terminal box.
- 4. Rotate the terminal box in the desired direction and re-fix it to the main body.
- 5. Install the terminal block again.
 - Be aware that if the lead wires are trapped under the terminal block, the wires will be broken or an insulation failure will occur.
- 6. After connecting the power cable, install the lid, then the procedures are completed.

When fixing the terminal box to the main body, check that the rubber packing is correctly sandwiched, then firmly tighten the four screws.



2. "Position" of motor terminal box

The position of the motor terminal box can be rotated by every 90 degrees around the motor shaft as shown in the following diagram. However, this change must not be carried out by the customer. Specify the position when ordering the power cylinder.





Cautions for selecting

- Anti-rod rotation is required because a rotating force is exerted on the rod with thrust. Rod rotating forces at the rated thrust are described in the model list. When operating with the end unconnected or when installing pulleys to pull rope, use an optional rod anti-rotation specification.
- When the cylinder operating stroke is short, a high speed type cylinder cannot be used because the operating time per one stroke becomes shorter and cannot be controlled. The following table shows the minimum necessary strokes when motor energization time is 0.5s. Refer to this table to determine the speed.

| Speed symbol | Н | U | |
|--|---------------|-----------------|--|
| Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | 100/120 | 200/240 | |
| 0.5s operation moving amount mm | 50/60 | 100/120 | |
| Predicted maximum coasting amount mm (Reference) | 24/33 | 67/89 | |
| Minimum necessary stroke mm | 74/93 or more | 167/209 or more | |

Cautions for installation

- Apply grease to the trunnion pin and the trunnion hole for trunnion mounting.
- Also, apply grease to the connecting pin of the end fitting and the connecting pin for clevis mounting.
- When the main body greatly swings by operation of the cylinder, consider using a sliding bearing or a rolling bearing for the connecting part. Cylinders whose trunnion hole is provided with sliding bearing are available as MTO.
- When the trunnion pin or connecting pin for the clevis or the end fitting is directed in the vertical direction (when the cylinder is laid horizontally), and the main body swings, take countermeasures for wear such as inserting a bearing member into the trunnion hole, the clevis fitting, or the side part of the end fitting.
- All models are totally enclosed structures so that they can be used normally outdoors, however, under adverse conditions exposed to constant water and steam etc., and snow accumulation, although they are an outdoors type, an appropriate cover is required. The power cylinder can generally be used in a range of -15°C to 40°C, although it varies depending on the use conditions. When using at 40°C or higher, always protect with a heat insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere, otherwise it may cause an explosion and fire. In addition, avoid using it in a location where vibration or shock exceeding 1G is applied. For use in a misty atmosphere, consult with us.
- When using a cylinder of the cabtire cable lead wire specification outdoors, carry out waterproofing treatment sufficiently.

Cautions for use

- Regulate both ends of the stroke by the limit switch. Select a type of option which allows the limit switch to be mounted on the power cylinder body.
- Use within the stroke range. If the stroke is exceeded, breakage may occur.
- As a high-speed type (U, H speed) of the power cylinder G series has a long coasting distance, the striker may override the limit switch. (The striker for the U-speed power cylinder overrides the limit switch at the rated lifted load.) For this reason, make sure to allow a limit signal to be self-held on the control circuit.
- Megger testing is prohibited for this cylinder. It may break the built-in power module. Remove the brake wiring for the terminal block when conducting megger testing of the external circuits.
- Adjustment of the limit switch for thrust detection of the GC type must not be carried out by the customer. The preset value for thrust detection may greatly change.

Easy wiring specifications

This is a specification in which limit switches for thrust detection and external adjustment are wired by us before shipment. For details, request a leaflet.



Power cylinder G series have become easier to use.





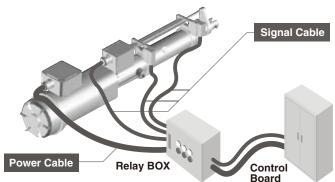


To respond to voices of the "power cylinder is troublesome when it comes to wiring!" from customers, [simple wiring specifications] have been added to LPG series. (Option)

The power cylinder can be selected from two of "Automatic detecting type" and "Centralized terminal box type" with the keywords of simple, neat, reduction in wiring man-hours, and safety (automatic detecting type).

In standard specifications

- Large number of wires and its complexity require wiring man-hours and cost at the relay box.
- Equipment may be damaged due to omission of wiring for the external limit switch for thrust detection and stroke adjustment.



Needs simplicity!



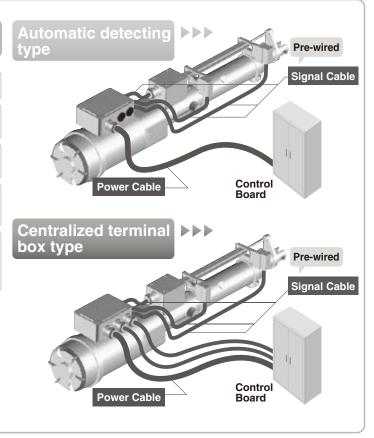
Advantages

Slim and simple in appearance

Cost reduction by pre-wired relay boxes

Operates just by connecting the power cable to the terminal box

Prevents damage from excessive torque and stroke caused by incomplete relay box wiring



Power Cylinder

T series

Thrust: 2.45kN to 313kN {250kgf to 32000kgf}

This is a power cylinder of a large thrust type which can be used with AC (alternating current).

Power cylinder T series can be used across a wide range of applications such as steel, injection molding machines, liquid crystal and semiconductor device.

This power cylinder can be used outdoors. (IP55)

Two easy-to-select types

T series have two types which are different in safety mechanisms from each other. The TB type incorporates a wet slip clutch. TC type is equipped with a thrust detecting limit switch.

Wide variation

A wide range of models are available as standard according to application, thrust and speed.

Thrust can be selected in a range from 2.45kN{250kgf} to 313kN{32000kgf}, and speed can be selected in a range from 10mm/s to 120mm/s.

For details, refer to the standard model list.

Reliable operation

All models adopt a highly efficient ball screw, quiet reduction part, and highly reliable brake motor.

All series incorporate a highly reliable safety device which works effectively against overload.

Abundance of options

The stroke adjusting limit switch includes two types of the external type and internal type, and the stroke sensor includes two types of the potentiometer method and rotary encoder method. Control by a sequencer becomes simpler. For a stroke sensor with potentiometer, an option not only indicating stroke but also allowing for control by a meter relay is also available.

Quick delivery of special motor (For details, refer to page 120.)

Heat resistance class F and class H are supported.

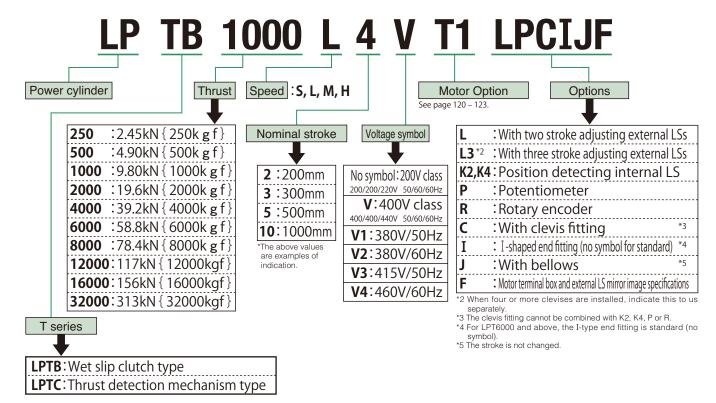
Different voltage specifications (Overseas voltages are supported)

Inverter specifications

Global specifications (CE-compliant, UL-compliant and CCC-compliant)

Explosion-proof specifications





^{*} The Trunnion fitting is not included in the body model number. Please separately specify a Trunnion model number.

Standard model list

| | Power cylinder | | ted ust | Nominal speed 50/60Hz | Motor output | Rod movement per one turn of manual | Rod rota | ting force | Nominal stroke | Brake specifications |
|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------|------------|--|-----------------------------|
| m | odel | N | {kgf} | mm/s | kW | shaft mm | N∙m | {kgf·m} | mm | brake specifications |
| LPTB LPTC | 250 K H | 2.45k | 250 | 12.5/15 25/30 50/60 100/120 | 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 | 2.0 1.0 2.0 4.0 | 2.60 | 0.27 | 200, 300, 400 500, 600 | |
| LPTB LPTC | 500 L M H | 4.90k | 500 | 12.5/15 25/30 50/60 100/120 | 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.75 | 2.0 1.0 2.0 3.9 | 5.20 | 0.53 | 200, 300, 400 500, 600, 800 | |
| LPTB LPTC | 1000 K H | 9.80k (7.84k) | 1000 (800) | 12.5/15 25/30 50/60 100/120 | 0.2 0.4 0.75 1.5 | 2.0 1.0 2.0 4.0 | 13.8 | 1.41 | 200, 300, 400 500, 600, 800 **1000 (Rated thrust is 7.84kN) | |
| LPTB LPTC | 2000 S L M H | 19.6k (15.6k) (12.2k) | 2000 (1600) (1250) | 12.5/15 25/30 50/60 75/90 | 0.4 0.75 1.5 2.2 | 2.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 | 34.7 | 3.54 | 200, 300, 400 500, 600, 800 %1000 (Rated thrust is 15.7kN) %1200 (Rated thrust is 12.2kN) | |
| LPTB LPTC | 4000 S M H | 39.2k (33.3k) | 4000 (3400) | 9/11 25/30 35/42 60/72 | 0.75 1.5 2.2 3.7 | 1.4 1.0 1.4 2.4 | 83.2 | 8.49 | 200, 300, 400 500, 600, 800 1000, 1200 **1500 (Rated thrust is 33.3kN) | DC brake Brake external |
| LPTB LPTC | 6000 K M H | 58.8k | 6000 | 6.3/7.6 17.5/21 25/30 42/50 | 0.75 1.5 2.2 3.7 | 1.0 0.7 1.0 1.7 | 124 | 12.7 | 500 1000 1500 | wiring is available |
| LPTB LPTC | 8000 S L M H | 78.4k | 8000 | 10/12 20/24 30/36 43/52 | 1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 | 1.2 0.8 1.2 1.7 | 222 | 22.6 | 500 1000 1500 | |
| LPTB LPTC | 12000 M H | 117k | 12000 | 10/12 18/22 30/36 | 2.2 3.7 5.5 | 1.2 2.2 1.2 | 333 | 34.0 | 500 1000 1500 2000 | |
| LPTB LPTC | 16000 M H | 156k | 16000 | 14.5/17.5 20/24 31/37 | 3.7 5.5 7.5 | 2.9 3.2 3.7 | 3.2 666 67.9 | | | |
| LPTB LPTC | 32000 M H | 313k | 32000 | 10/12 15/18 20/24 | 5.5 7.5 11 | 0.4 0.6 0.8 | 1330 | 136 | 500 1000 1500 2000 | |

Note) The numerical value in parentheses on rated thrust is for the long stroke type

^{*} Manual operating handles are also available.

The rated thrust is limited for the stroke marked with an*.
 The speeds indicate a value at the motor synchronized rotating speed.

Motor specifications

| Model | Totally enclosed self cooling type with brake |
|-----------------------|---|
| Output | Refer to Standard model dimensions list |
| Number of poles | 4 poles |
| Voltage | 3φ 200V/200V/220V |
| Frequency | 50Hz/60Hz/60Hz |
| Heat resistance class | E (B for 1.5kW or less) |
| Time rating | S2 30min. |
| Protection method | Totally enclosed outdoor type (IP55) |
| | · |

^{1) 400/440}V, different voltage specifications other than the above voltages are also available. 2) For motor current value and brake current value, refer to page 115.

Painting color

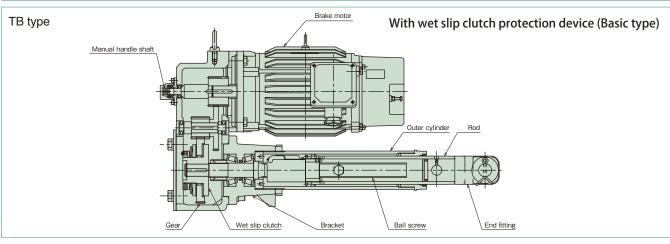
TSUBAKI olive gray (Munsell 5GY6/0.5 or approximate color)

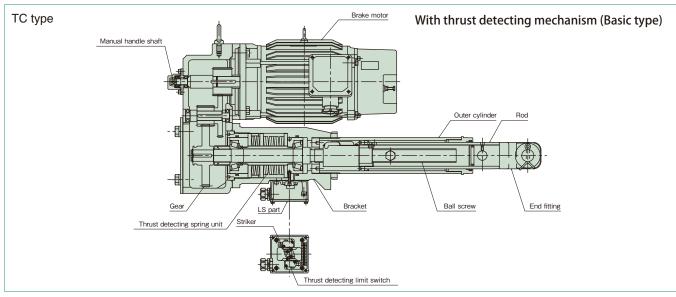
Standard use environment

| Environ- ment Model | Ambient temperature | Relative humidity | Impact resistance value | Installation altitude | Atmosphere |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Outdoor type | -15℃ ~ 40℃ | 85% or less (no dew condensation) | 1G or less | 1000m or lower above sea level | Normally outdoors |

- 1) Cylinders with bellows are recommended in an excessively dusty location.
- 2) Special painting is available for locations exposed to sea breezes and salt. Consult us.
- 3) All models are totally enclosed structures so that they can be used normally outdoors, however, under adverse conditions exposed to constant water and steam etc., and snow accumulation, although they are an outdoors type, an appropriate cover is required. When using at 40°C or higher, always protect with a heat insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere, otherwise it may cause an explosion and fire. In addition, avoid using it in a location where vibration or shock exceeding 1G is applied.
- 4) For use in a misty atmosphere, contact us.

Structure





^{*} The structure slightly varies depending on the model.

Brake motor

This motor adopts a deenergization operation type (spring close type), and the brake is applied while the cylinder stops. This brake action holds load while the power cylinder stops and reduces coasting during stoppage, and serves the purpose of increasing stop accuracy. All of the brake motors adopt outdoor types.

Reduction part

The reduction part adopts a combination of a helical gear on the high speed side and a spur gear on the low speed side.

The lubrication method is grease bath type, and has a quiet operating specification. Furthermore, a manual handle shaft is provided, and the structure of the speed reducer facilitates operation at power failure and adjustment for installation.

As options, various position detecting devices can be installed.

Actuation part

The actuation part is provided with a ball screw and nut which converts a rotating force into linear motion. Further, external limit switches for stroke adjustment can be mounted.

A high precision ball screw and nut have advantages such as high transmission efficiency, less wear, long life and easy

The external limit switches for stroke adjustment are structured to freely adjust the stroke and endure outdoor use. The bellows are excellent in weatherproofing, and the stroke does not change even if the bellows are mounted.

The seal for the rod also endures outdoor use.

Classification of usage for LPTB and LPTC types

Both types of the power cylinders have the same basic functions (thrust, speed, stroke), however, each has its feature as regards the mechanism. Read the following to select the optimum type.

TB type

Wet slip clutch type (simple type)

[Wet slip clutch]

The screw shaft end of the reduction part incorporates a slip clutch which operates stably in grease as a safety device.

Adoption of special lining exerts a protective function even at the time of overload or stroke overextension.

* When overload is electrically detected, use in combination with our shock relay is recommended.

TC type

Thrust detecting mechanism type

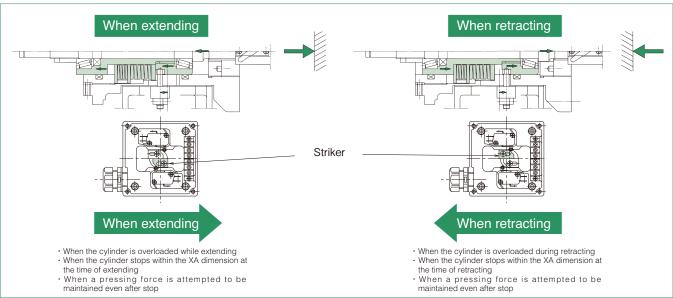
This type exerts its effect in the following cases.

- ① When performing press (pull) stop
- 2 When requiring an electric signal at the time of overload
- 3 When an overload is possibly applied from the load side during stop

When an overload is impulsively applied, the incorporated spring absorbs the impact load.

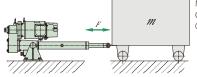
[Thrust detecting mechanism]

This is a thrust detecting mechanism which combines two types of pre-loaded disc springs whose spring constants are different from each other and limit switches. The combined effect of these disc springs also allows for press and stop of the high speed type. (There is only one type for the 6000 type and larger.)



Preset thrust for safety device

For both of the TB type and TC type, the thrust for the safety device has been set to approximately 150% to 200% of the rated thrust. The safety device does not work at the start for opening/closing of the damper or the hopper gate, normal reverse, inclination and elevation, however, when a load inertia is large due to horizontal movement of carriage, the safety device may work to impair smooth operation at the start. For the allowable mass \mathscr{M} of each model, see Table 4 on page 92.



Mass of carriage: $m \log C$ Coefficient of friction: μ Carriage traveling resistance: $F = \mu m \leq R$ ated thrust

Cautions for use

When pressing (pulling) and stopping at high frequency

When using the power cylinder at a frequency of ten or more times a day, refer to the total stop times for every model in the following table.

| Туре | LPTC250~LPTC4000 | | | LPTC60 | 000~LPTC | 32000 |
|---|------------------|----|---|--------|----------|-------|
| Speed | S,L | М | Н | S,L | М | Н |
| Reference total stop times (×10 ⁴ times) | 30 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 3 | 1 |

Note) When the power cylinder is used for press (pull) contact stopping, external wiring is recommended for the wire connection of the brake.

Note) When the power cylinder is used exceeding the values on the above table, it is recommended to stop with the stroke adjusting LS.

Note) When the power cylinder is used with press (pull) stop, strength of the mating equipment shall be 250% or more of the rated thrust.

When multiple operation or stroke position control is performed

① When installing rotary encoder or potentiometer

For the TC type, a spring mechanism is built in the operating part. The spring slightly deflects at press (pull) and stop, or when overload occurs, the signal amount deviates by the deflection. For the TB type, even if the safety device is tripped, signal amount does not deviate. However, the TC type can be used at normal stroke operation.

When there is a problem with movement of the rod even if overload is applied from load side during stop

For the TC type, a spring mechanism is built in the operating part, therefore, when a large load is applied from the load side, the spring deflects and the rod moves by the deflection.

When the load is eliminated, the rod returns to the original position.

Selection 1

Conditions of use required for selection

- Machine to be used and application
- 2. Thrust or load N { kgf }
- 3. Stroke mm
- 4. Speed mm/s
- 5. Frequency of operation, cycles/min.
- 6. Hours of operation and annual number of operating days
- 7. Type of load of machine used
- 8. Environment of use
- 9. Power voltage, frequency

Selection procedures

Determination of model STEP 1

Determine the type (TB or TC) according to the use environment and method of operation.

Determination of model No. STEP 2

1. Obtain annual traveling distance from the stroke, frequency of operation and hours of operation.

Annual traveling distance km = Actual stroke m x Frequency of use/day x number of operating days x 10⁻³

2. Obtain the operation factor from the characteristics of load and the machine used, referring to Table 1.

3. Multiply thrust or load by operation factor to obtain a corrected thrust.

4. Determine the frame No. from the "Expected Traveling Distance" shown below on this page according to the corrected thrust and annual traveling distance, and select an applicable model No. from the standard model list (page 87) based on the stroke, speed, power supply voltage and frequency.

Characteristics check STEP 3

- Use the power cylinder at a frequency of operation below the allowable frequency of operation (Table 2).
- 2. Check the load time ratio.
- 3. Positioning accuracy varies depending on the stopping method. Refer to the stopping method (page 91).

Table 1 Operation factor

| Characteristics of load | Example of machine used | Operation factor |
|---|---|------------------|
| Smooth operation without impact Small inertia | Damper, opening/closing of valve, conveyor changeover device | 1.0~1.3 |
| Operation with light impact Intermediate inertia | Opening/closing of hopper gate, various transfer equipment, various lifter elevation | 1.3~1.5 |
| Operation with large impact and vibration Large inertia | Heavy object conveyance by carriage, buffer for belt conveyor, inversion opening/closing device for large lid | 1.5~3.0 |

Note) The above operation factor table shows general guidelines.

Therefore, make a determination in consideration of operating conditions

Table 2 Allowable frequency of operation

| Туре | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC | LPTB•LPTC |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Power cylinder model | 250S 250L 500S | 250M 500L 1000S | 250H 500M 1000L 2000S | 500H 1000M 2000L 4000S 6000S | 1000H 2000M 4000L 6000L 8000S | 2000H 4000M 6000M 8000L 12000L | 4000H 6000H 8000M 12000M 16000L | 8000H 12000H 16000M 32000L | 16000H 32000M | 32000H |
| Number of starting times (Number of times/min) | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Load time ratio(%ED) | | 25%ED | | | | | | | | |

Note) The above frequencies of operation are values determined by heat generation of the motor. They are not values taking life of the cylinder body into consideration

Allowable frequency of operation for the power cylinder T series is within a range which satisfies the number of starting times and load time ratio in the above table. The load time ratio is expressed by the following equation.

Load time ratio (%ED) = $\frac{\text{Operation time of one cycle}}{\text{(Operation time of one cycle + dwell time)}} \times 100\%$

Guide for life

Use the number of operation times of the brake and the traveling distance of the cylinder (nut) as a guide for product life of the power cylinder T series to select the cylinder (nut).

1. Number of operation times of brake Expected life 2 million times

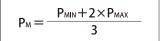
2. Traveling distance of cylinder (nut)

The life of a ball screw is determined by flaking of the rolling surface caused by its fatigue. Check the rough life with this chart of expected traveling distance. However, in the case of great impact or in the case where lubrication or maintenance is not performed properly, the expected traveling distance becomes substantially short.

Expected traveling distance (km) = actual load stroke (m) × frequency of use (times/day) × number of operating days × 10^{-3} × expected number of years

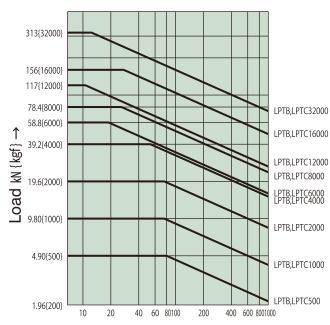
The chart on the right-hand side is based on L10 life. L10 life expresses in traveling distance a life that can be reached by 90% or more of all ball screws. If you select a power cylinder based on the life, select model No. from this chart.

If the load greatly fluctuates in the middle of stroke, calculate the equivalent load ($P_{\rm M}$) by the following equation.



 $\begin{array}{lll} P_{\text{M}} & \text{: Equivalent load} & N & \{ \, kgf \} \\ P_{\text{MIN}} & \text{: Minimum load} & N & \{ \, kgf \} \\ P_{\text{MAX}} & \text{: Maximum load} & N & \{ \, kgf \} \end{array}$

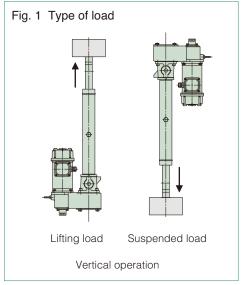
Expected Traveling Distance



Expected Traveling Distance (km)

Table 3 Coasting distance and stop accuracy (Reference value)

| Usage | Bra | ke intern | al connec | tion | Brake external connection d Lifting load Suspended load | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | Lifting | g load | Suspend | ded load | Lifting | g load | Suspend | ded load | |
| Model | Coasting distance | Stop accuracy | Coasting distance | Stop accuracy | Coasting distance | Stop accuracy | Coasting distance | Stop accuracy | |
| LPTB 250 L LPTC H | 2.2 4.3 6.9 13.7 | ±0.4 ±0.8 ±1.4 ±2.7 | 3.0 8.5 12.4 27.3 | ±0.6 ±2.1 ±3.2 ±7.3 | 1.9 3.7 6.0 12.5 | ±0.3 ±0.6 ±1.1 ±2.4 | 2.7 7.8 11.4 26.1 | ±0.5 ±1.9 ±2.9 ±6.9 | |
| LPTB 500 L LPTC H | 2.1 3.6 6.5 12.7 | ±0.4 ±0.7 ±1.3 ±2.7 | 3.7 6.1 11.4 22.3 | ±0.9 ±1.6 ±2.9 ±5.9 | 1.8 3.1 5.9 10.2 | ±0.3 ±0.6 ±1.2 ±2.0 | 3.3 5.6 10.8 19.6 | ±0.8 ±1.4 ±2.7 ±5.2 | |
| LPTB 1000 L LPTC 1000 M H | 1.7 3.2 6.3 15.6 | ±0.4 ±0.7 ±1.4 ±3.3 | 2.8 5.4 10.2 27.6 | ±0.7 ±1.4 ±2.6 ±7.7 | 1.5 2.9 5.0 10.4 | ±0.3 ±0.6 ±1.0 ±2.0 | 2.5 5.1 8.8 22.1 | ±0.6 ±1.2 ±2.2 ±6.3 | |
| LPTB 2000 L LPTC H | 1.7 3.2 7.7 13.3 | ±0.4 ±0.7 ±1.7 ±2.9 | 2.7 5.0 12.7 22.8 | ±0.7 ±1.3 ±3.4 ±6.4 | 1.5 2.5 5.2 8.0 | ±0.3 ±0.5 ±1.0 ±1.6 | 2.5 4.2 10.0 17.1 | ±0.6 ±1.0 ±2.7 ±4.9 | |
| LPTB 4000 L LPTC H | 1.2 3.8 6.4 10.9 | ±0.3 ±0.8 ±1.4 ±2.4 | 1.6 5.9 9.9 16.9 | ±0.4 ±1.5 ±2.6 ±4.4 | 0.9 2.5 3.8 6.6 | ±0.2 ±0.5 ±0.8 ±1.3 | 1.3 4.5 7.2 12.3 | ±0.3 ±1.1 ±1.9 ±3.2 | |
| LPTB 6000 L LPTC H | 0.6 2.7 4.5 7.6 | ±0.2 ±0.6 ±1.0 ±1.7 | 0.8 4.4 7.4 12.2 | ±0.2 ±1.2 ±2.0 ±3.2 | 0.5 1.8 2.7 4.6 | ±0.1 ±0.4 ±0.5 ±0.9 | 0.6 3.4 5.5 9.0 | ±0.1 ±0.9 ±1.5 ±2.4 | |
| LPTB 8000 L LPTC H | 1.9 3.6 5.6 — | ±0.4 ±0.8 ±1.2 | 2.9 5.8 8.4 — | ±0.7 ±1.6 ±2.1 | 1.3 2.2 3.4 5.4 | ±0.2 ±0.4 ±0.7 ±1.0 | 2.2 4.3 6.1 8.7 | ±0.5 ±1.1 ±1.5 ±2.0 | |
| LPTB LPTC 12000M H | 2.1 3.5 — | ±0.5 ±0.8 | 3.0 5.1 — | ±0.8 ±1.3 | 1.3 2.1 3.6 | ±0.2 ±0.4 ±0.7 | 2.2 3.6 5.9 | ±0.5 ±0.9 ±1.4 | |
| LPTB 16000M LPTC 16000M H | 2.8 _ _ | ±0.6 | 4.0 _ _ | ±1.0 - - | 1.7 2.6 3.9 | ±0.3 ±0.5 ±0.7 | 2.8 4.0 8.6 | ±0.7 ±0.9 ±2.4 | |
| LPTB LPTC32000M H | | | | _ | 1.3 2.0 2.7 | ±0.3 ±0.4 ±0.5 | 2.0 4.2 4.4 | ±0.4 ±1.1 ±1.0 | |



Note) Anti-rod rotation is required for actual operation.

Brake holding force

Load holding force while the power cylinder stops is generated more than the rated thrust, therefore, it can be used for holding load of the rated thrust.

This holding force is generated by the braking operation of the brake motor. The brake is of a spring braking type that always performs braking operation by spring force during stoppage, and brake torque has a holding force of 150% or more of the motor rated torque.

Stoppage

Unit: mm

This method operates and stops the brake by the limit switch or operation of the stop button, and allows for positioning on multi-stages such as the upper limit, lower limit and middle of the stroke. Coasting distance and stop accuracy vary depending on operating speed and load. When accurate positioning is required, low operation speed or brake individual turnoff is recommended. Take coasting distance into consideration to set the limit switch and the output stop signal. Reference values are shown in Table 3.

Coasting distance: This indicates a distance from a time when the limit switch or the stop button is operated until the cylinder stops.

This coasting distance varies depending on how the load is applied and the operation circuit.

Stop accuracy: This indicates variation of the stop position when stop is repeated.

- * When selecting the H speed, refer to the cautions for selecting on page 118.
- * Select a power cylinder of a sufficient thrust, allowing for a safety rate so that the loads used (static and dynamic) do not exceed the rated thrust.

Example of selection

Operation method : Opening degree adjustment type damper open/close (Stop at middle two points, press and stop at extend limit and retract limit)

2. Required thrust: 12.7kN {1300kgf}

3. Stroke: 600mm

4. Speed: 600mm/s for approximately 20 seconds

5. Frequency of operation: One reciprocation/10 minutes (6 reciprocations/hour)

6. Operating time: 10 hours/day, 250 days operation/year, durable years approximately 5 years

7. Characteristics of load: Operation with light impact, loaded when extend and retract

9. Power source: 220V 60Hz

<Determination of type>: With press and stop, internal stop \rightarrow Select TC type

<Determination of model No.>: 1. Operation factor : 1.3

2. Corrected thrust : 12.7kN $\{1300kgf\} \times 1.3 = 16.5kN \{1680kgf\}$

<Characteristics check>: 1. Number of starting times

● Number of starting: 2 times/10min < 4 times/min

●Load time ratio : $\frac{600}{30} \times 2$ 10×60 × 100 = 6.7% < 25%

2. Number of total press (pull) stop times : 2 times/1 reciprocation, durable years: 5 years (250 days/year) $2\times6\times10\times250\times5=15\times10^4$ times < 30 x 10⁴ times

<Life check>: 1. Annual traveling distance : 0.6×2×6 times/hour×10 hours/day×250 days/year×10⁻³=18km

2. Expected traveling life: 18km×5 years=90km

3. Equivalent load : $P_M = \frac{16.5 + 16.5 \times 2}{2} = 16.5 \text{kN } \{1680 \text{kgf}\}$

This calculated value satisfies the expected traveling life of LPTC 2000 according to the load-life diagram on page 90.

Selection 2

Table 4 Allowable mass in consideration of inertia at time of horizontal drive

| Power cylinder model | | | PTB PTC : 25 | 50 | LPTB LPTC : 500 | | 00 | LPTB LPTC: 1000 | | LPTB LPTC: 2000 | | 00 | LPTB : 4000 | | | |
|-------------------------|---|------|-----------------|-----|--------------------|------|-----|--------------------|------|--------------------|-------|------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | L | М | Н | L | М | Н | L | М | Н | L | М | Н | L | М | Н |
| Allowable mass | m | 4300 | 1500 | 850 | 5500 | 2650 | 950 | 10000 | 3200 | 2200 | 12300 | 8400 | 7100 | 31800 | 26000 | 16800 |

| Power cylinder model | | LP LP | TB TC : 60 | 00 | LP LP | TB TC : 80 | 00 | LP1 LP1 | · : 120 | 000 | LP1 LP1 | : 160 | 000 | LP1 LP1 | · : 320 | 000 |
|-------------------------|---|----------|---------------|-------|----------|---------------|-------|------------|---------|--------|------------|--------|--------|------------|---------|--------|
| model | | L | М | Н | L | М | Н | L | М | Н | L | М | Н | L | М | Н |
| Allowable mass | m | 73000 | 60000 | 39000 | 106000 | 69000 | 86000 | 271000 | 158000 | 200000 | 274000 | 344000 | 189000 | 1368000 | 761000 | 860000 |

Note) There is no problem with low speed S.

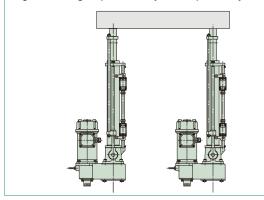
Selection 3

Multiple operation method

As shown in Fig. 2, transfer or elevation can be carried out by sharing load on some power cylinders.

This is because there is less speed fluctuation due to variation in load. For selection, pay attention to the items at the right.

Fig. 2 Linkage operation by some power cylinders



Control method

To start, turn on the power for all of the cylinders, and stop them with the limit switches installed on each power cylinder. When all of the cylinders are controlled with one limit switch, stroke error is accumulated, therefore, avoid controlling with one limit switch. For an example of the control circuit, refer to example of the multiple circuit (page 116).

Multiple accuracy

Variation in speed of each power cylinder during operation is generated due to variation in load, and is generally approximately 5%. For variation at stop, refer to the stop accuracy in Table 4. When synchronizing power cylinders, use the multi-series. (Page 124)

| Thrust per one culinder | Required thrust N {kgf} |
|---------------------------|--|
| Thrust per one cylinder = | Number of power cylinders to be used x Multiple factor |

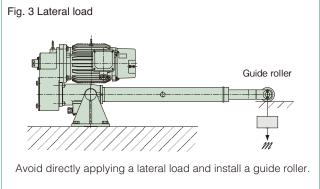
Table 5 Multiple factor

| Number of power cylinders used | 2 cylinders | 3 cylinders | 4 cylinders | 5 cylinders | 6 cylinders |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Multiple factor | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.55 | 0.5 |

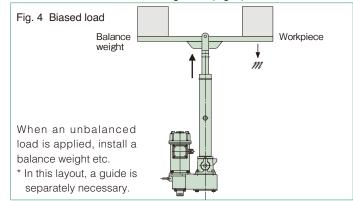
Cautions for layout

When the load is in the right angle direction (lateral load) or load of which direction is biased (biased load) is applied on the rod, take the following countermeasures.

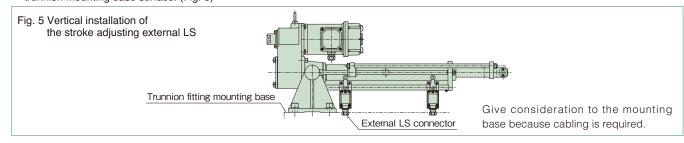
① Lateral load Install guide roller etc., on the rod part. (Fig. 3)

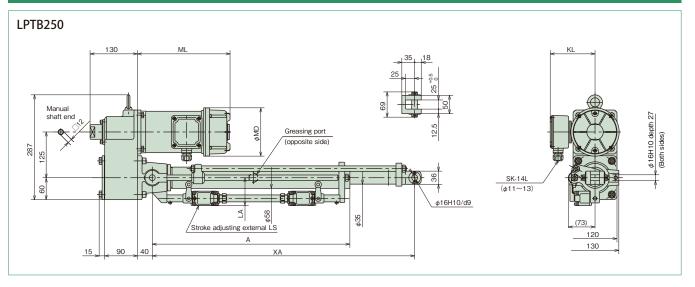


② Biased load Install balance weight etc. (Fig. 4)



- 3 Anti-rod rotation --- A rotating force is generated on the rod with thrust (page 87), therefore, prevent rotation on the equipment side.
- Vertical installation of stroke adjusting external LS (stroke 300mm or less) --- The connector portion of the external LS appears below the trunnion mounting base surface. (Fig. 5)





Unit: mm Motor kW Model LPTB250S 12.5/15 296 0.1 LPTB250L 25/30 132 231 125 LPTB250M 50/60 0.2 LPTB250H 100/120 0.4 253

| | | | | | Į | Jnit: mm |
|---------|--------|-------|-----|-----|------|----------|
| Nominal | Thrust | | Α | Х | 1.4 | |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | LA |
| 200 | | | 340 | 435 | 635 | 161 |
| 300 | | | 440 | 545 | 845 | 101 |
| 400 | 2.45 | 250 | 540 | 655 | 1055 | |
| 500 | | | 640 | 765 | 1265 | 76.5 |
| 600 | | | 740 | 870 | 1470 | |

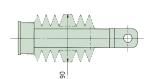
Approximate mass of main body

| Approximate mass of main body Un | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal stroke | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | | | | | | |
| LPTB250S | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | | | | | | |
| LPTB250L | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | | | | | | |
| LPTB250M | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | | | | | | |
| LPTB250H | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | | | | | | |

- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See 4) in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- 3. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options





■ I-type end fitting (- I) ■ Clevis fitting (- C)



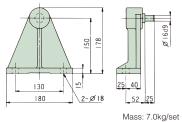
Ø16 H10

Note) Shipped as attached to the

°120 4-011 Ø16H10/d9 Mass: 1.7kg

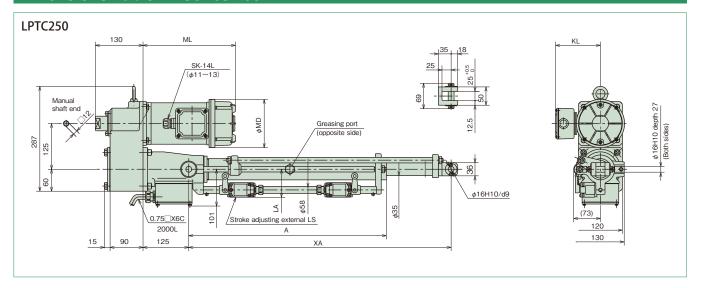
Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB500-T)



Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

main body.
The XA dimensions are the same as the standard U-type end fitting. * Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.



| | | | | U | nıt: mm |
|----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | KL |
| LPTC250S | 12.5/15 | 0.1 | | 296 | 125 |
| LPTC250L | 25/30 | 0.1 | 132 | 231 | |
| LPTC250M | 50/60 | 0.2 | 132 | | |
| LPTC250H | 100/120 | 0.4 | | 253 | |

Unit: mm

| Nominal | Thrust | | А | Х | LA | |
|---------|--------|-------|-----|-----|------|------|
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | LA |
| 200 | | | 340 | 435 | 635 | 161 |
| 300 | | 250 | 440 | 545 | 845 | 101 |
| 400 | 2.45 | | 540 | 655 | 1055 | |
| 500 | | | 640 | 765 | 1265 | 76.5 |
| 600 | | | 740 | 870 | 1470 | |

Approximate mass of main body

| Approximate | mass of me | iii boay | | | Unit: Kg |
|----------------------------|------------|----------|-----|-----|----------|
| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 |
| LPTC250S | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 |
| LPTC250L | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| LPTC250M | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| LPTC250H | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 |

- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See 4) in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- 3. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
- 6. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options



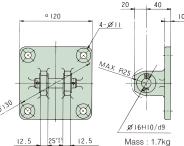
\blacksquare I-type end fitting (- I) \blacksquare Clevis fitting (- C)

25

Ø16 H10

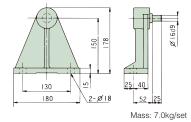
Note) Shipped as attached to the







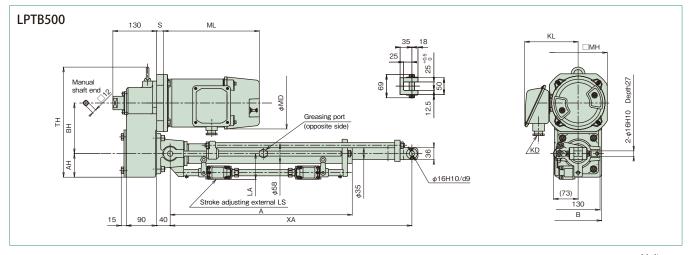
■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB500-T)



Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

main body.
The XA dimensions are the same as the standard U-type end fitting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.



Unit: mm Model KL МН mm/s 50/60H LPTB500S 12.5/15 65 231 SK-14L LPTB500L 25/30 0.2 132 125 120 60 125 287 120 12.5 20 10 130 25 16 25 40 LPTB500M 50/60 0.4 253 LPTB500H 100/120 0.75 180 289 A20C 170 70 150 327 20 140 15 30 25 12 140 31 20 166

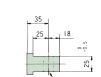
| Uni | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------|-------|-----|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal | Thi | ust | Α | Х | LA | | | | | |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | LA | | | | |
| 200 | | | 340 | 435 | 635 | 161 | | | | |
| 300 | | | 440 | 545 | 845 | 101 | | | | |
| 400 | 4.90 | 500 | 540 | 655 | 1055 | | | | | |
| 500 | 4.90 | 300 | 640 | 765 | 1265 | 76.5 | | | | |
| 600 | | | 740 | 870 | 1470 | 70.5 | | | | |
| 800 | | | 940 | 1090 | 1890 | | | | | |

| Approximate | l | Unit: kg | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 |
| LPTB500S | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 41 |
| LPTB500L | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 38 |
| LPTB500M | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 40 |
| LPTB500H | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 49 |
| | | | | | | |

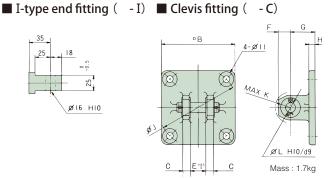
- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See 4) in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- 3. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

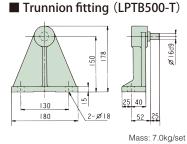
Options





Ø16 H10



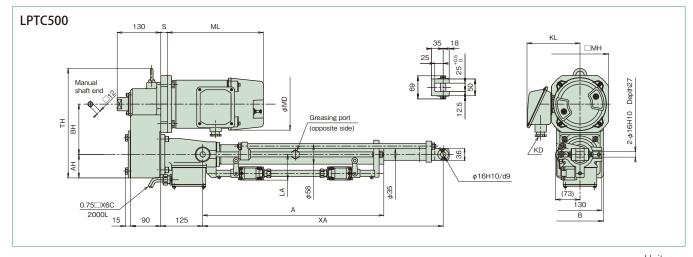


Note) Shipped as attached to the main body.
The XA dimensions are the same as the standard U-type end fitting.

Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.



| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Un | ıt: mm |
|----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|------|----|----|----|----|-----|----|--------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | KL | KD | МН | АН | ВН | тн | S | В | С | Е | F | G | Н | J | К | L |
| LPTC500S | 12.5/15 | 0.1 | | 231 | | | | | | | 65 | | | | | | | | | |
| LPTC500L | 25/30 | 0.2 | 132 | 231 | 125 | SK- 14L | 120 | 60 | 125 | 287 | _ | 120 | 12.5 | 25 | 20 | 40 | 10 | 130 | 25 | 16 |
| LPTC500M | 50/60 | 0.4 | | 253 | | | | | | | | | | | | 40 | | | | |
| LPTC500H | 100/120 | 0.75 | 180 | 289 | 166 | A20C | 170 | 70 | 150 | 327 | 20 | 140 | 15 | 30 | 25 | | 12 | 140 | 31 | 20 |

| Unit: mr | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------|-------|-----|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal | Thi | rust | Α | Х | LA | | | | | | | |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | ^ | MIN | MAX | LA | | | | | | |
| 200 | | | 340 | 435 | 635 | 161 | | | | | | |
| 300 | | | 440 | 545 | 845 | 101 | | | | | | |
| 400 | 4.90 | 500 | 540 | 655 | 1055 | | | | | | | |
| 500 | 4.90 | 300 | 640 | 765 | 1265 | 76.5 | | | | | | |
| 600 | | | 740 | 870 | 1470 | 70.5 | | | | | | |
| 800 | | | 940 | 1090 | 1890 | | | | | | | |

| Approximate mass of main body Unit: k | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 | | | | | |
| LPTC500S | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 45 | | | | | |
| LPTC500L | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 42 | | | | | |
| LPTC500M | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 44 | | | | | |
| LPTC500H | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 53 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | • | | | | | |

- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See 4) in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- 3. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
- 6. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.
- 7. The terminal box lead-out direction in this diagram is for the H speed.

For the S, L, and M speeds, the direction is the same as the LPTC250 type.

Options



■ I-type end fitting (- I) ■ Clevis fitting (- C)

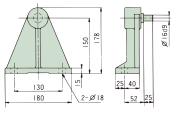
Ø16 H10



4-Ø11 ØL HI0/d9 Mass: 1.7kg

Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually,

■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB500-T)



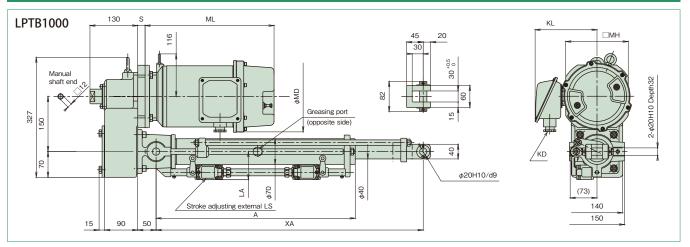
Mass: 7.0kg/set

Note) Shipped as attached to the main body.
The XA dimensions are the

consult us same as the standard U-type end fitting.

Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.



| | | | | | | | Uni | t: mm |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTB1000S | 12.5/15 | 0.2 | 132 | 231 | 125 | SK- | 120 | 65 |
| LPTB1000L | 25/30 | 0.4 | 132 | 253 | 123 | 14L | 120 | _ |
| LPTB1000M | 50/60 | 0.75 | 180 | 289 | 166 | A 20C | 170 | 20 |
| LPTB1000H | 100/120 | 1.5 | 194 | 351 | 178 | A20C | 170 | 20 |

| Un | | |
|----|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| Nominal | Thr | ust | А | Х | A | LA | |
|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|--|
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | LA | |
| 200 | | | 360 | 465 | 665 | 161 | |
| 300 | | | 460 | 575 | 875 | 101 | |
| 400 | 9.80 | 1000 | 560 | 685 | 1085 | | |
| 500 | 9.00 | 1000 | 660 | 795 | 1295 | | |
| 600 | | | 760 | 900 | 1500 | 76.5 | |
| 800 | | | 960 | 1120 | 1920 | | |
| 1000 | 7.84 | 800 | 1160 | 1340 | 2340 | | |

Approximate mass of main body

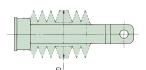
| U | nit: | kg |
|---|------|----|
|---|------|----|

| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1000 |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| LPTB1000S | 42 | 44 | 45 | 47 | 48 | 51 | 54 |
| LPTB1000L | 40 | 42 | 43 | 45 | 46 | 49 | 52 |
| LPTB1000M | 46 | 48 | 49 | 51 | 52 | 55 | 58 |
| LPTB1000H | 50 | 52 | 53 | 55 | 56 | 59 | 62 |
| LI IDIOCCII | 30 | 72 | - 55 | | 50 | 37 | 02 |

- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See 4) in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- 3. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options

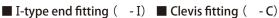




20

-0.5

Ø20 HI0



o 140

0

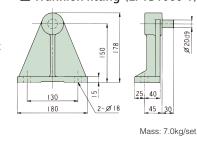


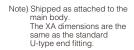
MAX RS

Ø20 HI0/d9,

Mass: 2.6kg

■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB1000-T)





Note) Shipped attached to the main body If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

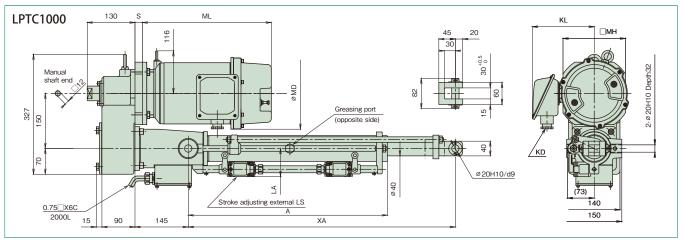
Ø

Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.

Mini series

Dimensions Table T Series 1000



| | | | | | | | Uni | t: mm |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTC1000S | 12.5/15 | 0.2 | 132 | 231 | 125 | SK- | 120 | 65 |
| LPTC1000L | 25/30 | 0.4 | 132 | 253 | 123 | 14L | 120 | _ |
| LPTC1000M | 50/60 | 0.75 | 180 | 289 | 166 | A 20C | 170 | 20 |
| LPTC1000H | 100/120 | 1.5 | 194 | 351 | 178 | A20C | 170 | 20 |

| | mn |
|--|----|
| | |

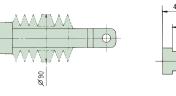
| Nominal | Th | rust | Α | Х | A | LA | |
|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|--|
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | LA | |
| 200 | | | 360 | 465 | 665 | 161 | |
| 300 | | | 460 | 575 | 875 | 101 | |
| 400 | 9.80 | 1000 | 560 | 685 | 1085 | | |
| 500 | 9.00 | 1000 | 660 | 795 | 1295 | | |
| 600 | | | 760 | 900 | 1500 | 76.5 | |
| 800 | | | 960 | 1120 | 1920 | 1 | |
| 1000 | 7.84 | 800 | 1160 | 1340 | 2340 | | |

| Approximate mass of main body | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | | | | |
| LPTC1000S | 48 | 50 | 51 | 53 | 54 | 57 | 60 | | | | |
| LPTC1000L | 46 | 48 | 49 | 51 | 52 | 55 | 58 | | | | |
| LPTC1000M | 52 | 54 | 55 | 57 | 58 | 61 | 64 | | | | |
| LPTC1000H | 56 | 58 | 59 | 61 | 62 | 65 | 68 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See 4 in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- 3. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
- 6. When the model of the TC type nominal stroke 1000mm is used, press and stop cannot be carried out near the maximum stroke in terms of buckling strength.
- 7. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options





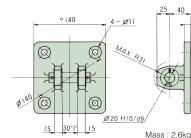
■ I-type end fitting (- I) ■ Clevis fitting (- C)

Note) Shipped as attached to the main body. The XA dimensions are the same as the standard U-type end fitting.

20

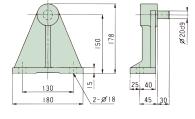


Ø20 HI0



Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

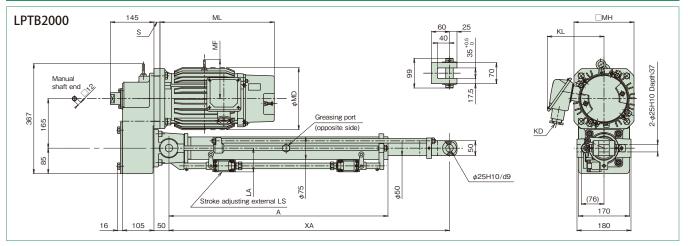
■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB1000-T)



Mass: 7.0kg/set

Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.



| | | | | | | | | Uni | t: mm |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | MF | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTB2000S | 12.5/15 | 0.4 | 132 | 253 | | 125 | SK- 14L | 120 | 70 |
| LPTB2000L | 25/30 | 0.75 | 180 | 289 | _ | 166 | A20C | 170 | |
| LPTB2000M | 50/60 | 1.5 | 194 | 351 | | 178 | AZUC | 170 | _ |
| LPTB2000H | 75/90 | 2.2 | 207 | 381 | 130 | 190 | A25C | 200 | 20 |

| | | | | | J | Jnit: mm |
|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|----------|
| Nominal | Thr | ʻust | Α | X | A | LA |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | А | MIN | MAX | LA |
| 200 | | | 400 | 520 | 720 | 164 |
| 300 | | | 500 | 630 | 930 | 104 |
| 400 | 19.6 | 2000 | 600 | 740 | 1140 | |
| 500 | 19.0 | 2000 | 700 | 850 | 1350 | |
| 600 | | | 800 | 955 | 1555 | 79 |
| 800 | | | 1000 | 1175 | 1975 | /9 |
| 1000 | 15.6 | 1600 | 1200 | 1395 | 2395 | |
| 1200 | 12.2 | 1250 | 1400 | 1615 | 2815 | |

| Approximate mass of main body Un | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|--|--|
| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | | |
| LPTB2000S | 56 | 58 | 60 | 62 | 64 | 68 | 72 | 76 | | |
| LPTB2000L | 55 | 57 | 59 | 61 | 63 | 67 | 71 | 75 | | |
| LPTB2000M | 59 | 61 | 63 | 65 | 67 | 71 | 75 | 79 | | |
| LPTB2000H | 70 | 72 | 74 | 76 | 78 | 82 | 86 | 90 | | |

- This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See ④ in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

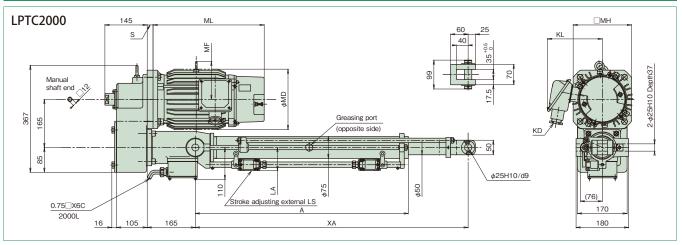
Options ■ Bellows (- J) ■ I-type end fitting (- I) ■ Clevis fitting (- C) ■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB2000-T) 60 40 70 MAX R36 Ø25 HI0 200 Ø25 H10/d9, Mass: 9.2kg/set Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting. Note) Shipped as attached to the main body. The XA dimensions are the Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

* Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.

same as the standard U-type end fitting.

Mini series

Dimensions Table T Series 2000



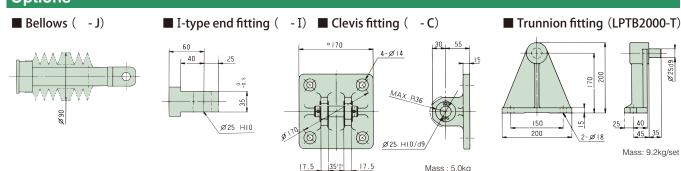
| | | | | | | | | Unit | t: mm |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|------|-------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | MF | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTC2000S | 12.5/15 | 0.4 | 132 | 253 | | 125 | SK- 14L | 120 | 70 |
| LPTC2000L | 25/30 | 0.75 | 180 | 289 | _ | 166 | A20C | 170 | |
| LPTC2000M | 50/60 | 1.5 | 194 | 351 | | 178 | AZUC | 170 | _ |
| LPTC2000H | 75/90 | 2.2 | 207 | 381 | 130 | 190 | A25C | 200 | 20 |

| | | | | | l | Jnit: mm | | | | |
|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|----------|-----|-----|------|----|
| Nominal | Thi | rust | Α | Х | A | LA | | | | |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | , A | MIN | MAX | LA | | | | |
| 200 | | | 400 | 520 | 720 | 164 | | | | |
| 300 | | | 500 | 630 | 930 | 104 | | | | |
| 400 | 19.6 | 2000 | 600 | 740 | 1140 | | | | | |
| 500 | 19.0 | 2000 | 700 | 850 | 1350 | | | | | |
| 600 | | | | | | | 800 | 955 | 1555 | 79 |
| 800 | | | 1000 | 1175 | 1975 | /9 | | | | |
| 1000 | 15.6 | 1600 | 1200 | 1395 | 2395 | | | | | |
| 1200 | 12.2 | 1250 | 1400 | 1615 | 2815 | | | | | |

| Approximate mass of main body Unit | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|--|--|--|
| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | | | |
| LPTC2000S | 64 | 66 | 68 | 70 | 72 | 76 | 80 | 84 | | | |
| LPTC2000L | 63 | 65 | 67 | 69 | 71 | 75 | 79 | 83 | | | |
| LPTC2000M | 67 | 69 | 71 | 73 | 75 | 79 | 83 | 87 | | | |
| LPTC2000H | 78 | 80 | 82 | 84 | 86 | 90 | 94 | 98 | | | |

- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See 4) in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- 3. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
- 6. When the model of the TC type nominal stroke 1000 or 1200mm is used, press $\,$ and stop cannot be carried out near the maximum stroke in terms of buckling
- 7. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options



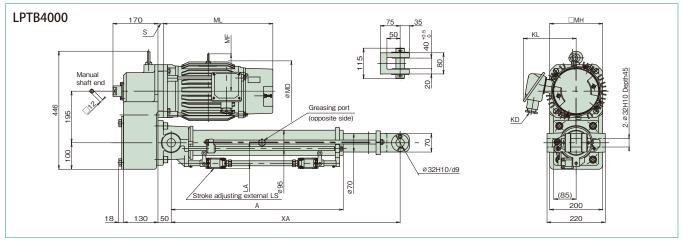
Note) Shipped as attached to the main body.

The XA dimensions are the same as the standard U-type end fitting.

Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.



| | | | | | | | | Uni | t: mm |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | MF | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTB4000S | 9/11 | 0.75 | 180 | 289 | | 166 | A20C | 170 | 90 |
| LPTB4000L | 25/30 | 1.5 | 194 | 351 | | 178 | AZUC | 170 | _ |
| LPTB4000M | 35/42 | 2.2 | 207 | 381 | 130 | 190 | A25C | 200 | 20 |
| LPTB4000H | 60/72 | 3.7 | 229 | 414 | 141 | 201 | AZOC | 200 | 20 |

| | | | | | Į | Jnit: mm | |
|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|----------|--|
| Nominal | Thi | rust | Α | Х | A | LA | |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | LA | |
| 200 | | | 440 | 585 | 785 | 182 | |
| 300 | | | 550 | 695 | 995 | 102 | |
| 400 | | İ | 650 | 805 | 1205 | | |
| 500 | 39.2 | 4000 | 750 | 910 | 1410 | | |
| 600 | 39.2 | 4000 | 850 | 1020 | 1620 | | |
| 800 | | | 1050 | 1235 | 2035 | 97.5 | |
| 1000 | | | 1250 | 1450 | 2450 | | |
| 1200 | | | 1450 | 1670 | 2870 | | |
| 1500 | 33.3 | 3400 | 1750 | 1995 | 3495 | | |
| 1500 | 33.3 | 3400 | 1/30 | 1995 | 3493 | | |

| Approximate mass of main body Unit: I | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | 1500 |
| LPTB4000S | 90 | 94 | 97 | 101 | 104 | 111 | 118 | 125 | 136 |
| LPTB4000L | 87 | 91 | 94 | 98 | 101 | 108 | 115 | 122 | 133 |
| LPTB4000M | 97 | 101 | 104 | 108 | 111 | 118 | 125 | 132 | 143 |
| LPTB4000H | 116 | 120 | 123 | 127 | 130 | 137 | 144 | 151 | 162 |

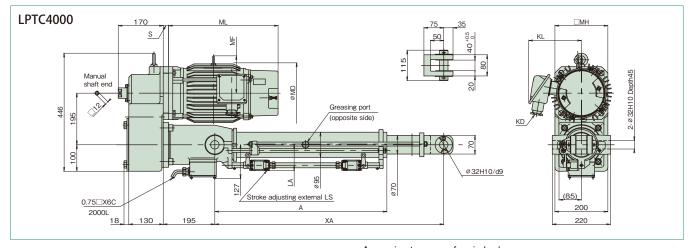
- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See ④ in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options ■ I-type end fitting (- I) ■ Clevis fitting (- C) ■ Bellows (- J) ■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB4000-T) 90 40 Ø 120 Ø32 HI0 20 2-Ø22 240 J Ø32HI0/d9 Mass: 16.4kg/set Mass: 9.5kg 20 Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting. Note) Shipped as attached to the Note) Shipped attached to the main body. main body. The XA dimensions are the same as the standard U-type end fitting. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.

Mini series

Dimensions Table T Series 4000



| | | | | | | | | Unit | : mm | |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|---|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | MF | KL | KD | МН | S | |
| LPTC4000S | 9/11 | 0.75 | 180 | 289 | | 166 | A20C | 170 | 90 | |
| LPTC4000L | 25/30 | 1.5 | 194 | 351 | 17 | | 178 | AZUC | 170 | _ |
| LPTC4000M | 35/42 | 2.2 | 207 | 381 | 130 | 190 | 1250 | 200 | 20 | |
| LPTC4000H | 60/72 | 3.7 | 229 | 414 | 141 | 201 | A25C | 200 | 20 | |

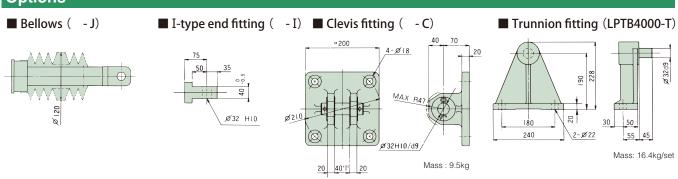
| | | | | | l | Jnit: mm | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|----------|--|---|--|--|--|------|------|------|------|
| Nominal | Thr | ʻust | ۸ | Х | A | LA | | | | | | | | | |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | LA | | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | | | 440 | 585 | 785 | 182 | | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | | | 550 | 695 | 995 | 182 | | | | | | | | | |
| 400 | | | 650 | 805 | 1205 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 500 | 39.2 | 4000 | 750 | 910 | 1410 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 600 | 39.2 | 4000 | 850 | 1020 | 1620 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 800 | | | | | [| | | [| | | | 1050 | 1235 | 2035 | 97.5 |
| 1000 | | | 1250 | 1450 | 2450 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1200 | | | 1450 | 1670 | 2870 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1500 | 33.3 | 3400 | 1750 | 1995 | 3495 | | | | | | | | | | |

| Approximate mass | of ma | ın boc | ly | | | |
|------------------|-------|--------|-----|-----|-----|----|
| Nominal stroke | 200 | 200 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 01 |

| Nominal stroke Model | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | 1500 |
|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| LPTC4000S | 105 | 109 | 112 | 116 | 119 | 126 | 133 | 140 | 151 |
| LPTC4000L | 102 | 106 | 109 | 113 | 116 | 123 | 130 | 137 | 148 |
| LPTC4000M | 112 | 116 | 119 | 123 | 126 | 133 | 140 | 147 | 158 |
| LPTC4000H | 131 | 135 | 138 | 142 | 145 | 152 | 159 | 166 | 177 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.
- 2. If the stroke is 300mm or less and a limit switch for stroke adjustment is equipped, the limit switch is vertically mounted. Note that the LA dimension becomes larger. (See 4) in Cautions for layout on page 92.)
- 3. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 4. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 5. Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
- 6. When the model of the TC type nominal stroke 1500mm is used, press and stop cannot be carried out near the maximum stroke in terms of buckling strength.
- 7. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options



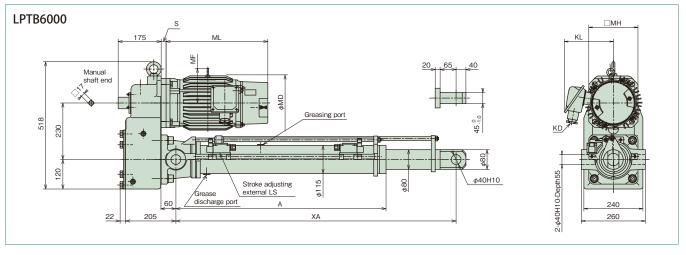
Note) Shipped as attached to the

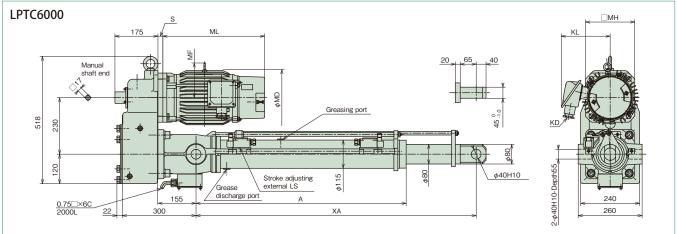
main body.
The XA dimensions are the same as the standard U-type end fitting.

Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.





| | | | | | | | | Unit | : mm |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | MF | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTB6000S LPTC6000S | 6.3/7.6 | 0.75 | 180 | 289 | _ | 166 | A 20C | 170 | 90 |
| LPTB6000L LPTC6000L | 17.5/21 | 1.5 | 194 | 351 | _ | 178 | A20C | | _ |
| LPTB6000M LPTC6000M | 25/30 | 2.2 | 207 | 381 | 130 | 190 | A25C | 200 | 20 |
| LPTB6000H LPTC6000H | 42/50 | 3.7 | 229 | 414 | 141 | 201 | | | 20 |

| Unit: mm | | | | | | |
|----------|------|-------|------|------|------|--|
| Nominal | Thr | ust | ۸ | XA | | |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | |
| 500 | | 6000 | 855 | 1010 | 1510 | |
| 1000 | 58.8 | | 1355 | 1560 | 2560 | |
| 1500 | | | 1955 | 2210 | 3710 | |

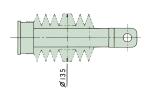
| Approximate mass of main body Unit: kg | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal stroke | 500 | 1000 | 1500 | | | | | |
| LPTB6000S | 143 | 168 | 193 | | | | | |
| LPTC6000S | 165 | 190 | 215 | | | | | |
| LPTB6000L | 151 | 176 | 201 | | | | | |
| LPTC6000L | 173 | 198 | 223 | | | | | |
| LPTB6000M | 157 | 182 | 207 | | | | | |
| LPTC6000M | 179 | 204 | 229 | | | | | |
| LPTB6000H | 172 | 197 | 222 | | | | | |
| LPTC6000H | 194 | 219 | 244 | | | | | |

- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke
- 2. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the
- nominal stroke.

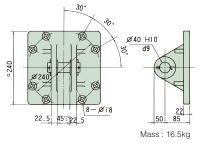
 3. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 4. Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
- 5. When the model of the TC type nominal stroke 1500mm is used, press and stop cannot be carried out near the maximum stroke in terms of buckling strength.
- 6. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page $11\bar{5}$.

Options

■ Bellows (- J)

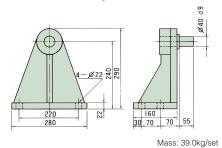


■ Clevis fitting (- C)



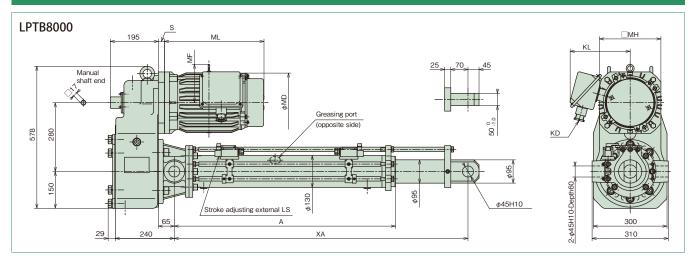
Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

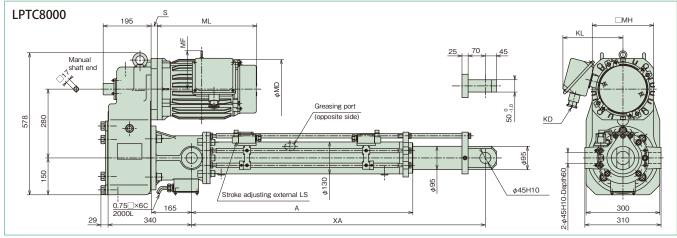
■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB6000-T)



Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.





| | | | | | | | | Unit | :: mm |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | MF | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTB8000S LPTC8000S | 10/12 | 1.5 | 194 | 351 | _ | 178 | A20C | 170 | 137 |
| LPTB8000L LPTC8000L | 20/24 | 2.2 | 207 | 381 | 130 | 190 | | 200 | _ |
| LPTB8000M LPTC8000M | 30/36 | 3.7 | 229 | 414 | 141 | 201 | A25C | | _ |
| LPTB8000H LPTC8000H | 43/52 | 5.5 | 265 | 403 | 156 | 245 | | 250 | 25 |

| Unit: mm | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------|-------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| Nominal | Thr | ust | ۸ | XA | | | | |
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | | | |
| 500 | | | 900 | 1065 | 1565 | | | |
| 1000 | 78.4 | 8000 | 1400 | 1615 | 2615 | | | |
| 1500 | | | 1900 | 2165 | 3665 | | | |

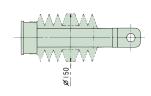
Approximate mass of main hody

| Approximate mass of m | Approximate mass of main body Unit: kg | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal stroke | 500 | 1000 | 1500 | | | | | |
| LPTB8000S | 224 | 254 | 284 | | | | | |
| LPTC8000S | 254 | 284 | 314 | | | | | |
| LPTB8000L | 212 | 242 | 272 | | | | | |
| LPTC8000L | 242 | 272 | 302 | | | | | |
| LPTB8000M | 230 | 260 | 290 | | | | | |
| LPTC8000M | 260 | 290 | 320 | | | | | |
| LPTB8000H | 241 | 271 | 301 | | | | | |
| LPTC8000H | 271 | 301 | 331 | | | | | |

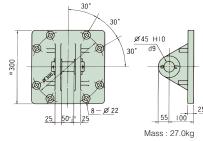
- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke
- 2. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 3. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
 When the model of the TC type nominal stroke 1500mm is used, press and stop cannot be carried out near the maximum stroke in terms of buckling strength.
- 6. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options



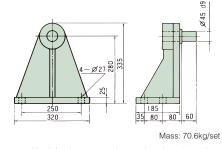


■ Clevis fitting (- C)



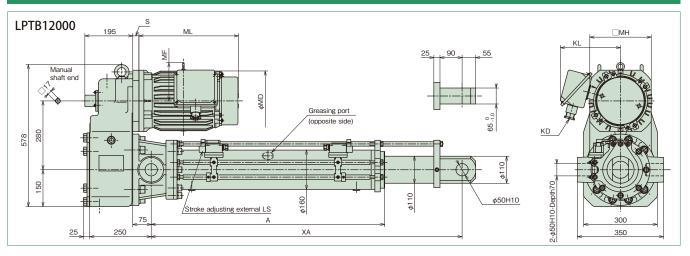
Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

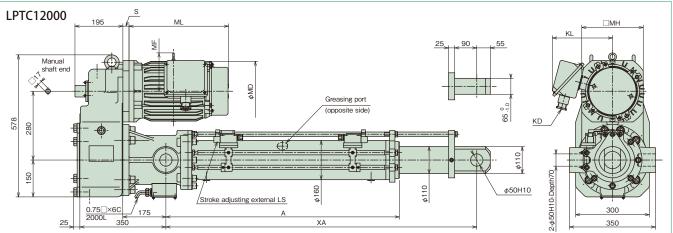
■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB8000-T)



Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.





| | | | | | | | | Uni | t: mm |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | MF | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTB12000L LPTC12000L | 10/12 | 2.2 | 207 | 381 | 130 | 190 | | 200 | 145 |
| LPTB12000M LPTC12000M | 18/22 | 3.7 | 229 | 414 | 141 | 201 | A25C | 250 | 145 |
| LPTB12000H | 30/36 | 5.5 | 265 | 403 | 156 | 245 | | 250 | 25 |

| Unit: mm | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| ust | Λ. | XA | | | | | | |
| {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX | | | | | |
| | 950 | 1135 | 1635 | | | | | |
| 12000 | 1450 | 1685 | 2685 | | | | | |
| 12000 | 1950 | 2235 | 3735 | | | | | |

2785

4785

2450

| Approximate n | nass of | main | body |
|---------------|---------|------|------|
|---------------|---------|------|------|

| Offic. | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| Nominal stroke | 500 | 1000 | 1500 | 2000 | | | |
| LPTB12000L | 270 | 312 | 354 | 396 | | | |
| LPTC12000L | 309 | 351 | 393 | 435 | | | |
| LPTB12000M | 285 | 327 | 369 | 411 | | | |
| LPTC12000M | 324 | 366 | 408 | 450 | | | |
| LPTB12000H | 295 | 337 | 379 | 421 | | | |
| LPTC12000H | 334 | 376 | 418 | 460 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

I Init · kø

- This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.
- Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 3. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 4. Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
- When the model of the TC type nominal stroke 2000mm is used, press and stop cannot be carried out near the maximum stroke in terms of buckling strength.
- 6. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page $11\bar{5}$.

Options

Nominal

stroke

500

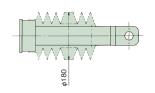
1000

1500

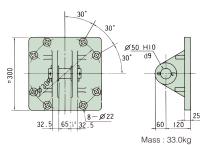
2000

■ Bellows (- J)

117



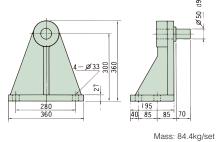
■ Clevis fitting (- C)



Note) Shipped attached to the main body.

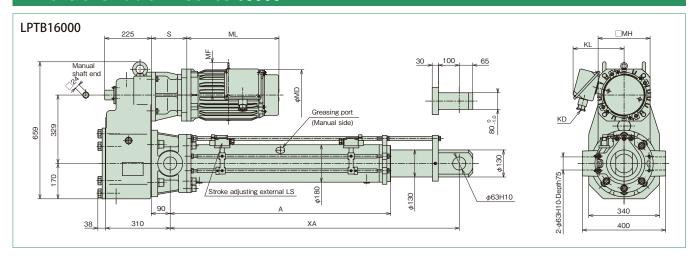
If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

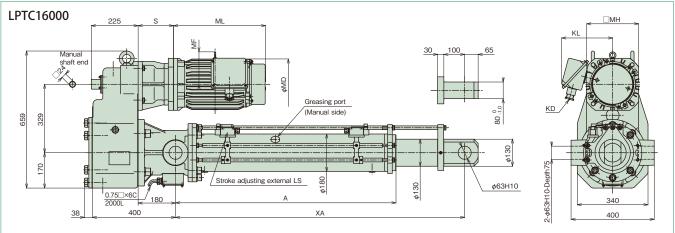
■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB12000-T)



Mass: 84.4kg/ Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.





| | | | | | | | | Uni | t: mm |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|
| Model | Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | Motor kW | MD | ML | MF | KL | KD | МН | S |
| LPTB16000L LPTC16000L | 14.5/17.5 | 3.7 | 229 | 414 | 141 | 201 | | | 145 |
| LPTB16000M LPTC16000M | 20/24 | 5.5 | 265 | 403 | 156 | 245 | A25C | 250 | 170 |
| LPTB16000H LPTC16000H | 31/37 | 7.5 | 265 | 441 | 156 | 245 | | | 170 |

| l | Init: | mm |
|---|-------|----|

| Nominal | Thrust | | ۸ | XA | |
|---------|--------|---------|------|------|------|
| stroke | kN | {kgf} | A | MIN | MAX |
| 500 | | 6 16000 | 1060 | 1260 | 1760 |
| 1000 | 156 | | 1560 | 1810 | 2810 |
| 1500 | | | 2060 | 2360 | 3860 |
| 2000 | | | 2560 | 2910 | 4910 |

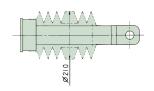
Approximate mass of main body

| Approximate mass of main body | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| 500 | 1000 | 1500 | 2000 | |
| 469 | 525 | 581 | 637 | |
| 518 | 574 | 630 | 686 | |
| 480 | 536 | 592 | 648 | |
| 529 | 585 | 641 | 697 | |
| 490 | 546 | 602 | 658 | |
| 539 | 595 | 651 | 707 | |
| | 500 469 518 480 529 490 | 500 1000 469 525 518 574 480 536 529 585 490 546 | 500 1000 1500 469 525 581 518 574 630 480 536 592 529 585 641 490 546 602 | |

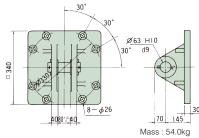
- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.
- 2. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 3. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 4. Use TC type model in brake individual turnoff.
- 5. When the model of the TC type nominal stroke 2000mm is used, press and stop cannot be carried out near the maximum stroke in terms of buckling strength.
- 6. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page $11\bar{5}$.

Options

■ Bellows (- J)



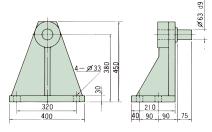
■ Clevis fitting (- C)



Note) Shipped attached to the main body.

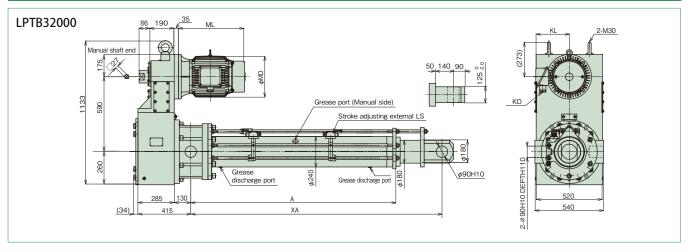
If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

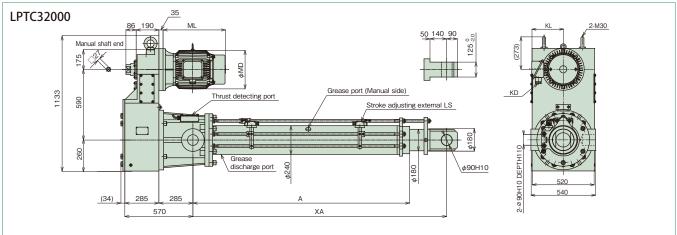
■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB16000-T)



Mass: 124.6kg/set Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.





| Ur | | | | | | nit: mm | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------|---------------------|-----|------|---------|--------|------|
| Model | Thrust | | Nominal speed Motor | MD | ML | KL | KD | |
| | kN | {kgf} | mm/s | kW | ואוט | IVIL | NL | עע |
| LPTB32000L LPTC32000L | | | 10/12 | 5.5 | 265 | 403 | 245 | A25C |
| LPTB32000M LPTC32000M | 313 | 32000 | 15/18 | 7.5 | 265 | 441 | 41 245 | A25C |
| LPTB32000H LPTC32000H | | | 20/24 | 11 | 324 | 519 | 263 | A30B |

| Unit: r | nm |
|---------|----|
|---------|----|

| Nominal | А | XA | | |
|---------|------|------|------|--|
| stroke | A | MIN | MAX | |
| 500 | 1315 | 1575 | 2075 | |
| 1000 | 1815 | 2125 | 3125 | |
| 1500 | 2315 | 2675 | 4175 | |
| 2000 | 2815 | 3225 | 5225 | |

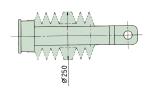
Approximate mass of main body

| Approximate mass of ma | Unit: kg | | | |
|------------------------|----------|------|------|------|
| Nominal stroke | 500 | 1000 | 1500 | 2000 |
| LPTB32000L | 1215 | 1313 | 1411 | 1509 |
| LPTC32000L | 1305 | 1403 | 1501 | 1599 |
| LPTB32000M | 1225 | 1323 | 1421 | 1519 |
| LPTC32000M | 1315 | 1413 | 1511 | 1609 |
| LPTB32000H | 1294 | 1392 | 1490 | 1588 |
| LPTC32000H | 1384 | 1482 | 1580 | 1678 |
| | | | | |

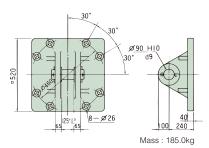
- 1. This diagram shows a power cylinder with an external limit switch for stroke
- 2. Mechanical stroke has a margin of approximately 10mm on both sides for the nominal stroke.
- 3. For the cylinder with bellows, the stroke will also not change.
- 4. For connector part dimensions of the motor terminal box, refer to page 115.

Options

■ Bellows (- J)

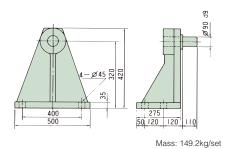


■ Clevis fitting (- C)



Note) Shipped attached to the main body. If it needs to be shipped individually, consult us.

■ Trunnion fitting (LPTB32000-T)



Note) Apply grease to the trunnion pin and trunnion hole before mounting.

^{*} Dimensions with no tolerance described have general tolerance, and their sizes become larger by approximately 2 to 5mm from the described dimensions. When designing the machine, take the margin into consideration.

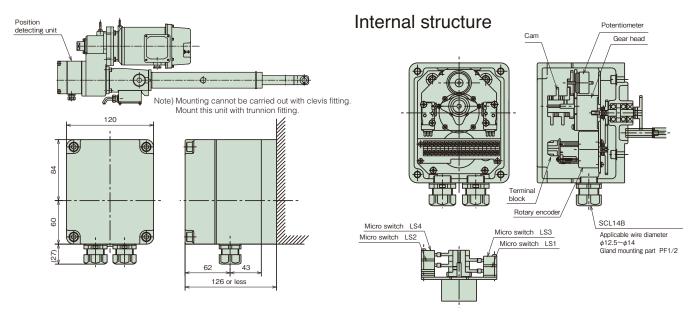
Position detecting unit

The following three types of position detecting devices can be built in as your requested.

1. Position detecting internal limit switch (with two or four switches)

2. Potentiometer

3. Rotary encoder

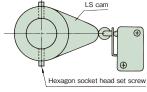


| Mass of positiona | Unit: kg | |
|-------------------|----------|--|
| Frame no. | Mass | |
| T500 | 7.3 | |
| T1000 | 7.6 | |
| T2000 | 8.0 | |
| T4000 | 9.0 | |
| T6000 | 12.2 | |
| T8000 | 13.3 | |
| T12000 | 13.3 | |
| T16000 | 14.5 | |

1. Position detecting internal limit switch (with two or four switches)

- With two switches (symbol K2) ······· Layout of micro switches LS1 and LS2 in the previous diagram
- With four switches (symbol K4) · · · · · · Layout of micro switches LS₁, LS₂, LS₃ and LS₄ in the previous diagram

| | Option symbol | Applicatio | Micro switch specification | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | LSF LS 1 | Extend: External press stop, position detecting | Model Electric | D2VW-5L2A-1M (OMRON) Equivalent 250V AC 4A (cos=0.7) | |
| Position detecting internal LS | K2 | LS2 LS1 LS2 LSF LS2 LSF | Retract: Determined position stop Both ends determined position stop Both ends external press stop, position detection | configuration Contact configuration | 1C | |
| Position detecting internal LS | K4 | LS3 LSF LS1 LS1 LS1 LS1 LS2 LS4 LS3 LSF LS2 LS4 LS4 LS4 LS7 | Extend: Middle determined position stop External press stop, position detection Retract: Two-determined position stop For both extend and retract: External press stop, position detection Middle determined position stop | Note) In the table at the left | For terminal No., refer to page 110. Stops with operation of the microswitch for thrust detection. Stops with operation of the microswitch for position detection. Detects position with operation of the microswitch for position detection. | |



<Setting of LS>

For adjustment of the operating position, operate the power cylinder to adjust the LS cam. Loosen the hexagon socket head set screws (2 pieces) on the LS cam with a hexagon bar wrench (nominal 1.5).

Position detecting unit

2. Potentiometer

This is a variable resistor to output electric signals depending on the stroke amount of the cylinder. Use this unit in combination with a printed board and a stroke indication meter. Resistance values according to the model have been adjusted before shipment.

Separately request preset values according to the model as they are described in the position detecting unit specification drawing. Pay strict attention to handling because correspondence between the stroke position and the resistance value will deviate by rotating the rod of the power cylinder.

| | Potentiometer specifications | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | CP-30 or equivalent | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | SAKAE TSUSHIN KOGYO CO., LTD. | | | | | | | |
| Total resistance value | ce 1kΩ | | | | | | | |
| Rated power 0.75W | | | | | | | | |
| Dielectric strength | 1000V AC 1min. | | | | | | | |
| Effective electric degree | 355°±5° | | | | | | | |
| Effective mechanical degree | 360° endless | | | | | | | |
| Connection | Connected to terminal block in position detecting unit | | | | | | | |
| F | P1 | | | | | | | |
| P | P2 | | | | | | | |
| Cylinder i | rod retract Cylinder rod extend | | | | | | | |

3. Rotary encoder

| Rotary encoder specifications | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | TS5305N251 | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | Tamagawa Seiki Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | |
| Output pulse number | 600P/R | | | | | | | |
| Output waveform | 90° phase difference two-phase square wave + home position output | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | H Note 1) | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | L 1V or less Note 1) | | | | | | | |
| Power supply | 5∼24V DC | | | | | | | |

Output connection

| Signal 1 | Signal 2 | Signal Z | +5V to 24V | OV | Case |
|----------|----------|----------|------------|------|------|
| (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) |

Figures in parentheses indicate terminal No.

The output signal of the standard specification is of an incremental type, however, an absolute type is also available.

The output type in standard specifications is open collector.

If voltage output type is required, see (Note 1) below.

If the specification of line driver output is required, contact us.

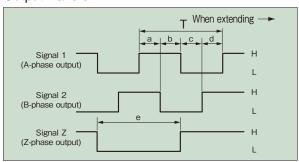
Note 1) Due to the open collector output, output signals are obtained when the pull-up resistor is connected

Signal 1 and signal 2 are output voltages of H "(power supply voltage – 1)V or more" and L "1V or less."

For the Z-phase, negative logic applies.

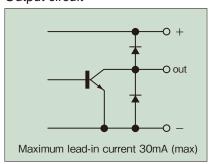
<Reference resistance values> 5V: 220 Ω , 12V: 470 Ω , 24V: 1k Ω

Output waveform



a. b. c.
$$d = T/4 \pm T/8$$
 $T/2 \le e \le 3T/2$

Output circuit



- * Best suited to controlling the stroke by a sequencer or programmable controller, etc.
- More accurate positioning control is possible in combination with motor speed control by an inverter, etc.
- ① The standard products incorporate an incremental type encoder.
- ② The rotary encoder has been set to output 10 pulse per stroke of 1mm.
- ③ It is possible to set an accurate home position of the machine in combination with a limit switch because home position output is read out every 600 pulses.
- Do not apply vibration or impact to the rotary encoder because it is precision equipment.
- ⑤ Use shield wire for wiring to the rotary encoder.
- ⑥ As a guide for the distance between the rotary encoder and control panel, a collector current of 20mA should be able to be transmitted approximately 50m (12V pull-up).

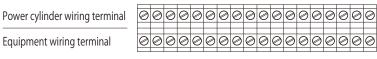
For distances other than the above, consult with us.

Position detecting unit

Wire connection in position detecting unit

Use terminals provided in the unit for wire connection to the position detecting internal limit switch, potentiometer and rotary encoder. COM on the internal LS means common use. (internally wire-connected)

Use shield wire for wiring to the rotary encoder.



Terminal No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18

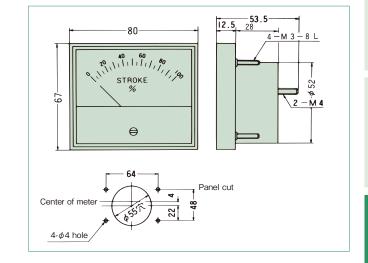
| Option | | Internal LS (K2, K4) | | | | | | | | Potentiometer Rotary encoder | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----|----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|---------|----|------|
| Symbol | LS | VI. | LS | 52 | LS | 53 | LS | 54 | Common use | | Р | | | | | 3 | | |
| Contact | a | b | a | b | a | b | a | b | С | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | Z | +5V~24V | 0V | Case |
| Terminal No. | 18 | 17 | 5 | 6 | 16 | 15 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |

Control option

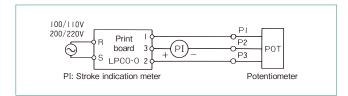
Stroke indication meter

| Model | RM-80B(100μA DC) or equivalent |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Grade | JIS C 1102 2.5 class |
| Appearance | Frame•black |
| Scale specifications | Full stroke indicated by 100% |

- Special scale and wide angle gauge are also available at your request.
 When you want to express scale in other than percentage, indicate this to us.
- 2. Whom you want to express sould in an persontage, maloate this t

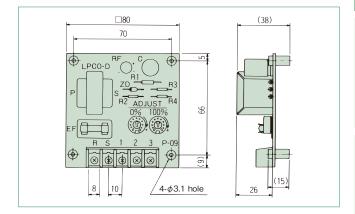


Printed board



Adjust the meter with an ADJUST volume on the printed board. Do not make a mistake with the stroke indication meter +, - . Replace the terminals 1 and 2 on the print board to set the indication meter to 100% when the stroke is MIN.

Model LPCO-D1 (Operation power source 100/110V 50/60Hz) LPCO-D2 (Operation power source 200/220V 50/60Hz)



^{*} A separate printed board is also required.

Control option

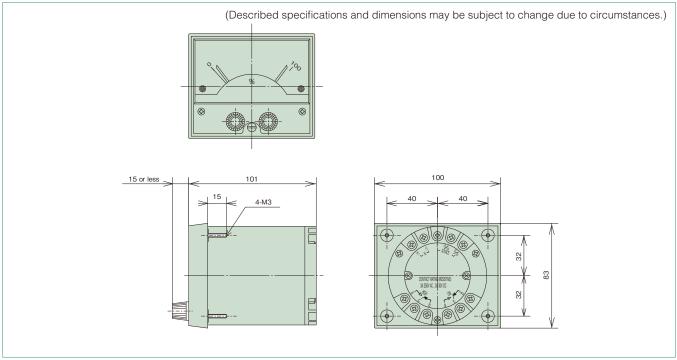
Meter relay

Used for simple adjustment of stroke on the operation panel.

Iron panel installation is standard. Separately indicate to us when installing an aluminum panel.

Note) For using 4 - 20mA output, designate as "for 4 - 20mA output."

| Meter relay specifications | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model number | NRC-100HL (TSURUGA) or equivalent product | | | | | | |
| Class | JIS C 1102 2.5 class | | | | | | |
| Appearance | Frame • Black | | | | | | |
| Scale | Full stroke indicated by 100% | | | | | | |
| Power source | 100/100V AC, 200/220V AC 50/60Hz | | | | | | |
| Input | 100 μ A DC maximum | | | | | | |
| Output contact | 1C for both HIGH, LOW sides | | | | | | |
| configuration | (refer to the following Fig.) | | | | | | |
| Contact capacity | 250V AC 3A ($\cos \varphi = 1$) | | | | | | |



The main body of the power cylinder is provided with a potentiometer.

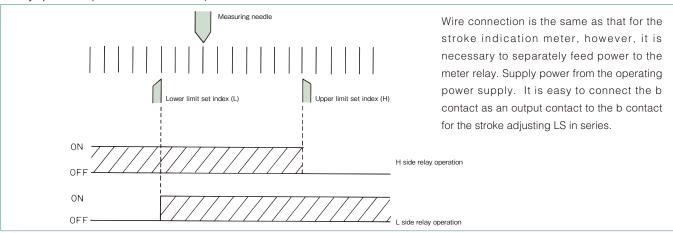
The phase of a stroke deviates if the rod is rotated before installation. Therefore, cylinders with a stroke adjusting limit switch are recommended.

Pre-set minimum and maximum strokes to be used with the stroke adjusting limit switch, then use the meter relay.

<Print board>

This is the same as the print board for the stroke indication meter.

<Relay operation> (In the case of b contact)



Shock relay

Our highly reliable shock relay is recommended as an electric safety device for the power cylinder of the TB type. For details, refer to the "TSUBAKI E&M electric overload protection devices shock monitor shock relay catalogue."

^{*} A separate printed board is also required.

Stroke control for power cylinder

There are various methods of positioning control for the power cylinder. Positioning accuracy greatly varies depending on the speed of the power cylinder, the size of the load, the size of a load inertia, the operating direction (vertical, horizontal) and the wire connection method for the brake. Control methods may be limited depending on the operating condition. As such, what methods there are will be conceptually described here.

Limit switch method

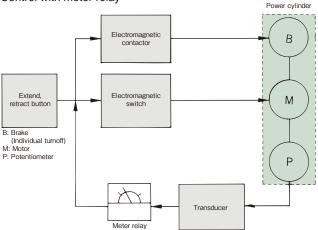
- ① With stroke adjusting limit switch · · · · · Positioning of stroke upper and lower limit
- ② With position detecting limit switch·····Intermediate positioning Accuracy generally increases with lower cylinder speed.
- ③ Press (pull) stop (Thrust detecting limit switch for T series TC type is used.)

This is a method that stoppers are mechanically provided on both ends of a stroke used for equipment driven by the power cylinder, and press, pull stop are carried out, and then a thrust detecting limit switch for the power cylinder is used. The stroke is mechanically regulated by the stoppers, therefore, accurate positioning is possible.

Method with potentiometer

This method is convenient when you want to change the stroke of the power cylinder on the control side. Accuracy generally increases as the cylinder speed decreases. For the power cylinder body, the method with a stroke adjusting limit switch is recommended to prevent stroke over.

Control with meter relay



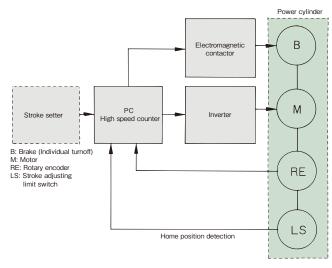
Method with rotary encoder (RE)

This method controls stroke by a programmable controller (PC). Use the PC with a counter. Use a limit switch to detect home position. (For the power cylinder body, the method with a stroke adjusting limit switch is recommended.)

Direct control method Power cylinder Electromagnetic contactor Stroke setter High speed counter Electromagnetic switch M Electromagnetic switch M RE: Rotary encoder LS: Stroke adjusting external limit switch Home position detection LS

With this method, when OFF signals for the motor and the brake are not simultaneously outputted from the PC, and OFF signal for the motor is outputted earlier, the cylinder coasts while decelerating. Highly accurate positioning is possible because the power cylinder operates at a low speed such as output of an operation signal for the brake just before the stop position.

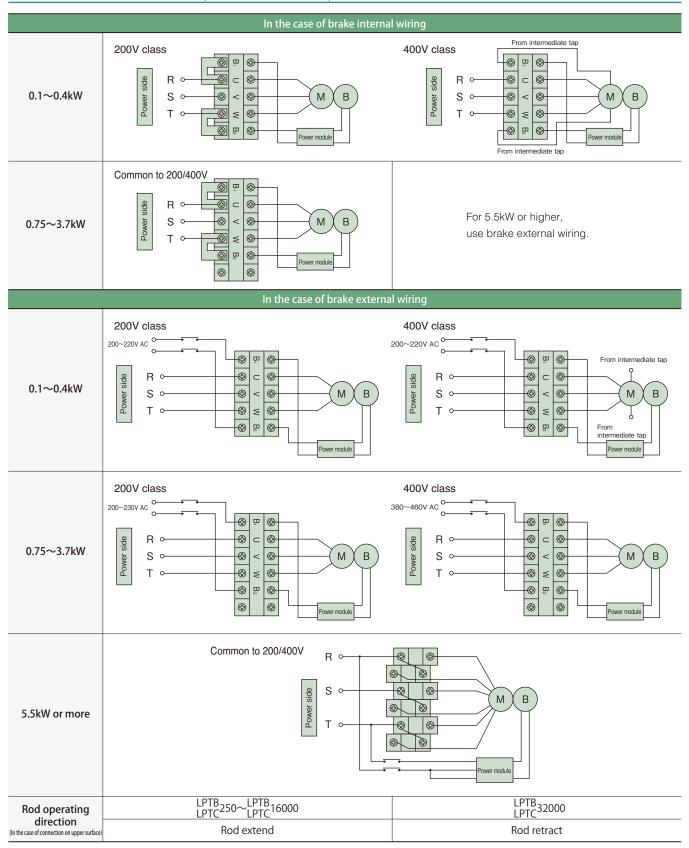
2 Motor speed control method



Note that, when a heavy object is moved up or down, or a load with a large inertia is operated, it may not be sufficiently slowed down by any method.

Wire connection

Wire connection for brake motor (Motor with DC brake)

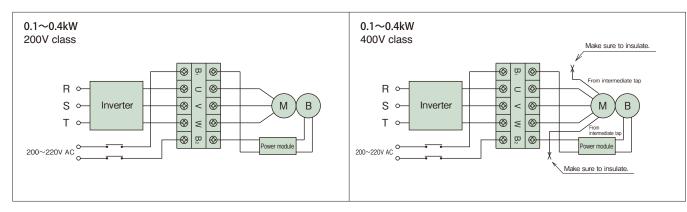


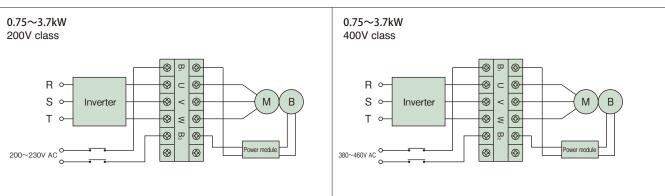
^{*} Crimp contact bolt: M4

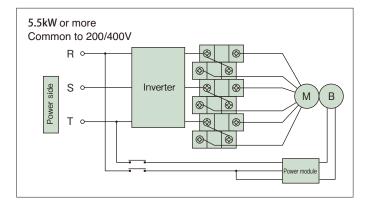
Wire connection

Wire connection method when inverter is used or brake is used in individual turnoff DC brake

- If the motor is operated by the inverter, it is necessary to individually turn off the brake. When individually turning off the brake, as shown in the following diagram, remove the short piece, and do not connect wire to the brake power module from the inverter output, apply a normal power voltage. Separately provide a power supply shown in the following diagram and apply power to the brake power module. If separate power cannot be provided, decrease the voltage by a transformer. Use a transformer whose the capacity is more than necessary, and check that there is no voltage drop. And if the motor voltage of 0.1 to 0.4kW is 400V class, also remove the wire from the motor intermediate tap and insulate it.
- If the motor voltage of 0.4kW or less is 400V class, remove the wire from the motor intermediate tap and insulate it, and separately provide a power supply of 200V to 220V and apply power to the brake power module. If there is no power source of 200V to 220V, decrease the voltage to 200V to 220V by a transformer. The capacity of the transformer shall be 90VA or more, and check that there is no voltage drop. Use an electromagnetic contactor for the brake of 200V class with a rated load of 250V AC, 7A or more. For the 400V class, use an electromagnetic contactor with a contact voltage of 400 to 440V AC, an induction load of 1A or more (e.g. electromagnetic contactor for AC motor 2.2kW). The power module includes a surge absorbing protection element. Add a protection element for the contact in each part if necessary.
- Do not put a relay contact on the output side of the standard power module (between the power module and brake coil). When carrying out [DC individual turnoff wiring] in which the relay contact is put into the position, contact us beforehand.







Wire connection

Dimensions of motor terminal, connector part

| Shape of terminal box | Motor capacity | Shape of connector | Applicable cable outer diameter | Connector part mounting dimension A | Terminal box seat hole dimension B |
|--|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| (0.4kW or less) | 0.1kW~0.4kW | SK-14L | φ11~φ13 | PF 1/2 | _ |
| (0.4KW 01 less) | | | | | |
| | 0.75kW~1.5kW | A20C | φ14~φ15 | PF 3/4 | φ28 |
| A Part of the Part | 2.2kW~7.5kW | A25C | φ19~φ20 | PF 1 | φ35 |
| (0.75kW or more) | 11kW | A30B | φ23~φ24 | PF 1•1/4 | φ42 |

Note) A rubber plug or plate has been inserted into the connector to prevent water etc., from intruding before shipment. Make sure to remove it when using.

Limit switch specifications

| | Stroke adjusting external LS | Thrust detecting LS (| LPT16000 or smaller) | Thrust detecting LS | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Limit switch type | WLCA2(OMRON) or equivalent | V-165-1AR5(OMR | ON) or equivalent | Z-15GW22-B(OMRON) or equivalent | | | |
| Electric capacity | 250V AC 10A ($\cos \phi = 0.4$) | 250V AC 10 | A $(\cos\phi = 0.4)$ | 250V AC 10A (cosφ=0.4) | | | |
| | 1a 1b | For advancing | For retreating | For advancing | For retreating | | |
| Contact configuration | NC 1 0 4 NO NC 2 3 NO | Red 3 Black U White 2 | 4 Green 5 Yellow 6 Brown | | 4 Green 5 Yellow 6 Brown | | |
| Connector (Applicable cable outer diameter) | SCS-10B (φ8.5~φ10.5) PF1/2 | SCL-14A (φ10.5~φ12.5) PF1/2 SCS-14A (φ10.5~φ12.5) F | | | | | |

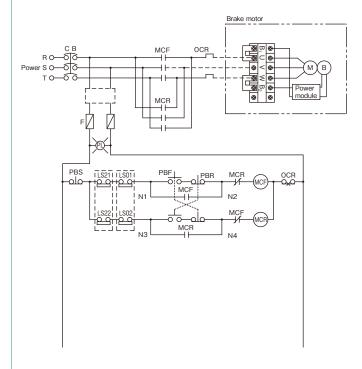
Motor current value • brake current value

| Output | Motor current value (A) | | | | | | - Brake | | В | Brake current value (A) | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| frame No. | 200V 50Hz | 200V 60Hz | 220V 60Hz | 400V 50Hz | 400V 60Hz | 440V 60Hz | model No. | 200V 50Hz | 200V 60Hz | 220V 60Hz | 400V 50Hz | 400V 60Hz | 440V 60Hz | |
| 4P - 0.1kW | 0.72 (2.76) | 0.62 (2.60) | 0.65 (2.84) | 0.36 (1.38) | 0.31 (1.27) | 0.32 (1.41) | SBH01LP | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | |
| 4P - 0.2 kW | 1.3 (4.91) | 1.1 (4.68) | 1.1 (5.14) | 0.63 (2.40) | 0.55 (2.22) | 0.56 (2.41) | SBH02LP | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | |
| 4P - 0.4 kW | 2.4 (11.6) | 2.1 (10.2) | 2.1 (11.0) | 1.2 (5.14) | 1.1 (4.88) | 1.1 (5.39) | SBH04LP | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.19 0.29 | |
| 4P - 0.75 kW | 3.9 (24.0) | 3.5 (22.0) | 3.4 (24.0) | 1.9 (12.0) | 1.7 (11.0) | 1.7 (12.0) | SLB07LP | 0.18 0.27 | 0.18 0.27 | 0.20 0.30 | 0.09 0.15 | 0.09 0.15 | 0.10 0.16 | |
| 4P - 1.5 kW | 6.5 (49.0) | 6.1 (45.0) | 5.8 (50.0) | 3.2 (24.5) | 3.1 (22.5) | 2.9 (25.0) | SLB15LP | 0.18 0.29 | 0.18 0.29 | 0.20 0.32 | 0.09 0.15 | 0.09 0.15 | 0.11 0.16 | |
| 4P - 2.2 kW | 9.6 (67.0) | 9.0 (59.0) | 8.6 (64.9) | 4.8 (33.5) | 4.5 (29.5) | 4.3 (32.5) | TB-A2.2 | 0.25 0.34 | 0.25 0.34 | 0.25 0.34 | 0.13 0.17 | 0.13 0.17 | 0.13 0.17 | |
| 4P - 3.7 kW | 15.2 (122) | 14.4 (104) | 13.6 (114) | 7.6 (61.0) | 7.2 (51.8) | 6.8 (57.0) | TB-A3.7 | 0.34 0.44 | 0.34 0.44 | 0.34 0.44 | 0.17 0.22 | 0.17 0.22 | 0.17 0.22 | |
| 4P - 5.5 kW | 22.4 (146) | 21.0 (125) | 19.8 (138) | 11.2 (73.0) | 10.5 (62.5) | 9.9 (68.8) | TB-A7.5 | 1.5 2.0 | 1.5 2.0 | 1.5 2.0 | 3.0 4.0 | 3.0 4.0 | 3.0 4.0 | |
| 4P - 7.5 kW | 29.6 (215) | 28.2 (185) | 26.4 (204) | 14.8 (108) | 14.1 (92.5) | 13.2 (102) | TB-A7.5 | 1.5 2.0 | 1.5 2.0 | 1.5 2.0 | 3.0 4.0 | 3.0 4.0 | 3.0 4.0 | |
| 4P - 11 kW | 42.5 (290) | 41.0 (249) | 38.0 (274) | 21.5 (145) | 20.5 (124) | 19.0 (137) | TB-A15 | 1.3 1.7 | 1.3 1.7 | 1.3 1.7 | 2.6 3.4 | 2.6 3.4 | 2.6 3.4 | |

- Note) 1. The above values are rated current values of the motor and brake. A numerical value in parentheses is a start current value of the motor.
 - 2. The rated current values and start current values do not include a brake current value.
 - 3. A DC brake is used as a brake. The upper stage of the brake current value indicates a value on the primary side of the power module, and the lower stage indicates a value on the secondary side.
 - 4. The above values are references because the rated current values for the power cylinder vary depending on operating conditions.
 - 5. For simultaneous turnoff of 0.1kW to 0.4kW, 400V class, the voltage is converted to 200V through the motor intermediate tap to be input. For individual turnoff, decrease the voltage to 200 to 220V by a transformer. The capacity of the transformer capacity shall be 90VA or more.
 - 6. For individual turnoff of 0.75kW or more, 400V class, the DC module is applicable for 400V class, therefore, it is unnecessary to decrease the voltage. 7. For 0.75kW and 1.5kW of 400V class, the brake model Nos. are "SLB07LPV" and "SLB15LPV," respectively.

Reference circuit

0.75 to 3.7kW TC type reference circuit diagram

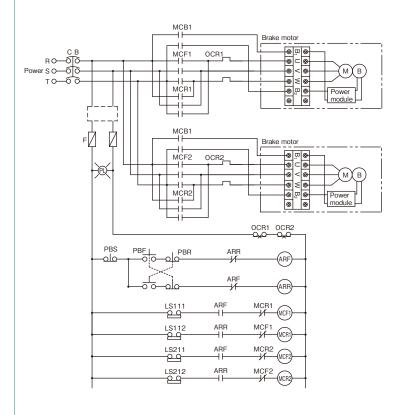


- LS01: Stroke adjusting external limit switch for extending
- LS21: Thrust detecting limit switch for extending
- LS02: Stroke adjusting external limit switch for retracting
- LS22: Thrust detecting limit switch for retracting

NOTE:

- (1) This diagram is an example when the thrust detecting limit switch is used for overload protection.
- (2) This diagram shows a single-acting circuit. When using in an inching circuit, remove wire connection between N1 and N2, N3 and N4 and short-circuit the PBS.
- (3) If the power source voltage for the motor is different from the control voltage, place a transformer into a _____ portion in the diagram.
- (4) The lead wires B1 and B2 for the brake are connected to the motor terminal blocks U and W using short pieces.
- (5) When individually turning off the brake, remove the short piece and apply a normal power source voltage other than inverter output to B1 and B2 from the outside.

0.75 to 3.7kW Brake individual turnoff two units multiple reference circuit diagram



LS111: LPNo.1 Stroke adjusting external limit switch for extending LS1 LS112: LPNo.1 Stroke adjusting external limit switch for retracting LS1

LS211: LPNo.2 Stroke adjusting external limit switch for extending LS2 LS212: LPNo.2 Stroke adjusting external limit switch for retracting LS2

NOTE:

- (1) This diagram is an example of 0.75kW or more brake individual turnoff two units inching multiple circuit.
- (2) If the power source voltage for the motor is different from the control voltage, place a transformer into a _____ portion in the diagram.
- (3) As the brake terminal blocks B1 and B2 are connected to the motor terminal blocks U and W using short pieces, remove the short pieces before use.
- (4) Apply a normal power source voltage other than inverter output to B1 and B2 from the outside.

^{*} For reference circuit for the type of 0.4kW or less, refer to page 80.

Installation

Installation direction

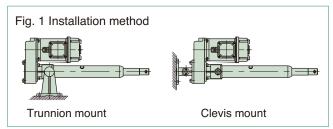
Any of horizontal, vertical and inclined direction is allowed.

Installation method

For installation of the main body, use a trunnion mount or clevis mount (parallel only).

Apply grease to the trunnion pin and the bracket hole before mounting.

Install the end part with a U-type or I -type end fitting.



^{*} For the mount fitting, refer to the item of options.

Manual operation

When manually adjusting the stroke, rotate the manual handle shaft on the reducer part with a monkey wrench or a socket wrench after releasing the brake for the brake motor.

№ WARNING

When load is applied to the rod, remove the load before releasing the brake.

For the amount of movement of the rod per one turn of the manual shaft, refer to the standard model list (page 87).

Anti-rod rotation

- Anti-rod rotation is required because a rotating force is generated on the rod with thrust (refer to page 87). Generally, rotation can be mostly prevented by installing the rod end to a driven machine.
- When operating with the end set free or in the case of application to install pulleys to pull a rope, a rod anti-rotation is normally required.

Lateral load on rod

Install the power cylinder so as to prevent bending load (lateral load) from acting on the rod.

Setting of stroke adjusting external LS

- Take a coasting amount into consideration for adjustment of the limit switch.
- When using the cylinder at the nominal stroke 100%, set the limit switch so that the cylinder stops within the XA dimension in the Dimensions Table.
- When simultaneously operating two or more power cylinders, install a limit switch at the upper limit and lower limit on each cylinder.

Maintenance

Lubrication on ball screw

Use the ball screw as it is because it has been lubricated with grease in advance. Refill grease with reference to Table 1-2 as a guide. To apply grease to the ball screw, remove the greasing port bolt on the outer cylinder and advance the rod in the full stroke and apply grease to the outer circumference of the screw with a grease gun, and then reciprocate the rod within the stroke to be used. Repeat this operation a few times.

MARNING

Never insert your finger into the greasing port.

If the cylinder operates with your finger inserted, your finger may be injured.

Table 1 Recommended grease

| Use classification | Company name | Grease name |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| | TSUBAKI E&M | JWGS100G |
| | IDEMITSU KOSAN | *DAPHNE EPONEX SRNo.2 |
| Screw | NIPPON GREASE | NIGULUBE EP-2K |
| shaft | EXXON MOBILE | MOBILUX EPNo.2 |
| | COSMO OIL LUBRICANTS | COSMO GREASE DINAMX EPNo.2 |
| | SHOWA SHELL | SHELL ALBANIA EP grease 2 |

^{*} The above greases are filled before shipment. Note) JWGS100G is separately sold in a container of 100g.

Table 2 Lubrication cycle

| Operating frequency | Lubrication cycle |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 500 to 1000 times/day | Three to six months |
| 100 to 500 times/day | Six months to one year |
| 10 to 100 times/day | One to one and half year |

Note) The above values are for longer use, and do not indicate the life.

Greasing on Reduction part

For the gear and the bearing in the reducer part, the gear case is filled with grease. Accordingly, it is not necessary to grease because they normally endure use for one year or longer. However, operation for a long time or use after long storage impairs the lubrication effect due to deterioration of grease. Therefore, inspect and grease.

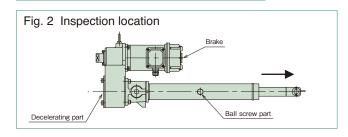
Reducer part initial filled grease

Gear case: DAPHNE EPONEX SRNo.1 IDEMITSU KOSAN Planetary gear (straight type): Moly gear grease No. 1 SUMICO LUBRICANT CO., LTD.

Gap adjustment of brake

Although the electromagnet stroke (gap) of the brake has been adjusted to approximately 1.2 through 1.3mm (limit gap 1.5mm) for 0.4kW or less or to approximately 0.2mm (limit gap 0.5mm) for 0.75kW or more, re-adjust it before it exceeds the limit gap value.

For details, refer to the Operation Manual.





Cautions for selecting

- Anti-rod rotation is required because a rotating force is exerted on the rod with thrust. Rod rotating forces at the rated thrust are described in the model list. When operating with the end unconnected or when installing pulleys to pull rope, use an optional rod anti-rotation specification.
- When the cylinder operating stroke is short, a high speed type cylinder cannot be used because the operating time per one stroke becomes shorter and cannot be actually controlled. The following table shows minimum necessary strokes when motor energization time is 0.5s. Refer to this table to determine the speed.

| Speed symbol | Н |
|--|---------------|
| Nominal speed mm/s 50/60Hz | 100/120 |
| 0.5s operation moving amount mm | 50/60 |
| Predicted maximum coasting amount mm (Reference) | 24/33 |
| Minimum necessary stroke mm | 74/93 or more |

Cautions for installation

- Apply grease to the trunnion pin and the trunnion hole for trunnion mounting.
- Also, apply grease to the connecting pin of the end fitting and the connecting pin for clevis mounting.
- When the main body greatly swings by operation of the cylinder, consider using a sliding bearing or a rolling bearing for the connecting part. Cylinders whose trunnion hole is provided with sliding bearing are available as MTO.
- When the trunnion pin or connecting pin for the clevis or the end fitting is directed in the vertical direction (when the cylinder is laid horizontally), and the main body swings, take countermeasures for wear such as inserting a bearing member into the trunnion hole, the clevis fitting, or the side part of the end fitting.
- All models are totally enclosed structures so that they can be used normally outdoors, however, under adverse conditions exposed to constant water and steam etc., and snow accumulation, although they are an outdoors type, an appropriate cover is required. The power cylinder can generally be used in a range of -15℃ to 40℃, although it varies depending on the use conditions. When using at 40℃ or higher, always protect with a heat insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere, otherwise it may cause an explosion and fire. In addition, avoid using it in a location where vibration or shock exceeding 1G is applied.
- When using a cylinder of the cabtire cable lead wire specification outdoors, carry out waterproofing treatment sufficiently.

Cautions for use

- Regulate the both ends of the stroke by the limit switch. Select a type of option which allows the limit switch to be mounted on the power cylinder body.
- Use within the stroke range. If the stroke is exceeded, breakage may occur.
- As a high-speed type (H speed) of the power cylinder T series has a long coasting distance, the striker may override the limit switch. For this reason, make sure to allow a limit signal to be self-held on the control circuit.
- Megger testing is prohibited for this cylinder. It may break the built-in power module. Remove the brake wiring for the terminal block when conducting megger testing of the external circuits.
- Adjustment of the limit switch for thrust detection of the TC type must not be carried out by the customer. The
 preset value for thrust detection may greatly change.

Power Cylinder Scum Skimmer Specifications







Easy maintenance

In comparison with a hydraulic and pneumatic type, troublesome oil replacement and drain check are not necessary, and

Simple structure of equipment and low cost

Neither hydraulic unit, compressor nor piping are necessary, allowing for cost reductions throughout the whole facility.

3 Environmentally friendly

Totally closed outdoor type brake motor and many stainless parts are used, and coating suitable for water treatment facility is applied.

Wide variety of options

A wide variety of options such as potentiometer, bellows and opening meter are available.

An abundance of results

Nationwide in Japan more than one hundred water treatment plants have adopted this power cylinder.

6 Energy savings

Adoption of highly efficient ball screw allows the motor capacity to be smaller in comparison with trapezoidal screw specifications.

Four points for more user-friendliness

1. Workability increased by making position detecting unit large.

Workability has remarkably increased by sizing up the position detecting unit by 2.5 times in volume ratio in comparison with the conventional one, and structuring the unit so that there is no obstacle around the LS cam and the terminal block when the cover is removed.

2. Centralizing terminals for all control systems on one terminal block

Wiring work is facilitated by centralizing terminals for the optional potentiometer in addition to the internal limit switch, thrust detecting limit switch and manual interlock limit switch on one terminal block in the position detecting unit.

The position detecting part and thrust detecting part can be respectively equipped with a waterproof union box connector (SANKEI MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd: WBG-24, WBG-17) for PLICA tube. PLICA tube and waterproof union box connector should be provided by the customer. However, the motor terminal box is equipped with the WBG-17 as standard.

4.Others

- Adherence of rust decreased by press-fitting a bushing into the trunnion hole of the bracket. (When installing, apply grease to the trunnion pin and in the trunnion hole.)
 The greasing port bolt and manual interlock cap are connected to the main body with a stainless steel ball chain, preventing them from falling.

Power cylinder G series, T series Right Angle Specifications





What right angle specification is

This is a form so that the motor part is right-angled (perpendicular) to the actuating part of the power cylinder.

This specification responds to a wide range of needs by adopting our small size gear motor (worm gear) on the motor part.

Right Angle Specification 6





Low speed

Applicable to lower speeds even lower than the standard speed of the power cylinder G series and T series.

Motor capacity can be smaller.



Low noise

Noise level can be reduced by approximately 25dB in comparison with conventional products. (compared with our ordinary products)

Noise reference value (Our measured value) 45dB (at 1m in A scale)

This can be used in applications such as concert halls and medical facilities which require low noise.

Fall-preventing mechanism

Three fall-preventing mechanisms can be simultaneously made applicable by providing a self-lock system of the trapezoidal screw and the worm gear and providing a brake on the motor part.

This mechanism can be used in applications such as medical equipment for which falling may be problematic.



Wide variety of options

A wide variety of options such as an inverter motor and one touch manual release, including without brake and with brake are available. This can be used across a wide range of applications.



Space savings

Longitudinal dimensions are shortened by up to approximately 180mm in comparison with conventional products. (LPG series

The motor part can be rotated every 90 degrees to the operating part.

This can be used in applications such as compactly designed equipment.

Global measures

Power cylinders conforming to worldwide directives, standards and organizations (such as CCC, CE, UL) are available.

This power cylinder can be used for





Power cylinder brake motor upgrades



Further evolution in the strength of "TSUBAKI" motors!

The available range of special brake motors for power cylinders has been expanded to 1.5kW.

Our lineup has been strengthened!!

Six specifications of brake motor upgrades



Heat resistance specification: T

Compared with conventional products, substantial reductions in delivery time and price reduction have been realized. Also, heat resistance class "H", which would conventionally be unavailable, can be met.

- <Common specifications> · Adaptable models: G series and T series of power cylinders
 - Adaptable motor capacity: 0.1kW 1.5kW
 - Totally outdoor type (IP55) with brake (The heat resistance class of the brake is B.)

Heat resistance class "F" supported

Reference delivery time 30 days

40°C

■Model No.: T1 (200V class), VT1 (400V class), V1T1 (380V, 50Hz), V2T1 (380V, 60Hz), V3T1 (415V, 50Hz), V4T1 (460V, 60Hz) Usable temperature range: 0 - 40°C (non-condensing)

Duty factor: 25%ED Rating: S2 30min.

Brake power supply module: Built into the terminal box

60°C

■Model No.: T2 (200V class), VT2 (400V class), V1T2 (380V, 50Hz), V2T2 (380V, 60Hz), V3T2 (415V, 50Hz), V4T2 (460V, 60Hz) Usable temperature range: 0 - 60°C (non-condensing)

Duty factor: 15%ED Rating: S2 15min.

Brake power supply module: Separate placement (standard DC module) * Install in a 40°C or lower environment.

* If being built into the terminal box is desired, contact us.

80°C

■Model No.: T3 (200V class), VT3 (400V class), V1T3 (380V, 50Hz), V2T3 (380V, 60Hz), V3T3 (415V, 50Hz), V4T3 (460V, 60Hz) Usable temperature range: 0 - 80°C (non-condensing)

Duty factor: 5%ED Rating: S2 5min.

Brake power supply module: Separate placement (standard DC module) * Install in a 40°C or lower environment.

* If being built into the terminal box is desired, contact us.

Heat resistance class "H" supported

Reference delivery time 60 days

■ Model No.: T4 (200V class), VT4 (400V class), V1T4 (380V, 50Hz), V2T4 (380V, 60Hz), V3T4 (415V, 50Hz), V4T4 (460V, 60Hz) $Usable\ temperature\ range: 0-80^{\circ}C\ (non-condensing)\ ^{\star}\ We\ will\ confirm\ the\ duty\ factor\ and\ rating\ in\ each\ case.$

Duty factor: 15%ED Rating: S2 15min.

Brake power supply module: Separate placement (special DC module) * Install in a 40°C or lower environment.

* The motor terminal is a lug type

Different voltage specification: V

We will deliver conventionally-available different voltage motors in a short period of time. Also, an estimation request and arrangements can be made smoothly through model-numbering of each voltage.

- <Common specifications> · Adaptable models: G series and T series of power cylinders
 - · Adaptable motor capacity: 0.1kW 1.5kW
 - · Totally outdoor type (IP55) with brake
 - · Heat resistance class B

Different voltage supported

Reference delivery time + one week

■Model No.: V1 (380V, 50Hz), V2 (380V, 60Hz), V3 (415V, 50Hz), V4 (460V, 60Hz)

Usable temperature range: -15 - 40°C (non-condensing)

Duty factor: 25%ED Rating: S2 30min.

Brake power supply module: Built into the terminal box

- · For using the brakes by external wiring, contact us.

Inverter specification: Z

Compared with conventional products, substantial reduction in delivery time and price reduction have been realized. The controllability of power cylinders has been improved as speed control including acceleration and deceleration and speed variations can be performed easily. Also, outdoor type with brake is standard.

- <Common specifications> · Adaptable models: G series and T series of power cylinders
 - Adaptable motor capacity: 0.1kW 1.5kW
 - Totally outdoor type (IP55) with brake (The heat resistance class of the brake is B.)
 - · Heat resistance class F
 - Constant torque operation can be performed in the range of 6 60Hz.

Inverter drive supported

Reference delivery time 30 days

■Model No.: Z (200V class), ZV (400V class)

Usable temperature range: 0 - 40°C (non-condensing)

Duty factor: 25%ED Rating: S2 30min.

Brake power supply module: Built into the terminal box *Apply not inverter output but normal power supply voltage to the brake power supply module. Applicable power supply voltage is 200 - 220V for 200V class and 400 - 440V for 400V class.

Global specification: N

Power cylinders conforming to worldwide directives, standards and systems (CE, UL and CCC) are available. They can be used for equipment to be exported abroad.

<Common specifications>

- · Adaptable models: G series and T series of power cylinders
- Adaptable motor capacity: 0.1kW 0.4kW
- Usable temperature range: -15 40°C (non-condensing)
- · Totally indoor type with brake

Note

· Only brake motors are compliant with the standards. If limit switches, etc., are required, contact us.

CE-compliant

Reference delivery time 60 days

■Model No.: Z (200V class), VN (400V class)

■Specifications (both N and VN) Protection class: IP20 Heat resistance class: B

Target directive and standard Target directive: Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC

Target standard: EN60034-1 (general motor regulations)

Products to be exported to the European market must be CE-marked to prove conformity with safety requirements provided by EC Directives. (Being "CE-compliant" is to affix a "CE mark" to products to prove conformity with EC Directives.)

UL-compliant

Reference delivery time 60 days

■Model No.: N2 (230/240V, 60/60Hz), VN2 (460V, 60Hz)

■Specifications (both N2 and VN2) Protection class: IP20

Heat resistance class: A

et standard and file No. Target standard: UL1004 UL file No.: E225995

UL is an abbreviation for "Underwriters Laboratories" which represents safety standards for testing in the U.S. (Being "UL-compliant" is to affix a "UL mark" to products to prove UL standard certification with use of UL-standard-accredited motors.) Our certification in C-UR model conforms with both UL and CSA standards.

CCC-compliant

Reference delivery time 60 days

■Model No.: N3 (200/220/200/220V, 50/50 60/60Hz) Only 200/220V, 50/60Hz for 0.4kW,

VN3 (380V/50Hz)

■Specifications (both N3 and VN3) Protection class: IP23

Heat resistance class: E



National standard: GB12350

CCC is the China Compulsory Certification system, and for exporting 1.1kW or smaller motors to China, it is necessary to

indicate a "CCC mark" to prove compulsory certification. We have received certification from the CQC (China Quality Certification Center).

Explosion-proof specification: D

Power cylinders adaptable to explosion-proof structures, which can be used in class 1 and class 2 hazardous locations, can be delivered in a short period of time. A vessel having an explosion-proof structure withstands the pressure of an explosion of explosive gas, if caused inside the vessel, and poses no danger of catching fire with external explosive gas.

<Common specifications>

- · Adaptable models: G series and T series of power cylinders
- Adaptable motor capacity: 0.2kW 1.5kW
- · Totally outdoor type (IP44) with brake
- · Heat resistance class B

■Note

- Inverters cannot be used.
- Stroke adjusting external limit switches are available. Contact us.
- LPTC (thrust detection mechanism type) and the position detecting unit part cannot be explosion-proof.
- · Brakes cannot be used by external wiring.

d2G4-compliantd

Reference delivery time 30 days

■Model No.: D (200V class), VD (400V class)

Usable temperature range: -10 - 40°C (non-condensing)

Duty factor: 25%ED

Rating: S3 40%.

Brake power supply module: None (AC brake)

6

Adapter specification: A

To be prepared for customer-desired manufacturer, IEC, NEMA, overseas standards, and other special flange motors, adapters are available from us to facilitate installation. Also, they are available for other special flange sizes and motor shaft diameters. Contact us.

Common specifications> · Adaptable models: T series of power cylinders

· Adaptable motor capacity: 0.1kW - 7.5kW

Adapter supported

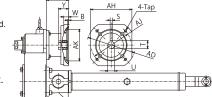
- Model No.: A (adaptable to all brake motors)
- ■Standards use environment of power cylinder

Usable temperature range: -15 to 40°C (non-condensing) *40°C or higher is also supported.

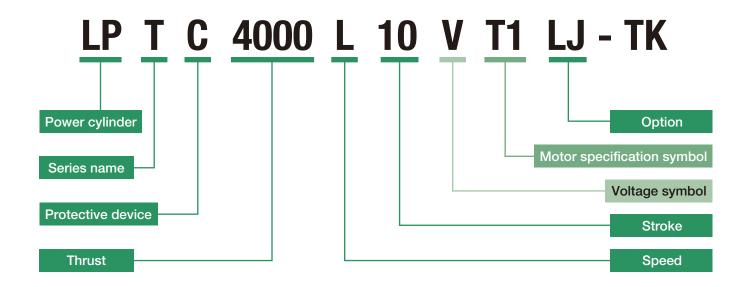
Duty factor: Within 25%ED

Note

- The brake motor starting torque should be 200% or more of the rated torque.
- · Make sure to prepare power cylinders with brakes because they are highly efficient.
- The brake torque should be 150% or more of the rated torque.



| Mode | al Na | Spood | Motor canacita | Frame No. | AL | AD | AH | AK | В | AJ | S | Т | U | W | γ | Tap dia. | |
|------|--------|--------|----------------|--------------|------|----------|------|------------------|----------------|------|--------|------|-------|----|-----|----------|--|
| Mode | ei No. | S | 0.1 | I Idille No. | 80 | אל | | AIX | 4 | Λ. | _ J | ' | | 15 | ' ' | Tap dia. | |
| LPTB | | L | 0.1 | 63 | - 00 | - | | - | | - | 4Js9 | 12.8 | φ11F7 | 15 | 25 | | |
| LPTC | 250 | M | 0.1 | - 03 | 72 | φ160 | | φ110G7 | 5 | φ130 | 4337 | 12.0 | Ψιτι | 14 | 23 | 4-M8 | |
| LFIC | | H | 0.2 | 71 | 12 | | | |) | | 5Js9 | 16.3 | φ14F7 | '- | 32 | - | |
| | | S | 0.1 | | 80 | | | | 4 | | | | · · | 15 | _ | | |
| LPTB | | L | 0.2 | 63 | | φ160 | | φ110G7 | | φ130 | 4Js9 | 12.8 | φ11F7 | | 25 | 4-M8 | |
| LPTC | 500 | M | 0.4 | 71 | 72 | ' | _ | , | 5 | φ.50 | 5Js9 | 16.3 | φ14F7 | 14 | 32 | 1 | |
| | | Н | 0.75 | 80 | 92 | φ200 | □170 | φ130H7 | 4 | φ165 | 6Js9 | 21.8 | φ19F7 | 20 | 42 | 4-M10 | |
| | | S | 0.2 | 63 | 80 | | _ | .11067 | 4 | | 4Js9 | 12.8 | φ11F7 | 15 | 25 | | |
| LPTB | | L | 0.4 | 71 | 72 | φ160 | _ | φ110G7 | 5 | φ130 | 5Js9 | 16.3 | φ14F7 | 14 | 32 | 4-M8 | |
| LPTC | 1000 | М | 0.75 | 80 | 02 | 4 200 | D170 | φ130H7 | | | 6Js9 | 21.8 | φ19F7 | 20 | 42 | 4 4410 | |
| | | Н | 1.5 | 90L | 92 | φ200 | □170 | φ130Π/ | 4 | φ165 | 8Js9 | 27.3 | φ24F7 | 20 | 52 | 4-M10 | |
| | | S | 0.4 | 71 | 85 | φ160 | _ | φ110G7 | 4 | φ130 | 5Js9 | 16.3 | φ14F7 | 15 | 32 | 4-M8 | |
| LPTB | 2000 | L | 0.75 | 80 | 72 | φ200 | _ | φ130G7 | 5 | φ165 | 6Js9 | 21.8 | φ19F7 | 16 | 42 | 4-M10 | |
| LPTC | 2000 | М | 1.5 | 90L | 72 | φ200 | _ | φισοάν | 3 | φιοσ | - 8Js9 | 27.3 | φ24F7 | 10 | 52 | 4-10110 | |
| | | Н | 2.2 | 100L | 116 | φ250 | □200 | φ180H7 | 4.5 | φ215 | 0,35 | 31.3 | φ28F7 | 20 | 62 | 4-M12 | |
| | | S | 0.75 | 80 | 90 | φ200 | _ | φ130G7 φ180H7 | 5 | φ165 | 6Js9 | 21.8 | φ19F7 | 20 | 42 | 4-M10 | |
| LPTB | 4000 | L | 1.5 | 90L | 72 | φ200 | _ | | | Ψ.03 | | 27.3 | φ24F7 | 16 | 52 | 4-10110 | |
| LPTC | 4000 | М | 2.2 | 100L | 116 | φ250 | □200 | | 4.5 | φ215 | 8Js9 | 31.3 | φ28F7 | 20 | 62 | 4-M12 | |
| | | Н | 3.7 | 112M | | , | | 7 | | ΨΣΙΟ | | | · | | | 1 11112 | |
| | | S | 0.75 | 80 | 90 | φ200 | | φ130G7 | 4 | φ165 | 6Js9 | 21.8 | φ19F7 | 20 | 42 | 4-M10 | |
| LPTB | 6000 | L | 1.5 | 90L | 72 | <u>'</u> | _ | | 5 | , | | 27.3 | φ24F7 | 16 | 52 | | |
| LPTC | | M | 2.2 | 100L | 116 | φ250 | □200 | φ180H7 | 4.5 | φ215 | 8Js9 | 31.3 | φ28F7 | 20 | 62 | 4-M12 | |
| | | H S | 3.7 1.5 | 112M 90L | 127 | φ200 | | φ130G7 | | ,165 | | 27.2 | 12457 | 12 | 52 | 4 1410 | |
| LPTB | | L | 2.2 | 100L | 137 | φ200 | | φισουσή | 4 | φ165 | 8Js9 | 27.3 | φ24F7 | 12 | 32 | 4-M10 | |
| LPTC | 8000 | M | 3.7 | 112M | 96 | φ250 | □200 | φ180G7 | 5 | φ215 | 0)59 | 31.3 | φ28F7 | 20 | 62 | 4-M12 | |
| Lite | | H | 5.5 | 1325 | 121 | φ300 | □250 | φ230H7 | | φ265 | 10Js9 | 41.3 | φ38F7 | 45 | 82 | 10112 | |
| | | L | 2.2 | 100L | | · · | | | | | | | , | | | | |
| LPTB | 12000 | M | 3.7 | 112M | 145 | φ250 | □200 | φ180G7 | 5 | φ215 | 8Js9 | 31.3 | φ28F7 | 20 | 62 | 4-M12 | |
| LPTC | | Н | 5.5 | 1325 | 121 | φ300 | □250 | φ230H7 | | φ265 | 10Js9 | 41.3 | φ38F7 | 45 | 82 | 11112 | |
| LDTD | | L | 3.7 | 112M | 145 | φ250 | □200 | φ180G7 | | φ215 | 8Js9 | 31.3 | φ28F7 | 20 | 62 | | |
| LPTB | 16000 | М | 5.5 | 1325 | 170 | 4 200 | 7250 | | — ₅ | 1265 | 101-0 | 41.2 | 420F7 | 25 | 0.2 | 4-M12 | |
| LPIC | LPTC | Н | 7.5 | 132M | 170 | φ300 | □250 | φ230H7 | | φ265 | 10Js9 | 41.3 | φ38F7 | 25 | 82 | | |



| | Voltage symbol | Motor specification symbol | Model No. specification | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Standard | No symbol | | 200V class | | | | | | | | |
| specification | ٧ | | 400V class | | | | | | | | |
| | V1 | | 380V, 50Hz | | | | | | | | |
| Different voltage | V2 | | 380V, 60Hz | | | | | | | | |
| specification | V3 | | 415V, 50Hz | | | | | | | | |
| | V4 | | 460V, 60Hz | | | | | | | | |
| | | T1 | 200V class, heat resistance class F, 40°C | | | | | | | | |
| | | T2 | 200V class, heat resistance class F, 60°C | | | | | | | | |
| | | T3 | 200V class, heat resistance class F, 80°C | | | | | | | | |
| Heat resistance | | T4 | 200V class, heat resistance class H, 80°C | | | | | | | | |
| specification | | T1 | 400V class, heat resistance class F, 40°C | | | | | | | | |
| | V | T2 | 400V class, heat resistance class F, 60°C | | | | | | | | |
| | V | T3 | 400V class, heat resistance class F, 80°C | | | | | | | | |
| | | T4 | 400V class, heat resistance class H, 80℃ | | | | | | | | |

| | Voltage symbol | Motor specification | Model No. specification |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | symbol | specification symbol | modernorspecimention |
| | | T1 | 380V 50Hz, heat resistance class F, 40℃ |
| | V1 | T2 | 380V 50Hz, heat resistance class F, 60℃ |
| | VI | T3 | 380V 50Hz, heat resistance class F, 80℃ |
| | | T4 | 380V 50Hz, heat resistance class H, 80℃ |
| | | T1 | 380V 60Hz, heat resistance class F, 40℃ |
| | V2 | T2 | 380V 60Hz, heat resistance class F, 60℃ |
| Different | V2 | T3 | 380V 60Hz, heat resistance class F, 80℃ |
| voltage specification | | T4 | 380V 60Hz, heat resistance class H, 80℃ |
| heat resistance | | T1 | 415V 50Hz, heat resistance class F, 40℃ |
| specification | V3 | T2 | 415V 50Hz, heat resistance class F, 60℃ |
| | VS | T3 | 415V 50Hz, heat resistance class F, 80℃ |
| | | T4 | 415V 50Hz, heat resistance class H, 80℃ |
| | | T1 | 460V 60Hz, heat resistance class F, 40℃ |
| | V4 | T2 | 460V 60Hz, heat resistance class F, 60℃ |
| | V-4 | T3 | 460V 60Hz, heat resistance class F, 80℃ |
| | | T4 | 460V 60Hz, heat resistance class H, 80℃ |

| | Voltage symbol | Motor specification symbol | Model No. specification |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Inverter | | Z | 200V class inverter drive supported |
| specification | | ZV | 400V class inverter drive supported Note 1 |
| | | N | 200V class CE-compliant |
| | | N2 | 200V class UL-compliant |
| Global | | N3 | 200V class CCC-compliant |
| specification | | N | 400V class CE-compliant |
| | V | N2 | 400V class UL-compliant |
| | | N3 | 400V class CCC-compliant |
| Explosion-proof | | D | 200V class d2G4-compliant |
| specification | V | D | 400V class d2G4-compliant |
| Adapter specification | | А | Adapter supported |

Note 1) ZV only for double voltage with inverter drive supported.

Contact us for reference delivery time of a lot of 5 units or more (3 units or more in the case of explosion-proof specification).

^{*} All special specifications of brake motors other than the above shall be expressed as "X."

Power Cylinder

Multi series

Thrust: 4.94kN to 314kN {500kgf to 32000kgf}

This is a power cylinder that allows multiple use of cylinders to completely synchronize by one motor. Compact economy type (LPTB) and thrust detecting type with a safety device (LPTC) are available. Select a type according to the application.

Tough configuration

Operating part to carry a load is separated from the reduce part. There is no change in gear tooth contact due to fluctuation load.

• multiple use of some units is allowed

multiple use of some units is allowed by use of an input shaft with sufficient strength.

Long life

Long life is realized by adopting a ball screw with a large load capacity.

Swinging operation is allowed

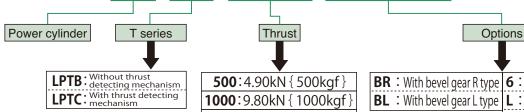
Since the input shaft and trunnion part have the same shaft center, swing is allowed while linkage operation is performed.

Safety

Thrust detecting mechanism to detect overload and protect can be built in. (LPTC)

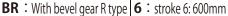


LP TB 1000 BR6LIJ



2000:19.6kN { 2000kgf } 4000:39.2kN { 4000kgf }

* The above is an indication example.



With stroke adjusting external limit switch **BL**: With bevel gear L type

I-type end fitting (The standards have no symbol.) * Relationship between rotating direction of input shaft and I : With bellows
 (The stroke is not changed.) With bellows moving direction of rod

Relationship between rotating direction of input shaft and moving direction of rod



Standard model list

| Power cylinder mode | el | LPT500B | LPT1000B | LPT2000B | LPT4000B | LPT6000B | LPT8000B | LPT12000B | LPT16000B | LPT32000B | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Rated thrust | kN | 4.90 | 9.80 | 19.6 | 39.2 | 58.8 | 78.4 | 117 | 156 | 313 | |
| | $\{kgf\}$ | 500 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 6000 | 8000 | 12000 | 16000 | 32000 | |
| Screw lead | mm | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 24 | 24 | |
| Gear ratio | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| Total efficiency | % | 85.5 | 85.5 | 85.5 | 85.5 | 85.5 | 85.5 | 85.5 | 85.5 | 85.5 | |
| No-load idling torque | N•cm | 0.74 | 2.06 | 5.19 | 14.7 | 23.5 | 108 | 160 | 331 | 624 | |
| | { kgf •cm } | 0.075 | 0.21 | 0.53 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 11 | 16.3 | 33.8 | 63.7 | |
| Holding torque | N∙m | 1.78 | 4.74 | 11.9 | 28.4 | 42.7 | 75.9 | 114 | 228 | 455 | |
| | {kgf •m} | 0.18 | 0.48 | 1.21 | 2.90 | 4.35 | 7.74 | 11.6 | 23.2 | 46.4 | |
| Allowable input torqu | ie N∙m | 11.0 | 29.3 | 73.2 | 176 | 264 | 471 | 353 | 707 | 1413 | |
| Note 1) | { kgf •m } | 1.12 | 2.99 | 7.47 | 17.9 | 26.9 | 48.1 | 36.1 | 72.2 | 144.2 | |
| Required input torque | dequired input torque N·m 2. | | 7.32 | 18.3 | 43.9 | 65.9 | 118 | 177 | 354 | 707 | |
| to rated thrust Note 2) | {kgf·m} | 0.28 | 0.75 | 1.87 | 4.48 | 6.73 | 12.0 | 18.0 | 36.1 | 72.1 | |
| Rod movement in one turn of input sha | ft mm | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 12 | |
| Maximum input rotation | L P T B | 2400 | 1800 | 1080 | 720 | 500 | 382.5 | 255 | 180 | 120 | |
| speed Note 3) r/min | LPTC | 1200 | 900 | 720 | 420 | 300 | 270 | 165 | 120 | 90 | |
| Rod rotation force | N∙m | 5.20 | 13.8 | 34.7 | 83.2 | 124 | 222 | 333 | 666 | 1330 | |
| at rated thrust | {kgf·m} | 0.53 | 1.41 | 3.54 | 8.49 | 12.7 | 22.6 | 34.0 | 67.9 | 136 | |
| Stroke | mm | 200、300 400、500 600、800 | 200、300 400、500 600、800 | 200、300 400、500 600、800 | 200、300 400、500 600、800 1000、1200 | 500 1000 1500 | 500 1000 1500 | 500 1000 1500 2000 | 500 1000 1500 2000 | 500 1000 1500 2000 | |
| Approximate weight | kg | 21~25 | 25~35 | 39~51 | 102~137 | 122~174 | 187~256 | 206~318 | 337~502 | 1130~1490 | |

Note 1) Allowable torque for only input shaft. (Check this torque before multiple operation.)

Note 2) Values including no-load idling torque.

Note 3) When intending to use exceeding the maximum input rotation speed, consult us beforehand.

Note 4) When using at half of the rated thrust or lower, consult TEM because of different idle torque at no load.

Standard use environment

| Environment | Ambient temperature | Impact resistance value |
|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Outdoor type | −20°C to 80°C | 3 G or less |

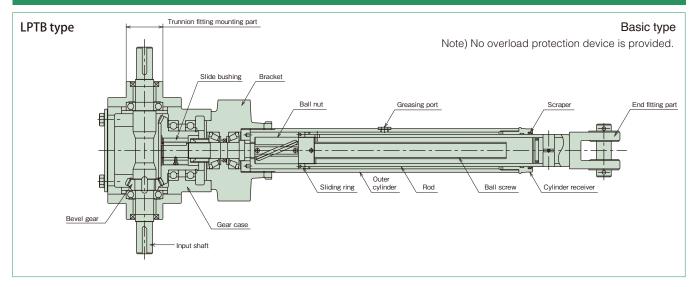
- 1) This use environment shows values for the power cylinder body only. For a driving part other than this standard, consider separately.
- 2) Power cylinders with bellows are recommended in an excessively dusty location.
- 3) For locations exposed to sea breezes and salt, it is possible for some specifications such as painting specifications, structure of adjusting limit switch to be changed.

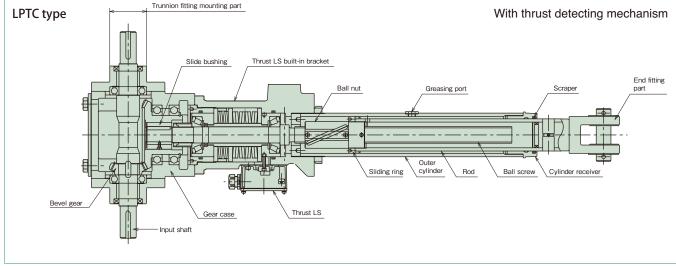
Painting color

TSUBAKI olive gray (Munsell 5GY6/0.5 Approximate color)

Mini series

Structure





* Structure slightly varies depending on model.

Operating part

The operating part uses a ball screw to convert rotating force into linear motion. And this part is equipped with an external limit switch for stroke adjustment.

Adopts a ball screw of high transmission efficiency and high load capacity, and has features of long life and easy maintenance.

The stroke can be freely adjusted by the external limit switch. Additionally, the bellows are extremely weather resistant and the stroke does not change, even when fitted.

Reducer part

The reducer part adopts a spiral bevel gear, and has high transmission capacity due to special heat treatment. The spiral gear is supported by a dedicated bearing so there is no thrust force effect. Therefore the tooth contact does not change even with load variation. Transmission capacity is also ensured.

Since the input shaft and trunnion fitting have the same shaft center, swing motion is allowed. Lubrication for the reducer part is a grease bath type.

Classification of usage for LPTB and LPTC types

Both types of the power cylinders have the same basic functions (thrust, speed, stroke), however, the features of each mechanism will differ. Read the following to select the optimum type.

TB type

Basic type (without overload protection device)

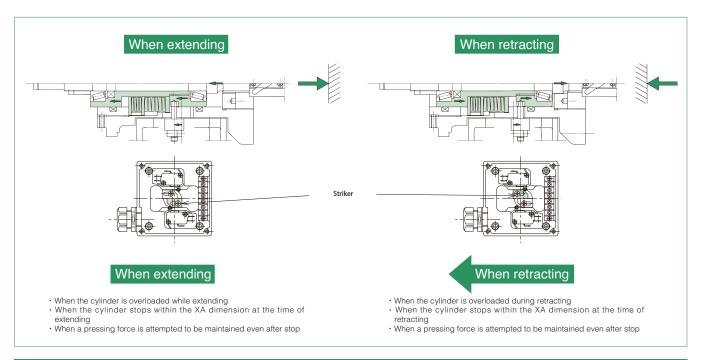
* For mechanical protection and for electric overload detection on the input side, combination with our shock relay is recommended.

TC type

- Thrust detecting mechanism type
 This type exerts its effect in the following cases.
- 1) When performing press (pull) stop
- 2 When requiring electric signal at overload
- ③ When overload is possibly applied from load side during stoppage When overload is impulsively applied, the incorporated spring deflects to absorb an impact load.

[Thrust detecting mechanism]

This is a thrust detecting mechanism which combines two types of pre-loaded disc springs whose spring constants are different from each other and limit switches. The combination effect of these disc springs also allows for press and stop of high speed type. (There is only one type for the 6000 type or larger.)



Cautions for use

When pressing (pulling) and stopping at high frequency When using the power cylinder at a frequency of ten or more times a day, refer to the reference total stop times for each model in the table below.

| Туре | LPTC2 | 50~LPTC | 4000 | LPTC6000~LPTC32000 | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|---------|------|--------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | S,L | М | Н | S,L | М | Н | | | | | |
| Reference total stop times (x 10 ⁴ times) | 30 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 3 | 1 | | | | | |

Note) When the power cylinder is used with press (pull) stop and with internal stop, the wire connection for the brake is recommended to be external wiring.

Note) When the power cylinder is used exceeding the value in the above table, it is recommended to stop with the stroke adjusting LS, however, when press (pull) stop, or internal stop is required due to circumstances of the equipment, consult us.

Note) When the power cylinder is used with press (pull) stop, strength of the mating equipment shall be 250% or more of the rated thrust.

 When multiple operation run or stroke position control is performed

When there is a problem with movement of the rod even if overload is applied from load side during stop

For the TC type, a spring mechanism is built in the operating part, therefore, when a large load is applied from the load side, the spring deflects and the rod moves by the degree of deflection

When the load is eliminated, the rod returns to the original position.

Inquiry Form

Selection of cylinder

Conditions of use required for selection

- 1. Machine to be used and application
- 2. Thrust or load N { kgf }
- 3. Stroke mm
- 4. Speed mm/s

- 5. Frequency of operation, number of cycles/min.
- 6. Hours of operation and annual number of operating days
- 7. Type of load of machine used
- 8. Environment of use

Selection procedures

- 1. Select either one of LPTB or LPTC according to the application.
- 2. Determine an operation factor from characteristics of load, and machine to be used.
- 3. Determine annual traveling distance from the stroke, frequency of operation and hours of operation.

Annual traveling distance (km) = Actual stroke (m) x Frequency of use/day x number of operating days x 10⁻³

4. If load greatly varies in the middle of the stroke, calculate the equivalent load by the following equation.

$$P_{M} = \frac{P_{MIN} + 2 \times P_{MAX}}{3}$$

 $\begin{array}{lll} P_M & : & Equivalent load \ N & \{ \ kgf \} \\ P_{MIN} & : & Minimum load & N & \{ \ kgf \} \\ P_{MAX} & : & Maximum load & N & \{ \ kgf \} \end{array}$

Multiply equipment maximum load by operation factor, and for multiple operation, divide by multiple factor and number of multiple units to obtain corrected thrust.

Corrected thrust =
$$\frac{\text{Equipment maximum load x operation factor}}{\text{number of multiple units x multiple factor}}$$

Operation factor

| Characteristics of load | Example of machine used | Operation factor |
|---|---|------------------|
| Smooth operation without impact Small inertia | Damper, opening/closing of valve, conveyor switching device | 1.0~1.3 |
| Operation with light impact Intermediate inertia | Opening/closing of hopper gate, various transfer equipment, various lifter elevation | 1.3~1.5 |
| Operation with large impact and vibration Large inertia | Heavy object conveyance by carriage, buffer for belt conveyor, inversion opening/ closing equipment for large lid | 1.5~3.0 |

Note) The above operation factor table shows general guidelines. As such, determine in consideration of operating conditions.

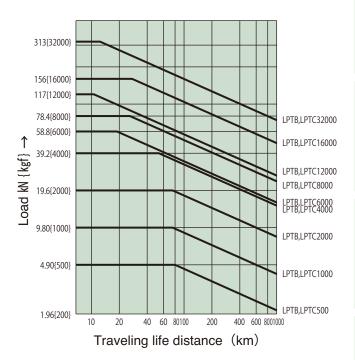
Multiple factor

| Number of multiple (units) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| multiple factor | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.67 |

Note) Number of multiple units is up to six units.

- Select model No. to be used from the standard models based on the corrected thrust and stroke.
- 7. Calculate life from the load life chart and compare it with the annual traveling distance to check the life.

Load-Life chart



The life distance has been calculated from B₁₀* life.

* B₁₀ life is a life which 90% or more of a group of the same ball screws which are operated under the same condition expire without flaking.

Selection of driving source

As a driving motor, motors with a speed reducer, DC motors, servomotors or ball change motors are available. The motor to be used rotates in reverse by load because the power cylinder is highly efficient. Make sure to use a motor with a brake. Use a brake of a spring close type and with brake torque 150% or more.

Select a driving motor according to the following equation.

Calculate necessary input torque and use a motor which satisfies the calculated torque value.

For specifications of the power cylinder, refer to page 125.

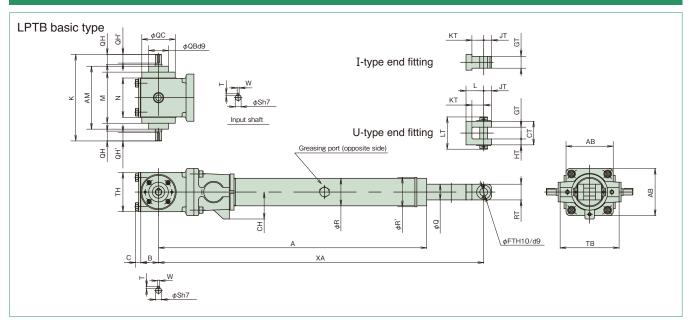
$$T = \frac{W \times \ell}{2 \times \pi \times R \times \eta \times 1000} + \frac{To}{100}$$

- T: Necessary input torque N·m { kgf·m}
- W:Load N{kgf}
- ℓ :Screw lead mm
- R:Gear speed ratio=2
- η :Total efficiency=0.855
- To : No-load idling torque N cm { kgf cm}

Note) Note that, if any motor of a larger capacity than necessary is used, when it is locked in the course of the stroke, impact load acts on the power cylinder due to rotation energy of the motor, resulting in breakage.

Wire connection should be carried out according to brake individual turnoff.

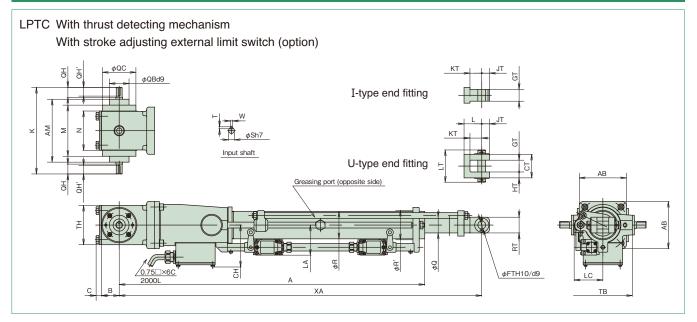
Dimensions Table



Unit: mm

| | | len | ath _ | | | Length Input shaft | | | Input shaft bracket Gear case | | | | | Rra | cketi | inner/ | oute. | r cylir | nder_ | End fitting | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|----|----|--------------------|-----|-----|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|--------|-------|---------|-------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|------|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| Model | Stroke | Δ | X | S | w | | OH | | К | | | AM | | AB | | В | C | N | CH | TB | n | R | R' | RT | СТ | GT | HT | IT | KT | | JΤ | FT |
| LPTB 500 | 200 300 400 500 600 800 | 470 570 670 770 870 1070 | 565 675 785 895 1000 1220 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 25 | | | | | | | | | | 14 | | | 130 | | 58 | 63 | 36 | | 25 | | 69 | | | 18 | |
| 1000 | 200 300 400 500 600 800 | 500 600 700 800 900 1100 | 605 715 825 935 1040 1260 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 25 | 22 | 220 | 50 | 85 | 160 | 130 | 120 | 100 | 45 | 14 | 100 | 48 | 150 | 40 | 70 | 75 | 40 | 60 | 30 | 15 | 82 | 30 | 45 | 20 | 20 |
| 2000 | 200 300 400 500 600 800 | 560 660 760 860 960 1160 | 680 790 900 1010 1115 1335 | 20 | 6 | 6 | 30 | 25 | 270 | 60 | 110 | 200 | 160 | 130 | 130 | 55 | 17 | 130 | 71 | 180 | 50 | 76 | 81 | 50 | 70 | 35 | 17.5 | 99 | 40 | 60 | 25 | 25 |
| 4000 | 200 300 400 500 600 800 1000 1200 | 645 745 845 945 1045 1245 1445 1645 | 780 890 1000 1105 1215 1430 1645 1865 | 35 | 10 | 8 | 70 | 60 | 450 | 80 | 160 | 300 | 230 | 190 | 190 | 80 | 19 | 190 | 90 | 220 | 70 | 95 | 100 | 70 | 80 | 40 | 20 | 115 | 50 | 75 | 35 | 32 |
| 6000 | 500 1000 1500 | 1075 1575 2175 | 1230 1780 2430 | 35 | 10 | 8 | 70 | 60 | 480 | 80 | 160 | 330 | 260 | 220 | 220 | 80 | 26 | 220 | _ | 260 | 80 | 115 | ı | 80 | _ | 45 | - | _ | 65 | _ | 40 | 40 |
| 8000 | 500 1000 1500 | 1145 1645 2145 | 1310 1860 2410 | 40 | 12 | 8 | 80 | 70 | 550 | 90 | 180 | 380 | 300 | 260 | 240 | 90 | 29 | 240 | _ | 310 | 95 | 130 | ı | 95 | _ | 50 | - | _ | 70 | _ | 45 | 45 |
| 12000 | 500 1000 1500 2000 | 1205 1705 2205 2705 | 1390 1940 2490 3040 | 40 | 12 | 8 | 80 | 70 | 550 | 90 | 180 | 380 | 300 | 260 | 240 | 90 | 29 | 240 | _ | 350 | 110 | 160 | ı | 110 | _ | 65 | - | _ | 90 | - | 55 | 50 |
| 16000 | 500 1000 1500 2000 | 1370 1870 2370 2870 | 1570 2120 2670 3220 | 50 | 14 | 9 | 85 | 75 | 630 | 120 | 220 | 440 | 340 | 320 | 280 | 110 | 33 | 280 | _ | 400 | 130 | 180 | _ | 130 | _ | 80 | _ | _ | 100 | _ | 65 | 63 |
| 32000 | 500 1000 1500 2000 | 1795 2295 2795 3295 | 2055 2605 3155 3705 | 60 | 18 | 11 | 120 | 100 | 940 | 200 | 320 | 680 | 520 | 500 | 450 | 175 | 36 | 450 | _ | 540 | 180 | 240 | _ | 180 | _ | 125 | _ | _ | 140 | _ | 90 | 90 |

Dimensions Table

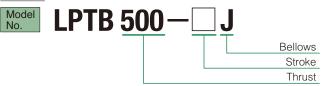


Unit: mm

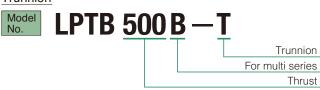
| | | | .1 | | | | 1-6 | | | | | C. 1 | 1 | | c | | | - | 1 | , - | | 1 | | | | | 16 | | | | , | | mm |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|------|-----|-----|------|-----|----|-----|-----|---------|---------|-----|----|-----|----|-----|---------|-----|-----|----|----|-------------|-------|
| Model | Stroke | Len | | | | Input | | | 1.0 | | t sha | | | | Gear | | | | | ner/out | | | | | | | d fitti | | | | | | witch |
| LPTC 500 | 200 300 400 500 600 800 | | 650 760 870 980 1085 1305 | 15 | 5 | 5 | | QH' | 220 | | QC 85 | | | 120 | | 45 | 14 | | 101 | | Q 35 | 58 | 16 | 36 | | 25 | | 69 | 25 | 35 | 18 | 161 76.5 | 73 |
| 1000 | 200 300 400 500 600 800 | 995 | 700 810 920 1030 1135 1355 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 25 | 22 | 220 | 50 | 85 | 160 | 130 | 120 | 100 | 45 | 14 | 100 | 107 | 150 | 40 | 70 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 30 | 15 | 82 | 30 | 45 | 20 | 161 76.5 | 73 |
| 2000 | 200 300 400 500 600 800 | 975 1075 | 795 905 1015 1125 1230 1450 | 20 | 6 | 6 | 30 | 25 | 270 | 60 | 110 | 200 | 160 | 130 | 130 | 55 | 17 | 130 | 110 | 180 | 50 | 76 | 25 | 50 | 70 | 35 | 17.5 | 99 | 40 | 60 | 25 | 164 79 | 76 |
| 4000 | 600 800 1000 | 990 1090 1190 1390 1590 | 925 1035 1145 1250 1360 1575 1790 2010 | 35 | 10 | 8 | 70 | 60 | 450 | 80 | 160 | 300 | 230 | 190 | 190 | 80 | 19 | 190 | 127 | 220 | 70 | 95 | 32 | 70 | 80 | 40 | 20 | 115 | 50 | 75 | 35 | 182 97.5 | 85 |
| 6000 | 1000 | | 1325 1875 2525 | 35 | 10 | 8 | 70 | 60 | 480 | 80 | 160 | 330 | 260 | 220 | 220 | 80 | 26 | 220 | 139 | 260 | 80 | 115 | 40 | 80 | _ | 45 | _ | _ | 65 | _ | 40 | _ | _ |
| 8000 | 500 1000 1500 | 1745 | 1410 1960 2510 | 40 | 12 | 8 | 80 | 70 | 550 | 90 | 180 | 380 | 300 | 260 | 240 | 90 | 29 | 240 | 145 | 310 | 95 | 130 | 45 | 95 | _ | 50 | _ | _ | 70 | _ | 45 | _ | _ |
| 12000 | 1000 | 1805 2305 | 1490 2040 2590 3140 | 40 | 12 | 8 | 80 | 70 | 550 | 90 | 180 | 380 | 300 | 260 | 240 | 90 | 29 | 240 | 160 | 350 | 110 | 160 | 50 | 110 | _ | 65 | _ | _ | 90 | _ | 55 | | _ |
| 16000 | 1000 1500 | 1960 | 1660 2210 2760 3310 | 50 | 14 | 9 | 85 | 75 | 630 | 120 | 220 | 440 | 340 | 320 | 280 | 110 | 33 | 280 | 170 | 400 | 130 | 180 | 63 | 130 | _ | 80 | _ | _ | 100 | _ | 65 | _ | _ |
| 32000 | 1000 1500 | 1950 2450 2950 3450 | 2760 3310 | 60 | 18 | 11 | 120 | 100 | 940 | 200 | 320 | 680 | 520 | 500 | 450 | 175 | 36 | 450 | 238 | 540 | 180 | 240 | 90 | 180 | _ | 125 | _ | _ | 140 | _ | 90 | _ | _ |

Options



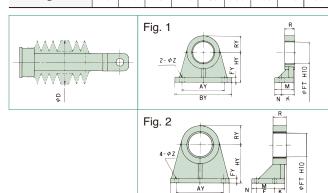


Trunnion



Dimensions of bellows

| | | | | | | | | UH | t: mm |
|--------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| LPTB LPTC | 500 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 6000 | 8000 | 12000 | 16000 | 32000 |
| D | 90 | 90 | 90 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 180 | 210 | 250 |



Multi series trunnion fitting

| - 1 | Init | : mn |
|-----|----------|------|
| _ | / I II L | |

| Model | Applicable body model No. | AY | BY | FY | HY | RY | FT | F | К | М | N | R | Z | Form | Mass (kg) |
|---------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|----|----|----|---------|-----------|
| LPTB500B-T | LPTB 500B | 130 | 180 | 15 | 150 | 40 | 50 | _ | 45 | 65 | 25 | 15 | 18 | | 5.7 |
| | LPTB LPTC 1000B | 130 | 100 | 13 | 130 | 10 | 30 | | 13 | 03 | 23 | 13 | 10 | | J., |
| LPTB2000B-T | LPTB 2000B | 150 | 200 | 15 | 170 | 50 | 60 | _ | 45 | 65 | 25 | 20 | 18 | Fig. 1 | 9.4 |
| LPTB4000B-T | LPTB 4000B | 180 | 240 | 20 | 170 | 70 | 80 | _ | 55 | 80 | 30 | 35 | 22 | | 22.8 |
| 2. 15 10005 1 | LPTB 6000B | 100 | 210 | | .,, | , 0 | | | 33 | | 30 | 33 | | | 22.0 |
| LPTB8000B-T | LPTB 8000B | 250 | 320 | 25 | 280 | 80 | 90 | 80 | 80 | 185 | 35 | 40 | 27 | | 60.5 |
| 2. 1500005 1 | LPTB LPTC 12000B | 230 | 320 | 23 | 200 | 00 |)0 | 00 | |) 185 | 33 | 40 | 27 | Fig. 2 | 00.5 |
| LPTB16000B-T | LPTB LPTC 16000B | 320 | 400 | 30 | 320 | 100 | 120 | 90 | 90 | 210 | 40 | 50 | 33 | 1 19. 2 | 95.7 |
| LPTB32000B-T | LPTB LPTC 32000B | 400 | 500 | 35 | 380 | 160 | 200 | 120 | 120 | 275 | 50 | 80 | 45 | | 220.0 |

^{*} Note that there are some models which may interfere with the bracket in an installation method in which the trunnion fitting installation face is on the cylinder end.

Limit switch specifications

| | Stroke adjusting external LS | Thrust detecting LS | (LPT16000 or less) | Thrust detecting | g LS (LPT32000) | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| Limit switch type | WLCA2(OMRON) or equivalent | V-165-1AR5(OMR | ON) or equivalent | Z-15GW22-B(OMRON) or equivalent | | | |
| Electric capacity | 250V AC 10A (cosφ=0.4) | 250V AC 10A | \ (cosφ=0.4) | 250V AC 10A (cosφ=0.4) | | | |
| | | Retracting side | Extending side | Retracting side | Extending side | | |
| Contact | NC 1 0 4 NO NC 2 0 3 NO | Red —ø3 | 4 | Red $- \cancel{\varnothing}^3$ | 4Ø— Green | | |
| configuration | NC 2-41 0-3 NO | Black $-\cancel{\phi}^{1}$ White $-\cancel{\phi}^{2}$ | 5 Yellow Srown | Black $- \cancel{\phi}^{1}$ White $- \cancel{\phi}^{2}$ | 5 Yellow 6 Brown | | |
| (Applicable cable outer diameter) | SCS-10B (φ8.5~φ10.5) PF1/2 | SCL-14A (φ10.5 | 5∼φ12.5) PF1/2 | SCS-14A (φ10.5~φ12.5) PF1/2 | | | |

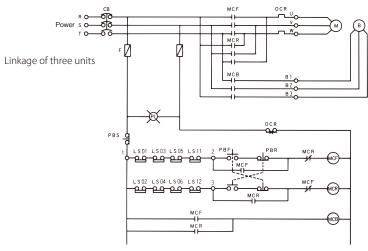
Electric wiring

An electric wiring diagram is shown on the right. Carry out sequence as a guide.

LS01, LS03, LS05 Extending side thrust detecting limit switch LS02, LS04, LS06 Retracting side thrust detecting limit switch

LS11, LS12 Stroke adjusting limit switch

Power cylinder reference circuit



Maintenance and inspection

Greasing on ball screw

Use the ball screw as it is because it has been lubricated with grease in advance. Refill grease with reference to the Table below as a guide. To apply grease to the ball screw, remove the greasing port bolt on the outer cylinder and advance the rod in the full stroke and apply grease to the outer circumference of the screw with a grease gun.

Lubrication cycle

| Operating frequency | Lubrication cycle |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 500 to 1000 times/day | Three to six months |
| 100 to 500 times/day | Six months to one year |
| 10 to 100 times/day | One to one and half year |

Note) The above values are for longer use, and do not indicate the life.

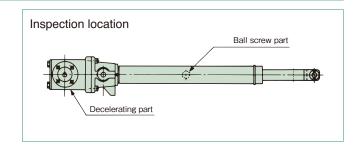
Recommended grease

| Use classification | Company name | Grease name |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | TSUBAKI E&M | JWGS100G |
| | IDEMITSU KOSAN | *DAPHNE EPONEX SRNo.2 |
| D. II | NIPPON GREASE | NIGULUBE EP-2K |
| Ball screw | EXXON MOBILE | MOBILUX EPNo.2 |
| | COSMO OIL LUBRICANTS | COSMO GREASE DINAMAX EPNo.2 |
| | SHOWA SHELL | SHELL ALBANIA EP grease 2 |

^{*} The above greases are filled before shipment. Note) JWGS100G is separately sold in a container of 100g.

Greasing on Reduction part

For the gear and the bearing in the reducer part, the gear case is filled with grease. Accordingly, it is not necessary to grease because they normally endure use for one year or longer. However, operation for a long time or use after long storage impairs lubrication effect due to deterioration of grease. As such, inspect and fill the grease.

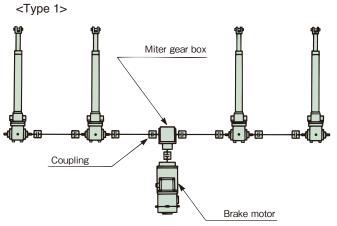


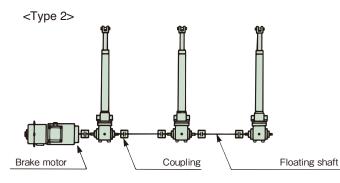
WARNING

Never insert your finger into the greasing port. If the cylinder operates with your finger inserted, your finger may be injured.

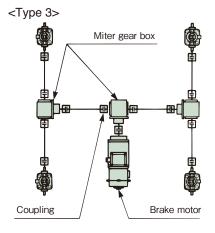
Synchronizing operation

Multi series has a feature to ensure synchronization of multiple power cylinders. Refer to the layout shown below to plan synchronizing operation.









WARNING

Cautions for selecting

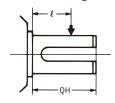
- The LPTB type of the multi series is not equipped with an overload protecting function. If an overload protecting function is required on the cylinder main body, select the LTPC type.
- If this cylinder is used for press contact or pull contact stopping, the strength of the mating equipment side must be 300% or more of the rated thrust.
- When installing a sprocket, a gear or a pulley on the input or output shaft, check that an overhang load acting on the shaft is less than the allowable overhang load.

Allowable ≥ T.f.Lf 0. H. L.

O.H.L: O. H. L: Overhang load (N { kgf}) : Load torque(N·m { kgf·m }) : Transmission element factor : Factor by load acting position

: Pitch circle radius of sprocket,

gear, V pulley (m)



QH: Length of shaft : Load acting position

Transmission element factor (f)

| Sprocket | 1.00 |
|-----------|------|
| Gear | 1.25 |
| V belt | 1.50 |
| Flat belt | 2.50 |

Factor by load acting position (Lf)

| | , | | - () | | |
|------|------|------|-------|------|---|
| ℓ/QH | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.5 | 0.75 | 1 |
| Ιf | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 |

■ Table 1

| Power cylinder m | odel | LPTB,TC 500 | LPTB,TC 1000 | LPTB,TC 2000 | LPTB,TC 4000 | LPTB,TC 6000 | LPTB,TC 8000 | LPTB,TC 12000 | LPTB,TC 16000 | LPTB,TC 32000 |
|------------------|-------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Allowable | N | 549 | 1.06k | 1.95k | 3.49k | 4.60k | 6.75k | 8.85k | 14.0k | 22.3k |
| overhang load | {kgf} | {56} | {108} | {199} | {356} | {469} | {689} | {903} | {1430} | {2280} |

Cautions for installation

- Securely carry out centering between the center of the trunnion fitting and the center of the end fitting mount part. Prevent lateral load from acting on the cylinder due to swing particularly when the cylinder operates.
- Coupling is recommended to couple the input shaft and the driving shaft. Use a type of coupling including chain coupling, gear coupling and disk coupling which can absorb misalignment.
- Note that, if the floating shaft of the coupling to couple the driving part and cylinders is long, vibration may be generated by its rotation. Consider together with rigidity of the floating shaft and backlash of the coupling.
- Apply grease to the connecting pin on the end fitting.
- All models are totally enclosed structures so that they can be used normally outdoors, however, under adverse conditions exposed to constant water and steam etc., and snow accumulation, although they are an outdoors type, an appropriate cover is required. The power cylinder can generally be used in a range of -20℃ to 40℃, although it varies depending on the conditions of use. When using at 40°C or higher, always protect with a heat insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere, otherwise it may cause an explosion and fire. In addition, avoid using it in a location where vibration or shock exceeding 1G is applied.
- For use in a misty atmosphere, contact us.

Cautions for use

- Regulate both ends of the stroke by the limit switch. Select a type of option which allows the limit switch to be mounted on the power cylinder body.
- Use within the stroke range. If the stroke is exceeded, breakage may occur.
- If the power cylinder multi series is used at high speed, since the coasting distance is long, the striker may override the limit switch. For this reason, make sure to allow the limit signal to be self-held on the control circuit.
- Anti-rod rotation is required because a rotating force is generated on the rod with thrust. The rod rotating force at the rated thrust is described in the model list. When operating with the end unconnected or when installing pulleys to pull a rope, contact us since a rod anti-rotation specification is also available.
- Adjustment of the limit switch for thrust detection of TC type must not be carried out by the customer. The preset value for thrust detection may greatly change.

Power Cylinder

Mini series

Thrust: 98.0N to 392N {10kgf to 40kgf}

This series is suitable for automation with small force near by for the packaging machine and transfer machine, etc.

With single-phase power source is available

This can be readily used only with a single-phase power source and ancillary equipment is also unnecessary. (Power cylinder with three-phase motor or brake motor is also available.)

Power cylinders with a potentiometer are optimum for remote operation.

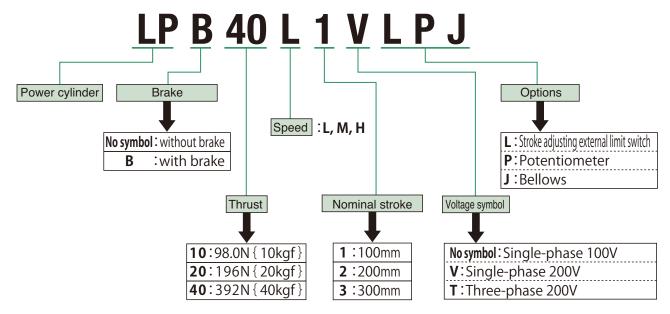
Long life design

Long life design with a die cast structure, grease hermetically sealed type and large screw diameter.

Wide variety of options

Wide variety of options such as adjusting limit switches, potentiometers, bellows and trunnion fitting are also available.





- * Specify LP040-T as a trunnion fitting.
- * Power cylinders with a three-phase motor and with a brake motor are also available. (Refer to page 139 through 140.)
- * Be careful not to make mistakes in motor specifications (power supply, voltage and presence or absence of brake).

Standard model list

| | Mode | el No. | | Rated thrust | | Rated speed | |
|------------|---|--------------------|--|--------------|-------|-----------------|---------------|
| Basic type | With stroke adjusting external limit switch | With potentiometer | With stroke adjusting external limit switch With potentiometer | N | {kgf} | mm/s 50/60Hz | Stroke mm* |
| LP 10H1 | LP 10H1L | LP 10H1P | LP 10H1LP | | | | 100 |
| LP 10H2 | LP 10H2L | LP 10H2P | LP 10H2LP | 98.0 | 10 | 34/42 | 200 |
| LP 10H3 | LP 10H3L | LP 10H3P | LP 10H3LP | | | | 300 |
| LP 20M1 | LP 20M1L | LP 20M1P | LP 20M1LP | | | | 100 |
| LP 20M2 | LP 20M2L | LP 20M2P | LP 20M2LP | 196 | 20 | 17/21 | 200 |
| LP 20M3 | LP 20M3L | LP 20M3P | LP 20M3LP | | | | 300 |
| LP 40L1 | LP 40L1L | LP 40L1P | LP 40L1LP | | | | 100 |
| LP 40L2 | LP 40L2L | LP 40L2P | LP 40L2LP | 392 | 40 | 9/11 | 200 |
| LP 40L3 | LP 40L3L | LP 40L3P | LP 40L3LP | | | | 300 |

 $^{^{\}star}$ Mini-series does not take stroke margin into consideration.

Motor specifications

| Model | Condenser run type reversible motor | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Number of poles, output | 4P 20W | (30 min He | at resistanc | e class E) | | | | | |
| Voltage | single-ph | nase 100V | single-pl | nase 200V | | | | | |
| Frequency | 50Hz | 60Hz | 50Hz | 60Hz | | | | | |
| Current value | 0.64A | 0.55A | 0.32A | 0.28A | | | | | |
| Condenser capacity | $10 \mu F(With$ | nstand voltage 200V | 2.5 μ F (^{With} | hstand voltage 400V | | | | | |
| Protecting structure | Totally enclosed type (Indoor ty | | | | | | | | |

Painting color

TSUBAKI olive gray (Munsell 5GY6/0.5 or approximate color)

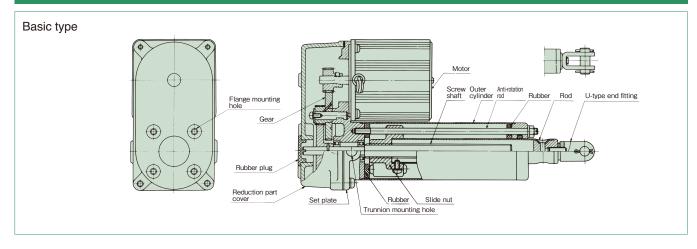
Standard use environment

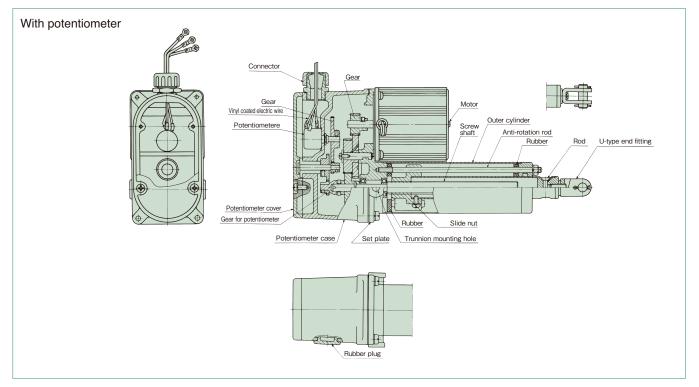
| Environ- Model ment | Indoor type |
|-------------------------|---|
| Ambient temperature | −15°C to 40°C |
| Relative humidity | 85% or less (No dew condensation) |
| Impact resistance value | 1G or less |
| Installation altitude | 1000m or lower above sea level |
| Atmosphere | Indoor location which is not directly exposed to rain, wind, lightning or sunlight. Extent of sand and dust which exist in general factory (5mg/m³ or less) |
| Remark | Power cylinders with bellows are recommended in an excessively dusty location. |

Note) This cylinder cannot be used outdoors.

Mini series

Structure





Feature

Power cylinder in a small thrust zone operable with a single-phase power source. Various motors including not only single-phase motors but also three-phase motors or brake motors can be selected.

Since the cylinder body incorporates an anti-rotation function, the cylinder can be used as it is even if used with the end set free.

The model with a potentiometer basically built-in a potentiometer. As the potentiometer is rotated via small gear by rotation of the screw shaft, potentiometer output proportional to the stroke can be obtained.

Selection

Conditions of use required for selection

- 1. Machine to use and application 4. Speed mm/s
- 2. Thrust or load N { kgf }
- 5. Frequency of operation, number of cycles/min.6. Power source voltage, frequency

Selection procedure

Model selection

3. Stroke mm

Determine a model (basic type, with stroke adjusting external limit switch, with potentiometer) according to the application.

Selecting model No.

Select an applicable model No. from the standard model list (Page 135) based on the thrust or load (N{kgf}), stroke (mm), and speed (mm/s).

Characteristics check

Use the power cylinder at an operating frequency below the allowable operating frequency (Table 1).

Table 1 Allowable operating frequency

(Number of cycles/min)

| | | | | | | _ | | , |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 10H1 | 10H2 | 10H3 | 20M1 | 20M2 | 20M3 | 40L1 | 40L2 | 40L3 |
| 6 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1.5 | 1 | 1.5 | 1 | 0.5 |

Installation

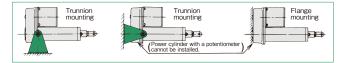
Installation direction

Either horizontal, vertical and inclined direction is allowed.

Installation method

For installation of the main body, use trunnion fitting (separately sold attachment). (page 139)

Apply grease to the trunnion pin and bracket hole before mounting. Use tap holes (4-M6) on the reducer part cover to install flange, and use U-shape end fitting or tap hole (M8) for installation of the end.



Installation of external limit switch

- 1. For power cylinders without a limit switch, separately install a limit switch to regulate the stroke.
- Check the coasting amount before determination of the mounting position. The coasting amount is approximately 3 to 6mm.
- 3. Set the limit switch so that the cylinder stops within L dimension in the dimensions table when using in the full nominal stroke.
- 4. Minimum preset value of the stroke is 60mm.

Vibration insulation treatment

Load is retained by a self-lock system of the trapezoidal screw. However, since secure retention may be difficult in a vibration conveying location, carry out vibration proofing treatment or select a power cylinder with a brake.

Manual operation

Remove the rubber plug on the reducer part and turn the shaft with a screwdriver. When it is turned clockwise, the rod retracts to move by 3mm per one turn. The power cylinder with a potentiometer cannot be manually operated.

Lateral load on rod

Install the power cylinder so as to prevent a bending load (lateral load) from acting on the rod.

Lubrication

This is of a grease lubrication type. As the power cylinder is applied with grease before shipment, use as it is.

Refill grease with reference to Table 2-3 as a guide when temperature rises or noise increases.

For greasing it is necessary to disassemble the main body since there is no greasing port. For disassembling method, contact us separately.

Table 2 Recommended grease

| Grease name |
|---------------------|
| Moly gear grease |
| Moly coat EP grease |
| |

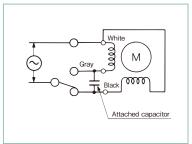
Note) Use the same grease for the screw and the reducer part.

Table 3 Lubrication cycle

| Operating frequency | Lubrication cycle |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 500 to 1000 times/day | Three to six months |
| 100 to 500 times/day | Six months to one year |
| 10 to 100 times/day | One to one and a half years |

Note) The above values are for longer use, and do not indicate the life.

Wire connection



For retracting, turn the switch in reverse.

Limit switch

| Model | D2VW-5L2A-1I (OMRON) or equiv | M alent |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Electric rating | 250V AC 5A (cos | р 0.7) |
| Contact | configuration (1C) | (Red) |
| (Black) | | NC. |
| OOW — | | (Blue) NO |

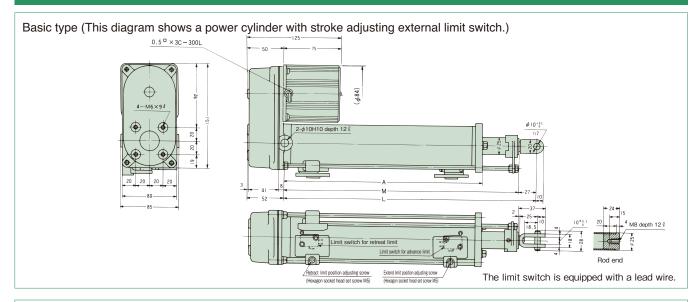
Potentiometer

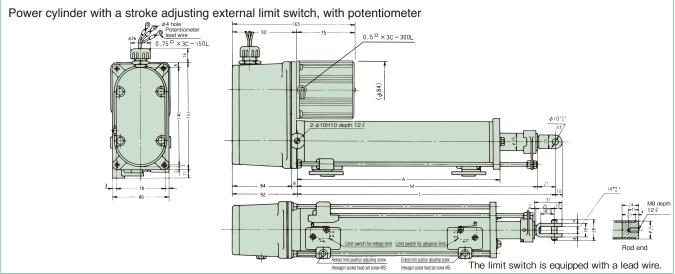
| Model | 22-HHP-10N (SAKAE TSUSHIN KOGYO CO., LTD.) equivalent |
|--------------------------|--|
| Resistance value | 1kΩ |
| Effective electric angle | 3600° |
| Rated power | 2W |
| Withstand voltage | 1000V AC (1 minute) |

To indicate stroke, use stroke indication meter and print board on page 110.

Mini series

Dimensions Table





Unit: mm

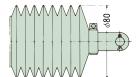
| | A | | A M | | | L | | | Approximate mass kg | | | | | |
|--------|-------------------------|--------------|---------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|---------|----------------|---------------|------|----------|
| Stroke | Pacie tuno | | | With stroke | | With bellows | | Minimum | | mavimum | num Basic type | Wish LC | With | With LS, |
| | Basic type adjusting ex | limit switch | Minimum | Minimum | Stroke | Without bellows | With bellows | IIIaxiiiiuiii | basic type | With LS | potentiometer | potentiometer | | |
| 100 | 176 | 179 | 205 | 205 (230) | 100 (75) | 232 | 232 (257) | 332 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.6 | | |
| 200 | 276 | 279 | 305 | 319 (348) | 186 (157) | 332 | 346 (375) | 532 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 6.1 | | |
| 300 | 376 | 379 | 405 | 433 (469) | 272 (236) | 432 | 460 (496) | 732 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 6.6 | | |

Note) Dimensions in the parentheses indicate a value for power cylinders with a limit switch.

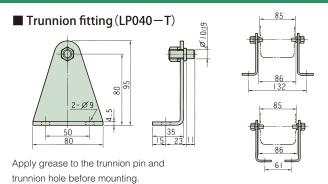
Options

■ Bellows (-J)

Use bellows when equipment is installed in a location exposed to dust or water.



This shows dimension for a cylinder without a limit switch. This dimension is ϕ 65 for the cylinder with a limit switch.



Application

With three-phase motor

1. Outline

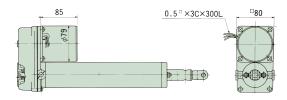
This is a model which can be used with a three-phase power source.

As this motor is of an induction type, the coasting amount slightly increases. Use this model in an application of relatively low frequency.

2. Specifications

Same as those of the standard models except for specifications and dimensions of the motor.

<Outside dimension>



<Specifications of motor>

| - | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Power | Three-phase | 200V 50/60Hz | | |
| Motor model | Inducti | ion motor | | |
| Time rating | Cont | inuous | | |
| Output | 2 | 5W | | |
| Rated current | 0.25A | | | |
| Wire connection | White (W) 9 Gray (V) Rod retreat | Replace any two wires. | | |

3. Model No. designation



Three-phase 200V 50/60Hz

Mini series

Application

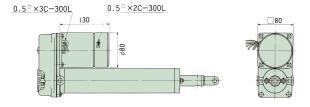
With brake motor

1. Outline

When you want to increase cylinder stop accuracy or reduce the coasting amount, power cylinders with a brake motor are optimum. Load can be securely retained in a vibration conveying location. All brakes retain a load even at power failure because they are of a deenergization type.

2. Specifications

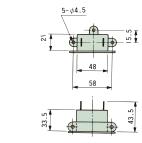
Same as those of the standard models except for specifications and dimensions of the motor.



<Specifications of brake motor>

| Power source | | Single | -phase | Three-phase | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | 100V 50/60Hz | 200V 50/60Hz | 200V 50/60Hz | | |
| Мо | tor model | Condenser run reversible motor | Condenser run reversible motor | Induction motor | | |
| Time rating | | 30 minutes | 30 minutes | Continuous | | |
| Ou | tput | 25W | 25W | 25W | | |
| | ted current | 0.8A | 0.4A | 0.25A | | |
| ions | Power source | Single-phase 100V | Single-phase 200V | Single-phase 200V | | |
| Specifications of brake | Input current | 12W 0.15A | 12W 0.1A | 12W 0.1A | | |
| | Static friction torque | 1kgf•cm | 1kgf•cm | 1kgf•cm | | |

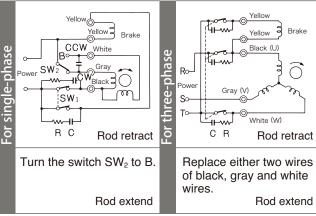
| го | wer source | 100V 50/60Hz | 200V 50/60Hz | 200V 50/60Hz | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Мо | tor model | Condenser run reversible motor | Condenser run reversible motor | Induction motor | |
| Tin | ne rating | 30 minutes | 30 minutes | Continuous | |
| Ou | tput | 25W | 25W | 25W | |
| Ra | ted current | 0.8A | 0.4A | 0.25A | |
| tions | Power source | Single-phase 100V | Single-phase 200V | Single-phase 200V | |
| Specifications of brake | Input current | 12W 0.15A | 12W 0.1A | 12W 0.1A | |
| Spe of br | Static friction torque | 1kgf•cm | 1kgf•cm | 1kgf•cm | |



For single-phase 200V (2.5 μ F)

<Wire connetion>

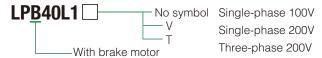
For single-phase 100V (10 μ F)



Outside dimensions of capacitors for single-phase 100V and 200V

In the connecting diagram, C.R is a contact protecting CR circuit. Make sure to insert a contact protecting CR as shown in the diagram because the contacts to open/close the brake generate spark when the contacts open/close. C=0.1 \sim 0.2 μ F (400V) R=5 \sim 200 Ω (1/4 W or less) Protecting CR is not attached.

3. Model No. designation





■ Cautions for selecting

- Cylinders with bellows are available as an option for dust proofing. Note that the effective stroke is shorter in the case of a cylinder with bellows. For effective strokes, refer to the Dimensions Table.
- This cylinder is not provided with an overload protecting function.
- Even a type without brake calculatory has a self-lock system and retains a load, however, the self-lock system may not work due to vibration or impact. If vibration or impact is given, select a type with a brake.
- For operating frequency, refer to the following table.

Operating frequency: Number of cycles/min

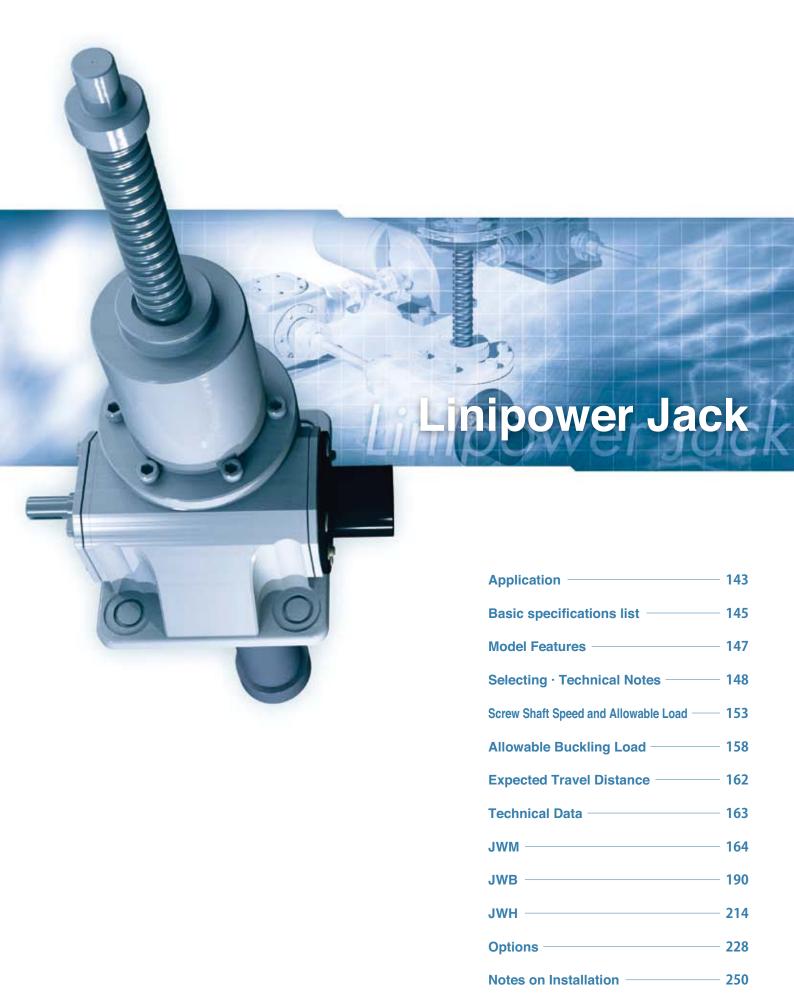
| Model | LP (B) 10H | | | L | P (B) 201 | И | LP (B) 40L | | |
|------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----|------------|-----|-----|
| Stroke | 100 | 200 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 300 |
| Number of cycles | 6 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1.5 | 1 | 1.5 | 1 | 0.5 |

Cautions for installation

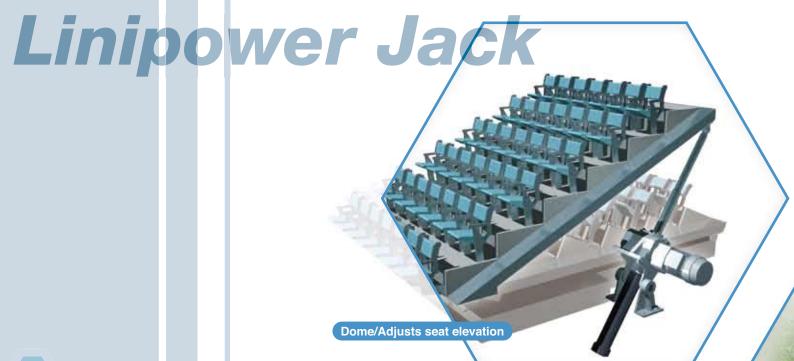
- Securely carry out centering between the center of the trunnion fitting and the center of the end fitting mount part. Prevent a lateral load from acting on the cylinder due to swing particularly when the cylinder operates.
- Apply grease to the trunnion pin and the trunnion hole for trunnion mounting.
- Also, apply grease to the connecting pin of the end fitting.
- All models are of ordinary outdoor specification, and it can be used in a location not exposed to water and steam, etc., where dust is in the extent in an ordinary factory. The power cylinder can generally be used in a range of -15°C to 40°C, although it varies depending on the use conditions. When using at 40°C or higher, always protect with a heat insulating cover, etc. Never use in a flammable atmosphere, otherwise it may cause an explosion and fire. In addition, avoid using it in a location where vibration or shock exceeding 1G is applied.

Cautions for use

- Do not allow a force (traverse load) bending the rod to act.
- For position adjustment by manual operation, remove the rubber plug (opposite side of the cylinder) on the gear case and turn the end of the screw shaft with a screw driver. When it is turned counterclockwise, the cylinder extends. Make sure to turn OFF the power for manual operation. The power cylinder with potentiometer cannot be manually operated.
- When pressing to an external stopper and stopping the cylinder, place a cushion (such as rubber plate) between them. Operate the limit switch so as not to restrain the motor before pressing against the stopper.



Product Information — 256



APPLICATION SOLUTION

TSUBAKI E&M Linipower Jack is our latest jack realized through a combination of technology cultivated over years of experience as a top manufacturer of power cylinders and product manufacturing in consideration of thorough quality controls and environmental consciousness.

Linipower Jacks play an active role across various fields including iron and steel, stage setting, medical equipment, and liquid crystal /PDP devices.

In addition, specifications and options are offered for selection according to the variety of application and intended purpose.



Linipower Jack Basic specifications list

| | | | | | | JW | /M | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | U (Standard Mod | S del for Lifting) | (Standard Model | S for Suspending) | UR (Travel Nut Type for Lifting) | D R (Travel Nut Type for Suspending) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| | Frame No. | | 002~200 | 300~1000 | 002~200 | 300~1000 | 002~ | ~200 | | | | | | |
| | *1 Basic Capacity* | kN | 1.96~196 | 294~980 | 1.96~196 | 294~980 | 1.96 | ~196 | | | | | | |
| | | {tf} | $\{0.2\} \sim \{20\}$ | {30} ∼{100} | $\{0.2\} \sim \{20\}$ | {30} ~ {100} | {0.2} ~ {20} | | | | | | | |
| | Screw Outer Diameter | 12~65 85~150 12~65 85~150 12~65 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Standard | Standard Gear Ratio | | | H/L Speed | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Stroke | | See Table Below | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Lubrication | Shaft: Grease Reducer Unit: Grease Bath | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Color | | | | Tsubaki Olive Grey (Munsell 5GY6/0.5) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Environment | | Indoor | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | *2 Rotation Prevention | | 0 | Δ | 0 | Δ | × | × | | | | | | |
| | Bellows | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | | | | | | |
| Output | Rod Type End Fitting | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | × | × | | | | | | |
| | I Type End Fitting | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | × | × | | | | | | |
| | Table Type End Fitting | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | × | × | | | | | | |
| | LS Counter | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | Internal LS x2 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Sensor | Internal LS x4 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | Potentiometer | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | Rotary Encoder | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | 3 Phase Motor | | Δ | Δ. | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | | | | | | |
| Input | Gearmotor | | 0 | Δ. | 0 | Δ | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | Hand Wheel | | 0 | Δ. | 0 | Δ. | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Accessories | Clevis Fitting Adapter | | 0 | Δ. | Δ | \triangle | Δ | Δ | | | | | | |
| | Trunnion Fitting Adapter | | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | | | | | | |

^{*1} Basic capacity means a maximum load which the jack can support (retain).

^{*2} Rotating force is generated on the screw shaft of the jack. Select anti-rotation specification if the screw shaft is free or there is no guide, etc., on the equipment side.

| | Frame No. | 002 | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 750 | 1000 |
|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| kN Basic Capacity | | 1.96 | 4.90 | 9.80 | 24.5 | 49.0 | 98.0 | 47 | 196 | 294 | 490 | 735 | 980 |
| | tf} | {0.2} | {0.5} | {1} | {2.5} | {5} | {10} | {15} | {20} | {30} | {50} | {75} | {100} |
| | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 400 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 500 | \triangle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| Stroke | 600 | \triangle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 800 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 1000 | - | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 1200 | - | _ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 1500 | - | - | _ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |
| | 2000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ |

Traveling nut specification is also available for JW300 and above.

| | JWB | | | | | | JW | /H | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| U | | D | S | U R | D R | US | D S | U R | D R | | |
| (Standard Mo | odel for Lifting) | (Standard Model | I for Suspending) | (Travel Nut Type for Lifting) | (Travel Nut Type for Suspending) | (Standard Model for Lifting) | (Standard Model for Suspending) | (Travel Nut Type for Lifting) | (Travel Nut Type for Suspending) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 005~200 | 300~1000 | 005~200 | 300~1000 | 005 | ~200 | 010~ | ~200 | 010 | ~200 | | |
| 4.90~196 | 294~980 | 4.90~196 | 294~980 | 4.90 | ~196 | 9.80~196 | | 9.80~196 | | | |
| {0.5} ~ {20} | {30}~{100} | $\{0.5\} \sim \{20\}$ | {30}∼{100} | {0.5} ~ | ~ {20} | {1}~ | ~ {20} | {1} ~ {20} | | | |
| 16~63 | 85~140 | 16~63 | 85~140 | 16~ | 16~63 | | 20~63 | | | | |
| | | | H/L Spee | ed | | H Speed | | | | | |
| | | 9 | See Table B | elow | | | See Tabl | e Below | | | |
| | | | | Unit: Grease Bath | | Shaft: Grease Reducer Unit: Grease Bath | | | | | |
| | T | subaki Oliv | /e Grey (Μι | insell 5GY6/0.5) | | Tsubaki Olive Grey (Munsell 5GY6/0.5) | | | | | |
| | | | Indoor | | | | | oor | | | |
| 0 | Δ | 0 | Δ | × | × | Δ | Δ | × | × | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | × | × | 0 | 0 | × | × | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | × | × | 0 | 0 | × | × | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | X | X | 0 | 0 | × | × | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 0 | Δ. | 0 | Δ | 0 | 0 | Δ. | Δ | <u> </u> | Δ | | |
| 0 | Δ | 0 | Δ | 0 | 0 | Δ. | Δ | \triangle | \triangle | | |
| | <u> </u> | \triangle | <u> </u> | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | | |
| 0 | \triangle | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | \triangle | Δ | \triangle | | |
| 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | | |

| 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 750 | 1000 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 |
|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|
| 4.90 | 9.80 | 24.5 | 49.0 | 98.0 | 147 | 196 | 294 | 490 | 735 | 980 | 9.80 | 24.5 | 49.0 | 98.0 | 147 | 196 |
| {0.5} | {1} | {2.5} | {5} | {10} | {15} | {20} | {30} | {50} | {75} | {100} | {1} | {2.5} | {5} | {10} | {15} | {20} |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| _ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| _ | - | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | _ | Δ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | _ | _ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | _ | _ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 |

Model Features Model Features

JWM [Machine Screw Type]

Low Speed, Low Frequency

JWM (Machine Screw Type) is a standard model, suitable for low speed, low frequency operations. Major components include trapezoidal screw and high precision worm gear.

1. Economical

Simple, compact and affordable.

2. Low Speed, Low Frequency

The unique sliding motion of trapezoidal screw provides smooth and consistent low speed, suitable for low frequency operations.

3. Load

Machine screw has a self-lock feature based on calculation, and can maintain loads.

* Self-lock may not be effective where vibration or shock is present. In this case, install a brake unit.



JWB [Ball Screw Type]

High Speed, High Frequency

JWB (Ball Screw Type) is a highly efficient jack for high speed, high frequency operations. Major components include accurate ball screw and high precision worm gear.

1. High Efficiency

JWB's ball screw generates high efficiency and its compact drive unit produces high power.

2. High Speed

Compared to the JWM, its high efficiency allows easier high speed drive.

3. Extended Life

Long and predictable ball screw life.

*Self-lock is not provided. Must install a brake unit.



JWH [High Lead Ball Screw Type]

Super High Speed, High Frequency

Depending on the high lead ball screw used, the screw shaft speed can exceed that of a JWB by up to 4 times at the same input shaft rpm.

Major components include high lead ball screw and high precision worm gear.

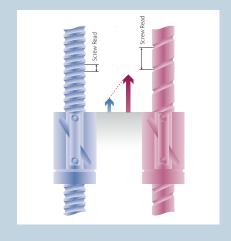
1. Super High Speed

Effective high lead screw allows maximum screw shaft speed of 7.5m/min.

2. Quiet Operation

JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) requires less input rpm at its drive and reducer units to run at the same speed of JWB (Ball Screw Type), resulting in considerably quiet operation.

*Self-lock is not provided. Must install a brake unit.



Linipower Jack

Selecting Your Linipower Jack · Technical Notes

Selecting Your Linipower Jack

| Selecting Process | - P149•150 |
|---|------------|
| Example — | - P151•152 |
| Technical Notes | |
| Screw Shaft Speed and Allowable Load ——— | P153~157 |
| Allowable Buckling Load ————— | P158~160 |
| Allowable Side Load | —— P161 |
| Expected Travel Distance and Wear Life ——— | —— P162 |
| Technical Data | —— P163 |
| (Allowable OHL and Allowable Screw Shaft rpm) | |

Selecting Your Linipower Jack

Selecting Process

1) Equipment · · · · · · · Table or theatre lifter, conveyer line selector etc.

2) Layout · · · · · · · Patterns of multiple jack systems (4, 6 or more units), driving, coupling etc.

3) Maximum Load (W) · · · · · Load or work weight N {kgf}.

4) Screw Shaft Speed (V) · · · · · Required speed for jack, m/min.

5) Stroke · · · · · · · · · · · · Actual stroke used, mm.

6) Screw Types · · · · · · · · Machine Screw Type (JWM), Ball Screw Type (JWB), High Lead Ball Screw Type (JWH).

7) Installation Configuration · · · Basic specifications (lift or suspend, with or without rotation prevention).

Travel nut type (lift or suspend).

8) Installation Conditions · · · · · Fixed base, shaft end, clevis etc. For compression loads, consider buckling.

9) Life Expectancy · · · · · · Years jack will withstand wear (for JWB, JWH only).

STEP1 Selecting Your Linipower Jack

1. Adjusted Load Ws

Calculate the "Adjusted Load" Ws, by determining the correct safety coefficient rate (Table 1) for specific load conditions.

$$\label{eq:AdjustedLoad} \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Adjusted Load Ws} = \mbox{Maximum Load W x Coefficient Sf} \\ \mbox{N \{kgf\}} & \mbox{N \{kgf\}} \end{array}$$

Table 1. Coefficient Sf

| Load Conditions | Example Purposes | Coefficient Range |
|---|--|----------------------|
| Smooth movement with no shock Light load | Opening and closing a valve Adjusting a conveyor | 1.0 ~ 1.3 |
| Light shock Medium load | Use with various kinds of transporting equipment and lifters | 1.3 ~ 1.5 |
| Severe shock and/or vibration Heavy load | Use with large transporting carriages Holding the position of a press roller | 1.5 ~ 3.0 |

Note) The above table is for general reference only. Consider particular operating conditions under which you operate before selecting a coefficient.

2. Load per jack

Calculate load W per jack, by using the adjusted load Ws obtained above.

For a synchronous drive, use a synchronous drive coefficient (Table 2).

| Load / jack W | _ | Adjusted Load Ws N {kgf} |
|---------------|---|---|
| N {kgf} | | No. of jacks $ \times $ synchro. drive coefficient fd |

Table 2. Synchronous Drive Coefficient fd

| No. of units | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5~8 |
|--------------|------|-----|------|-----|
| Coefficient | 0.95 | 0.9 | 0.85 | 0.8 |

3. Jack Selection

Follow these steps to make a preliminary jack selection.

Points of preliminary jack selection

- ①Select (temporary) worm speed ratio by adjusting the screw shaft rpm. If difficult to select, inspect by H speed.
- 2 Consider traveling space when selecting stroke.
- 3 Select options based on your needs.

- 4. Verifying Buckling and Screw Shaft rpm
 - ①Allowable Buckling Load

For a compressive load, verify that it does not exceed the allowable buckling load (See pages 158~160). If it does, increase jack size and recalculate.

②Allowable Screw Shaft rpm

If using a travel nut, verify that it does not exceed the allowable shaft rpm (See page 163). If it does, increase jack size and recalculate.

5. Confirming Required Input rpm

Determine the required input rpm, using the required screw shaft speed.

$$N = \frac{V}{\ell} \times R$$

N : Input rpm r/min
V : Screw Shaft Speed m/min
ℓ : Screw Lead m
R : Gear Ratio

6. Verifying Required Input Torque Calculate required input torque.

$$T = \frac{W \times \ell}{2 \times \pi \times R \times \eta} + To$$

T: Required Input Torque $N \cdot m \{kgf \cdot m\}$

W: Lifting Load N {kgf}

ℓ : Screw Lead m

 π : Circular Constant 3.14

R: Gear Ratio

 η : Overall Efficiency

To: Tare Drag Torque N ⋅ m {kgf⋅m}

- * For screw lead, gear ratio, overall efficiency and tare drag torque, see pages 169, 195 and 219. Take caution in selecting screw units. (8mm→0.008m)
- 7. Verifying Input Capacity

SI Unit
$$P = \frac{T \times N}{9550}$$

Gravitational $P = \frac{T \times N}{974}$

T : Required Input Torque N⋅m{kgf⋅m}
P : Required Input Load kW
N : Input rpm r/min

Inquiry Form

8. Allowable Overhang Load

If attaching a sprocket, gear, or belt to the input shaft, verify that the total weight is within the allowable overhang load. (See page 163) If not, increase jack size and recalculate.

- Verifying Wear Life (JWB/JWH only)
 Check if wear life is sufficient. (See page 162)
 When increasing travel distance, increase jack size and recalculate.
 - * Life cannot be calculated for JWM (Machine Screw Type).

10. Selecting Your Options

Select options that best suit your needs.

- 1. Output Option 2. Installation Option
- 3. Sensor Option 4. Input Option

(See page 228~)

- 5. Accessory Option
- 11. Jack Number

Determine the actual Linipower Jack number that meets the above conditions.

STEP2 Parts Options

Motor

Determine the required drive unit capacity for synchronous drive Pt.

- 1. Add the torque required for each jack T_{1~4} on the drive unit side to determine the overall Torque Tt.
- <Required Torque per Jack>

$$T_{1\sim 4} = \frac{T}{\text{(Gearbox efficiency)}^{No. of gear box}}$$

<Required Torque for the Drive Unit>

$$Tt = T_1 + T_2 + T_3 + T_4$$

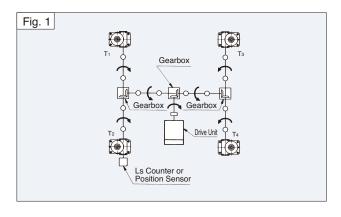
 $T_{1\,\sim\,4}: \text{ Required torque for each jack on the drive unit side } \quad N \cdot m \, \{\text{kgf} \cdot m \,\}$

T : Required input torque per jack $N \cdot m \{kgf \cdot m\}$

Gear box efficiency: Assume 0.9

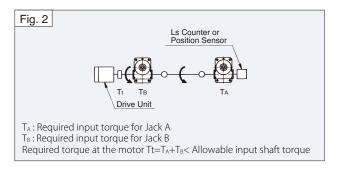
Tt : Required torque for the drive-unit $N \cdot m \{kgf \cdot m\}$

For a four unit system (Fig. 1), $T_{1\sim4} = \frac{T}{0.9^2}$



2. Be certain that the required input torque calculated is within the allowable input shaft torque.

(e.g.) If jacks are arranged in a linear structure as shown in Fig. 2, the drive unit input shaft consumes the total input torque required for both jacks. This doubled torque should not exceed the allowable input torque.



Next, determine the required drive unit capacity
 Pt with input rpm N and overall Torque Tt determined in 1.

Other Parts Options

Gear box....Select based on input rpm and required torque.

See TSUBAKI E&M Miter Gear Box Catalog.

(Bulletin No.04001)

Coupling....Select based on allowable torque and maximum shaft diameter.

See TSUBAKI E&M Coupling Catalog.

(Bulletin No.06009)

Jack Selection Example 1

Example: Four jack synchronous drive for lifting with 3-phase 220v/60Hz motor (see layout below), operating at room temperature under low dust conditions.

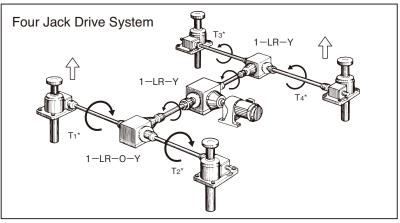
Guide installed on the equipment to prevent side load.

Fixed base-Guided shaft end/Fixed shaft end.

Operation cycle: (2 times/hour) X (8 hours/day) X (300 days/year) X (3 years usage)

① Maximum load : 88.2 kN {9 tf} / 4 Units ② Required speed : 10 mm/s (600 mm/min)

3 Operating stroke: 260 mm



Jacks lift as rotational input is applied in the direction of each arrow.

* See the previous page for $T_{\scriptscriptstyle 1} \sim T_{\scriptscriptstyle 4}$

SI Unit

- 1. Adjusted load Ws is (coefficient Sf=1.3) Ws=88200×1.3=114660 N
- 2. Load W per jack is

$$W = \frac{114660}{4 \times 0.85} = 33724 \text{ N}$$

- 3. Considering speed, efficiency and drive unit, JWB050USH is preliminarily selected.
- 4. For 260mm operating stroke, use 300 mm stroke for the jack.

Considering its possible dust generation and shaft end stability (see layout above), the appropriate jack would be JWB050USH3JM.

5. Since this load is compressive, calculate the operated buckling load based on the formula used on pages $159\sim160$. (Assume safety level Sf=4.) See page 160 for details on calculations.

$$P_{CR} = 20 \times 10^4 \times \left(\frac{31.3^2}{637} \right)^2$$

*Refer to dimensions on page 203.

$$=473073 \text{ N}$$

$$Sf = \frac{473073}{33724} > 4 \cdots \text{OK}$$

6. This is not a travel nut type so there is no need to confirm allowable screw shaft rpm. (Inspect the allowable screw shaft rpm if using a travel nut.)

{ Gravitational Unit }

- 1. Adjusted load Ws is (coefficient Sf=1.3) Ws=9000×1.3=11700 kgf
- 2. Load W per jack is

$$W = \frac{11700}{4 \times 0.85} = 3442 \text{ kgf}$$

- 3. Considering speed, efficiency and drive unit, JWB050USH is preliminarily selected.
- 4. For 260mm operating stroke, use 300 mm stroke for the jack. Considering its possible dust generation and shaft end stability (see layout above), the appropriate jack would be JWB050USH3JM.
- Since this load is compressive, calculate the operated buckling load based on the formula used on pages 159~ 160. (Assume safety level Sf=4.) See page160 for details on calculations.

$$P_{CR} = 20 \times 10^3 \times \left(\frac{31.3^2}{637}\right)^2$$

*Refer to dimensions on page 203.

=47307 kgf

$$Sf = \frac{47307}{3442} > 4 \cdots OK$$

6. This is not a travel nut type so there is no need to confirm allowable screw shaft rpm. (Inspect the allowable screw shaft rpm if using a travel nut.)

SI Unit

7. Required Input Capacity

①N=
$$\frac{0.60}{0.010}$$
 ×6=360 r/min
②T= $\frac{33724\times0.010}{2\times3.14\times6\times0.64}$ +1.37=15.4 N·m
From①② P= $\frac{15.4\times360}{9550}$ =0.58 kW

Rated input capacity for JWB050USH3 is 0.58 kW < 2.2 kW. (If not suitable, increase the frame number or reduce the screw shaft rpm and recalculate.)

- 8. Overhang load dose not apply so inspection is not required. Inspect as appropriate.
- 9. Verifying Wear Life for JWB

Calculate the expected travel distance from usage frequency. (See page 162)

Expected driving distance = $0.26x2x8x300x10^{-3}x3=3.74$ km We then find that the suitable jack number is JWB050.

....OK

10. Jack Options

Possible dust → Use with bellow Shaft end → Table shaft end

Finally, we conclude by selecting JWB050USH3JM.

{ Gravitational Unit }

7. Required Input Capacity

①N=
$$\frac{0.60}{0.010}$$
 ×6=360 r/min
②T= $\frac{3442\times0.010}{2\times3.14\times6\times0.64}$ +0.14=1.57 kgf · m
From①② P= $\frac{1.57\times360}{974}$ =0.58 kW

Rated input capacity for JWB050USH3 is 0.58 kW < 2.2 kW. (If not suitable, increase the frame number or reduce the screw shaft rpm and recalculate.)

- 8. Overhang load dose not apply so inspection is not required. Inspect as appropriate.
- 9. Verifying Wear Life for JWB

Calculate the expected travel distance from usage frequency. (See page 162)

Expected driving distance = $0.26x2x8x300x10^{-3}x3=3.74$ km We then find that the suitable jack number is JWB050.

.....OK

10.Jack Options

Possible dust → Use with bellow Shaft end → Table shaft end

Finally, we conclude by selecting JWB050USH3JM.

Selecting Parts (Parts Options)

A. Selecting a Drive Unit

1. Calculate the required torque $T_{1\ (2.3.4)}$ for each jack on the drive unit side.

SI Unit
$$T_1 = \frac{15.4}{0.9^2} = 19.0 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{Gravitational} \\ \text{Unit} \end{cases} T_1 = \frac{1.57}{0.9^2} = 1.94 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m} \end{cases}$$

Since 4 jacks follow the same route $Tt = T_1 \times 4 = 76.0 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ SI Unit

{ Gravitational Unit $Tt=T_1\times 4=7.76 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ }

2.Inspecting the Rated Input Torque

In this case, inspection is not necessary because 2 or more jacks are not arranged in a linear structure.

3. Required Capacity for the Drive Unit Pt

SI Unit
$$Pt = \frac{76.0 \times 360}{9550} = 2.87 \text{ kW}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{Gravitational Pt} = \frac{7.76 \times 360}{974} = 2.87 \text{ kW} \end{cases}$$
from the input rpm 360r/min we find
$$\frac{1800}{1000} = 5$$

Based on this data we select GMTA370-50L5B, TSUBAKI E&M 3.7kW gearmotor with a brake unit.

For details, see TSUBAKI E&M Compact Gearmotor Catalog (Bulletin No.07003).

- B.1. Select a gear box based on the required input torque of 15.4N • m{1.57kgf • m}, and input rpm of 360r/min.
- 1.1. Gear box on each side of the jack must tolerate the combined torque of 2 jacks. Thus we selected gear box

$$\frac{15.4\times2}{0.9}$$
 = 34.3 N·m $\left\{\frac{1.57\times2}{0.9}$ = 3.49 kgf·m $\right\}$

(Caution: Make sure the direction of the gear box shaft rotation is correct.)

1-2. Gear box by the gearmotor requires torque for 4 jacks $\frac{15.4 \times 4}{0.9^2} = 76.1 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \left\{ \frac{1.57 \times 4}{0.9^2} = 7.76 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m} \right\}$

From this, we find that the gear box ED6M is most suit-

Gear box by the jack Left \longrightarrow ED4M 1-LR-O-Y Right \longrightarrow ED4M 1-LR-Y Gear box by the gearmotor——→ED6M 1-LR-Y (For details see TSUBAKI E&M Miter Gear Box Catalog).

- B.2. Select couplings based on your requirements. (See TSUBAKI E&M Coupling Catalog for details.) The following is an example process for selecting the right couplings.
- 2-1. Select couplings used between each jack and their adjacent gear box based on the required input torque per jack, 15.4N • m {1.57kgf • m}, input shaft diameter (ϕ 20 for JWB050USH), and the gear box shaft diameter (ϕ 19 for ED4M).

Required number is 2×2×2=8.

2-2. Select couplings used between the gear boxes based on the required torque for the nearest pair of jacks,

$$\frac{15.4\times2}{0.9}$$
 = 34.3 N·m $\left\{\frac{1.57\times2}{0.9}$ = 3.49 kgf·m $\right\}$

and the diameter of each gear box shaft: one by the jack (ϕ 19 for ED4M), and the other by the gearmotor (ϕ 25 ED6M). Required number is $2 \times 2 = 4$.

2-3. Select couplings used between each gear box and the gearmotor based on the total required torque for the four iacks

$$\frac{15.4\times4}{0.9^2}$$
 = 76.1 N·m $\left\{\frac{1.57\times4}{0.9^2}$ = 7.76 kgf·m $\right\}$

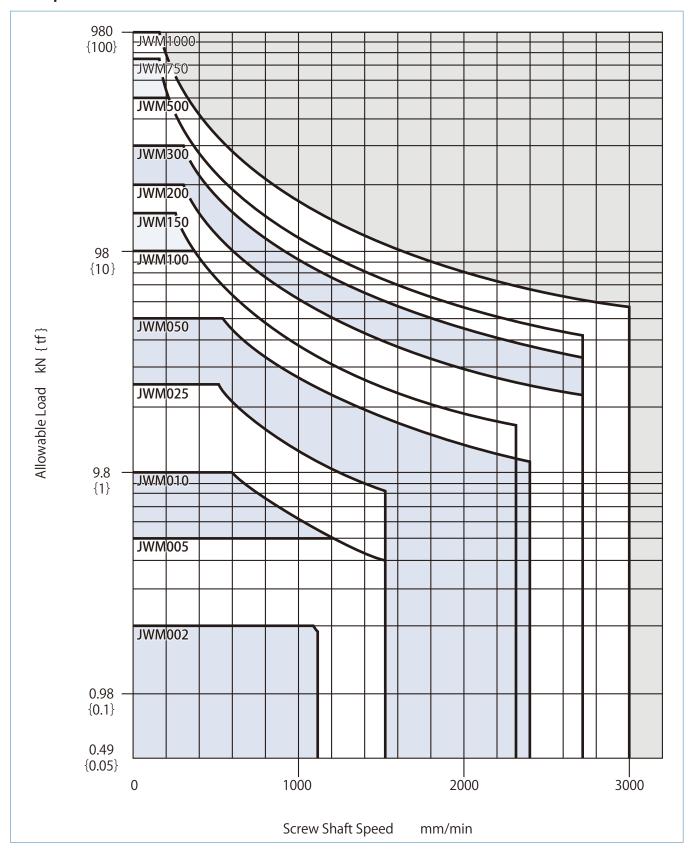
and the diameters of the gear box (ϕ 25 for ED6M) and the output shafts (ϕ 50 for GMTA370-50L5B).

Screw Shaft Speed (Lifting) and Allowable Load for JWM (Machine Screw Type)

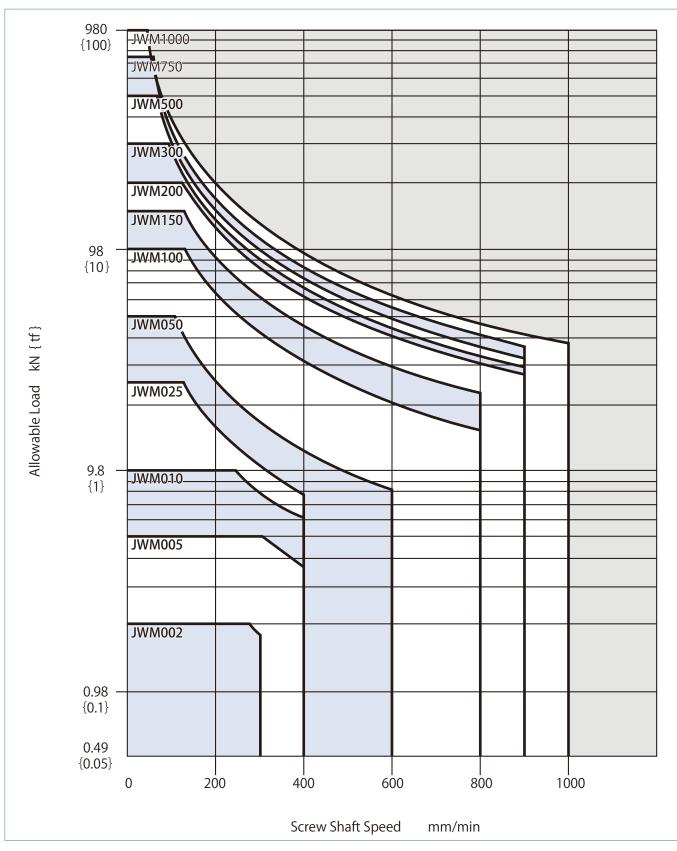
This graph illustrates the relationship between screw shaft speed and allowable load for each frame number. Use this graph to select the correct frame number for specific requirements.

If inspection is required, see page 149 for calculation details.

■H Speed



■L Speed

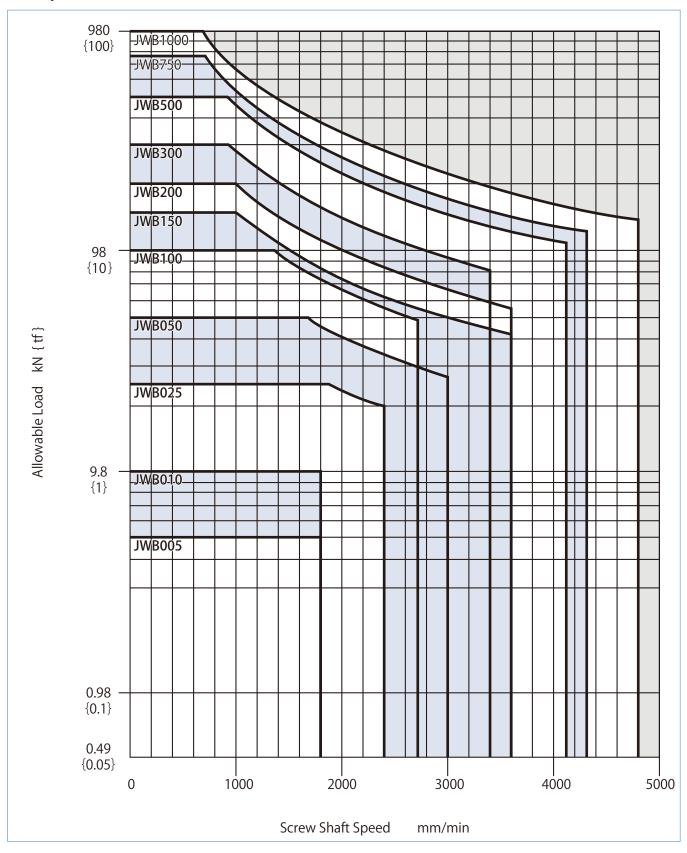


Screw Shaft Speed (Lifting) and Allowable Load for JWB (Ball Screw Type)

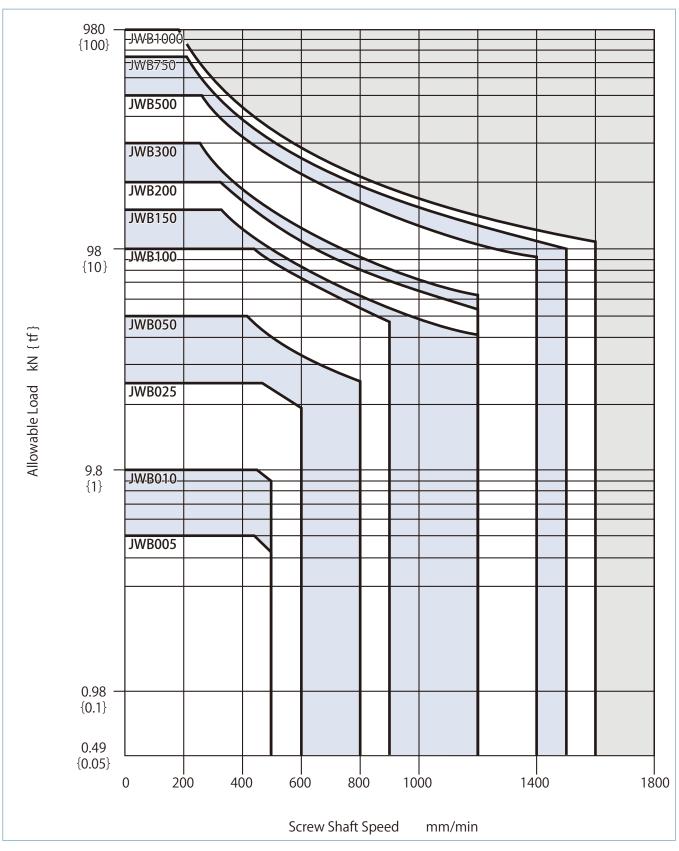
This graph illustrates the relationship between screw shaft speed and allowable load for each frame number. Use this graph to select the correct frame number for specific requirements.

If inspection is required, see page 149 for calculation details.

■H Speed



■L Speed

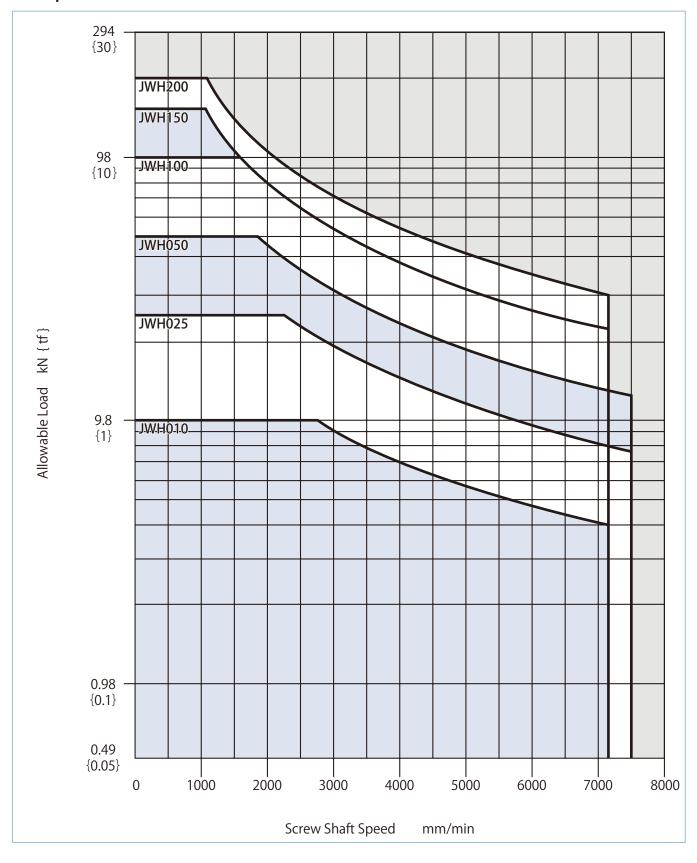


Screw Shaft Speed (Lifting) and Allowable Load for JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type)

This graph illustrates the relationship between screw shaft speed and allowable load for each frame number. Use this graph to select the correct frame number for specific requirements.

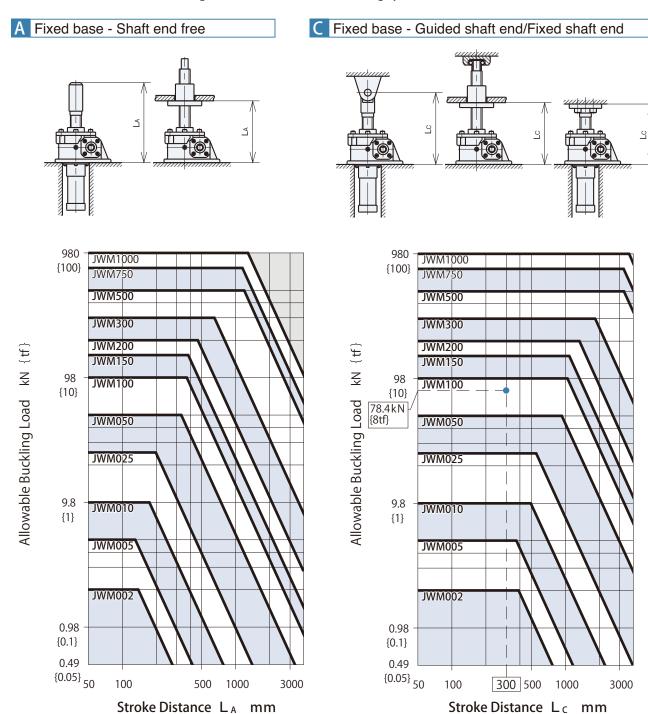
If inspection is required, see page 149 for calculation details.

■H Speed



Allowable Buckling Load for JWM (Machine Screw Type)

- •Use this graph to select the correct frame number based on a specific buckling load, for compression loads.
- The graph for Allowable Buckling Load assumes a load safety rate of Sf = 4.
- ①From the installation conditions shown in A and C below, determine the correct distance for LA and LC. (For other installation conditions, see page 160)
- ②The graphs allow you to select the correct frame number based on a specific load W (vertical axis) and stroke distance LA (horizontal axis).
- ■Make sure side load does not apply. The graph below assumes no side load.
- If the shaft is loaded in tension buckling can be avoided, and hence be highly economical.

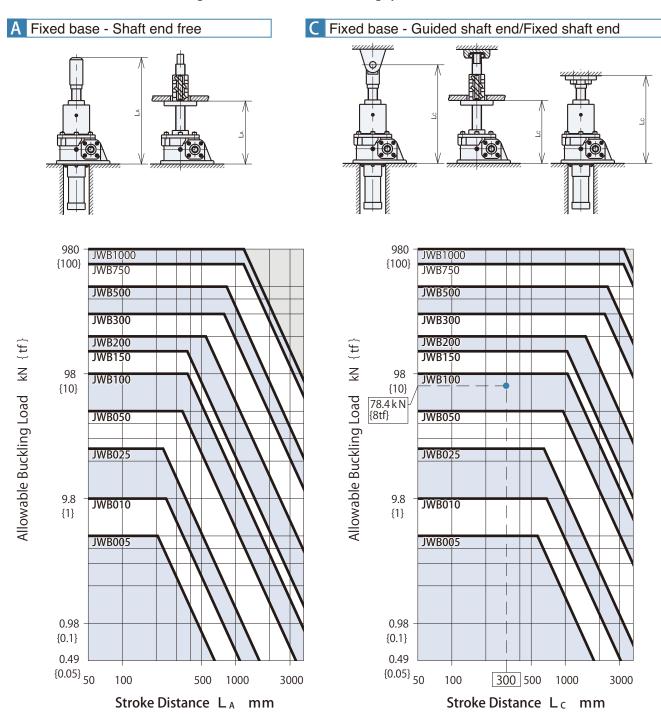


Notes)1. The dotted line on the graph represents an example based on W78.4kN {8tf} load (buckling safety rate of Sf =4) and installation condition C with a distance of 300mm. From this graph, JWM100 is selected as the suitable frame number for these conditions.

2. If full inspection is required, see page 160 for calculation details.

Allowable Buckling Load for JWB (Ball Screw Type)

- •Use this graph to select the correct frame number based on a specific buckling load, for compression loads.
 - The graph for Allowable Buckling Load assumes a buckling load safety rate of Sf = 4.
 - \bigcirc From the installation conditions shown in A and C below, determine the correct distance for LA and Lc. (For other installation conditions, see page 160)
 - ②The graphs allow you to select the correct frame number based on a specific load W (vertical axis) and stroke distance L_A (horizontal axis).
- ■Make sure side load does not apply. The graph below assumes no side load.
- If the shaft is loaded in tension buckling can be avoided, and hence be highly economical.



Notes)1. The dotted line on the graph represents an example based on W78.4kN {8tf} load (buckling safety rate of Sf =4) and installation condition C with a distance of 300mm. From this graph, JWM100 is selected as the suitable frame number for these conditions.

2. If full inspection is required, see page 160 for calculation details.

Allowable Buckling Load for JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type)

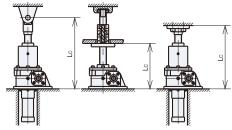
- Use this graph to select the correct frame number based on a specific buckling load for compression loads.
- The graph for Allowable Buckling Load assumes a buckling load safety rate of Sf = 4. ①From the installation condition shown in C below, determine the correct
- ②The graph allows you to select the correct frame number based on a specific load W (vertical axis) and stroke distance Lc (horizontal axis).
- Make sure side load does not apply. The graph below assumes no side load.

distance for Lc. (For other installation conditions, see technical data).

• If the shaft is loaded in tension buckling can be avoided, and hence be highly economical.

294 {30} JWH200 # JWH150 98 JWH100 {10} JWH050 Allowable Buckling Load JWH025 JWH010 0.98 {0.1} 0.49 {0.05} 50 100 500 1000 3000 Stroke Distance Lc mm

Fixed base - Guided shaft end/Fixed shaft end



Note) If a detailed study is required, check by the following formula.

Formula used to calculate Allowable Buckling Load

Formula used to calculate allowable buckling load.

$$PCR=m \times \left(\frac{d^2}{L}\right)^2$$

Make sure Pcr>W×Sf

Pcr: Allowable buckling load N { kgf }

d : Screw shaft root diameter mm (Refer to pages 169 • 170 for JWM, pages 195 • 196 for JWB and pages 219 • 220 for JWH)

m : Support coefficient

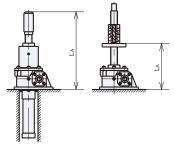
(Select installation condition from the figures below)

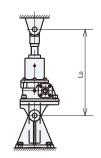
: Screw shaft projection distance mm (maximum dimension in the dimensions table of each frame No.: If an end fitting is required, see the dimension of the end fitting.)

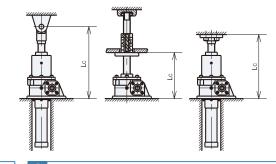
: Load per jack N { kgf }

Sf : Buckling safety rate (Assume 4)

■Installation Conditions







A Fixed base-Shaft end free

| | m |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| SI Unit | 10×10^{4} |
| Gravitational Unit | 10×10^{3} |

B Base and shaft end wi

| ith clevis | Fixed base-Guided shaft end/Fixed shaft end | |
|------------|---|--|
| | m | |

| | m |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| SI Unit | 2.5×10^4 |
| Gravitational Unit | 2.5×10^{3} |

| | m |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| SI Unit | 10×10^4 |
| Gravitational Unit | 10×10^{3} |

| | m |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| SI Unit | 20×10^{4} |
| Gravitational Unit | 20×10^{3} |

SI Unit

We calculate the P_{CR} of JWM100USH5JI, based on 49000N load and installation condition C (Fixed base and guided shaft end/Fixed shaft end.)

$$P_{CR}=20\times10^{4}\times\left(\frac{38.4^{2}}{791^{*}}\right)^{2}$$
=695027 N
W×SF =49000×4 (assuming Sf=4)

695027>196000···OK

=196000 N $PcR>W\times Sf$

* L=711+80 (I-type end fitting)=791 from the dimensions table on page 181.

{ Gravitational Unit }

We calculate the PCR of JWM100USH5JI, based on 5000kgf load and installation condition C (Fixed base and guided shaft end/Fixed shaft end.)

$$P_{CR} = 20 \times 10^3 \times \left(\frac{38.4^2}{791 *} \right)^2$$

=69502 kgf

W \times SF =5000 \times 4 (assuming Sf=4)

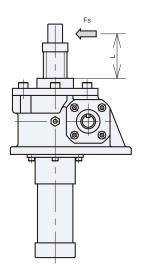
=20000 kgf

 $Pcr>W\times Sf$ 69502>20000···OK * L=711+80 (I-type end fitting)=791 from the dimensions table on page 181.

Allowable Side Load for JWM (Machine Screw Type)

Guides are typically used for Machine Screw Types as shown in the diagram below. However, if the shaft projection distance (L) beyond the housing surface is relatively short, a certain amount of side load is acceptable.

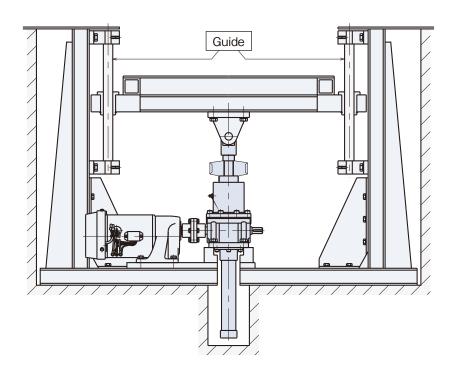
Note) L represents the distance of screw shaft projection that affects side load. It does not refer to stroke distance.



| Frame | | | | | Allov | wable | Side | Load | | | { k | N gf } |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Screw Shaft Projection Distance L mm | 002 | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 750 | 1000 |
| 100 | 83 | 128 | 318 | 570 | 2,500 | 4,010 | 4,610 | 8,210 | 21,700 | 85,300 | 73,500 | 159,700 |
| 100 | {9} | {13} | {32} | {59} | {255} | {409} | {470} | {838} | {2,210} | {8,700} | {7,500} | {16,300} |
| 200 | 42 | 64 | 159 | 290 | 1,250 | 2,010 | 2,300 | 4,110 | 10,800 | 50,400 | 56,700 | 79,900 |
| 200 | {4} | {7} | {16} | {29} | {128} | {205} | {235} | {419} | {1,110} | {5,150} | {5,780} | {8,150} |
| 200 | 28 | 43 | 106 | 190 | 830 | 1,340 | 1,540 | 2,740 | 7,200 | 33,600 | 37,800 | 53,200 |
| 300 | {3} | {4} | {11} | {20} | {85} | {136} | {157} | {279} | {740} | {3,430} | {3,860} | {5,430} |
| 400 | 21 | 32 | 79 | 140 | 620 | 1,000 | 1,150 | 2,050 | 5,400 | 25,200 | 28,300 | 39,900 |
| 400 | {2} | {3} | {8} | {15} | {64} | {102} | {118} | {210} | {550} | {2,570} | {2,890} | {4,080} |
| 500 | _ | 27 | 64 | 110 | 500 | 800 | 920 | 1,640 | 4,300 | 20,200 | 22,700 | 31,900 |
| 500 | _ | {3} | {6} | {12} | {51} | {82} | {94} | {168} | {440} | {2,060} | {2,310} | {3,260} |
| 600 | - | 25 | 53 | 100 | 420 | 670 | 770 | 1,370 | 3,600 | 16,800 | 18,900 | 26,600 |
| 000 | - | {3} | {5} | {10} | {43} | {68} | {78} | {140} | {370} | {1,720} | {1,930} | {2,720} |
| 700 | - | 23 | 51 | 90 | 360 | 570 | 660 | 1,170 | 3,100 | 14,400 | 16,200 | 22,800 |
| 700 | _ | {2} | {5} | {9} | {36} | {58} | {67} | {120} | {320} | {1,470} | {1,650} | {2,330} |
| 800 | - | 21 | 48 | 90 | 310 | 500 | 580 | 1,030 | 2,700 | 12,600 | 14,200 | 20,000 |
| 800 | - | {2} | {5} | {9} | {32} | {51} | {59} | {105} | {280} | {1,290} | {1,450} | {2,040} |
| 900 | _ | _ | 45 | 90 | 280 | 450 | 510 | 910 | 2,400 | 11,200 | 12,600 | 17,700 |
| 900 | _ | _ | {5} | {9} | {28} | {45} | {52} | {93} | {250} | {1,140} | {1,290} | {1,810} |
| 1000 | _ | _ | 42 | 90 | 250 | 400 | 460 | 820 | 2,200 | 10,100 | 11,300 | 16,000 |
| 1000 | _ | _ | {4} | {9} | {26} | {41} | {47} | {84} | {220} | {1,030} | {1,160} | {1,630} |

Allowable Side Load for JWB and JWH (Ball Screw and High Lead Ball Screw Types)

If side load applies, make consideration so that it does not directly apply the jack by installing a guide as shown below.



Expected Travel Distance for JWB and JWH (Ball Screw and High Lead Ball Screw Types)

Ball screw life is determined by the flaking of the rolling surface due to fatigue.

Verify ball screw life expectancy using the graphs shown. However, note that conditions such as severe shock and failure to conduct regular maintenance can largely affect the life of a ball screw.

Expected travel distance (km) = Actual load stroke (m) x Usage frequency (times/day) x No. of operating days/yr. x 10^{-3} x Expected no. of years

The graph on the right is based on life expectancy of B10. B10 represents distance traveled by 90% of the entire unit.

If selecting a jack based on life, use the following graph and determine the frame number first.

Each graph shows the equivalent Pm or 39.2kN {4tf} for the required expected travel distance, 5km. The coordinates of horizontal and vertical axes suggest suitable frame numbers. In this case, jacks JWB050, JWH050 or above are recommended.

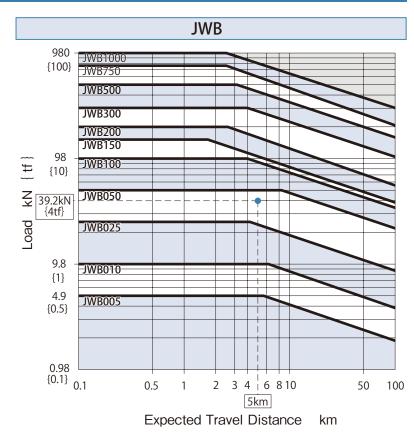
If the load largely fluctuates in the middle of a stroke, use the following formula to calculate equivalent load.

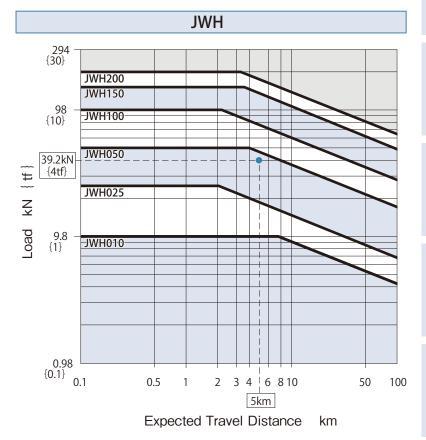
$$P_{M} = \frac{P_{MIN} + 2 \times P_{MAX}}{3}$$

P_M : Equivalent load kN { kgf }
P_{MN} : Minimum load kN { kgf }
P_{MAX} : Maximum load kN { kgf }

<JWM (Machine Screw Type) Expected Travel Distance> Machine screw life cannot be determined by the formula used to calculate a ball screw wear life. Use the information below as a reference.

JWM050 and below---5km (Average expected life) JWM100 and above---1km (Average expected life)





Technical Data

1. Allowable Overhang Load

When installing a sprocket, gear, or belt, use the following formula to verify that any overhang load applied to the shaft falls within the allowable OHL (Table 1).

Allowable O. H. L.
$$\geq \frac{T \times f \times Lf}{R}$$

O.H.L.: Overhang load N {kgf}

T: Input torque N • m {kgf • m}

f : Coefficient - power transmission element

Lf : Coefficient-Load position

R : Sprocket, Gear, V pulley or Pitch diameter m

Table 2. Coefficient- Power

Transmission Element (f)

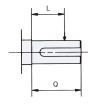
| | ` ' |
|-----------|------|
| Chain | 1.00 |
| Gear | 1.25 |
| V Belt | 1.50 |
| Flat Belt | 2.50 |

Table 3. Coefficient (Lf) - Load Position

| L/Q | Below 0.5 | 0.75 | 1 |
|-----|-----------|------|---|
| Lf | 1 | 1.5 | 2 |

Table 1. Allowable O.H.L.

| Frame No. | | 002 | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 750 | 1000 |
|----------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| JWM (Machine Screw Type) H Speed | N | 99 | 200 | 380 | 710 | 1500 | 2270 | 3160 | 4320 | 6110 | 10100 | 13900 | 18000 |
| | {kgf} | {10} | {21} | {39} | {73} | {153} | {232} | {323} | {441} | {624} | {1030} | {1420} | {1840} |
| JWM (Machine Screw Type) | N | 63 | 120 | 220 | 420 | 820 | 1430 | 1950 | 2800 | 4400 | 6650 | 9390 | 13200 |
| L Speed | {kgf} | {6} | {13} | {23} | {44} | {85} | {146} | {200} | {286} | {449} | {678} | {958} | {1350} |
| JWB (Ball Screw Type) | N | _ | 130 | 220 | 480 | 870 | 1290 | 2030 | 2490 | 3450 | 5240 | 7200 | 9790 |
| H Speed | {kgf} | ı | {14} | {23} | {50} | {89} | {132} | {208} | {255} | {352} | {535} | {735} | {998} |
| JWB (Ball Screw Type) | N | _ | 82 | 140 | 290 | 500 | 840 | 1300 | 1610 | 2400 | 3560 | 4940 | 6970 |
| L Speed | {kgf} | _ | {8} | {15} | {31} | {52} | {86} | {133} | {165} | {245} | {363} | {504} | {711} |
| JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) | N | _ | _ | 530 | 980 | 1510 | 2390 | 3130 | 3840 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| H Speed | {kgf} | _ | _ | {54} | {100} | {154} | {244} | {320} | {392} | _ | _ | _ | _ |



Q : Shaft Length

L: Loaded Position

2. Screw Shaft rpm

When using a travel nut with screw shaft rotation, make sure the screw shaft rpm is within the rated value determined by the following formula. In cases where it exceeds the allowable rate, increase the frame number and recalculate.

(Verify the allowable screw shaft rpm if the input rpm is 900 r/min or over with H speed standard stroke, or if the stroke used exceeds the standard value.)

$$NC = \frac{96 \times n \times d \times 10^6}{L^2}$$

NC : Allowable screw shaft rpm r/min

d : Screw shaft root diameter mm

(See pages 169 • 170 for JWM, pages 195 • 196 for JWB and pages 219 • 220 for JWH.)

n : Shaft end support coefficient

①Shaft end free: n=0.36

②Fixed shaft end: n=1.56

L : Support space distance mm (See graph for each frame no.)

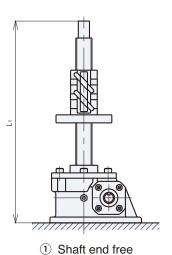
$$NS = \frac{N}{R}$$

NS : Screw shaft rpm r/min

N : Input rpm r/min

R : Worm speed ratio

MAKE SURE NC>NS



Mounting plane to the equipment

2 Shaft end guided

(Calculation Example)

Assume JWM200URH20D with input rpm of 1200r/min with fixed shaft end.

Screw shaft rpm Ns is:

$$NS = \frac{1200}{8} = 150 \text{r/min}$$

* See dimensions on page 186

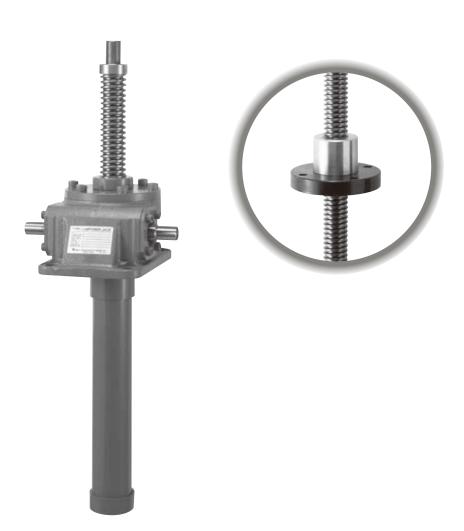
$$NC = \frac{96 \times 1.56 \times 51.3 \times 10^6}{2237^2}$$

=1535r/min

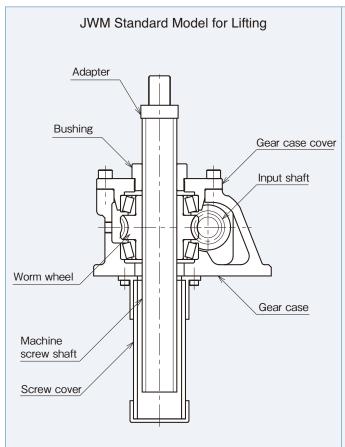
NC=1535r/min>NS=150r/min···OK

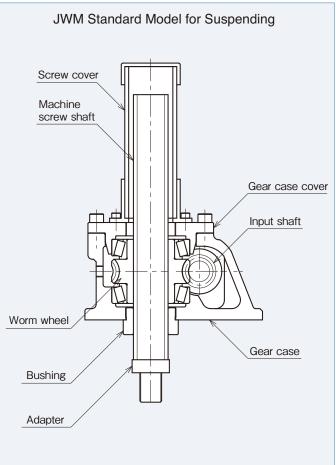
Linipower Jack

J///(Machine Screw Type)



| Drawings — | P165•166 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| JWM Reference Number System ——— | P167•168 |
| Reference Table for Standard Use ———— | P169•170 |
| Dimensions — | ——— P171∼188 |
| Precautions — | P189 |

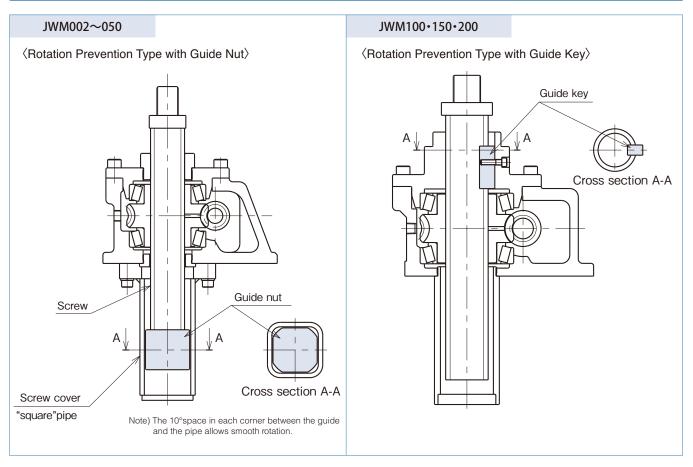




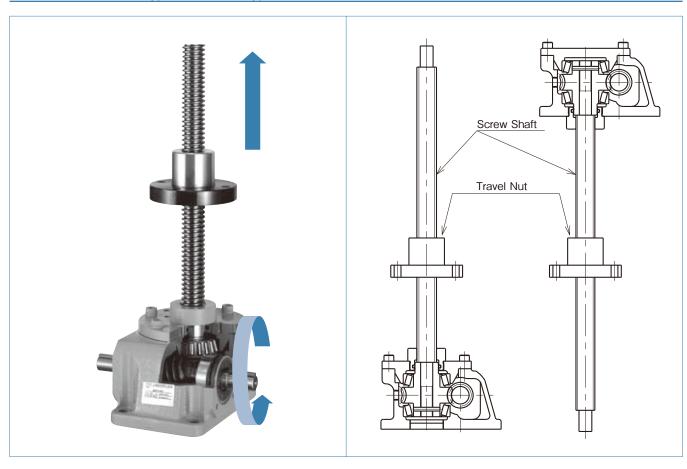


Product Information

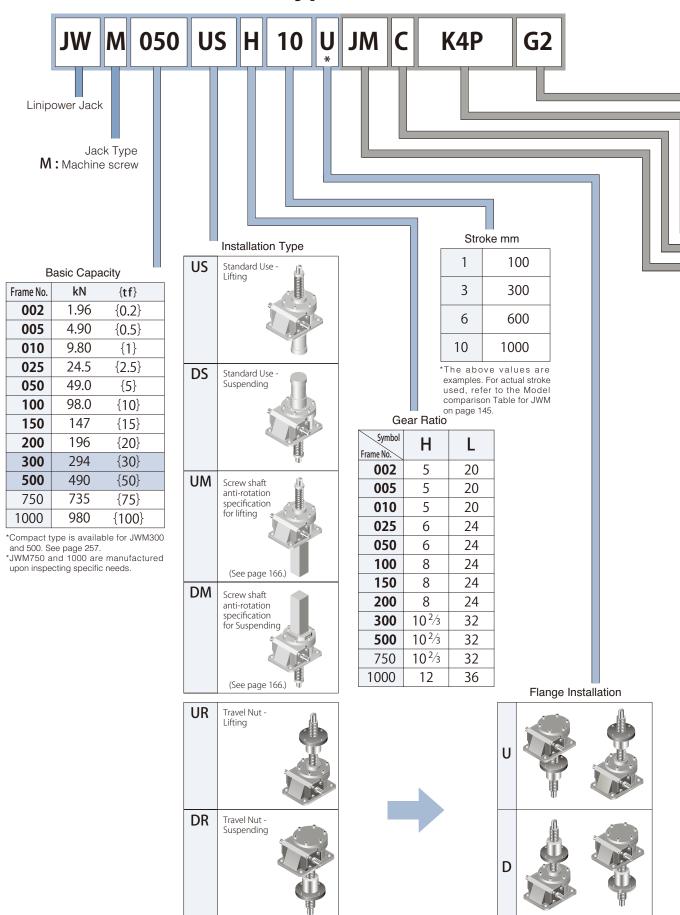
JWM (Machine Screw Type) Rotation Prevention Type



JWM (Machine Screw Type) Travel Nut Type



JWM (Machine Screw Type)



*Be sure to use the flange installation

method U or D with travel nuts.

*Above are only necessary with

Examples)

JWM100UMH3

• Machine Screw Type • 98.0kN {10tf} • Rotation prevention (for lifting) • Gear ratio H (1/8) • Stroke 300mm

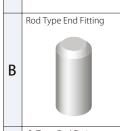
JWM050USH10JMK4PG2

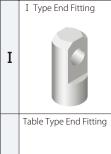
- Machine Screw Type 49.0kN {5tf} Standard use (for lifting) Gear ratio H (1/6) Stroke 1000mm
- Bellows / Table Type End Fitting 4 Internal LS Potentiometer
- 3 Phase motor with brake and gear; reducer ratio of 1/10

Output Option

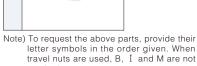
Screw Shaft End (standard) No symbol

Bellows J





M



each order. Enter necessary information in the inquiry form on page 249 to contact TSUBAKI E&M.

Installation Option



Note) For standard lifting only.

Sensor Option



Position Sensor

K2···2 Internal LS K4···4 Internal LS P····Potentiometer R····Rotary Encoder K2 **K**4



Note) To request the above parts, provide their letter symbols in the order given.

Input Option

3 phase brake and motor E....200V 200/220V 60Hz EV…400 50Hz 400/440V 60Hz



3 phase brake and gearmotor G1···Gear ratio 1/5 200V 50Hz 200/220V 60Hz ·Reducer ratio 1/10 G1 200V 50Hz 200/220V 60Hz



Accessories

Hand Wheel

(See page 246)

Control Options Stroke Meter and PCB



Meter Relay and PCB



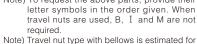
(See page 242~)

Others

Trunnion Mounting Adapter

* Use as a set with clevis mounting adapter

(See page 245)





Reference Table for Standard Use JWM (Machine Screw Type)

| Frame No. | | JWM002 | JWM005 | JWM010 | JWM025 | JWM050 | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|------------|------------------------|-----------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| De de Conseille | kN | 1.96 | 4.90 | 9.80 | 24.5 | 49.0 | | | | |
| Basic Capacity | {tf} | {0.2} | {0.5} | {1} | {2.5} | {5} | | | | |
| Outer Screw Diameter | mm | 12 | 16 | 20 | 26 | 40 | | | | |
| Minor Screw Diameter | mm | 8.8 | 10.8 | 14.8 | 19.7 | 30.5 | | | | |
| Screw Lead | mm | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 8 | | | | |
| Cara Datia | H Speed | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | | | | |
| Gear Ratio | L Speed | 20 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 24 | | | | |
| O | H Speed | 26 | 26 | 21 | 21 | 22 | | | | |
| Overall Efficiency % | L Speed | 15 | 15 | 12 | 12 | 14 | | | | |
| Max. Allowable | H Speed | 0.16 | 0.39 | 0.49 | 1.0 | 2.0 | | | | |
| Input Capacity kW | L Speed | 0.08 | 0.18 | 0.36 | 0.46 | 0.63 | | | | |
| T D T | N · m | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.29 | 0.62 | 1.4 | | | | |
| Tare Drag Torque | {kgf • m} | {0.011} | {0.011} | {0.03} | {0.063} | {0.14} | | | | |
| All III of Towns | N · m | 9.8 | 9.8 | 19.6 | 49.0 | 153.9 | | | | |
| Allowable Input Torque *Note 1 | {kgf • m} | {1} | {1} | {2} | {5} | {15.7} | | | | |
| | | 0.83 | 2.5 | 6.2 | 16.1 | 48.7 | | | | |
| *Note 2 Required Input Torque N • m | H Speed | {80.08} | {0.26} | {0.64} | {1.6} | {5.0} | | | | |
| for Basic Capacity {kgf • m} | l Cl | 0.42 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 7.4 | 20.0 | | | | |
| | L Speed | {0.04} | {0.12} | {0.30} | {0.75} | {2.0} | | | | |
| Screw Movement/ | H Speed | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.83 | 1.33 | | | | |
| per Revolution of Input Shaft mm | L Speed | 0.15 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.21 | 0.33 | | | | |
| Max. Input rpm r/min | H Speed | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | |
| Max. Input rpm r/min | L Speed | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | |
| Max. Input rpm | H Speed | 1800 | 1500 | 750 | 600 | 400 | | | | |
| for Basic Capacity r/min | L Speed | 1800 | 1500 | 1200 | 600 | 300 | | | | |
| Screw Shaft Rotational | N • m | 2.6 | 8.6 | 20.1 | 65.1 | 201.5 | | | | |
| Torque for Basic Capacity | $\{kgf \cdot m\}$ | {0.26} | {0.87} | {2.1} | {6.6} | {20.5} | | | | |
| Screw Cover Material *No | te 3 | | | Hard Vinyl Chloride | | | | | | |
| Lubrication | | | Shaft: Gre | ase Reducer Unit: Gr | ease Bath | | | | | |
| Color | | | Tsubaki | Olive Grey (Munsell 50 | GY6/0.5) | | | | | |
| Operating Temperature | Range | | -1: | 5 to 80°C (Precautions | #2) | | | | | |
| Operating Temperature Relative Humidity Operating ambient atmos | | 85% or less (no dew condensation) | | | | | | | | |
| Operating ambient atmos | sphere | Indoor Environment (Indoor room where rain and water cannot enter. Dust volume should be normal.) | | | | | | | | |
| Duty Cycle *Note 4 | | | | Within 20% ED | | | | | | |

Note 1) The allowable torque is for jack input shaft only. (Reconfirm if synchronous drive.)

Note 2) Includes tare drag torque.

Note 3) Rotation prevention types for frames 002~050 are steel square pipes.

Note 4) Standard percentage duty cycle is 30 minutes. Thus, driving time is based on 30 minute intervals.

Precautions

- 1.All loads (static, dynamic or shock) should be within the rated capacity of the jack at sufficient safety levels.
- 2.Operating Temperature Range refers to the surface temperature of the jack during operation. To check, measure the surface temperature of the input shaft unit or travel nut (if used). Be sure all the rotating parts have completely stopped before proceeding to measure.
- 3.Be sure to operate within the allowable input rpm of 1800/min.
- 4. Number of synchronizing jacks which can be connected on the same line is limited by shaft strength. Refer to the allowable input shaft torque on the above table.
- 5. Activating torque for the drive unit should be maintained at 200% above the required torque.
- 6.If operating in freezing temperatures, a change in viscosity may reduce the efficiency of the grease. Set the drive unit so as to accommodate this change.

| JWM100 | JWM150 | JWM200 | JWM300 | JWM500 | JWM750 | JWM1000 | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 98.0 | 147 | 196 | 294 | 490 | 735 | 980 | | | | | | | | |
| {10} | {15} | {20} | {30} | {50} | {75} | {100} | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 55 | 65 | 85 | 120 | 130 | 150 | | | | | | | | |
| 38.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 2/3 | 10 2/3 | 10 2/3 | 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | 24 | 24 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 36 | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 20 | 20 | 19 | 15 | 13 | 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 8 | | | | | | | | |
| 2.8 | 3.1 | 5.0 | 8.4 | 13.4 | 14.4 | 21.4 | | | | | | | | |
| 1.4 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 5.7 | 7.2 | 9.4 | | | | | | | | |
| 2.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| {0.2} | {0.2} {0.27} {0.4} {1} {2} {3} {4} | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 292 | 292.0 | 292.0 | 735.0 | 1372.0 | 1764.0 | 2450.0 | | | | | | | | |
| {29.8} | {29.8} | {29.8} | {75} | {140} | {180} | {250} | | | | | | | | |
| 90.7 | 149 | 238.1 | 400.1 | 856.0 | 1380.5 | 2040.9 | | | | | | | | |
| {9.2} | {15.2} | {24.3} | {40.8} | {87.3} | {140.7} | {208.0} | | | | | | | | |
| 45.3 | 72.3 | 124.0 | 244.0 | 453.3 | 761.3 | 1278.3 | | | | | | | | |
| {4.6} | {7.4} | {12.6} | {24.9} | {46.2} | {77.6} | {130.3} | | | | | | | | |
| 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.67 | | | | | | | | |
| 0.42 | 0.42 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.56 | | | | | | | | |
| 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | | | | | |
| 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 150 | 100 | 100 | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 290 | 250 | 180 | 120 | 90 | 70 | | | | | | | | |
| 503.6 | 813.2 | 1287.7 | 2531.9 | 5551.3 | 8921.8 | 13878.3 | | | | | | | | |
| {51.3} | {82.9} | {131.3} | {258.1} | {565.9} | {909.5} | {1414.7} | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Steel Pipe | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Screw: Gre | ease Reducer Unit: G | rease Bath | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Tsubaki | Olive Grey (Munsell 5 | GY6/0.5) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | -1: | 5 to 80℃ (Precautions | 5 #2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 85% o | less (no dew conden | sation) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Indoor Environmer | nt (Indoor room where | e rain and water canno | ot enter. Dust volume | should be normal.) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Within 20% ED | | | | | | | | | | | |

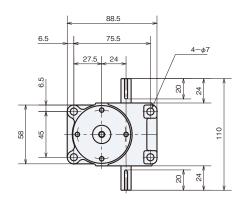
^{7.}Although JWM (Machine Screw Type) comes with a self-locking device, it may not be effective with vibration or shock. Use a brake under such conditions.

^{△8.}Be certain that the jack rating exceeds the maximum stroke. Over travel can cause the lift shaft to disengage from the worm wheel. JWM (Machine screw type) is not equipped with a fall stop, therefore, if the stroke range is exceeded, the screw shaft falls.

 $[\]Delta 9. \mbox{Do}$ not use mechanical stops under any circumstances. This will cause major internal damage.

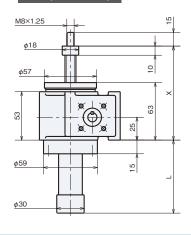
^{10.}Input shaft key is provided with each unit. (The input shaft key complies with JIS B 1301-1996 (normal grade).)

JWM002 Dimensions - Standard Model

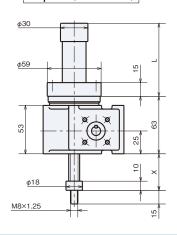


| | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS St | g 8 | | | | |
|--------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|----------|--------|---------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-----|--------|
| Stroke | Without Bellows | | X X Without Bellows With Bellows | | L | Without | (: Bellows |) With B | (ellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | ≶ |
| 100 | 73 | 173 | 127 | 227 | 184 | 20 | 120 | 65 | 165 | 184 | 2.3 |
| 200 | 73 | 273 | 127 | 327 | 284 | 20 | 220 | 65 | 265 | 284 | 2.4 |
| 300 | 73 | 373 | 167 | 467 | 424 | 20 | 320 | 105 | 405 | 424 | 2.6 |
| 400 | 73 | 473 | 167 | 567 | 524 | 20 | 420 | 105 | 505 | 524 | 2.7 |

Lift (JWM002US)



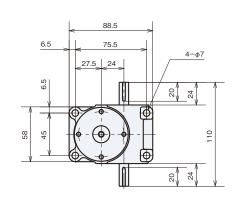
Suspend (JWM002DS)



●Input Shaft

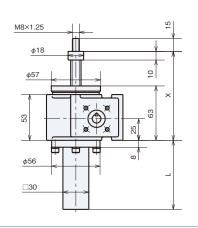


JWM002 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

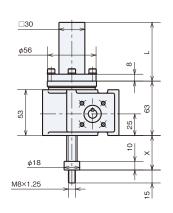


| a) | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | pending | s 8 | | | |
|--------|--------|-----------|-------------------|----------|---------|----------------------|---------|-------------------|-----|-----|--------|
| Stroke | | | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | | lows With Bellows | | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 73 | 173 | 127 | 227 | 202 | 20 | 120 | 65 | 165 | 202 | 3.0 |
| 200 | 73 | 273 | 127 | 327 | 302 | 20 | 220 | 65 | 265 | 302 | 3.4 |
| 300 | 73 | 373 | 167 | 467 | 442 | 20 | 320 | 105 | 405 | 442 | 3.9 |
| 400 | 73 | 473 | 167 | 567 | 542 | 20 | 420 | 105 | 505 | 542 | 4.3 |

Lift (JWM002UM)



Suspend (JWM002DM)

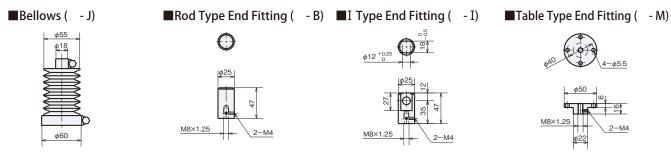


●Input Shaft



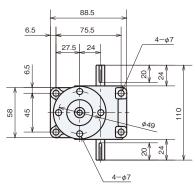
^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

Output Options

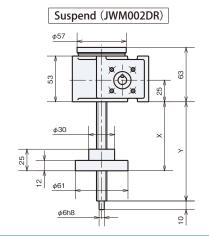


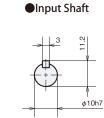
Note) For detailed measurements on units with bellows, see page 248.

JWM002 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type



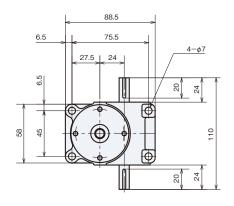
| 41 | UR Travel N | lut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | Type for Suspe | ending | kg |
|--------|-------------|-----------------|-------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Stroke |) | X | Υ |) | (| Υ | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 84 | 184 | 207 | 35 | 135 | 145 | 2.6 |
| 200 | 84 | 284 | 307 | 35 | 235 | 245 | 2.6 |
| 300 | 84 | 384 | 407 | 35 | 335 | 345 | 2.7 |
| 400 | 84 | 484 | 507 | 35 | 435 | 445 | 2.8 |





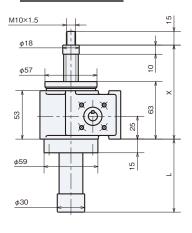
Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

JWM005 Dimensions - Standard Model

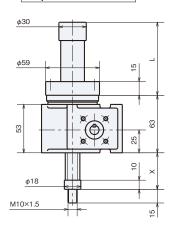


| 4. | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS St | nding | ķ | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------|-------------------|----------|--------|---------|----------------------|-----|--------------|-----|--------|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | Without | X Without Bellows | | (Sellows | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 73 | 173 | 127 | 227 | 188 | 20 | 120 | 65 | 165 | 188 | 2.5 |
| 200 | 73 | 273 | 127 | 327 | 288 | 20 | 220 | 65 | 265 | 288 | 2.6 |
| 300 | 73 | 373 | 167 | 467 | 428 | 20 | 320 | 105 | 405 | 428 | 2.8 |
| 400 | 73 | 473 | 167 | 567 | 528 | 20 | 420 | 105 | 505 | 528 | 3.0 |
| 500 | 73 | 573 | 202 | 702 | 663 | 20 | 520 | 140 | 640 | 663 | 3.2 |
| 600 | 73 | 673 | 202 | 802 | 763 | 20 | 620 | 140 | 740 | 763 | 3.3 |
| 800 | 73 | 873 | 237 | 1037 | 998 | 20 | 820 | 175 | 975 | 998 | 3.7 |

Lift (JWM005US)



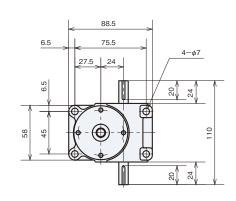
Suspend (JWM005DS)



●Input Shaft

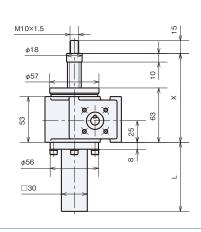


JWM005 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

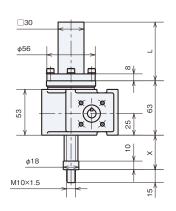


| | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | pending | g g | | | |
|--------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|----------|---------|---------------------|---------|-------------------|-----|------|--------|
| Stroke | (Without | (:Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellow | | X With Bellows | | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 73 | 173 | 127 | 227 | 202 | 20 | 120 | 65 | 165 | 202 | 3.1 |
| 200 | 73 | 273 | 127 | 327 | 302 | 20 | 220 | 65 | 265 | 302 | 3.5 |
| 300 | 73 | 373 | 167 | 467 | 442 | 20 | 320 | 105 | 405 | 442 | 4.1 |
| 400 | 73 | 473 | 167 | 567 | 542 | 20 | 420 | 105 | 505 | 542 | 4.6 |
| 500 | 73 | 573 | 202 | 702 | 677 | 20 | 520 | 140 | 640 | 677 | 5.1 |
| 600 | 73 | 673 | 202 | 802 | 777 | 20 | 620 | 140 | 740 | 777 | 5.5 |
| 800 | 73 | 873 | 237 | 1037 | 1012 | 20 | 820 | 175 | 975 | 1012 | 6.5 |

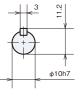
Lift (JWM005UM)



Suspend (JWM005DM)

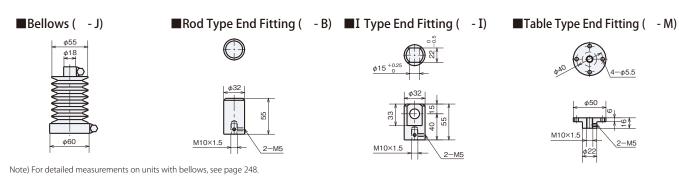


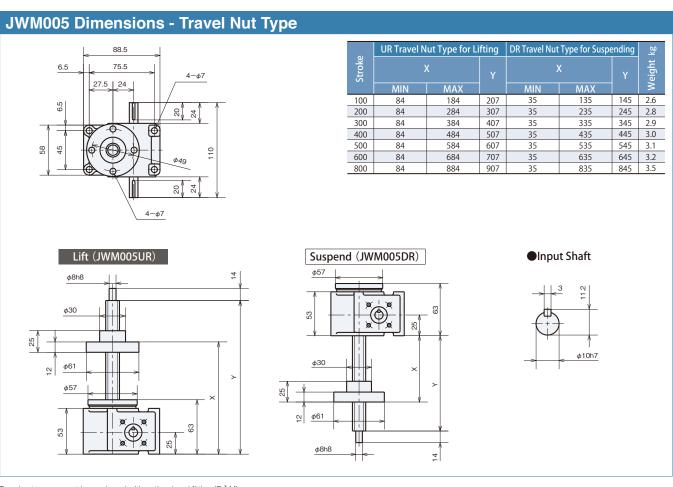
●Input Shaft



^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

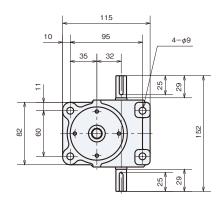
Output Options





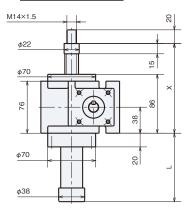
Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

JWM010 Dimensions - Standard Model

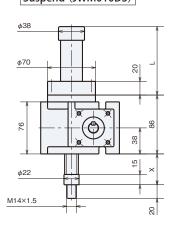


| 4. | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS Sta | nding | g 8 | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------|-------------------|----------|--------|----------------------|-------|-------------------|------|------|--------|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 101 | 201 | 161 | 261 | 194 | 25 | 125 | 75 | 175 | 194 | 5.5 |
| 200 | 101 | 301 | 161 | 361 | 294 | 25 | 225 | 75 | 275 | 294 | 5.7 |
| 300 | 101 | 401 | 201 | 501 | 434 | 25 | 325 | 115 | 415 | 434 | 6.1 |
| 400 | 101 | 501 | 201 | 601 | 534 | 25 | 425 | 115 | 515 | 534 | 6.3 |
| 500 | 101 | 601 | 236 | 736 | 669 | 25 | 525 | 150 | 650 | 669 | 6.6 |
| 600 | 101 | 701 | 236 | 836 | 769 | 25 | 625 | 150 | 750 | 769 | 6.9 |
| 800 | 101 | 901 | 271 | 1071 | 1004 | 25 | 825 | 185 | 985 | 1004 | 7.5 |
| 1000 | 101 | 1101 | 301 | 1301 | 1234 | 25 | 1025 | 215 | 1215 | 1234 | 8.0 |

Lift (JWM010US)



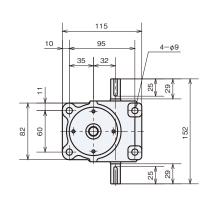
Suspend (JWM010DS)



●Input Shaft

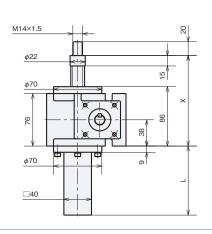


JWM010 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

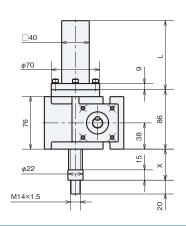


| a) | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | pending | Ř | | | |
|--------|--------|--------------|-------------------|----------|---------|--------------|---------|-------------------|------|------|--------|
| Stroke | | (Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | (Without | | X With Bellows | | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | 1 |
| 100 | 101 | 201 | 161 | 261 | 213 | 25 | 125 | 75 | 175 | 213 | 6.6 |
| 200 | 101 | 301 | 161 | 361 | 313 | 25 | 225 | 75 | 275 | 313 | 7.2 |
| 300 | 101 | 401 | 201 | 501 | 453 | 25 | 325 | 115 | 415 | 453 | 8.1 |
| 400 | 101 | 501 | 201 | 601 | 553 | 25 | 425 | 115 | 515 | 553 | 8.8 |
| 500 | 101 | 601 | 236 | 736 | 688 | 25 | 525 | 150 | 650 | 688 | 9.6 |
| 600 | 101 | 701 | 236 | 836 | 788 | 25 | 625 | 150 | 750 | 788 | 11 |
| 800 | 101 | 901 | 271 | 1071 | 1023 | 25 | 825 | 185 | 985 | 1023 | 12 |
| 1000 | 101 | 1101 | 301 | 1301 | 1253 | 25 | 1025 | 215 | 1215 | 1253 | 14 |

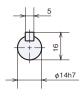
Lift (JWM010UM)



Suspend (JWM010DM)



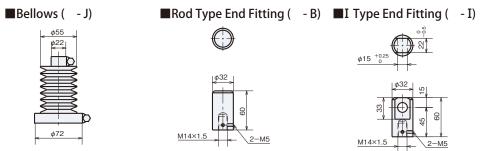
●Input Shaft



 $^{^{\}star}$ For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

Product Information

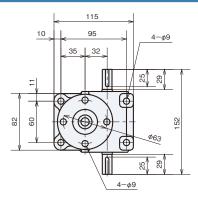
Output Options



Note) For detailed measurements on units with bellows, see page 248.

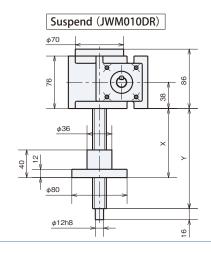
■Table Type End Fitting (- M)

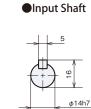
JWM010 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type



| | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | Type for Suspe | ending | ⊼ Ø |
|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Stroke |) | (| Υ |) | (| Υ | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 108 | 208 | 246 | 50 | 150 | 160 | 5.9 |
| 200 | 108 | 308 | 346 | 50 | 250 | 260 | 6.1 |
| 300 | 108 | 408 | 446 | 50 | 350 | 360 | 6.2 |
| 400 | 108 | 508 | 546 | 50 | 450 | 460 | 6.4 |
| 500 | 108 | 608 | 646 | 50 | 550 | 560 | 6.6 |
| 600 | 108 | 708 | 746 | 50 | 650 | 660 | 6.8 |
| 800 | 108 | 908 | 946 | 50 | 850 | 860 | 7.2 |
| 1000 | 108 | 1108 | 1146 | 50 | 1050 | 1060 | 7.6 |

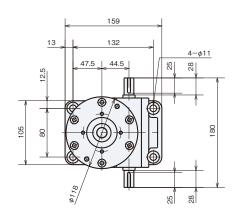
Lift (JWM010UR) ## 12h8 ## 36 ## 436





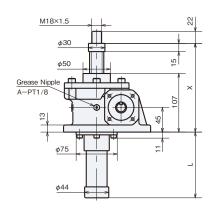
Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

JWM025 Dimensions - Standard Model

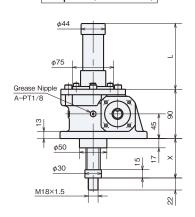


| | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | fting DS Standard Model for Suspending | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|----------|--------|--|------|-------------------|------|------|--------|--|
| Stroke | (Without | (Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > | |
| 100 | 132 | 232 | 147 | 247 | 149 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 149 | 7.7 | |
| 200 | 132 | 332 | 147 | 347 | 249 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 249 | 8.1 | |
| 300 | 132 | 432 | 167 | 467 | 369 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 369 | 8.5 | |
| 400 | 132 | 532 | 167 | 567 | 469 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 469 | 8.9 | |
| 500 | 132 | 632 | 187 | 687 | 589 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 589 | 9.4 | |
| 600 | 132 | 732 | 187 | 787 | 689 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 689 | 9.8 | |
| 800 | 132 | 932 | 207 | 1007 | 909 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 909 | 11 | |
| 1000 | 132 | 1132 | 227 | 1227 | 1129 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1129 | 12 | |
| 1200 | 132 | 1332 | 242 | 1442 | 1344 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1344 | 13 | |

Lift (JWM025US)



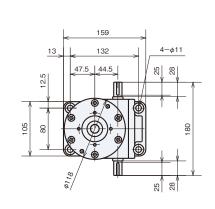
Suspend (JWM025DS)



●Input Shaft

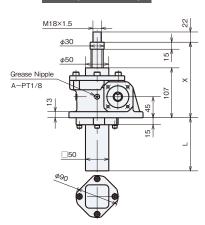


JWM025 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

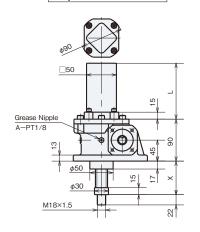


| a i | UM Rotation Prevention Type fo | | | | Lifting | DM Rota | pending | s 8 | | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|------|-------------------|------|---------|----------------------|---------|-------------------|------|------|--------|
| Stroke | Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | 3 |
| 100 | 132 | 232 | 147 | 247 | 181 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 181 | 10 |
| 200 | 132 | 332 | 147 | 347 | 281 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 281 | 12 |
| 300 | 132 | 432 | 167 | 467 | 401 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 401 | 13 |
| 400 | 132 | 532 | 167 | 567 | 501 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 501 | 14 |
| 500 | 132 | 632 | 187 | 687 | 621 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 621 | 15 |
| 600 | 132 | 732 | 187 | 787 | 721 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 721 | 17 |
| 800 | 132 | 932 | 207 | 1007 | 941 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 941 | 19 |
| 1000 | 132 | 1132 | 227 | 1227 | 1161 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1161 | 21 |
| 1200 | 132 | 1332 | 242 | 1442 | 1376 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1376 | 24 |

Lift (JWM025UM)



Suspend (JWM025DM)

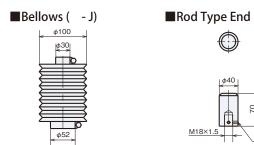


●Input Shaft



 $^{^{\}star}$ For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

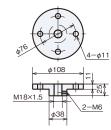
Output Options



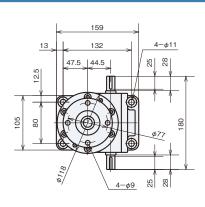
\blacksquare Rod Type End Fitting (- B) \blacksquare I Type End Fitting (- I)



■Table Type End Fitting (- M)

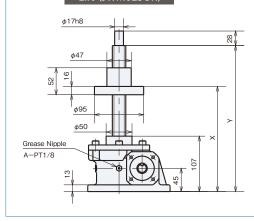


JWM025 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

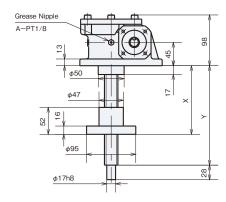


| | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | ending | g R | |
|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|--------|--------|-----|
| Stroke |) | (| Υ |) | Υ | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 133 | 233 | 279 | 79 | 179 | 189 | 9.2 |
| 200 | 133 | 333 | 379 | 79 | 279 | 289 | 9.5 |
| 300 | 133 | 433 | 479 | 79 | 379 | 389 | 9.9 |
| 400 | 133 | 533 | 579 | 79 | 479 | 489 | 11 |
| 500 | 133 | 633 | 679 | 79 | 579 | 589 | 11 |
| 600 | 133 | 733 | 779 | 79 | 679 | 689 | 11 |
| 800 | 133 | 933 | 979 | 79 | 879 | 889 | 12 |
| 1000 | 133 | 1133 | 1179 | 79 | 1079 | 1089 | 13 |
| 1200 | 133 | 1333 | 1379 | 79 | 1279 | 1289 | 13 |

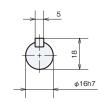
Lift (JWM025UR)



Suspend (JWM025DR)

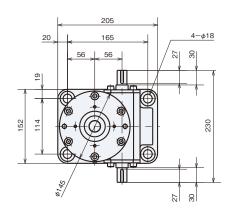


Input Shaft



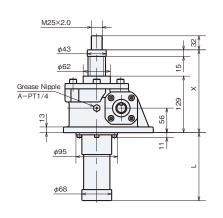
Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

JWM050 Dimensions - Standard Model

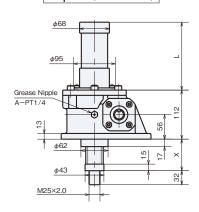


| 41 | US St | andar | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS St | kg | | | | |
|--------|----------------------|-------|-------------------|----------|--------|-------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | - | K : Bellows |) With B | (Jellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 154 | 254 | 169 | 269 | 147 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 147 | 18 |
| 200 | 154 | 354 | 169 | 369 | 247 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 247 | 19 |
| 300 | 154 | 454 | 189 | 489 | 367 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 367 | 20 |
| 400 | 154 | 554 | 189 | 589 | 467 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 467 | 21 |
| 500 | 154 | 654 | 209 | 709 | 587 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 587 | 22 |
| 600 | 154 | 754 | 209 | 809 | 687 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 687 | 23 |
| 800 | 154 | 954 | 229 | 1029 | 907 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 907 | 25 |
| 1000 | 154 | 1154 | 249 | 1249 | 1127 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1127 | 27 |
| 1200 | 154 | 1354 | 264 | 1464 | 1342 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1342 | 29 |
| 1500 | 154 | 1654 | 289 | 1789 | 1667 | 42 | 1542 | 177 | 1677 | 1667 | 32 |

Lift (JWM050US)



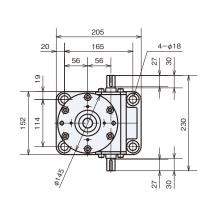
Suspend (JWM050DS)



●Input Shaft

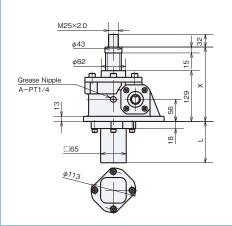


JWM050 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

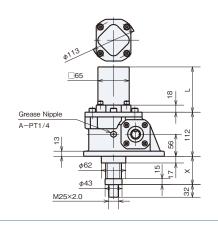


| a 1 | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | ition Prev | ention Ty | pe for Sus | pending | <u>×</u> |
|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|----------|---------|----------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|---------|----------|
| Stroke | (Without | (Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | |) With B | (ellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | 3 |
| 100 | 154 | 254 | 169 | 269 | 196 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 196 | 22 |
| 200 | 154 | 354 | 169 | 369 | 296 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 296 | 24 |
| 300 | 154 | 454 | 189 | 489 | 416 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 416 | 26 |
| 400 | 154 | 554 | 189 | 589 | 516 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 516 | 28 |
| 500 | 154 | 654 | 209 | 709 | 636 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 636 | 30 |
| 600 | 154 | 754 | 209 | 809 | 736 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 736 | 32 |
| 800 | 154 | 954 | 229 | 1029 | 956 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 956 | 36 |
| 1000 | 154 | 1154 | 249 | 1249 | 1176 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1176 | 40 |
| 1200 | 154 | 1354 | 264 | 1464 | 1391 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1391 | 44 |
| 1500 | 154 | 1654 | 289 | 1789 | 1716 | 42 | 1542 | 177 | 1677 | 1716 | 50 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Lift (JWM050UM)



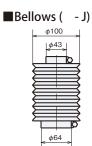
Suspend (JWM050DM)



●Input Shaft



 $^{^{\}star}$ For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

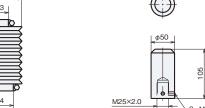


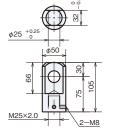
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)





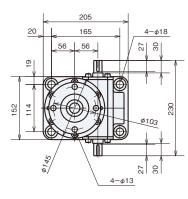






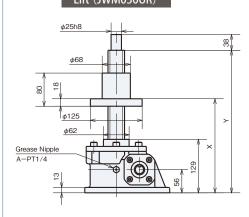
| φ119 φ φ119 φ μ25×2.0 φ45 2–M8 | |
|--------------------------------------|--|

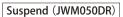
JWM050 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

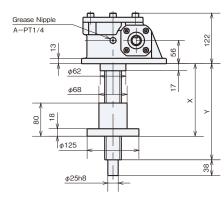


| 41 | UR Travel Nut Type for Lifting DR Travel Nut Type for Suspending | | | | | | k 8 | |
|--------|--|------|-------|-----|------|------|--------|--|
| Stroke |) | (| Y X Y | | | | | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | Weight | |
| 100 | 157 | 257 | 330 | 107 | 207 | 218 | 22 | |
| 200 | 157 | 357 | 430 | 107 | 307 | 318 | 22 | |
| 300 | 157 | 457 | 530 | 107 | 407 | 418 | 23 | |
| 400 | 157 | 557 | 630 | 107 | 507 | 518 | 24 | |
| 500 | 157 | 657 | 730 | 107 | 607 | 618 | 25 | |
| 600 | 157 | 757 | 830 | 107 | 707 | 718 | 26 | |
| 800 | 157 | 957 | 1030 | 107 | 907 | 918 | 27 | |
| 1000 | 157 | 1157 | 1230 | 107 | 1107 | 1118 | 29 | |
| 1200 | 157 | 1357 | 1430 | 107 | 1307 | 1318 | 30 | |
| 1500 | 157 | 1657 | 1730 | 107 | 1607 | 1618 | 33 | |

Lift (JWM050UR)



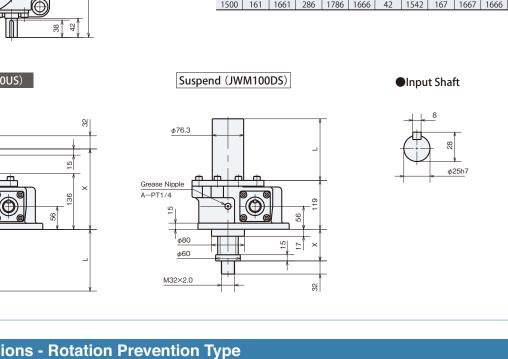


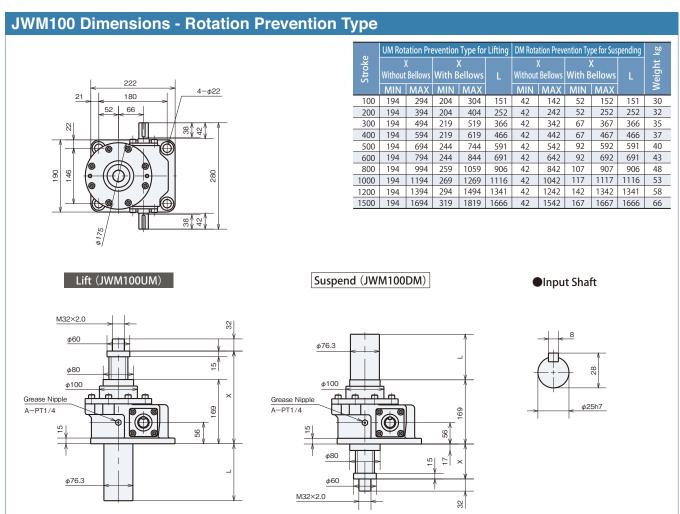


●Input Shaft



JWM100 Dimensions - Standard Model US Standard Model for Lifting DS Standard Model for Suspending $4-\phi 22$ With Bellows MIN MAX 1500 161 1661 286 | 1786 | 1666 | 88 42 Suspend (JWM100DS) Lift (JWM100US) φ76.3

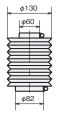




Grease Nipple

φ76.3

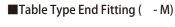


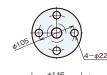


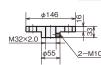
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

2-M10

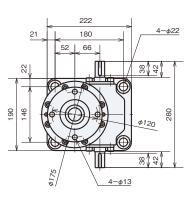






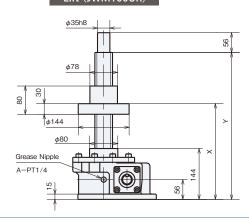


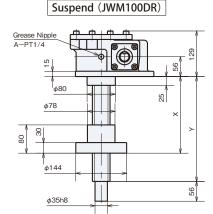
JWM100 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

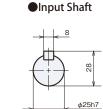


| a. | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | Type for Suspe | ending | g g |
|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Stroke |) | (| Y |) | (| Υ | Weight |
| | MIN MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > | |
| 100 | 184 | 284 | 344 | 115 | 215 | 225 | 32 |
| 200 | 184 | 384 | 444 | 115 | 315 | 325 | 33 |
| 300 | 184 | 484 | 544 | 115 | 415 | 425 | 34 |
| 400 | 184 | 584 | 644 | 115 | 515 | 525 | 36 |
| 500 | 184 | 684 | 744 | 115 | 615 | 625 | 37 |
| 600 | 184 | 784 | 844 | 115 | 715 | 725 | 38 |
| 800 | 184 | 984 | 1044 | 115 | 915 | 925 | 41 |
| 1000 | 184 | 1184 | 1244 | 115 | 1115 | 1125 | 43 |
| 1200 | 184 | 1384 | 1444 | 115 | 1315 | 1325 | 45 |
| 1500 | 184 | 1684 | 1744 | 115 | 1615 | 1625 | 49 |

Lift (JWM100UR)



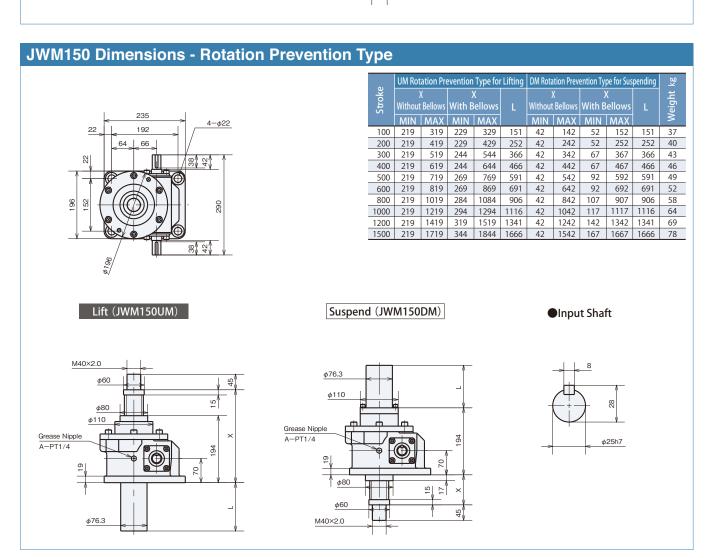




JWM150 Dimensions - Standard Model US Standard Model for Lifting DS Standard Model for Suspending MIN MAX 1500 183 1683 308 | 1808 | 1666 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1666 | Lift (JWM150US) Suspend (JWM150DS) Input Shaft M40×2.0 φ76.3

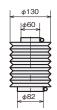
Grease Nipple A-PT1/4

M40×2.0



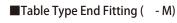
φ76.3





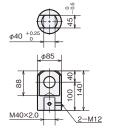
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

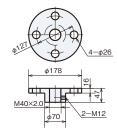




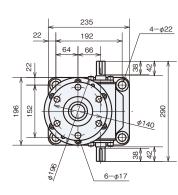






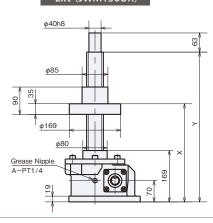


JWM150 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

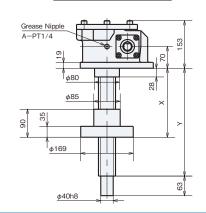


| | | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | Type for Suspe | ending | γ Ø | |
|----|--------|-------------|----------------|---------|---------------|----------------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| - | Stroke |) | x y x | | | | | | |
| | | MIN MAX | | MIN MAX | | MIN | MAX | | Weight |
| | 100 | 214 | 314 | 379 | 128 | 228 | 239 | 40 | |
| 2 | 200 | 214 | 414 | 479 | 128 | 328 | 339 | 42 | |
| 3 | 300 | 214 | 514 | 579 | 128 | 428 | 439 | 43 | |
| 4 | 400 | 214 | 614 | 679 | 128 | 528 | 539 | 45 | |
| ī | 500 | 214 | 714 | 779 | 128 | 628 | 639 | 46 | |
| 6 | 600 | 214 | 814 | 879 | 128 | 728 | 739 | 48 | |
| 8 | 800 | 214 | 1014 | 1079 | 128 | 928 | 939 | 51 | |
| 10 | 000 | 214 | 1214 | 1279 | 128 | 1128 | 1139 | 54 | |
| 12 | 200 | 214 | 1414 | 1479 | 128 | 1328 | 1339 | 57 | |
| 15 | 500 | 214 | 1714 | 1779 | 128 | 1628 | 1639 | 61 | |

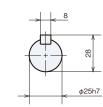
Lift (JWM150UR)



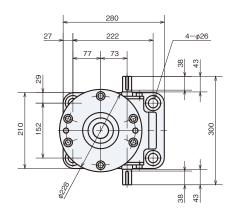
Suspend (JWM150DR)



●Input Shaft

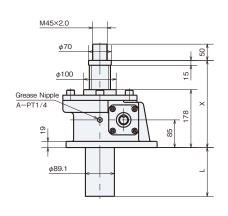


JWM200 Dimensions - Standard Model

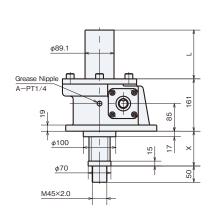


| ai. | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS St | nding | kg | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|-------|----------------|-----|--------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | | | X With Bellows | | | K : Bellows | | (Sellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 203 | 303 | 213 | 313 | 136 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 136 | 42 |
| 200 | 203 | 403 | 213 | 413 | 236 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 236 | 45 |
| 300 | 203 | 503 | 228 | 528 | 351 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 351 | 49 |
| 400 | 203 | 603 | 228 | 628 | 451 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 451 | 53 |
| 500 | 203 | 703 | 253 | 753 | 576 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 576 | 57 |
| 600 | 203 | 803 | 253 | 853 | 676 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 676 | 60 |
| 800 | 203 | 1003 | 268 | 1068 | 891 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 891 | 67 |
| 1000 | 203 | 1203 | 278 | 1278 | 1101 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1101 | 74 |
| 1200 | 203 | 1403 | 303 | 1503 | 1326 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1326 | 81 |
| 1500 | 203 | 1703 | 328 | 1828 | 1651 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1651 | 92 |
| 2000 | 203 | 2203 | 373 | 2373 | 2196 | 42 | 2042 | 212 | 2212 | 2196 | 109 |

Lift (JWM200US)



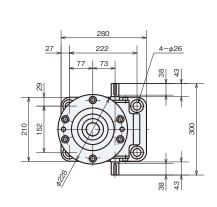
Suspend (JWM200DS)



●Input Shaft

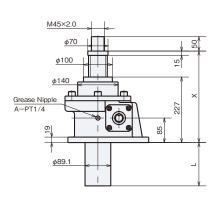


JWM200 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

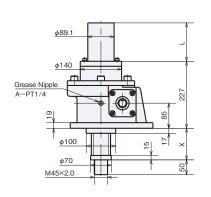


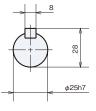
| 41 | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | pending | ₹ 8 | | | |
|--------|---------|----------------|-------------|-------------|---------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | Without | X : Bellows |) With B | (ellows | L |) Without | K : Bellows |) With B | (Sellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 252 | 352 | 262 | 362 | 136 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 136 | 51 |
| 200 | 252 | 452 | 262 | 462 | 236 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 236 | 55 |
| 300 | 252 | 552 | 277 | 577 | 351 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 351 | 58 |
| 400 | 252 | 652 | 277 | 677 | 451 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 451 | 62 |
| 500 | 252 | 752 | 302 | 802 | 576 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 576 | 66 |
| 600 | 252 | 852 | 302 | 902 | 676 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 676 | 69 |
| 800 | 252 | 1052 | 317 | 1117 | 891 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 891 | 76 |
| 1000 | 252 | 1252 | 327 | 1327 | 1101 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1101 | 83 |
| 1200 | 252 | 1452 | 352 | 1552 | 1326 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1326 | 90 |
| 1500 | 252 | 1752 | 377 | 1877 | 1651 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1651 | 100 |
| 2000 | 252 | 2252 | 422 | 2422 | 2196 | 42 | 2042 | 212 | 2212 | 2196 | 118 |

Lift (JWM200UM)



Suspend (JWM200DM)





^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

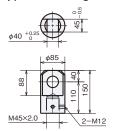


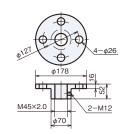


■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

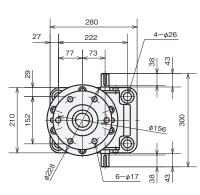






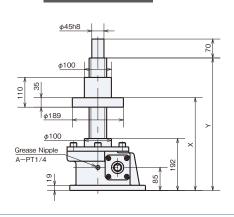


JWM200 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

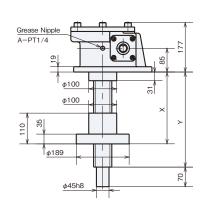


| | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | Type for Suspe | ending | g Ø |
|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Stroke |) | X Y X | | | | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 237 | 337 | 422 | 151 | 251 | 261 | 56 |
| 200 | 237 | 437 | 522 | 151 | 351 | 361 | 58 |
| 300 | 237 | 537 | 622 | 151 | 451 | 461 | 60 |
| 400 | 237 | 637 | 722 | 151 | 551 | 561 | 62 |
| 500 | 237 | 737 | 822 | 151 | 651 | 661 | 64 |
| 600 | 237 | 837 | 922 | 151 | 751 | 761 | 66 |
| 800 | 237 | 1037 | 1122 | 151 | 951 | 961 | 71 |
| 1000 | 237 | 1237 | 1322 | 151 | 1151 | 1161 | 75 |
| 1200 | 237 | 1437 | 1522 | 151 | 1351 | 1361 | 79 |
| 1500 | 237 | 1737 | 1822 | 151 | 1651 | 1661 | 85 |
| 2000 | 237 | 2237 | 2322 | 151 | 2151 | 2161 | 96 |

Lift (JWM200UR)



Suspend (JWM200DR)

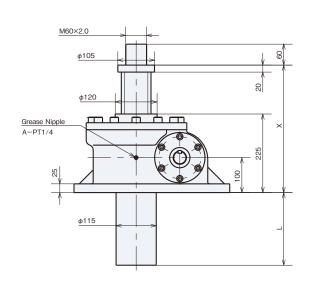


●Input Shaft



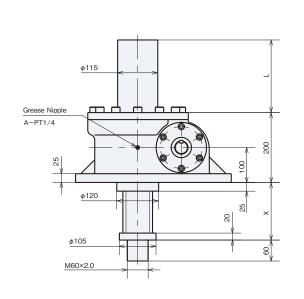
JWM300 Dimensions - Standard Model US Standard Model for Lifting DS Standard Model for Suspending MIN MAX 4-φ33 255 1755 365 1865 1635 1555 165 1665 1635 194 400 | 2400 | 2170 2200 2170 255 | 2255 | ●Input Shaft L 10

Lift (JWM300US)



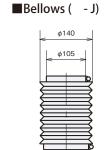
Suspend (JWM300DS)

φ35h7



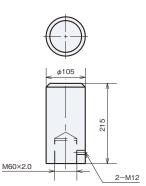
For JWMC300 (compact type), see page 257 - 260.

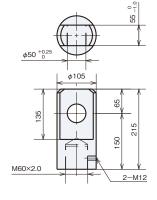
Output Options



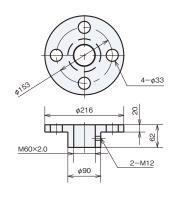
φ120

■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

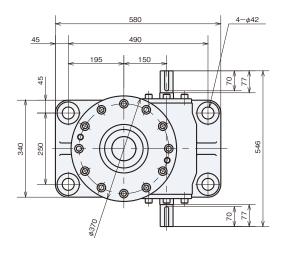




■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



JWM500 Dimensions - Standard Model

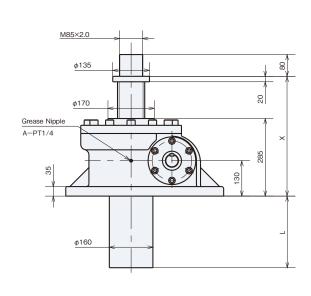


| 41 | US St | andard | d Mod | el for L | ifting | DS Sta | nding | kg | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | |) With B | (ellows | L |) Without | (Bellows |) With B | (ellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 315 | 415 | 320 | 420 | 137 | 55 | 155 | 60 | 160 | 137 | 248 |
| 200 | 315 | 515 | 320 | 520 | 237 | 55 | 255 | 60 | 260 | 237 | 260 |
| 300 | 315 | 615 | 340 | 640 | 357 | 55 | 355 | 80 | 380 | 357 | 273 |
| 400 | 315 | 715 | 340 | 740 | 457 | 55 | 455 | 80 | 480 | 457 | 284 |
| 500 | 315 | 815 | 350 | 850 | 567 | 55 | 555 | 90 | 590 | 567 | 297 |
| 600 | 315 | 915 | 350 | 950 | 667 | 55 | 655 | 90 | 690 | 667 | 308 |
| 800 | 315 | 1115 | 365 | 1165 | 882 | 55 | 855 | 105 | 905 | 882 | 332 |
| 1000 | 315 | 1315 | 380 | 1380 | 1097 | 55 | 1055 | 120 | 1120 | 1097 | 357 |
| 1200 | 315 | 1515 | 390 | 1590 | 1307 | 55 | 1255 | 130 | 1330 | 1307 | 380 |
| 1500 | 315 | 1815 | 410 | 1910 | 1627 | 55 | 1555 | 150 | 1650 | 1627 | 417 |
| 2000 | 315 | 2315 | 445 | 2445 | 2162 | 55 | 2055 | 185 | 2185 | 2162 | 477 |

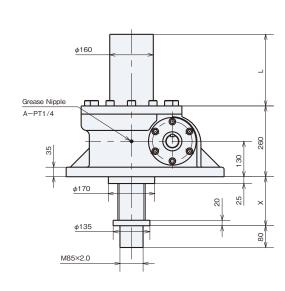
●Input Shaft



Suspend (JWM500DS)



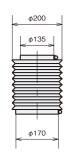
Lift (JWM500US)

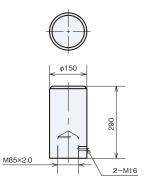


For JWMC500 (compact type), see page 257 - 260.

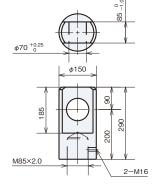
Output Options



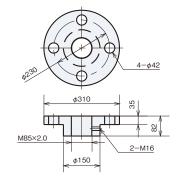




■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)



■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 - 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.



Cautions for selecting

- Duty cycle of JWM (Machine screw type) is within 20% ED. Duty cycle is a ratio of operating time per 30 min on the basis of 30 min interval.
- Although JWM (Machine screw type) comes with a self-locking device based on calculation, it may not be effective due to vibration or shock. Separately a brake mechanism is required under such conditions.
- Activating torque for the drive unit should be maintained at 200% above the required torque.
- Allowable input rotation speed of linear power jack is 1800 r/min, however, when inputting a speed exceeding the maximum input rotation speed at the basic capacity, check the screw shaft speed (elevation speed) and allowable load related graphs on page 153.
- Select a stroke for the jack with an extra margin with respect to the used stroke.
- Rotating force is generated on the screw shaft (travel nut in the case of travel nut type) with thrust, therefore, rotation prevention is required. Screw rotation torque at the basic capacity is described in the standard specification list. When operating with the end unconnected, and pulling the rope with a sheave installed, use the rotation prevention type.
 - However, the rotation prevention type cannot be manufactured for the travel nut type, therefore, provide a rotation prevention mechanism on the device.
- When installing a sprocket, gear, or belt to the input or output shaft, confirm that any overhang load applied to the shaft decreases to the allowable OHL or less.



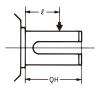
0.H.L.: Overhang load N {kgf}

Input torque N • m {kgf • m}

: Coefficient - power transmission element

Lf : Coefficient - Load operating position

Sprocket, Gear, V pulley or Pitch diameter m



Q: Shaft Length Loaded Position

Coefficient – Power Transmission Element (f)

| Sprocket | 1.00 |
|-----------|------|
| Gear | 1.25 |
| V-belt | 1.50 |
| Flat belt | 2.50 |

Coefficient (Lf) – Load Position

| ℓ/QH | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.5 | 0.75 | 1 |
|------|------|------|-----|------|---|
| Lf | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 |

Allowable O.H.L

| Frame No. | | 002 | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 750 | 1000 |
|--------------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| JWM (Machine Screw Type) | N | 99 | 200 | 380 | 710 | 1500 | 2270 | 3160 | 4320 | 6110 | 10100 | 13900 | 18000 |
| H Speed | { kgf } | {10} | {21} | {39} | {73} | {153} | {232} | {323} | {441} | {624} | {1030} | {1420} | {1840} |
| JWM (Machine Screw Type) | N | 63 | 120 | 220 | 420 | 820 | 1430 | 1950 | 2800 | 4400 | 6650 | 9390 | 13200 |
| L Speed | { kgf } | {6} | {13} | {23} | {44} | {85} | {146} | {200} | {286} | {449} | {678} | {958} | {1350} |

Precautions for installation

- Jacks that range under the basic capacity of 49.0 kN {5tf} or less are provided with screw covers made of hard vinyl chloride pipe. Never suspend or carry a jack by use of the screw cover, which is dangerous.
- JWM (Machine screw type) is not equipped with a fall stop, therefore, if the stroke range is exceeded, the screw shaft falls.
- Take jack coasting amount into consideration to set the stroke adjusting limit switch.

Precautions for use

- Do not use mechanical stops under any circumstances.
- Operating Environment for jack is as follows.

| Operating place | Indoor room which cannot be splashed with rain or water. |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Ambient atmosphere | Dust volume comparable to general factories. |
| Operating temperature range | -15 to 80° C (Refer to section 3 in general precautions.) |
| Relative humidity | 85% or less (no dew condensation) |

- Operating part and reducer unit are factory greased. Therefore, use jack as delivered.
- For lubrication grease, lubrication cycle and lubrication amount to the screw shaft and reducer unit, refer to page 253.
- Inspect regularly for general backlash and screw unit condition. Jack life and replacement timing are determined by the following:

Backlash in the direction of screw shaft and nut reaches 1/4 of the screw pitch.

Replace gear when its input shaft exceeds 30 rpm with backlash (rattle between input shaft and worm wheel) at H speed, or exceeds 60 rpm at L speed.

In either case, if it is used at the replacement timing, this may cause rotation failure of screw shaft and input shaft, and further sudden drop of travel nut.

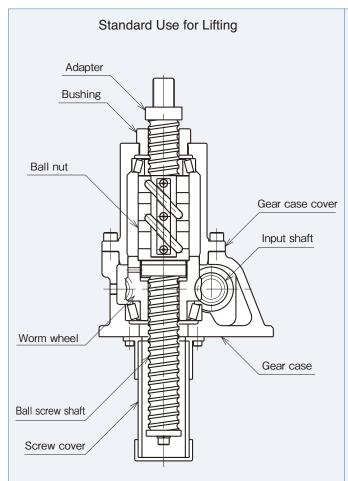
Linipower Jack

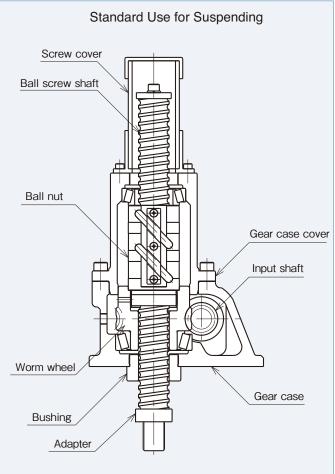
JVB (Ball Screw Type)





| Drawings —————————— | P191•192 |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| JWB Reference Number System ———— | P193•194 |
| Reference Table for Standard Use | P195•196 |
| Dimensions — | —— P197∼212 |
| Precautions | P213 |

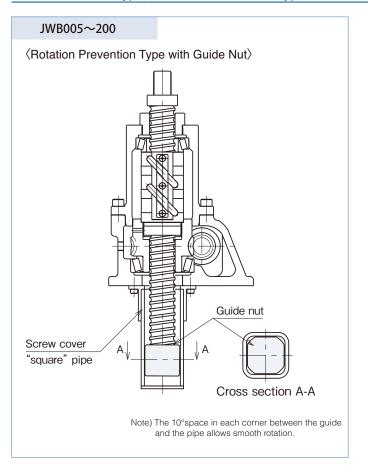




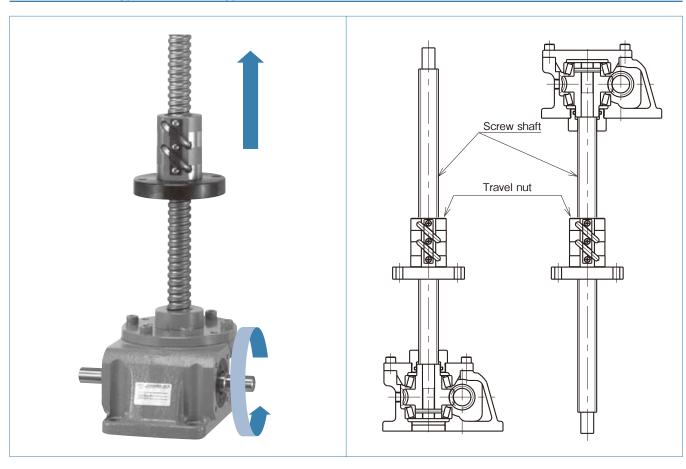


Installation Precautions

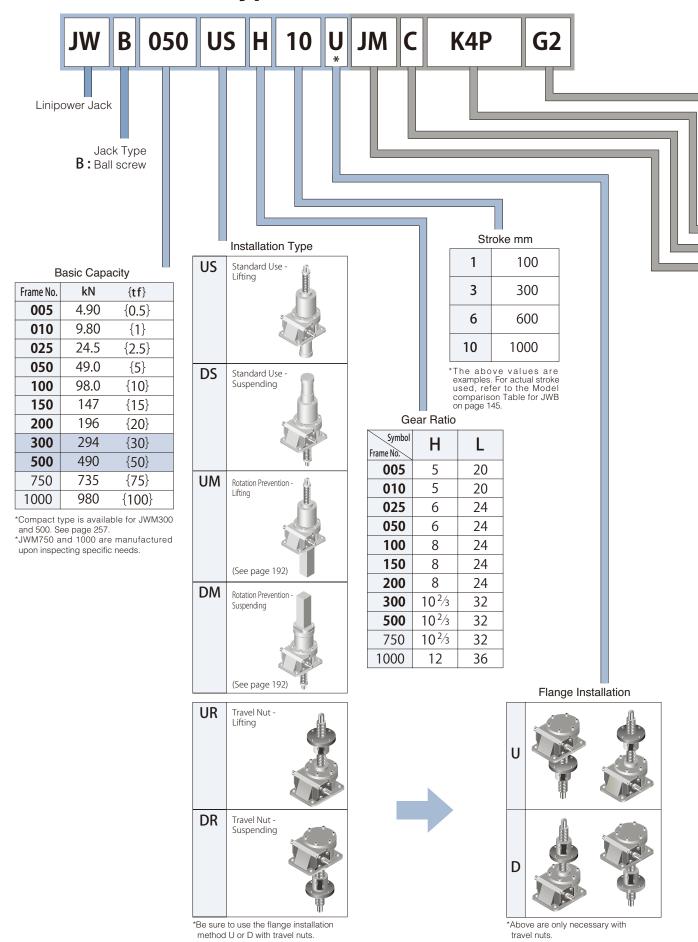
JWB (Ball Screw Type) Rotation Prevention Type



JWB (Ball Screw Type) Travel Nut Type



JWB (Ball Screw Type)



Product Information

Examples)

JWB100UMH3

• Machine Screw Type • 98.0kN {10tf} • Rotation prevention (for lifting) • Gear ratio H (1/8) • Stroke 300mm

JWB050USH10JMK4PG2

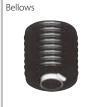
- Machine Screw Type 49.0kN {5tf} Standard use (for lifting) Gear ratio H (1/6) Stroke 1000mm
- Bellows Table Type End Fitting 4 Internal LS Potentiometer
- 3 Phase motor with brake and gear; reducer ratio of 1/10

Output Option

Screw Shaft End (standard) No symbol

J

Ι



Rod Type End Fitting



I Type End Fitting



Table Type End Fitting



Note) To request the above parts, provide their letter symbols in the order given. When travel nuts are used, B, I and M are not required.

Note) Travel nut type with bellows is estimated for

each order. Enter necessary information in the inquiry form on page 249 to contact TSUBAKI E&M.

Installation Option

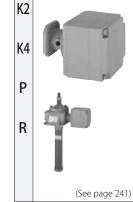


Note) For standard lifting only.

Sensor Option

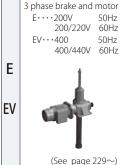


Position Sensor K2···2 Internal LS K4···4 Internal LS P····Potentiometer R····Rotary Encoder

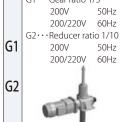


Note) To request the above parts, provide their letter symbols in the order given.

Input Option



3 phase brake and gearmotor G1···Gear ratio 1/5



(See page 229~)

Accessories

Control Options Stroke Meter and PCB





(See page 242~)

Others



* Use as a set with clevis mounting adapter. (See page 245)

Reference Table for Standard Use JWB (Ball Screw Type)

| | Frame No. | | JWB005 | JWB010 | JWB025 | JWB050 | JWB100 | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| D | i - C it | kN | 4.90 | 9.80 | 24.5 | 49.0 | 98.0 | | | | |
| Bas | ic Capacity | {tf} | {0.5} | {1} | {2.5} | {5} | {10} | | | | |
| Out | ter Screw Diameter | mm | 16 | 20 | 25 | 36 | 45 | | | | |
| Min | or Screw Diameter | mm | 13.5 | 17.5 | 21.4 | 31.3 | 39.1 | | | | |
| Scre | ew Lead | mm | 5 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 12 | | | | |
| <u></u> | . D. et | H Speed | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | | | | |
| Gea | r Ratio | L Speed | 20 | 20 | 24 | 24 | 24 | | | | |
| _ | | H Speed | 63 | 61 | 62 | 64 | 63 | | | | |
| Ove | rall Efficiency % | L Speed | 37 | 34 | 35 | 39 | 43 | | | | |
| Max | k. Allowable kW | H Speed | 0.25 | 0.54 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 3.6 | | | | |
| | it Capacity | L Speed | 0.12 | 0.27 | 0.63 | 1.0 | 1.9 | | | | |
| Tara | Drag Torque | N∙m | 0.11 | 0.29 | 0.62 | 1.37 | 1.96 | | | | |
| Idit | e Drag Torque | {kg•m} | {0.011} | {0.03} | {0.063} | {0.14} | {0.2} | | | | |
| | | LI Crease | 0.69 | 1.27 | 4.31 | 10.78 | 19.6 | | | | |
| Hold | N∙m ding Torque | H Speed | {0.07} | {0.13} | {0.44} | {1.1} | {2.0} | | | | |
| 11010 | {kgf•m} | 1.61 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 0.91 | 2.4 | 5.8 | | | | |
| | | L Speed | {0.014} | {0.027} | {0.093} | {0.24} | {0.59} | | | | |
| A II . | | N∙m | 9.8 | 19.6 | 49.0 | 153.9 | 292.0 | | | | |
| Allo | wable Input Torque *Note 1 | {kg•m} | {1} | {2} | {5} | {15.7} | {29.8} | | | | |
| | | 11.6 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 9.0 | 21.5 | 39.1 | | | | |
| Req | *Note 2 uired Input Torque N • m | H Speed | {0.14} | {0.29} | {0.92} | {2.2} | {4.0} | | | | |
| for E | Basic Capacity {kgf • m} | 1.61 | 0.62 | 1.4 | 4.3 | 9.6 | 20.4 | | | | |
| | | L Speed | {0.06} | {0.15} | {0.44} | {0.98} | {2.1} | | | | |
| Scre | ew Movement/ | H Speed | 1 | 1 | 1.33 | 1.67 | 1.5 | | | | |
| per F | Revolution of Input Shaft mm | L Speed | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.33 | 0.42 | 0.50 | | | | |
| May | c. Input rpm r/min | H Speed | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | |
| IVIAA | . inpucipin 1/111111 | L Speed | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | |
| | c. Input rpm | H Speed | 1800 | 1800 | 1400 | 1000 | 890 | | | | |
| for E | Basic Capacity | L Speed | 1800 | 1800 | 1400 | 1000 | 890 | | | | |
| | ew Shaft Rotational | N∙m | 4.3 | 8.7 | 34.7 | 86.7 | 208.2 | | | | |
| Tord | que for Basic Capacity | {kgf • m} | {0.44} | {0.88} | {3.5} | {8.8} | {21.2} | | | | |
| | Screw Cover Material *No | te 3 | | Hard Viny | d Chloride | | Steel Pipe | | | | |
| | Lubrication | | | Shaft: Gre | ase Reducer Unit: G | rease Bath | | | | | |
| | Color | | Tsubaki Olive Grey (Munsell 5GY6/0.5) | | | | | | | | |
| nent | Operating Temperature | Range | | -1 | 5 to 80°C (Precaution: | s #2) | | | | | |
| Environment | Relative Humidity | | | 85% o | r less (no dew conden | sation) | | | | | |
| Envi | Operating ambient atmos | sphere | Indoor Environmen | nt (Indoor room where | e rain and water cann | ot enter. Dust volume | should be normal.) | | | | |
| | Duty Cycle *Note 4 | | | | Within 30% ED | | | | | | |
| | | | / (Pacanfirm if synchrono) | | | | | | | | |

Note 1) The allowable torque is for jack input shaft only. (Reconfirm if synchronous drive.)

Precautions

- 1.All loads (static, dynamic or shock) should be within the rated capacity of the jack at sufficient safety levels.
- 2.Operating Temperature Range refers to the surface temperature of the jack during operation. To check, measure the surface temperature of the input shaft unit or travel nut (if used). Be sure all the rotating parts have completely stopped before proceeding to measure.
- 3.Be sure to operate within the allowable input rpm of 1800/min.
- 4.Number of synchronizing jacks which can be connected on the same line is limited by shaft strength. Refer to the allowable input shaft torque on the above table.
- 5. Activating torque for the drive unit should be maintained at 200% above the required torque.
- 6.If operating in freezing temperatures, a change in viscosity may reduce the efficiency of the grease. Set the drive unit so as to accommodate this change.

Note 2) Includes tare drag torque.

Note 3) Rotation prevention types for frames 005~050 are steel square pipes.

Note 4) Standard percentage duty cycle is 30 minutes. Thus, driving time is based on 30minute intervals.

| JWB150 | JWB200 | JWB300 | JWB500 | JWB750 | JWB1000 | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 147 | 196 | 294 | 490 | 735 | 980 | | | | | |
| {15} | {20} | {30} | {50} | {75} | {100} | | | | | |
| 50 | 63 | 85 | 100 | 125 | 140 | | | | | |
| 43.1 | 55.7 | 74.8 | 87 | 112 | 122 | | | | | |
| 16 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 25 | 32 | | | | | |
| 8 | 8 | 10 2/3 | 10 2/3 | 10 2/3 | 12 | | | | | |
| 24 | 24 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 36 | | | | | |
| 63 | 62 | 56 | 60 | 57 | 54 | | | | | |
| 43 | 41 | 34 | 38 | 36 | 32 | | | | | |
| 4.0 | 5.5 | 8.9 | 13.3 | 16.1 | 21.2 | | | | | |
| 2.1 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 10.2 | | | | | |
| 2.65 | 3.92 | 9.81 | 19.6 | 29.4 | 39.2 | | | | | |
| {0.27} | {0.4} | {1} | {2} | {3} | {4} | | | | | |
| 39.2 | 51.0 | 68.6 | 140.1 | 210.7 | 362.6 | | | | | |
| {4.0} | {5.2} | {7.0} | {14.3} | {21.5} | {37} | | | | | |
| 11.8 | 15.0 | 19.5 | 41.2 | 59.8 | 99.0 | | | | | |
| {1.2} | {1.53} | {1.99} | {4.2} | {6.1} | {10.1} | | | | | |
| 292.0 | 292.0 | 735.0 | 1372.0 | 1764.0 | 2450.0 | | | | | |
| {29.8} | {29.8} | {75} | {140} | {180} | {250} | | | | | |
| 77.0 | 104.5 | 169.6 | 317.5 | 511.2 | 810.2 | | | | | |
| {7.8} | {10.7} | {17.3} | {32.4} | {52.1} | {82.6} | | | | | |
| 39.6 | 54.2 | 98.5 | 177.9 | 290.8 | 486.9 | | | | | |
| {4.0} | {5.5} | {10.0} | {18.1} | {29.6} | {49.6} | | | | | |
| 2 | 2 | 1.88 | 2.25 | 2.34 | 2.67 | | | | | |
| 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.63 | 0.75 | 0.78 | 0.89 | | | | | |
| 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | | |
| 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | | |
| 500 | 500 | 500 | 400 | 300 | 250 | | | | | |
| 500 | 500 | 400 | 350 | 270 | 200 | | | | | |
| 416.3 | 555.1 | 1040.9 | 2081.7 | 3252.7 | 5551.3 | | | | | |
| {42.4} | {56.6} | {106.1} | {212.2} | {331.6} | {565.9} | | | | | |
| | | Steel | Pipe | | | | | | | |
| | | Screw: Grease Redu | cer Unit: Grease Bath | | | | | | | |
| | | Tsubaki Olive Grey | (Munsell 5GY6/0.5) | | | | | | | |
| −15 to 80°C (Precautions #2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 85% or less (no dew condensation) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Indoor Environment (Indoor room where rain and water cannot enter. Dust volume should be normal.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Within | 30% ED | | | | | | | |

^{7.}Since JWB (Ball Screw Type) is highly efficient, sufficient brake that over powers the "holding torque" is required to sustain its shaft.

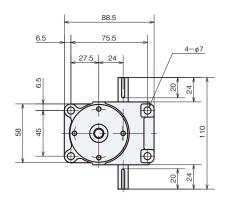
^{△8.}Be certain that the jack rating exceeds the maximum stroke. Over travel can cause the lift shaft to disengage from the ball nut. JWB (Ball Screw Type) is supported by a stopper (shaft end). However, this is merely for the purpose of securing the screw shaft during installation. While installing, take caution so that the screw shaft does not rotate by its own weight and

become disengaged. If rotation cannot be avoided, use a model with rotation prevention. (Contact TEM for details.)

 $[\]Delta$ 9.Do not use mechanical stops under any circumstances. This will cause major internal damage.

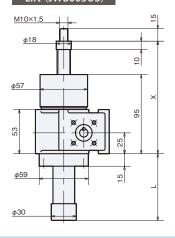
^{10.}Input shaft key is provided with each unit. (The input shaft key complies with JIS B 1301-1996 (normal grade).)

JWB005 Dimensions - Standard Model

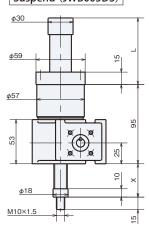


| 41 | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS Standard Model for Suspending | | | | | g 8 |
|--------|-------|--------|-------------------|----------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----|--------------|-----|--------|
| Stroke | | | X With Bellows | | L | | X Without Bellows | | (Sellows | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | 3 |
| 100 | 115 | 215 | 160 | 260 | 188 | 20 | 120 | 65 | 165 | 188 | 3.0 |
| 200 | 115 | 315 | 160 | 360 | 288 | 20 | 220 | 65 | 265 | 288 | 3.2 |
| 300 | 115 | 415 | 200 | 500 | 428 | 20 | 320 | 105 | 405 | 428 | 3.4 |
| 400 | 115 | 515 | 200 | 600 | 528 | 20 | 420 | 105 | 505 | 528 | 3.6 |
| 500 | 115 | 615 | 235 | 735 | 663 | 20 | 520 | 140 | 640 | 663 | 3.8 |
| 600 | 115 | 715 | 235 | 835 | 763 | 20 | 620 | 140 | 740 | 763 | 4.0 |
| 800 | 115 | 915 | 270 | 1070 | 998 | 20 | 820 | 175 | 975 | 998 | 4.3 |

Lift (JWB005US)



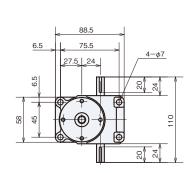
Suspend (JWB005DS)



●Input Shaft

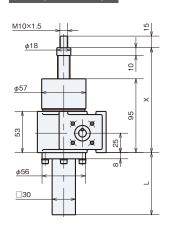


JWB005 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

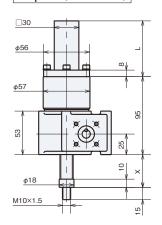


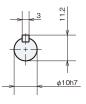
| | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | ition Prev | ention Ty | pe for Sus | pending | s S |
|--------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|----------|---------|----------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|---------|--------|
| Stroke | (Without | (: Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 115 | 215 | 160 | 260 | 202 | 20 | 120 | 65 | 165 | 202 | 3.5 |
| 200 | 115 | 315 | 160 | 360 | 302 | 20 | 220 | 65 | 265 | 302 | 3.9 |
| 300 | 115 | 415 | 200 | 500 | 442 | 20 | 320 | 105 | 405 | 442 | 4.5 |
| 400 | 115 | 515 | 200 | 600 | 542 | 20 | 420 | 105 | 505 | 542 | 5.0 |
| 500 | 115 | 615 | 235 | 735 | 677 | 20 | 520 | 140 | 640 | 677 | 5.5 |
| 600 | 115 | 715 | 235 | 835 | 777 | 20 | 620 | 140 | 740 | 777 | 6.0 |
| 800 | 115 | 915 | 270 | 1070 | 1012 | 20 | 820 | 175 | 975 | 1012 | 7.0 |

Lift (JWB005UM)

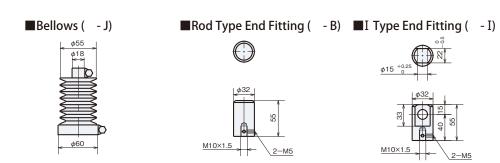


Suspend (JWB005DM)



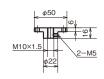


^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

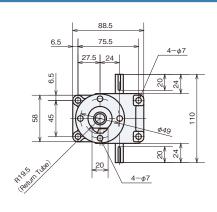


Note) For detailed measurements on units with bellows, see page 248.

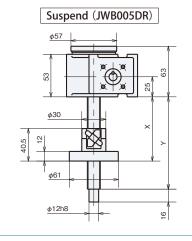
End Fitting (- I) ■Table Type End Fitting (- M)

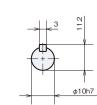


JWB005 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type



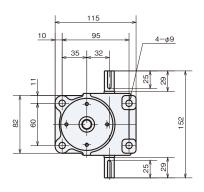
| a . | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | ending | <u>≈</u> ∞ | |
|------------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|--------|---------------|-----|
| Stroke |) | (| Υ |) | | Weight | |
| | MIN | MIN MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 84 | 184 | 224 | 51 | 151 | 162 | 2.7 |
| 200 | 84 | 284 | 324 | 51 | 251 | 262 | 2.8 |
| 300 | 84 | 384 | 424 | 51 | 351 | 362 | 2.9 |
| 400 | 84 | 484 | 524 | 51 | 451 | 462 | 3.1 |
| 500 | 84 | 584 | 624 | 51 | 551 | 562 | 3.2 |
| 600 | 84 | 684 | 724 | 51 | 651 | 662 | 3.3 |
| 800 | 84 884 | | 924 | 51 | 851 | 862 | 3.6 |
| | | | | | | | |





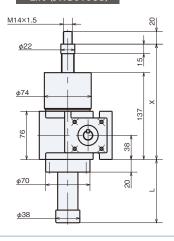
●Input Shaft

JWB010 Dimensions - Standard Model

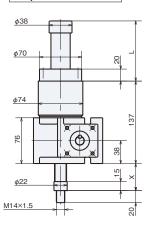


| 41 | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS Standard Model for Suspending | | | | | , |
|--------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|----------|--------|----------------------------------|------|-------------------|------|------|--------------|
| Stroke | (Without | X : Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 162 | 262 | 212 | 312 | 194 | 25 | 125 | 75 | 175 | 194 | 6.7 |
| 200 | 162 | 362 | 212 | 412 | 294 | 25 | 225 | 75 | 275 | 294 | 7.0 |
| 300 | 162 | 462 | 252 | 552 | 434 | 25 | 325 | 115 | 415 | 434 | 7.4 |
| 400 | 162 | 562 | 252 | 652 | 534 | 25 | 425 | 115 | 515 | 534 | 7.6 |
| 500 | 162 | 662 | 287 | 787 | 669 | 25 | 525 | 150 | 650 | 669 | 8.0 |
| 600 | 162 | 762 | 287 | 887 | 769 | 25 | 625 | 150 | 750 | 769 | 8.2 |
| 800 | 162 | 962 | 322 | 1122 | 1004 | 25 | 825 | 185 | 985 | 1004 | 8.9 |
| 1000 | 162 | 1162 | 352 | 1352 | 1234 | 25 | 1025 | 215 | 1215 | 1234 | 9.5 |

Lift (JWB010US)



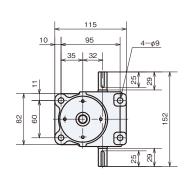
Suspend (JWB010DS)



●Input Shaft

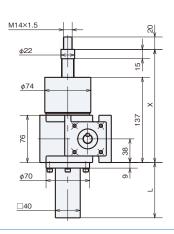


JWB010 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

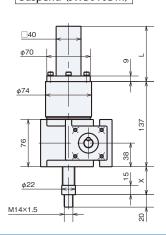


| a. | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rotation Prevention Type for Suspending | | | | | kg |
|--------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|----------|---------|--|----------------------|-----|-------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | (Without | (Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | Without | X Without Bellows | | (ellows | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 162 | 262 | 212 | 312 | 213 | 25 | 125 | 75 | 175 | 213 | 7.5 |
| 200 | 162 | 362 | 212 | 412 | 313 | 25 | 225 | 75 | 275 | 313 | 8.2 |
| 300 | 162 | 462 | 252 | 552 | 453 | 25 | 325 | 115 | 415 | 453 | 9.1 |
| 400 | 162 | 562 | 252 | 652 | 553 | 25 | 425 | 115 | 515 | 553 | 9.8 |
| 500 | 162 | 662 | 287 | 787 | 688 | 25 | 525 | 150 | 650 | 688 | 11 |
| 600 | 162 | 762 | 287 | 887 | 788 | 25 | 625 | 150 | 750 | 788 | 12 |
| 800 | 162 | 962 | 322 | 1122 | 1023 | 25 | 825 | 185 | 985 | 1023 | 13 |
| 1000 | 162 | 1162 | 352 | 1352 | 1253 | 25 | 1025 | 215 | 1215 | 1253 | 15 |

Lift (JWB010UM)



Suspend (JWB010DM)

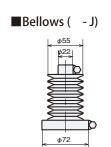




^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

Product Information

Output Options



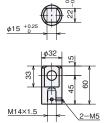
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

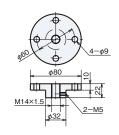


■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



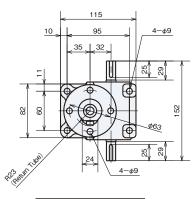






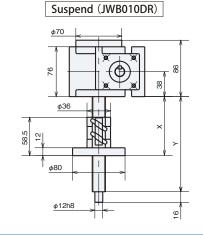
Note) For detailed measurements on units with bellows, see page 248.

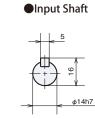
JWB010 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type



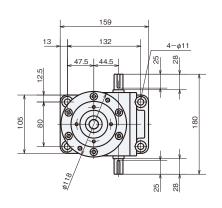
| | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | ending | kg | |
|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|--------|------|--------|
| Stroke |) | (| Υ | , x | | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 108 | 208 | 265 | 69 | 169 | 179 | 5.9 |
| 200 | 108 | 308 | 365 | 69 | 269 | 279 | 6.1 |
| 300 | 108 | 408 | 465 | 69 | 369 | 379 | 6.4 |
| 400 | 108 | 508 | 565 | 69 | 469 | 479 | 6.6 |
| 500 | 108 | 608 | 665 | 69 | 569 | 579 | 6.8 |
| 600 | 108 | 708 | 765 | 69 | 669 | 679 | 7.0 |
| 800 | 108 908 | | 965 | 69 | 869 | 879 | 7.4 |
| 1000 | 108 | 1108 | 1165 | 69 | 1069 | 1079 | 7.9 |

Lift (JWB010UR) φ12h8 φ70



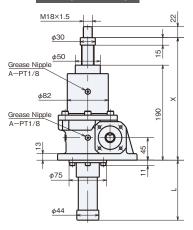


JWB025 Dimensions - Standard Model

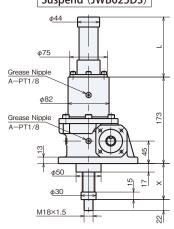


| 41 | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS St | andard I | Model fo | r Suspe | nding | k g |
|--------|-------|--------|-------------------|----------|--------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|-------|--------|
| Stroke | | | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 215 | 315 | 230 | 330 | 149 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 149 | 11 |
| 200 | 215 | 415 | 230 | 430 | 249 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 249 | 11 |
| 300 | 215 | 515 | 250 | 550 | 369 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 369 | 11 |
| 400 | 215 | 615 | 250 | 650 | 469 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 469 | 12 |
| 500 | 215 | 715 | 270 | 770 | 589 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 589 | 12 |
| 600 | 215 | 815 | 270 | 870 | 689 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 689 | 13 |
| 800 | 215 | 1015 | 290 | 1090 | 909 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 909 | 14 |
| 1000 | 215 | 1215 | 310 | 1310 | 1129 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1129 | 14 |
| 1200 | 215 | 1415 | 325 | 1525 | 1344 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1344 | 15 |

Lift (JWB025US)



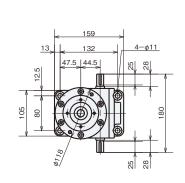
Suspend (JWB025DS)



●Input Shaft

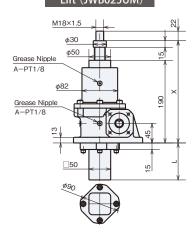


JWB025 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

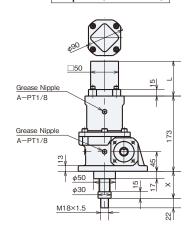


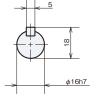
| 2. | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | pending | s g | | | |
|--------|---------|--------------|-------------------|----------|---------|---------|----------------------|--------|--------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | Without | (Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | Without | X Without Bellows | | (Sellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 215 | 315 | 230 | 330 | 181 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 181 | 12 |
| 200 | 215 | 415 | 230 | 430 | 281 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 281 | 13 |
| 300 | 215 | 515 | 250 | 550 | 401 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 401 | 15 |
| 400 | 215 | 615 | 250 | 650 | 501 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 501 | 16 |
| 500 | 215 | 715 | 270 | 770 | 621 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 621 | 17 |
| 600 | 215 | 815 | 270 | 870 | 721 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 721 | 18 |
| 800 | 215 | 1015 | 290 | 1090 | 941 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 941 | 21 |
| 1000 | 215 | 1215 | 310 | 1310 | 1161 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1161 | 23 |
| 1200 | 215 | 1415 | 325 | 1525 | 1376 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1376 | 26 |

Lift (JWB025UM)

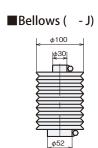


Suspend (JWB025DM)





 $^{^{\}star}$ For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.



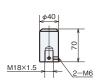
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

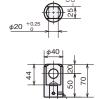


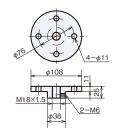




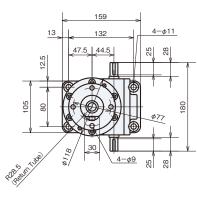






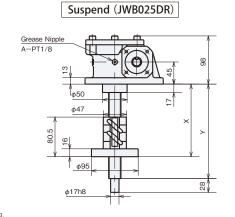


JWB025 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type



| | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | Type for Suspe | ending | kg |
|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|----------------|--------|-----|
| Stroke |) | (| Υ |) | Υ | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 133 | 233 | 309 | 108 | 208 | 219 | 9.2 |
| 200 | 133 | 333 | 409 | 108 | 308 | 319 | 9.5 |
| 300 | 133 | 433 | 509 | 108 | 408 | 419 | 9.8 |
| 400 | 133 | 533 | 609 | 108 | 508 | 519 | 11 |
| 500 | 133 | 633 | 709 | 108 | 608 | 619 | 11 |
| 600 | 133 | 733 | 809 | 108 | 708 | 719 | 11 |
| 800 | 133 | 933 | 1009 | 108 | 908 | 919 | 12 |
| 1000 | 133 1133 | | 1209 | 108 | 1108 | 1119 | 13 |
| 1200 | 133 | 1333 | 1409 | 108 | 1308 | 1319 | 13 |

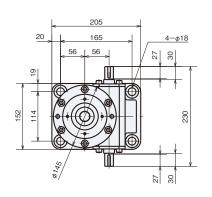
Lift (JWB025UR) A-PT1/8



| 5 | |
|---|-------|
| | 8 |
| * | φ16h7 |

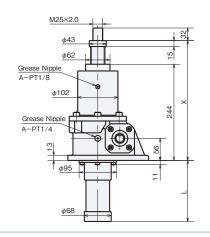
Input Shaft

JWB050 Dimensions - Standard Model

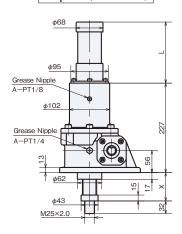


| a) | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS Sta | andard I | Model fo | or Suspe | nding | s 8 | | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|----------|----------------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|-------|--------|--|--|
| Stroke | X X Without Bellows With Bellows | | L | į į | K : Bellows |) With B | | | Weight | | | | |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | 3 | | |
| 100 | 269 | 369 | 284 | 384 | 147 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 147 | 23 | | |
| 200 | 269 | 469 | 284 | 484 | 247 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 247 | 23 | | |
| 300 | 269 | 569 | 304 | 604 | 367 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 367 | 24 | | |
| 400 | 269 | 669 | 304 | 704 | 467 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 467 | 25 | | |
| 500 | 269 | 769 | 324 | 824 | 587 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 587 | 26 | | |
| 600 | 269 | 869 | 324 | 924 | 687 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 687 | 27 | | |
| 800 | 269 | 1069 | 344 | 1144 | 907 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 907 | 29 | | |
| 1000 | 269 | 1269 | 364 | 1364 | 1127 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1127 | 30 | | |
| 1200 | 269 | 1469 | 379 | 1579 | 1342 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1342 | 32 | | |
| 1500 | 269 | 1769 | 404 | 1904 | 1667 | 42 | 1542 | 177 | 1677 | 1667 | 35 | | |

Lift (JWB050US)



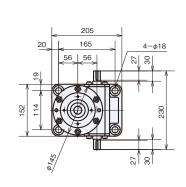
Suspend (JWB050DS)



●Input Shaft

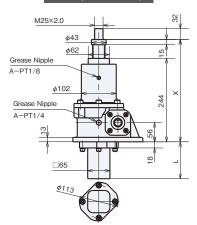


JWB050 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

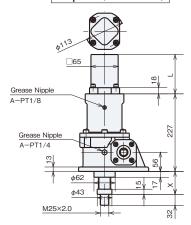


| | | UM Rot | UM Rotation Prevention Type for Liftin | | | | | DM Rotation Prevention Type for Suspendin | | | | | |
|--------|----|---------|--|-------------------|------|------|----------------------|---|-------------------|------|------|--------|--|
| Stroke | | Without | X : Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | Weight | |
| | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > | |
| 10 | 00 | 269 | 369 | 284 | 384 | 196 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 196 | 25 | |
| 20 | 00 | 269 | 469 | 284 | 484 | 296 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 296 | 27 | |
| 30 | 00 | 269 | 569 | 304 | 604 | 416 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 416 | 29 | |
| 40 | 00 | 269 | 669 | 304 | 704 | 516 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 516 | 31 | |
| 50 | 00 | 269 | 769 | 324 | 824 | 636 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 636 | 33 | |
| 60 | 00 | 269 | 869 | 324 | 924 | 736 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 736 | 35 | |
| 80 | 00 | 269 | 1069 | 344 | 1144 | 956 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 956 | 39 | |
| 100 | 00 | 269 | 1269 | 364 | 1364 | 1176 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1176 | 43 | |
| 120 | 00 | 269 | 1469 | 379 | 1579 | 1391 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1391 | 47 | |
| 150 | 00 | 269 | 1769 | 404 | 1904 | 1716 | 42 | 1542 | 177 | 1677 | 1716 | 52 | |

Lift (JWB050UM)

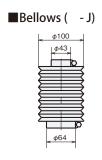


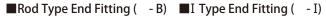
Suspend (JWB050DM)





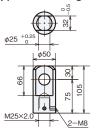
 $^{^{\}star}$ For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.



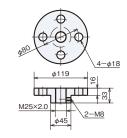




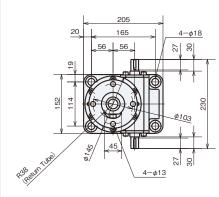




■Table Type End Fitting (- M)

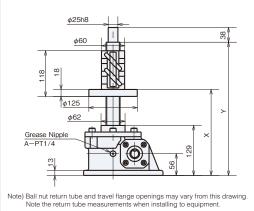


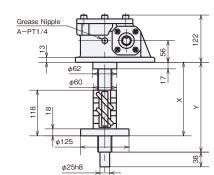
JWB050 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type



| a 1 | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | DR Travel Nut Type for Suspending | | | | |
|------------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------|----|--|--|
| Stroke |) | (| Υ |) | Y | Weight | | | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > | | |
| 100 | 157 | 257 | 369 | 145 | 245 | 257 | 21 | | |
| 200 | 157 | 357 | 469 | 145 | 345 | 357 | 22 | | |
| 300 | 157 | 457 | 569 | 145 | 445 | 457 | 22 | | |
| 400 | 157 | 557 | 669 | 145 | 545 | 557 | 23 | | |
| 500 | 157 | 657 | 769 | 145 | 645 | 657 | 24 | | |
| 600 | 157 | 757 | 869 | 145 | 745 | 757 | 24 | | |
| 800 | 157 | 957 | 1069 | 145 | 945 | 957 | 26 | | |
| 1000 | 157 | 1157 | 1269 | 145 | 1145 | 1157 | 27 | | |
| 1200 | 157 | 1357 | 1469 | 145 | 1345 | 1357 | 29 | | |
| 1500 | 157 | 1657 | 1769 | 145 | 1645 | 1657 | 31 | | |

Lift (JWB050UR)



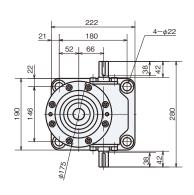


Suspend (JWB050DR)

| <u>→</u> 6 |
|------------------------------|
| |
| (++) 8 |
| |

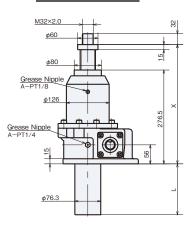
Input Shaft

JWB100 Dimensions - Standard Model

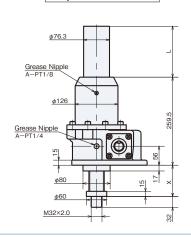


| a) | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS Sta | andard I | Model fo | or Suspe | nding | s 8 | | |
|--------|----------------------------------|--------|--------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------|----------|-------|--------|--|--|
| Stroke | X X Without Bellows With Bellows | | L | - | K : Bellows | | (Sellows | | Weight | | | | |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | 3 | | |
| 100 | 302 | 402 | 312 | 412 | 151 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 151 | 36 | | |
| 200 | 302 | 502 | 312 | 512 | 252 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 252 | 38 | | |
| 300 | 302 | 602 | 327 | 627 | 366 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 366 | 41 | | |
| 400 | 302 | 702 | 327 | 727 | 466 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 466 | 43 | | |
| 500 | 302 | 802 | 352 | 852 | 591 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 591 | 46 | | |
| 600 | 302 | 902 | 352 | 952 | 691 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 691 | 48 | | |
| 800 | 302 | 1102 | 367 | 1167 | 906 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 906 | 53 | | |
| 1000 | 302 | 1302 | 377 | 1377 | 1116 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1116 | 58 | | |
| 1200 | 302 | 1502 | 402 | 1602 | 1341 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1341 | 63 | | |
| 1500 | 302 | 1802 | 427 | 1927 | 1666 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1666 | 71 | | |

Lift (JWB100US)



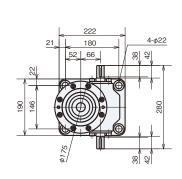
Suspend (JWB100DS)



●Input Shaft

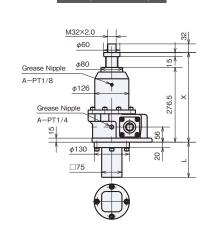


JWB100 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

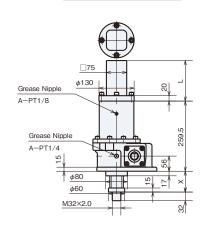


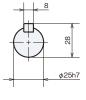
| a 1 | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | ition Prev | ention Ty | pe for Sus | pending | <u>×</u> |
|------------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|----------------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------|----------|
| Stroke | Without | X X Vithout Bellows With Bellows | | L |) Without | X Without Bellows | | (Sellows | L | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | 3 |
| 100 | 302 | 402 | 312 | 412 | 192 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 192 | 39 |
| 200 | 302 | 502 | 312 | 512 | 292 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 292 | 42 |
| 300 | 302 | 602 | 327 | 627 | 407 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 407 | 45 |
| 400 | 302 | 702 | 327 | 727 | 507 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 507 | 48 |
| 500 | 302 | 802 | 352 | 852 | 632 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 632 | 52 |
| 600 | 302 | 902 | 352 | 952 | 732 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 732 | 55 |
| 800 | 302 | 1102 | 367 | 1167 | 947 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 947 | 61 |
| 1000 | 302 | 1302 | 377 | 1377 | 1157 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1157 | 67 |
| 1200 | 302 | 1502 | 402 | 1602 | 1382 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1382 | 74 |
| 1500 | 302 | 1802 | 427 | 1927 | 1707 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1707 | 84 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Lift (JWB100UM)



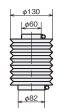
Suspend (JWB100DM)





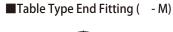
^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

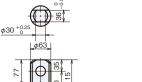


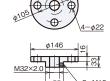


■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

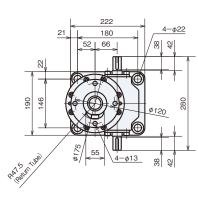






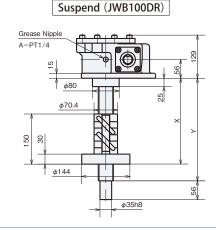


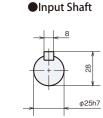
JWB100 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type



| a 1 | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | Type for Suspe | ending | g 8 |
|------------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Stroke |) | (| Υ |) | Y | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 184 | 284 | 414 | 185 | 285 | 295 | 31 |
| 200 | 184 | 384 | 514 | 185 | 385 | 395 | 32 |
| 300 | 184 | 484 | 614 | 185 | 485 | 495 | 33 |
| 400 | 184 | 584 | 714 | 185 | 585 | 595 | 34 |
| 500 | 184 | 684 | 814 | 185 | 685 | 695 | 35 |
| 600 | 184 | 784 | 914 | 185 | 785 | 795 | 36 |
| 800 | 184 | 984 | 1114 | 185 | 985 | 995 | 39 |
| 1000 | 184 | 1184 | 1314 | 185 | 1185 | 1195 | 41 |
| 1200 | 184 | 1384 | 1514 | 185 | 1385 | 1395 | 43 |
| 1500 | 184 | 1684 | 1814 | 185 | 1685 | 1695 | 46 |

Lift (JWB100UR) 26 φ70.4 150 Grease Nipple

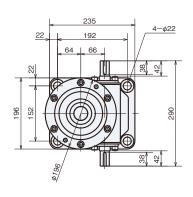




Note) Ball nut return tube and travel flange openings may vary from this drawing.

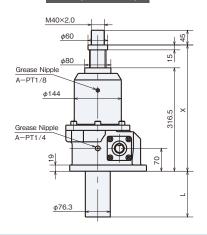
Note the return tube measurements when installing to equipment.

JWB150 Dimensions - Standard Model

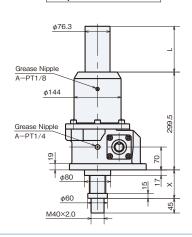


| a) | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS St | andard I | Model fo | or Suspe | nding | 8 8 |
|--------|----------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------|--------|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | |) With B | (ellows | L |) Without | X : Bellows |) With B | (Sellows | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 342 | 442 | 352 | 452 | 151 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 151 | 46 |
| 200 | 342 | 542 | 352 | 552 | 252 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 252 | 48 |
| 300 | 342 | 642 | 367 | 667 | 366 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 366 | 51 |
| 400 | 342 | 742 | 367 | 767 | 466 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 466 | 54 |
| 500 | 342 | 842 | 392 | 892 | 591 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 591 | 57 |
| 600 | 342 | 942 | 392 | 992 | 691 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 691 | 60 |
| 800 | 342 | 1142 | 407 | 1207 | 906 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 906 | 65 |
| 1000 | 342 | 1342 | 417 | 1417 | 1116 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1116 | 70 |
| 1200 | 342 | 1542 | 442 | 1642 | 1341 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1341 | 76 |
| 1500 | 342 | 1842 | 467 | 1967 | 1666 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1666 | 84 |

Lift (JWB150US)



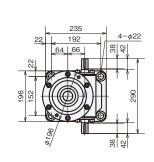
Suspend (JWB150DS)



●Input Shaft

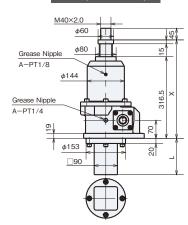


JWB150 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

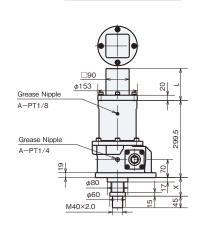


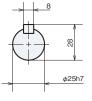
| 4) | UM Rot | ation Pre | evention | Type for | Lifting | DM Rota | ition Prev | ention Ty | pe for Sus | pending | s 8 |
|--------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|---------|---------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------|--------|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | |) With B | (ellows | L | Without | K : Bellows |) With B | (Sellows | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 342 | 442 | 352 | 452 | 221 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 221 | 52 |
| 200 | 342 | 542 | 352 | 552 | 321 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 321 | 55 |
| 300 | 342 | 642 | 367 | 667 | 436 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 436 | 59 |
| 400 | 342 | 742 | 367 | 767 | 536 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 536 | 62 |
| 500 | 342 | 842 | 392 | 892 | 661 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 661 | 66 |
| 600 | 342 | 942 | 392 | 992 | 761 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 761 | 69 |
| 800 | 342 | 1142 | 407 | 1207 | 976 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 976 | 75 |
| 1000 | 342 | 1342 | 417 | 1417 | 1186 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1186 | 82 |
| 1200 | 342 | 1542 | 442 | 1642 | 1411 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1411 | 89 |
| 1500 | 342 | 1842 | 467 | 1967 | 1736 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1736 | 99 |

Lift (JWB150UM)



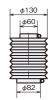
Suspend (JWB150DM)





^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.





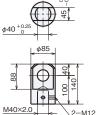
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

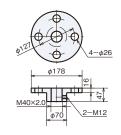
M40×2.0



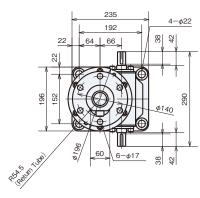


■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



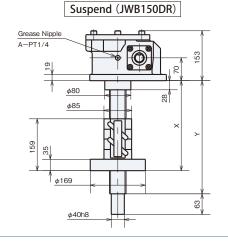


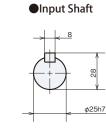
JWB150 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type



| a . | UR Travel N | lut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | Type for Suspe | ending | k 8 |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Stroke | | X. | Υ |) | Υ | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 214 | 314 | 448 | 197 | 297 | 308 | 41 |
| 200 | 214 | 414 | 548 | 197 | 397 | 408 | 42 |
| 300 | 214 | 514 | 648 | 197 | 497 | 508 | 43 |
| 400 | 214 | 614 | 748 | 197 | 597 | 608 | 45 |
| 500 | 214 | 714 | 848 | 197 | 697 | 708 | 46 |
| 600 | 214 | 814 | 948 | 197 | 797 | 808 | 47 |
| 800 | 214 | 1014 | 1148 | 197 | 997 | 1008 | 50 |
| 1000 | 214 | 1214 | 1348 | 197 | 1197 | 1208 | 53 |
| 1200 | 214 | 1414 | 1548 | 197 | 1397 | 1408 | 55 |
| 1500 | 214 | 1714 | 1848 | 197 | 1697 | 1708 | 59 |

Lift (JWB150UR) 63 φ85 159 Grease Nipple

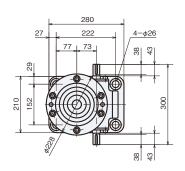




from this drawing.

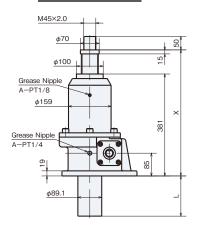
Note the return tube measurements when installing to equipment.

JWB200 Dimensions - Standard Model

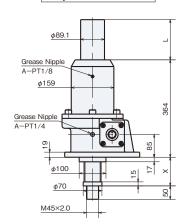


| ai. | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS St | andard I | Model fo | or Suspe | nding | g 8 |
|--------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------|--------|
| Stroke | (Without | (Bellows |) With B | (ellows | L | Without | K : Bellows |) With B | (Sellows | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 406 | 506 | 416 | 516 | 136 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 136 | 65 |
| 200 | 406 | 606 | 416 | 616 | 236 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 236 | 68 |
| 300 | 406 | 706 | 431 | 731 | 351 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 351 | 72 |
| 400 | 406 | 806 | 431 | 831 | 451 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 451 | 76 |
| 500 | 406 | 906 | 456 | 956 | 576 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 576 | 80 |
| 600 | 406 | 1006 | 456 | 1056 | 676 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 676 | 83 |
| 800 | 406 | 1206 | 471 | 1271 | 891 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 891 | 90 |
| 1000 | 406 | 1406 | 481 | 1481 | 1101 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1101 | 97 |
| 1200 | 406 | 1606 | 506 | 1706 | 1326 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1326 | 105 |
| 1500 | 406 | 1906 | 531 | 2031 | 1651 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1651 | 115 |
| 2000 | 406 | 2406 | 576 | 2576 | 2196 | 42 | 2042 | 212 | 2212 | 2196 | 133 |

Lift (JWB200US)



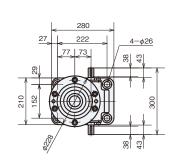
Suspend (JWB200DS)



●Input Shaft

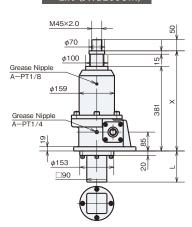


JWB200 Dimensions - Rotation Prevention Type

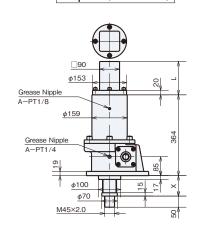


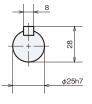
| <u>.</u> . | UM Rotation Prevention Type for Lifting | | | | | DM Rota | <u>×</u> | | | | | |
|------------|---|--------------|-------------|-------------------|------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|------|------|--------|---|
| Stroke | Without | (Bellows |) With B | X Vith Bellows | | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > | |
| 100 | 406 | 506 | 416 | 516 | 230 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 230 | 72 | _ |
| 200 | 406 | 606 | 416 | 616 | 330 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 330 | 76 | |
| 300 | 406 | 706 | 431 | 731 | 445 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 445 | 80 | |
| 400 | 406 | 806 | 431 | 831 | 545 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 545 | 84 | |
| 500 | 406 | 906 | 456 | 956 | 670 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 670 | 89 | |
| 600 | 406 | 1006 | 456 | 1056 | 770 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 770 | 93 | |
| 800 | 406 | 1206 | 471 | 1271 | 985 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 985 | 102 | |
| 1000 | 406 | 1406 | 481 | 1481 | 1195 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1195 | 110 | |
| 1200 | 406 | 1606 | 506 | 1706 | 1420 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1420 | 119 | |
| 1500 | 406 | 1906 | 531 | 2031 | 1745 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1745 | 131 | |
| 2000 | 406 | 2406 | 576 | 2576 | 2290 | 42 | 2042 | 212 | 2212 | 2290 | 153 | |

Lift (JWB200UM)



Suspend (JWB200DM)



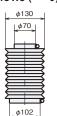


^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

Product Information

Output Options





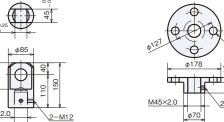
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)





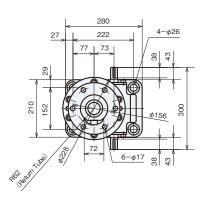


■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



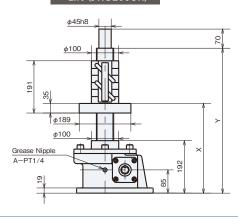
M45×2.0

JWB200 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

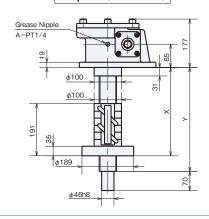


| a. | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | kg | | |
|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|------|--------|----|
| Stroke | х | | Υ |) | Υ | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 237 | 337 | 503 | 232 | 332 | 342 | 56 |
| 200 | 237 | 437 | 603 | 232 | 432 | 442 | 58 |
| 300 | 237 | 537 | 703 | 232 | 532 | 542 | 60 |
| 400 | 237 | 637 | 803 | 232 | 632 | 642 | 62 |
| 500 | 237 | 737 | 903 | 232 | 732 | 742 | 65 |
| 600 | 237 | 837 | 1003 | 232 | 832 | 842 | 67 |
| 800 | 237 | 1037 | 1203 | 232 | 1032 | 1042 | 71 |
| 1000 | 237 | 1237 | 1403 | 232 | 1232 | 1242 | 76 |
| 1200 | 237 | 1437 | 1603 | 232 | 1432 | 1442 | 80 |
| 1500 | 237 | 1737 | 1903 | 232 | 1732 | 1742 | 86 |
| 2000 | 237 | 2237 | 2403 | 232 | 2232 | 2242 | 97 |

Lift (JWB200UR)



Suspend (JWB200DR)



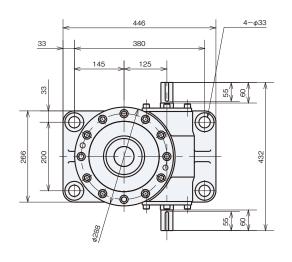
Input Shaft



from this drawing.

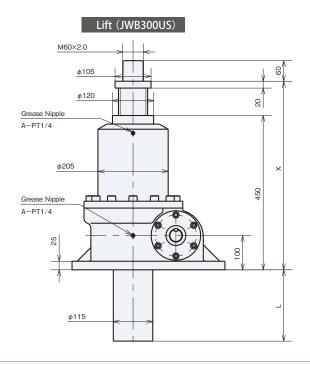
Note the return tube measurements when installing to equipment.

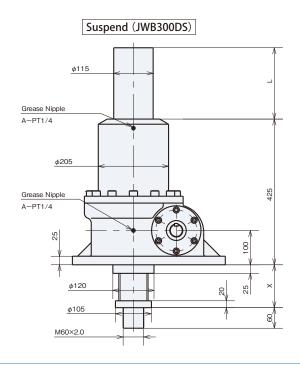
JWB300 Dimensions - Standard Model



| | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS Sta | nding | Ř | | | |
|--------|---------|----------------|--------|-------------------|--------|----------------------|-------|-------------------|------|------|--------|
| Stroke | Without | K : Bellows | With B | X With Bellows | | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 480 | 580 | 490 | 590 | 135 | 55 | 155 | 65 | 165 | 135 | 153 |
| 200 | 480 | 680 | 490 | 690 | 235 | 55 | 255 | 65 | 265 | 235 | 159 |
| 300 | 480 | 780 | 505 | 805 | 350 | 55 | 355 | 80 | 380 | 350 | 166 |
| 400 | 480 | 880 | 505 | 905 | 450 | 55 | 455 | 80 | 480 | 450 | 172 |
| 500 | 480 | 980 | 520 | 1020 | 565 | 55 | 555 | 95 | 595 | 565 | 178 |
| 600 | 480 | 1080 | 520 | 1120 | 665 | 55 | 655 | 95 | 695 | 665 | 184 |
| 800 | 480 | 1280 | 535 | 1335 | 880 | 55 | 855 | 110 | 910 | 880 | 197 |
| 1000 | 480 | 1480 | 555 | 1555 | 1100 | 55 | 1050 | 130 | 1130 | 1100 | 210 |
| 1200 | 480 | 1680 | 565 | 1765 | 1310 | 55 | 1255 | 140 | 1340 | 1310 | 223 |
| 1500 | 480 | 1980 | 590 | 2090 | 1635 | 55 | 1555 | 165 | 1665 | 1635 | 242 |
| 2000 | 480 | 2480 | 625 | 2625 | 2170 | 55 | 2055 | 200 | 2200 | 2170 | 274 |

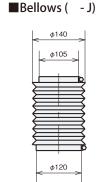
●Input Shaft φ35h7



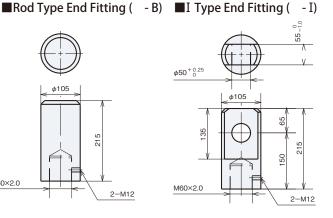


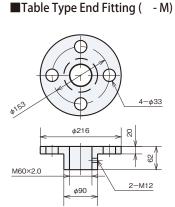
For JWBC300 (compact type), see page 257 - 260.

Output Options

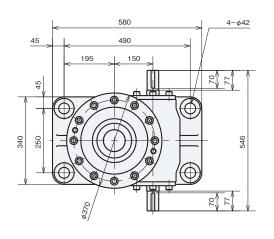


φ105 M60×2.0



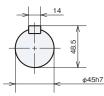


JWB500 Dimensions - Standard Model

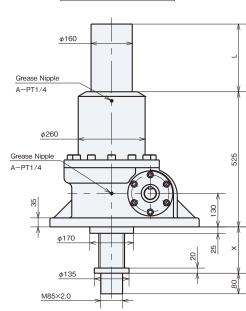


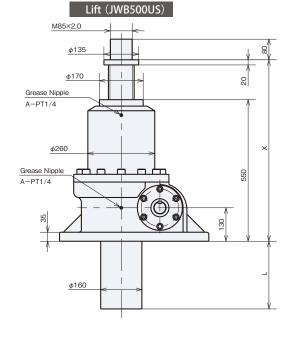
| | US St | andard | d Mod | el for L | ifting | DS Standard Model for Suspending | | | | | |
|--------|--------------|--------|-------|-------------------|--------|----------------------------------|--------------|-----|-------------|------|--------|
| Stroke |) Without | | | X With Bellows | | | (Bellows | | (ellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 580 | 680 | 585 | 685 | 137 | 55 | 155 | 60 | 160 | 137 | 310 |
| 200 | 580 | 780 | 585 | 785 | 237 | 55 | 255 | 60 | 260 | 237 | 320 |
| 300 | 580 | 880 | 605 | 905 | 357 | 55 | 355 | 80 | 380 | 357 | 330 |
| 400 | 580 | 980 | 605 | 1005 | 457 | 55 | 455 | 80 | 480 | 457 | 340 |
| 500 | 580 | 1080 | 615 | 1115 | 567 | 55 | 555 | 90 | 590 | 567 | 350 |
| 600 | 580 | 1180 | 615 | 1215 | 667 | 55 | 655 | 90 | 690 | 667 | 359 |
| 800 | 580 | 1380 | 630 | 1430 | 882 | 55 | 855 | 105 | 905 | 882 | 378 |
| 1000 | 580 | 1580 | 645 | 1645 | 1097 | 55 | 1055 | 120 | 1120 | 1097 | 398 |
| 1200 | 580 | 1780 | 655 | 1855 | 1307 | 55 | 1255 | 130 | 1330 | 1307 | 417 |
| 1500 | 580 | 2080 | 675 | 2175 | 1627 | 55 | 1555 | 150 | 1650 | 1627 | 446 |
| 2000 | 580 | 2580 | 710 | 2710 | 2162 | 55 | 2055 | 185 | 2185 | 2162 | 495 |

●Input Shaft



Suspend (JWB500DS)





For JWBC500 (compact type), see page 257 - 260.

Output Options

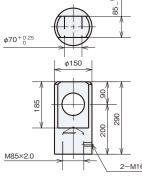




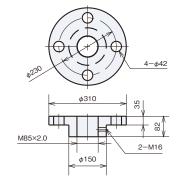
 ϕ 150

M85×2.0

■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)



■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 - 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

2-M16



Cautions for selecting

- Duty cycle of JWB (Ball Screw Type) is within 30% ED. Duty cycle is a ratio of operating time per 30 min on the basis of 30 min interval
- JWB (Ball Screw Type) does not have a self-locking device, therefore, a brake mechanism is required.
- Activating torque for the drive unit should be maintained at 200% above the required torque.
- Allowable input rotation speed of linear power jack is 1800 r/min, however, when inputting a speed exceeding the maximum input rotation speed at the basic capacity, check the screw shaft speed (elevation speed) and allowable load related graphs on page 155.
- Select a stroke for the jack with an extra margin with respect to the used stroke.
- Rotating force is generated on the screw shaft (travel nut in the case of travel nut type) with thrust, therefore, rotation prevention is required. Screw rotation torque at the basic capacity is described in the standard specification list. When operating with the end unconnected, and pulling the rope with a sheave installed, use the rotation prevention type.

However, the rotation prevention type cannot be manufactured for the travel nut type, therefore, provide a rotation prevention mechanism on the device.

 When installing a sprocket, gear, or belt to the input or output shaft, confirm that any overhang load applied to the shaft decreases to the allowable OHL or less.



O.H.L.: Overhang load N (kgf)

Input torque $N \cdot m \{ kgf \cdot m \}$

Coefficient - power transmission element

_f : Coefficient - Load operating position

R : Sprocket, Gear, V pulley or Pitch diameter m



Q: Shaft Length ! Loaded Position

Coefficient – Power Transmission Element (f)

| Sprocket | 1.00 |
|-----------|------|
| Gear | 1.25 |
| V-belt | 1.50 |
| Flat belt | 2.50 |

Coefficient (Lf) – Load Position

| ℓ/QH | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.5 | 0.75 | 1 |
|------|------|------|-----|------|---|
| Lf | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 |

Allowable O.H.L

| Frame No. | | 002 | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 750 | 1000 |
|-----------------------|---------|-----|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| JWB (Ball Screw Type) | N | _ | 130 | 220 | 480 | 870 | 1290 | 2030 | 2490 | 3450 | 5240 | 7200 | 9790 |
| H Speed | { kgf } | _ | {14} | {23} | {50} | {89} | {132} | {208} | {255} | {352} | {535} | {735} | {998} |
| JWB (Ball Screw Type) | N | _ | 82 | 140 | 290 | 500 | 840 | 1300 | 1610 | 2400 | 3560 | 4940 | 6970 |
| L Speed | { kgf } | _ | {8} | {15} | {31} | {52} | {86} | {133} | {165} | {245} | {363} | {504} | {711} |

Precautions for installation

- Some screw covers of jacks are made of hard vinyl chloride pipe. Do not lift jack and transport with this pipe, which may result
 in dropping.
- JWB (Ball Screw Type) rotates by self weight of the screw shaft or travel nut, therefore, retract its stroke to the minimum and provide a rotation prevention for installation.
- Take jack coasting amount into consideration to set the stroke adjusting limit switch.

Precautions for use

- Do not perform manual operation from the input shaft with load applied. The input shaft is rotated by the load, which is dangerous.
- When JWB (Ball Screw Type) is used in the vertical direction, the jack may be reversed by the load because of its excellent efficiency. Never perform manual operation.
- Do not use mechanical stops under any circumstances.
- Operating Environment for jack is as follows.

| Operating place | Indoor room which cannot be splashed with rain or water. |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Ambient atmosphere | Dust volume comparable to general factories. |
| Operating temperature range | -15 to 80° C (Refer to section 3 in general precautions.) |
| Relative humidity | 85% or less (no dew condensation) |

- Operating part and reducer unit are factory greased. Therefore, use jack as delivered.
- For lubrication grease, lubrication cycle and lubrication amount to the screw shaft and reducer unit, refer to page 253.
- Inspect regularly for general backlash and screw unit condition. Jack life and replacement timing are determined by the following:

Metal particles due to wear on the screw surface are visible.

Replace gear when its input shaft exceeds 30 rpm with backlash (rattle between input shaft and worm wheel) at H speed, or exceeds 60 rpm at L speed.

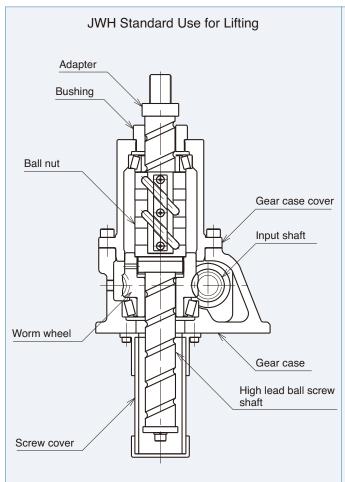
In either case, if it is used at the replacement timing, this may cause rotation failure of screw shaft and input shaft, and further sudden drop of travel nut.

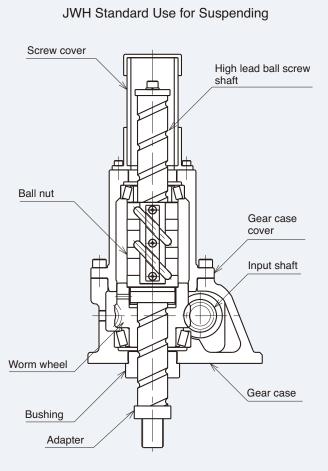
Linipower Jack

JVH (High Lead Ball Screw Type)



| 11233 | |
|-------|--|
| | |

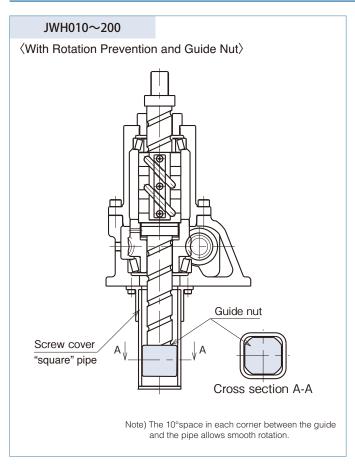






NWC NWC

JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) Rotation Prevention Type



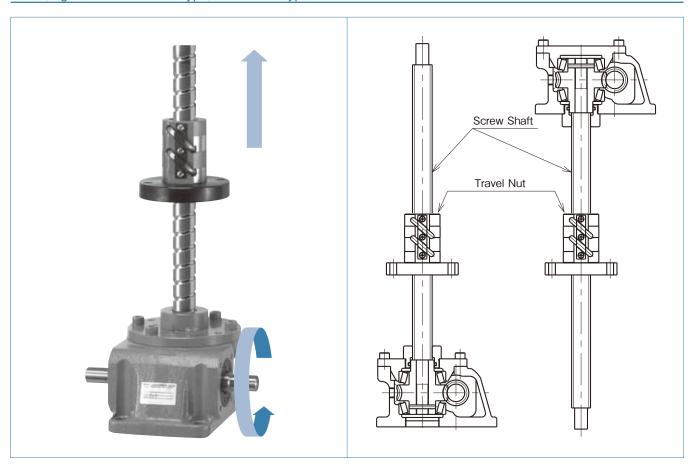
Caution

Each High Lead Ball Screw Jack with rotation prevention is made-to-order based.

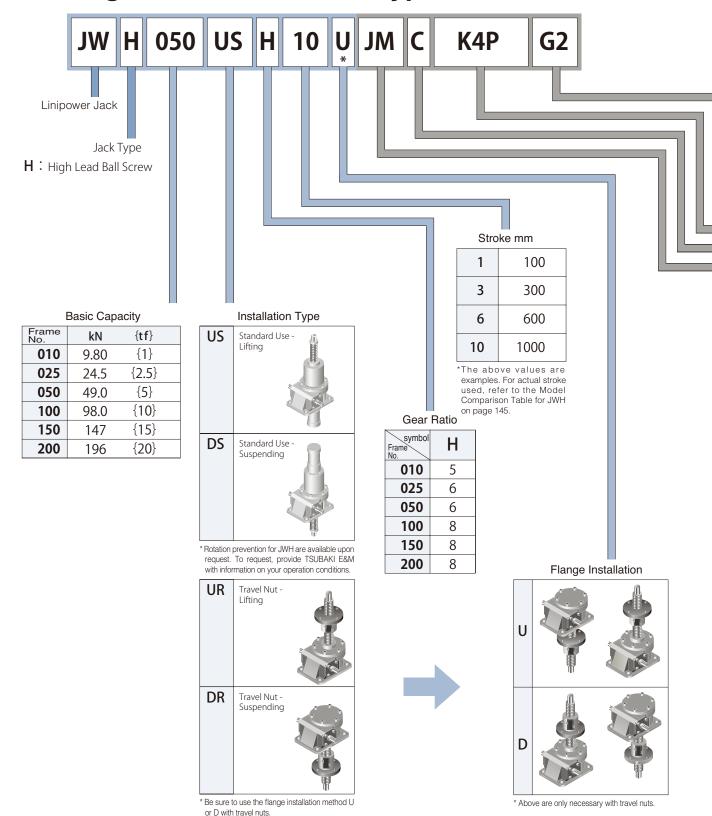
Inform TSUBAKI E&M of operating conditions such as a load per one jack and screw shaft speed of the jack.

We will take the conditions into account.

JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) Travel Nut Type



JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type)



Examples)

JWH100UMH3

• High Lead Ball Screw Type • 98.0kN {10tf} • Standard use (for lifting) • Gear ratio H (1/8) • Stroke 300mm

JWH050USH10JMK4P

- High Lead Ball Screw Type 49.0kN {5tf} Standard use (for lifting) Gear ratio H (1/6) Stroke 1000mm
- Bellows / Table Type End Fitting 4 Internal LS / Potentiometer

Output Option

Screw shaft end (standard) No symbol

Bellows

J

Ι



Rod Type End Fitting



I Type End Fitting



Table Type End Fitting

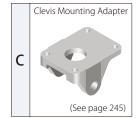


Note) To request the above parts, provide their letter symbols in the order given. When travel nuts are used, B, I and

Note) Bellows is of special specification, therefore contact TSUBAKI E&M.

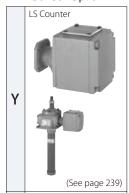
Note) Travel nut type with bellows is estimated for each order Enter necessary information in the inquiry form on page 249 to contact TSUBAKI E&M.

Installation Option

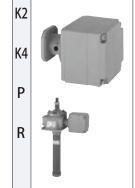


Note) For standard lifting only.

Sensor Option



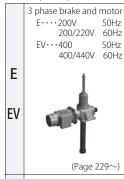
Position Sensor K2···2 Internal LS K4···4 Internal LS P···Potentiometer R···Rotary Encoder



Note) To request the above parts, provide their letter symbols in the order given.

(See page 241)

Input Option



3 phase brake and gearmotor G1···Gear ratio 1/5 200V 50Hz 200/220V 60Hz Reducer ratio 1/10 200V 200/220V



Accessories



Meter Relay and PCB



(Page 242 \sim)

Others



clevis mounting adapter (See page 245)

M are not required.

218

Reference Table for Standard Use JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type)

| Frame No. | JWH010 | JWH025 | JWH050 | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| kN | 9.80 | 24.5 | 49.0 | | | |
| Basic Capacity {tf} | {1} | {2.5} | {5} | | | |
| Outer Screw Diameter mm | 20 | 25 | 36 | | | |
| Minor Screw Diameter mm | 17.5 | 21.9 | 31.1 | | | |
| Screw Lead mm | 20 | 25 | 25 | | | |
| Gear Ratio | 5 | 6 | 6 | | | |
| Overall Efficiency % | 63 | 65 | 68 | | | |
| Max. Allowable Input Capacity kW | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.3 | | | |
| N·m | 0.29 | 0.62 | 1.37 | | | |
| Tare Drag Torque {kgf·m} | {0.03} | {0.063} | {0.14} | | | |
| N∙m | 5.22 | 13.6 | 27.5 | | | |
| Holding Torque {kgf·m} | {0.53} | {1.4} | {2.8} | | | |
| *Note 1 N•m | 19.6 | 49.0 | 153.9 | | | |
| Allowable Input Torque {kgf•m} | {2} | {5} | {15.7} | | | |
| Required Input Torque N·m | 10.2 | 25.6 | 49.2 | | | |
| for Basic Capacity *Note 2 {kgf·m} | {1.0} | {2.6} | {5.0} | | | |
| Screw Movement/ Per Revolution of Input Shaft mm | 4 | 4.17 | 4.17 | | | |
| Max. Input R.P.M. r/min | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | |
| Max. Input R.P.M. r/min for Basic Capacity | 700 | 550 | 450 | | | |
| Screw Shaft Rotational N•m | 33.2 | 103.8 | 207.6 | | | |
| Torque for Basic Capacity {kgf•m} | {3.4} | {10.6} | {21.2} | | | |
| Screw Cover Material | | Hard Vinyl Chloride | | | | |
| Lubrication | SI | naft: Grease Reducer Unit: Grease Bat | h | | | |
| Color | | Tsubaki Olive Grey (Munsell 5GY6/0.5) | | | | |
| Operating Temperature Range | −15 to 80°C (Precautions #2) | | | | | |
| Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Operating ambient atmosphere | 85% or less (no dew condensation) | | | | | |
| Operating ambient atmosphere | Indoor Environment (Indoor room where rain and water cannot enter. Dust volume should be normal.) | | | | | |
| Duty Cycle *Note 3 | Within 30% ED | | | | | |

Note 1) The allowable torque is for jack input shaft only. (Reconfirm if synchronous drive.)

Note 2) Includes tare drag torque.

Note 3) Standard percentage duty cycle is 30 minutes. Thus, driving time is based on 30 minute intervals.

Precautions

- 1.All loads (static, dynamic or shock) should be within the rated capacity of the jack at sufficient safety levels.
- 2.Operating Temperature Range refers to the surface temperature of the jack during operation. To check, measure the surface temperature of the input shaft unit or travel nut (if used). Be sure all the rotating parts have completely stopped before proceeding to measure.
- 3.Allowable input rpm is 1800r/min. Be sure to operate within this allowable capacity.
- 4. Number of synchronizing jacks which can be connected on

- the same line is limited by shaft strength. Refer to the allowable input shaft torque on the above table.
- 5. Activating torque for the drive unit should be maintained at 200% above the required torque.
- 6. If operating in freezing temperatures, a change in viscosity may reduce the efficiency of the grease. Set the drive unit so as to accommodate this change.
- 7. Since JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) is extremely efficient, sufficient brake that over powers the "holding torque" is required to sustain its shaft.

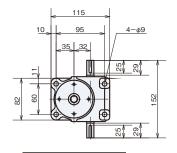
| JWH100 | JWH150 | JWH200 | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| 98.0 | 147 | 196 | | | | | |
| {10} | {15} | {20} | | | | | |
| 45 | 50 | 63 | | | | | |
| 38.9 | 42.7 | 55.7 | | | | | |
| 32 | 32 | 32 | | | | | |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | | | | | |
| 65 | 65 | 64 | | | | | |
| 4.1 | 4.1 | 5.6 | | | | | |
| 1.96 | 2.65 | 3.92 | | | | | |
| {0.2} | {0.27} | {0.4} | | | | | |
| 52.8 | 79.2 | 105.6 | | | | | |
| {5.4} | {8.1} | {10.8} | | | | | |
| 292.0 | 292.0 | 292.0 | | | | | |
| {29.8} | {29.8} | {29.8} | | | | | |
| 98.0 | 146.8 | 199.1 | | | | | |
| {10.0} | {15.0} | {20.3} | | | | | |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | | | | | |
| 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | | | | | |
| 400 | 270 | 270 | | | | | |
| 531.5 | 797.3 | 1063.0 | | | | | |
| {54.2} | {81.3} | {108.4} | | | | | |
| | Steel Pipe | | | | | | |
| Sc | rew: Grease Reducer Unit: Grease Ba | th | | | | | |
| Tsubaki Olive Grey (Munsell 5GY6/0.5) | | | | | | | |
| −15 to 80°C (Precautions #2) | | | | | | | |
| 85% or less (no dew condensation) | | | | | | | |
| Indoor Environment (Indoor room where rain and water cannot enter. Dust volume should be normal.) | | | | | | | |
| Within 30% ED | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

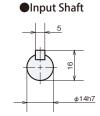
▲8.Be certain that the jack rating exceeds the maximum stroke. Over travel can cause the lift shaft to disengage from the ball nut.

JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) is supported by a stopper (shaft end). However, this is merely for the purpose of securing the screw shaft during installation. While installing, take caution so that the screw shaft does not rotate by its own weight and become disengaged. If rotation cannot be avoided, use a model with rotation prevention. (Contact TEM for details.)

- $\underline{\wedge}$ 9.Do not use mechanical stops under any circumstances. This will cause major internal damage.
 - 10.Input shaft key is provided with each unit. (The input shaft key complies with JIS B 1301-1996 (normal grade).)

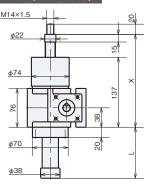
JWH010 Dimensions - Standard Model

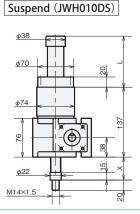




| | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS Sta | nding | g S | | | |
|--------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|----------|--------|---------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | (Without | X : Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | Without | K : Bellows |) With B | (Jellows | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | ≥ |
| 100 | 162 | 262 | 212 | 312 | 194 | 25 | 125 | 75 | 175 | 194 | 6.7 |
| 200 | 162 | 362 | 212 | 412 | 294 | 25 | 225 | 75 | 275 | 294 | 7.0 |
| 300 | 162 | 462 | 252 | 552 | 434 | 25 | 325 | 115 | 415 | 434 | 7.4 |
| 400 | 162 | 562 | 252 | 652 | 534 | 25 | 425 | 115 | 515 | 534 | 7.6 |
| 500 | 162 | 662 | 287 | 787 | 669 | 25 | 525 | 150 | 650 | 669 | 8.0 |
| 600 | 162 | 762 | 287 | 887 | 769 | 25 | 625 | 150 | 750 | 769 | 8.2 |
| 800 | 162 | 962 | 322 | 1122 | 1004 | 25 | 825 | 185 | 985 | 1004 | 8.9 |
| 1000 | 162 | 1162 | 352 | 1352 | 1234 | 25 | 1025 | 215 | 1215 | 1234 | 9.5 |

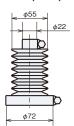
Lift (JWH010US)

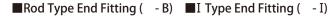


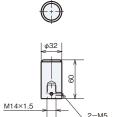


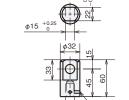
Output Option

■Bellows (- J)

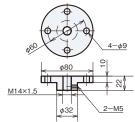






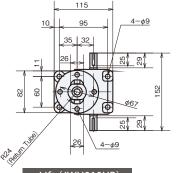


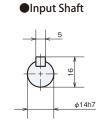
■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



Note) For detailed measurements on units with bellows, see page 248.

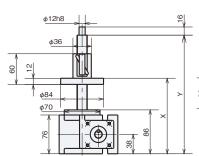
JWH010 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

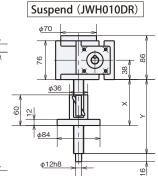




| | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | ending | g | |
|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|--------|--------|-----|
| Stroke |) | (| Υ |) | Υ | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | ≥ |
| 100 | 108 | 208 | 265 | 69 | 169 | 179 | 5.9 |
| 200 | 108 | 308 | 365 | 69 | 269 | 279 | 6.1 |
| 300 | 108 | 408 | 465 | 69 | 369 | 379 | 6.4 |
| 400 | 108 | 508 | 565 | 69 | 469 | 479 | 6.6 |
| 500 | 108 | 608 | 665 | 69 | 569 | 579 | 6.8 |
| 600 | 108 | 708 | 765 | 69 | 669 | 679 | 7.0 |
| 800 | 108 | 908 | 965 | 69 | 869 | 879 | 7.4 |
| 1000 | 108 | 1108 | 1165 | 69 | 1069 | 1079 | 7.9 |

Lift (JWH010UR)



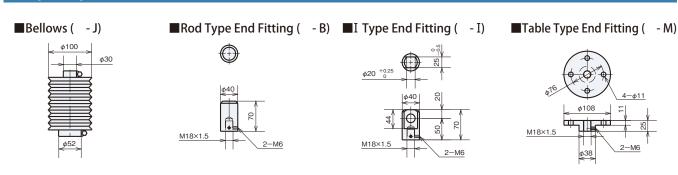


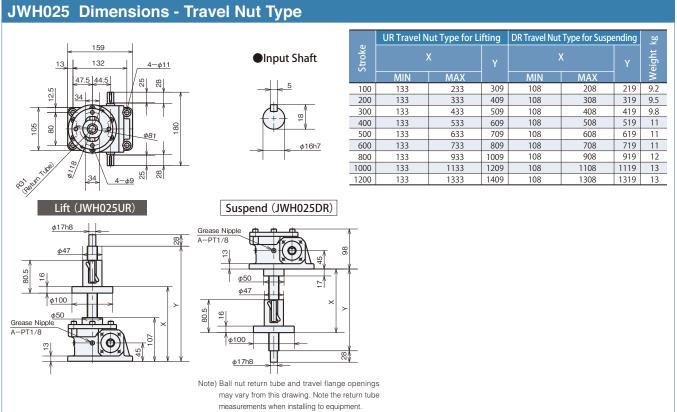
Note) Ball nut return tube and travel flange openings may vary from this drawing. Note the return tube measurements when installing to equipment.

Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

JWH025 Dimensions - Standard Model US Standard Model for Lifting DS Standard Model for Suspending $4-\phi 11$ Input Shaft φ16h7 1042 137 1000 215 1215 1137 1129 Lift (JWH025US) Suspend (JWH025DS) D, Grease Nipple A-PT1/8 Grease Nipple A-PT1/8 Grease Nipple Grease Nipple A-PT1/8

Output Option

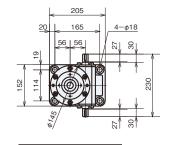




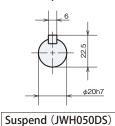
Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 - 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

JWH050 Dimensions - Standard Model

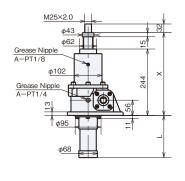


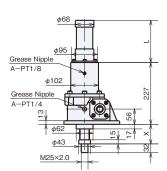
Input Shaft



| | US St | andard | d Mod | el for L | ifting | DS St | nding | <u>%</u> | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------|-------|--------------|--------|---------|----------------|-------------|-------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | | | (Sellows | L | Without | X : Bellows |) With B | (ellows | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 269 | 369 | 284 | 384 | 147 | 42 | 142 | 57 | 157 | 147 | 23 |
| 200 | 269 | 469 | 284 | 484 | 247 | 42 | 242 | 57 | 257 | 247 | 23 |
| 300 | 269 | 569 | 304 | 604 | 367 | 42 | 342 | 77 | 377 | 367 | 24 |
| 400 | 269 | 669 | 304 | 704 | 467 | 42 | 442 | 77 | 477 | 467 | 25 |
| 500 | 269 | 769 | 324 | 824 | 587 | 42 | 542 | 97 | 597 | 587 | 26 |
| 600 | 269 | 869 | 324 | 924 | 687 | 42 | 642 | 97 | 697 | 687 | 27 |
| 800 | 269 | 1069 | 344 | 1144 | 907 | 42 | 842 | 117 | 917 | 907 | 29 |
| 1000 | 269 | 1269 | 364 | 1364 | 1127 | 42 | 1042 | 137 | 1137 | 1127 | 30 |
| 1200 | 269 | 1469 | 379 | 1579 | 1342 | 42 | 1242 | 152 | 1352 | 1342 | 32 |
| 1500 | 269 | 1769 | 404 | 1904 | 1667 | 42 | 1542 | 177 | 1677 | 1667 | 35 |

Lift (JWH050US)

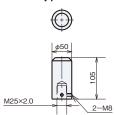




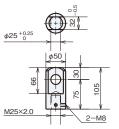
Output Option

■Bellows (- J)

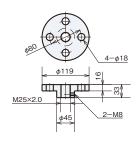




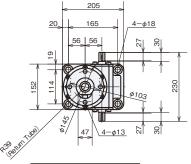
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)



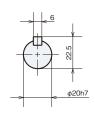
■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



JWH050 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

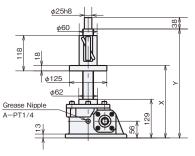


●Input Shaft

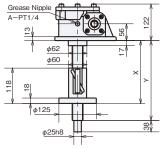


| | | UR Travel N | ut Type for Li | fting | DR Travel Nut | ending | s g | l | |
|---|--------|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| | Stroke |) | Х | |) | (| Υ | Weight | |
| | | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | 3 | |
| Ī | 100 | 157 | 257 | 369 | 145 | 245 | 257 | 21 | |
| ĺ | 200 | 157 | 357 | 469 | 145 | 345 | 357 | 22 | |
| | 300 | 157 | 457 | 569 | 145 | 445 | 457 | 22 | |
| | 400 | 157 | 557 | 669 | 145 | 545 | 557 | 23 | |
| | 500 | 157 | 657 | 769 | 145 | 645 | 657 | 24 | |
| ĺ | 600 | 157 | 757 | 869 | 145 | 745 | 757 | 24 | |
| Ī | 800 | 157 | 957 | 1069 | 145 | 945 | 957 | 26 | |
| ĺ | 1000 | 157 | 1157 | 1269 | 145 | 1145 | 1157 | 27 | |
| Ī | 1200 | 157 | 1357 | 1469 | 145 | 1345 | 1357 | 29 | |
| | 1500 | 157 | 1657 | 1769 | 145 | 1645 | 1657 | 31 | |

Lift (JWH050UR)



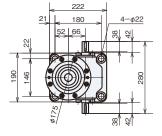
Suspend (JWH050DR)

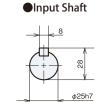


Note) Ball nut return tube and travel flange openings may vary from this drawing. Note the return tube measurements when installing to equipment.

Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

JWH100 Dimensions - Standard Model

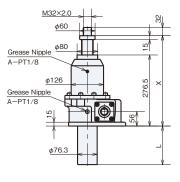


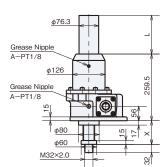


Suspend (JWH100DS)

| | US St | andard | d Mod | el for L | ifting | DS Sta | andard I | Model fo | or Suspe | nding | kg |
|--------|---------|----------------|-------------------|----------|--------|--------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|-------|--------|
| Stroke | Without | (: Bellows | X With Bellows | | | (Without | (: Bellows | X s With Bellows | | L | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 302 | 402 | 312 | 412 | 151 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 151 | 36 |
| 200 | 302 | 502 | 312 | 512 | 252 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 252 | 38 |
| 300 | 302 | 602 | 327 | 627 | 366 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 366 | 41 |
| 400 | 302 | 702 | 327 | 727 | 466 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 466 | 43 |
| 500 | 302 | 802 | 352 | 852 | 591 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 591 | 46 |
| 600 | 302 | 902 | 352 | 952 | 691 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 691 | 48 |
| 800 | 302 | 1102 | 367 | 1167 | 906 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 906 | 53 |
| 1000 | 302 | 1302 | 377 | 1377 | 1116 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1116 | 58 |
| 1200 | 302 | 1502 | 402 | 1602 | 1341 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1341 | 63 |
| 1500 | 302 | 1802 | 427 | 1927 | 1666 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1666 | 71 |

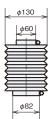
Lift (JWH100US)

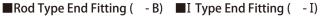


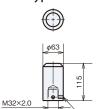


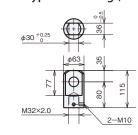
Output Option

■Bellows (- J)





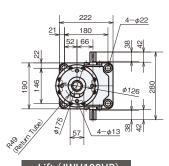




4-652 4-652 4-652 4-652 4-652 4-652 4-652 4-652 4-652 4-652 4-652

■Table Type End Fitting (- M)

JWH100 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

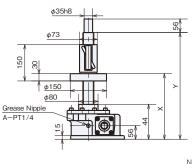


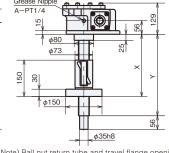


●Input Shaft

| | UN Haverin | ut Type for Li | rung | DK Havernut | naing | - ₩ | |
|--------|------------|----------------|------|-------------|-------|------|--------|
| Stroke | Х | | Y |) | (| Υ | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 184 | 284 | 414 | 185 | 285 | 295 | 31 |
| 200 | 184 | 384 | 514 | 185 | 385 | 395 | 32 |
| 300 | 184 | 484 | 614 | 185 | 485 | 495 | 33 |
| 400 | 184 | 584 | 714 | 185 | 585 | 595 | 34 |
| 500 | 184 | 684 | 814 | 185 | 685 | 695 | 35 |
| 600 | 184 | 784 | 914 | 185 | 785 | 795 | 36 |
| 800 | 184 | 984 | 1114 | 185 | 985 | 995 | 39 |
| 1000 | 184 | 1184 | 1314 | 185 | 1185 | 1195 | 41 |
| 1200 | 184 | 1384 | 1514 | 185 | 1385 | 1395 | 43 |
| 1500 | 184 | 1684 | 1814 | 185 | 1685 | 1695 | 46 |

Lift (JWH100UR) Suspend (JWH100DR)



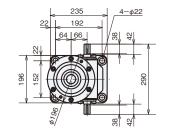


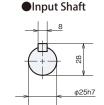
Note) Ball nut return tube and travel flange openings may vary from this drawing. Note the return tube measurements when installing to equipment.

Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 – 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.

JWH150 Dimensions - Standard Model

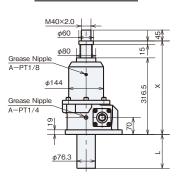


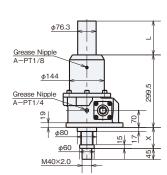


Suspend (JWH150DS)

| 4. | US St | andar | d Mod | el for L | ifting | DS St | nding | g S | | | |
|--------|--------------|----------------------|-------|-------------------|--------|-------|----------------|--------|--------------|------|--------|
| Stroke | (Without | X Without Bellows | | X th Bellows L | | | K : Bellows | With B | (Jellows | | Weight |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > |
| 100 | 342 | 442 | 352 | 452 | 151 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 151 | 46 |
| 200 | 342 | 542 | 352 | 552 | 252 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 252 | 48 |
| 300 | 342 | 642 | 367 | 667 | 366 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 366 | 51 |
| 400 | 342 | 742 | 367 | 767 | 466 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 466 | 54 |
| 500 | 342 | 842 | 392 | 892 | 591 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 591 | 57 |
| 600 | 342 | 942 | 392 | 992 | 691 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 691 | 60 |
| 800 | 342 | 1142 | 407 | 1207 | 906 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 906 | 65 |
| 1000 | 342 | 1342 | 417 | 1417 | 1116 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1116 | 70 |
| 1200 | 342 | 1542 | 442 | 1642 | 1341 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1341 | 76 |
| 1500 | 342 | 1842 | 467 | 1967 | 1666 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1666 | 84 |

Lift (JWH150US)



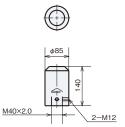


Output Option

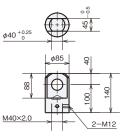
■Bellows (- J)



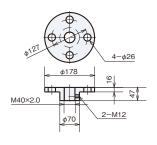




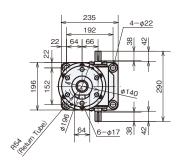
■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)



■Table Type End Fitting (- M)



JWH150 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

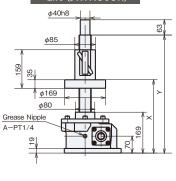


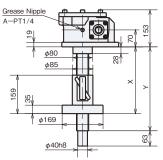


Suspend (JWH150DR)

| 4) | UK Travel N | ut Type for Li | πing | DK Travel Nut | enaing | 굨 | | |
|--------|-------------|----------------|------|---------------|--------|------|--------|--|
| Stroke |) | (| Y |) | (| | Weight | |
| | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | | 3 | |
| 100 | 214 | 314 | 448 | 197 | 297 | 308 | 41 | |
| 200 | 214 | 414 | 548 | 197 | 397 | 408 | 42 | |
| 300 | 214 | 514 | 648 | 197 | 497 | 508 | 43 | |
| 400 | 214 | 614 | 748 | 197 | 597 | 608 | 45 | |
| 500 | 214 | 714 | 848 | 197 | 697 | 708 | 46 | |
| 600 | 214 | 814 | 948 | 197 | 797 | 808 | 47 | |
| 800 | 214 | 1014 | 1148 | 197 | 997 | 1008 | 50 | |
| 1000 | 214 | 1214 | 1348 | 197 | 1197 | 1208 | 53 | |
| 1200 | 214 | 1414 | 1548 | 197 | 1397 | 1408 | 55 | |
| 1500 | 214 | 1714 | 1848 | 197 | 1697 | 1708 | 59 | |
| | | | | | | | | |

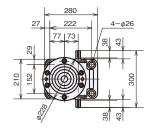
Lift (JWH150UR)





Note) Ball nut return tube and travel flange openings may vary from this drawing. Note the return tube measurements when installing to equipment.

JWH200 Dimensions - Standard Model



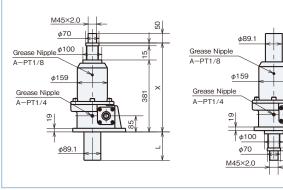
●Input Shaft



Suspend (JWH200DS)

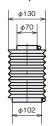
| | US St | andard | d Mode | el for L | ifting | DS St | andard I | Model fo | DS Standard Model for Suspending | | | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------|-------------------|----------|--------|---------|--------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|------|--------|--|--|--|
| Stroke | X Without Bellows | | X With Bellows | | L | Without | X Bellows | X With Bellows | | L | Weight | | | |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | > | | | |
| 100 | 406 | 506 | 416 | 516 | 136 | 42 | 142 | 52 | 152 | 136 | 65 | | | |
| 200 | 406 | 606 | 416 | 616 | 236 | 42 | 242 | 52 | 252 | 236 | 68 | | | |
| 300 | 406 | 706 | 431 | 731 | 351 | 42 | 342 | 67 | 367 | 351 | 72 | | | |
| 400 | 406 | 806 | 431 | 831 | 451 | 42 | 442 | 67 | 467 | 451 | 76 | | | |
| 500 | 406 | 906 | 456 | 956 | 576 | 42 | 542 | 92 | 592 | 576 | 80 | | | |
| 600 | 406 | 1006 | 456 | 1056 | 676 | 42 | 642 | 92 | 692 | 676 | 83 | | | |
| 800 | 406 | 1206 | 471 | 1271 | 891 | 42 | 842 | 107 | 907 | 891 | 90 | | | |
| 1000 | 406 | 1406 | 481 | 1481 | 1101 | 42 | 1042 | 117 | 1117 | 1101 | 97 | | | |
| 1200 | 406 | 1606 | 506 | 1706 | 1326 | 42 | 1242 | 142 | 1342 | 1326 | 105 | | | |
| 1500 | 406 | 1906 | 531 | 2031 | 1651 | 42 | 1542 | 167 | 1667 | 1651 | 115 | | | |
| 2000 | 406 | 2406 | 576 | 2576 | 2196 | 42 | 2042 | 212 | 2212 | 2196 | 133 | | | |

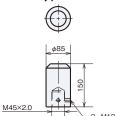
Lift (JWH200US)



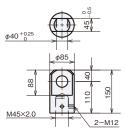
Output Option

■Bellows (- J)

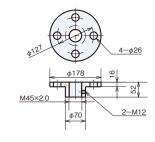




■Rod Type End Fitting (- B) ■I Type End Fitting (- I)

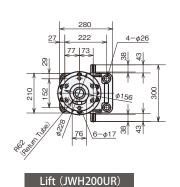


■Table Type End Fitting (- M)

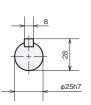


UR Travel Nut Type for Lifting DR Travel Nut Type for Suspending

JWH200 Dimensions - Travel Nut Type

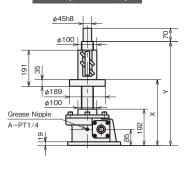


●Input Shaft

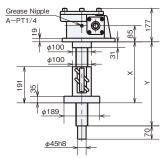


| S | | |
|-----|-----|------|
| | MIN | MAX |
| 100 | 237 | 337 |
| 200 | 237 | 437 |
| 300 | 237 | 537 |
| 400 | 237 | 637 |
| 500 | 237 | 737 |
| 600 | 237 | 837 |
| 800 | 237 | 1037 |
| | | |

1500



Suspend (JWH200DR)



Note) Ball nut return tube and travel flange openings may vary from this drawing. Note the return tube measurements when installing to equipment.

Travel nut type cannot be equipped with optional end fitting (B.I.M). For types with bellows, refer to page 249.

^{*} For dimensions with no tolerances, general tolerances shall apply, and they may be approximately 2 - 5mm larger than the dimensions shown. For machine design, take margins into consideration.



Cautions for selecting

- Duty cycle of JWH (High Lead Screw Type) is within 30% ED. Duty cycle is a ratio of operating time per 30 min on the basis of 30 min interval
- JWH (High Lead Screw Type) does not have a self-locking device, therefore, a brake mechanism is required.
- Activating torque for the drive unit should be maintained at 200% above the required torque.
- Allowable input rotation speed of linear power jack is 1800 r/min, however, when inputting a speed exceeding the maximum input rotation speed at the basic capacity, check the screw shaft speed (elevation speed) and allowable load related graphs on page 157.
- Select a stroke for the jack with an extra margin with respect to the used stroke.

 NALL(Lists Load Cores Time) is applied of the stroke.

JWH (High Lead Screw Type) is equipped with a fall stop, however, if the stroke range is exceeded, the screw shaft falls out.

• Rotating force is generated on the screw shaft (travel nut in the case of travel nut type) with thrust, therefore, rotation prevention is required. Screw rotation torque at the basic capacity is described in the standard specification list. When operating with the end unconnected, and pulling the rope with a sheave installed, use the rotation prevention type.

Rotation prevention type of JWH (High Lead Screw Type) is of special specification, therefore, contact TSUBAKI E&M.

However, the rotation prevention type cannot be manufactured for the travel nut type, therefore, provide a rotation prevention mechanism on the device.

- Bellows is of special specification, therefore, contact TSUBAKI E&M.
- When installing a sprocket, gear, or belt to the input or output shaft, confirm that any overhang load applied to the shaft decreases to the allowable OHL or less.



0.H.L.: Overhang load N {kgf}

T: Input torque N • m {kgf • m}

f : Coefficient - power transmission element

Lf : Coefficient - Load operating position

R : Sprocket, Gear, V pulley or Pitch diameter m

ОН

Q : Shaft Length

: Loaded Position

Coefficient – Power Transmission Element (f)

| Sprocket | 1.00 |
|-----------|------|
| Gear | 1.25 |
| V-belt | 1.50 |
| Flat belt | 2.50 |

Coefficient (Lf) – Load Position

| ℓ/QH | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.5 | 0.75 | 1 |
|------|------|------|-----|------|---|
| Lf | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 |

Allowable O.H.L

| Frame No. | | 002 | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 750 | 1000 |
|----------------------------|---------|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| JWH (High Lead Screw Type) | N | _ | _ | 530 | 980 | 1510 | 2390 | 3130 | 3840 | _ | - | _ | _ |
| H Speed | { kgf } | _ | _ | {54} | {100} | {154} | {244} | {320} | {392} | _ | _ | _ | _ |

Precautions for installation

- Some screw covers of jacks are made of hard vinyl chloride pipe. Do not lift jack and transport with this pipe, which may result in dropping
- JWH (High Lead Screw Type) rotates by self weight of the screw shaft or travel nut, therefore, retract its stroke to the minimum and provide a rotation prevention for installation.
- Take jack coasting amount into consideration to set the stroke adjusting limit switch.

Precautions for use

- Do not perform manual operation from the input shaft with load applied. The input shaft is rotated by the load, which is dangerous.
- When JWH (High Lead Screw Type) is used in the vertical direction, the jack may be reversed by the load because of its
 excellent efficiency. Never perform manual operation.
- Do not use mechanical stops under any circumstances.
- Operating Environment for jack is as follows.

| Operating place | Indoor room which cannot be splashed with rain or water. |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Ambient atmosphere | Dust volume comparable to general factories. |
| Operating temperature range | -15 to 80° C (Refer to section 3 in general precautions.) |
| Relative humidity | 85% or less (no dew condensation) |

- Operating part and reducer unit are factory greased. Therefore, use jack as delivered.
- For lubrication grease, lubrication cycle and lubrication amount to the screw shaft and reducer unit, refer to page 253.
- Inspect regularly for general backlash and screw unit condition. Jack life and replacement timing are determined by the following:

Metal particles due to wear on the screw surface are visible.

Replace gear when its input shaft exceeds 30 rpm with backlash (rattle between input shaft and worm wheel) at H speed, or exceeds 60 rpm at L speed.

In either case, if it is used at the replacement timing, this may cause rotation failure of screw shaft and input shaft, and further sudden drop of travel nut.

Linipower Jack

Options

| Jacks with Motors | |
|--|----------|
| Gearmotor ———————— | P229~232 |
| Motor — | P233~235 |
| Hypoid Motor ——————————————————————————————————— | —— P236 |
| Servo Motor — | —— P236 |
| Control Option | |
| Jack Control System ———————————————————————————————————— | P237•238 |
| LS Counter — | P239•240 |
| Position Sensors —————— | P241~244 |
| Internal LS ——————————————————————————————————— | —— P242 |
| Potentiometer ——————————————————————————————————— | P242•243 |
| Stroke Display Meter, Printed Circuit Board, Meter Relay | |
| Rotary Encoder ———————————————————————————————————— | P244 |
| Others | |
| Clevis and Trunnion Mounting Adapters — | —— P245 |
| Hand Wheel, Columns — | —— P246 |
| Safety Caps — | —— P247 |
| Bellows ———————————————————————————————————— | —— P248 |
| Bellows Inquiry Form for travel nut type ——— | —— P249 |

With Gearmotor JWM (Machine Screw Type)



| | | | | Jack Gea | r Ratio H | |
|-----------|----------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| MadalNa | Motor | Casu Batia | 50Hz(1 | 500r/min) | 60Hz (18 | 300r/min) |
| Model No. | Weight | Gear Ratio | Shaft Speed | Thrust | Shaft Speed | Thrust |
| | | | mm/min (mm/s) | kN {kgf} | mm/min (mm/s) | kN {kgf} |
| IVA/AAOOF | 2514 | 1/5 | 216 (3.6) | 1.27 {130} | 258 (4.3) | 1.08 {110} |
| JWM005 | 25W | 1/10 | 108 (1.8) | 2.55 {260} | 126 (2.1) | 2.16 {220} |
| 114/14010 | 4014/ | 1/5 | 210 (3.5) | 1.76 {180} | 258 (4.3) | 1.47 {150} |
| JWM010 | 40W | 1/10 | 108 (1.8) | 3.63 {370} | 126 (2.1) | 2.84 {290} |
| | | 1/5 | 252 (4.2) | 4.41 {450} | 300 (5.0) | 3.63 {370} |
| | | 1/10 | 126 (2.1) | 8.92 {910} | 150 (2.5) | 7.55 {770} |
| | 0.1kW | 1/15 | 84 (1.4) | 13.6 {1390} | 102 (1.7) | 11.3 {1150} |
| 114/14025 | | 1/20 | 60 (1.0) | 18.6 {1900} | 78 (1.3) | 15.0 {1530} |
| JWM025 | | 1/25 | 48 (0.8) | 23.2 {2370} | 60 (1.0) | 18.6 {1900} |
| | | 1/5 | 252 (4.2) | 8.92 {910} | 300 (5.0) | 7.45 {760} |
| | 0.2kW | 1/10 | 126 (2.1) | 18.6 {1900} | 150 (2.5) | 15.0 {1530} |
| | | 1/15 | 84 (1.4) | //// 24.5 {2500} | 102 (1.7) | 23.2 {2370} |
| | | 1/5 | 402 (6.7) | 5.88 {600} | 480 (8.0) | 4.80 {490} |
| | | 1/10 | 198 (3.3) | 11.8 {1200} | 240 (4.0) | 9.80 {1000} |
| | 0.2kW | 1/15 | 132 (2.2) | 18.2 {1860} | 162 (2.7) | 15.2 {1550} |
| | | 1/20 | 102 (1.7) | 23.3 {2380} | 120 (2.0) | 20.3 {2070} |
| JWM050 | | 1/25 | 78 (1.3) | 29.4 {3000} | 96 (1.6) | 24.3 {2480} |
| | | 1/5 | 402 (6.7) | 12.4 {1270} | 480 (8.0) | 10.3 {1050} |
| | 0.41.147 | 1/10 | 198 (3.3) | 25.4 {2590} | 240 (4.0) | 21.3 {2170} |
| | 0.4kW | 1/15 | 132 (2.2) | 37.5 {3830} | 162 (2.7) | 31.5 {3210} |
| | | 1/20 | 102 (1.7) | ////49.0 {5000}//// | 120 (2.0) | 41.7 {4250} |
| | | 1/5 | 378 (6.3) | 13.2 {1350} | 450 (7.5) | 11.0 {1120} |
| | | 1/10 | 186 (3.1) | 27.0 {2760} | 228 (3.8) | 22.7 {2320} |
| | | 1/15 | 126 (2.1) | 40.1 {4090} | 150 (2.5) | 33.5 {3420} |
| | 0.4kW | 1/20 | 96 (1.6) | 53.0 {5410} | 114 (1.9) | 44.4 {4530} |
| DA/B4400 | | 1/25 | 78 (1.3) | 67.1 {6850} | 90 (1.5) | 55.3 {5640} |
| JWM100 | | 1/30 | 60 (1.0) | 80.2 {8180} | 78 (1.3) | 67.1 {6850} |
| | | 1/5 | 378 (6.3) | 24.9 {2540} | 450 (7.5) | 20.8 {2120} |
| | 0.751.44 | 1/10 | 186 (3.1) | 49.8 {5080} | 228 (3.8) | 42.2 {4310} |
| | 0.75kW | 1/15 | 126 (2.1) | 74.8 {7630} | 150 (2.5) | 62.8 {6410} |
| | | 1/20 | 96 (1.6) | //// 98.0 {10000} /// | 114 (1.9) | 83.4 {8510} |
| | | 1/5 | 378 (6.3) | 12.1 {1230} | 450 (7.5) | 10.0 {1020} |
| | | 1/10 | 186 (3.1) | 24.6 {2510} | 228 (3.8) | 20.7 {2110} |
| | 0.41.14 | 1/15 | 126 (2.1) | 36.5 {3720} | 150 (2.5) | 30.5 {3110} |
| | 0.4kW | 1/20 | 96 (1.6) | 48.2 {4920} | 114 (1.9) | 40.4 {4120} |
| | | 1/25 | 78 (1.3) | 61.1 {6230} | 90 (1.5) | 50.2 {5120} |
| JWM150 | | 1/30 | 60 (1.0) | 69.9 {7130} | 78 (1.3) | 61.1 {6230} |
| | | 1/5 | 378 (6.3) | 22.6 {2310} | 450 (7.5) | 18.9 {1930} |
| | | 1/10 | 186 (3.1) | 45.3 {4620} | 228 (3.8) | 38.4 {3920} |
| | 0.75kW | 1/15 | 126 (2.1) | 67.9 {6930} | 150 (2.5) | 57.1 {5830} |
| | | 1/20 | 96 (1.6) | 91.5 {9340} | 114 (1.9) | 75.9 {7740} |
| | | 1/25 | 78 (1.3) | 114 {11660} | 90 (1.5) | 94.6 {9650} |
| | | 1/5 | 450 (7.5) | 18.9 {1930} | 540 (9.0) | 15.7 {1600} |
| | | 1/10 | 228 (3.8) | 37.7 {3850} | 270 (4.5) | 31.9 {3260} |
| | 0.75kW | 1/15 | 150 (2.5) | 56.6 {5780} | 180 (3.0) | 47.5 {4850} |
| | | 1/20 | 114 (1.9) | 76.3 {7790} | 138 (2.3) | 63.2 {6450} |
| 114/44222 | | 1/25 | 90 (1.5) | 95.2 {9710} | 108 (1.8) | 78.8 {8040} |
| JWM200 | | 1/5 | 450 (7.5) | 37.9 {3870} | 540 (9.0) | 31.5 {3220} |
| | | 1/10 | 228 (3.8) | 76.3 {7790} | 270 (4.5) | 63.2 {6450} |
| | 1.5kW | 1/15 | 150 (2.5) | 114 {11640} | 180 (3.0) | 95.1 {9710} |
| | | 1/20 | 114 (1.9) | 151 {15490} | 138 (2.3) | 126 {12900} |
| | | 1/25 | 90 (1.5) | 189 {19350} | 108 (1.8) | 158 {16160} |
| | | 1/25 | 90 (1.5) | 105 (19350) | 100 (1.8) | (10101) 001 |



^{*} Other shaft speeds and thrusts also available.

* Values in striped cells ////// indicate thrust rates that exceed allowable capacities. Be sure to adjust thrust to below these rates.

^{*} These thrust rates do not take allowable buckling rates into account. Consider as necessary.

With Gearmotor JWB (Ball Screw Type)



| | | | Jack Gear Ratio H | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------|------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Model No. | Motor | Gear Ratio | 50Hz (15 | 500r/min) | 60Hz (18 | 300r/min) | | | |
| Model No. | Weight | Gear natio | Shaft Speed | Thrust | Shaft Speed | Thrust | | | |
| | | | mm/min (mm/s) | kN {kgf} | mm/min (mm/s) | kN {kgf} | | | |
| JWB005 | 25W | 1/5 | 270 (4.5) | 2.55 {260} | 318 (5.3) | 2.16 {220} | | | |
| 3440003 | 2300 | 1/10 | 138 (2.3) | 4.90 {500} | 162 (2.7) | 4.21 {430} | | | |
| JWB010 | 40W | 1/5 | 264 (4.4) | 4.12 {420} | 318 (5.3) | 3.43 {350} | | | |
| 3445010 | 1000 | 1/10 | 132 (2.2) | 8.62 {880} | 162 (2.7) | 6.66 {680} | | | |
| | | 1/5 | 402 (6.7) | 8.23 {840} | 480 (8.0) | 6.86 {700} | | | |
| JWB025 | 0.1kW | 1/10 | 198 (3.3) | 16.6 {1690} | 240 (4.0) | 14.0 {1430} | | | |
| 300023 | | 1/15 | 132 (2.2) | 24.5 {2500}/// | 162 (2.7) | 20.9 {2130} | | | |
| | 0.2kW | 1/5 | 402 (6.7) | 16.6 {1690} | 480 (8.0) | 13.7 {1400} | | | |
| | | 1/5 | 498 (8.3) | 13.6 {1390} | 600 (10) | 11.3 {1150} | | | |
| JWB050 | 0.2kW | 1/10 | 252 (4.2) | 28.3 {2890} | 300 (5.0) | 22.8 {2330} | | | |
| 744000 | | 1/15 | 168 (2.8) | 42.5 {4340} | 198 (3.3) | 35.4 {3610} | | | |
| | 0.4kW | 1/5 | 498 (8.3) | 29.1 {2967} | 600 (10) | 24.1 {2461} | | | |
| | | 1/5 | 450 (7.5) | 31.8 {3240} | 540 (9.0) | 26.4 {2690} | | | |
| JWB100 | 0.4kW | 1/10 | 228 (3.8) | 64.6 {6590} | 270 (4.5) | 54.2 {5530} | | | |
| 300100 | | 1/15 | 150 (2.5) | 95.6 {9760} | 180 (3.0) | 80.2 {8180} | | | |
| | 0.75kW | 1/5 | 450 (7.5) | 59.5 {6070} | 540 (9.0) | 49.6 {5060} | | | |
| | | 1/5 | 600 (10) | 23.8 {2430} | 720 (12) | 19.7 {2010} | | | |
| | 0.4kW | 1/10 | 300 (5.0) | 48.4 {4940} | 360 (6.0) | 40.7 {4150} | | | |
| | | 1/15 | 198 (3.3) | 71.7 {7320} | 240 (4.0) | 60.1 {6130} | | | |
| JWB150 | | 1/20 | 150 (2.5) | 95.0 {9690} | 180 (3.0) | 79.5 {8110} | | | |
| | | 1/5 | 600 (10) | 44.6 {4550} | 720 (12) | 37.2 {3800} | | | |
| | 0.75kW | 1/10 | 300 (5.0) | 89.2 {9100} | 360 (6.0) | 75.6 {7710} | | | |
| | | 1/15 | 198 (3.3) | 134 {13650} | 240 (4.0) | 112 {11470} | | | |
| | | 1/5 | 600 (10) | 44.0 {4490} | 720 (12) | 36.6 {3730} | | | |
| | 0.75kW | 1/10 | 300 (5.0) | 87.7 {8950} | 360 (6.0) | 74.4 {7590} | | | |
| JWB200 | 0.73KVV | 1/15 | 198 (3.3) | 132 {13440} | 240 (4.0) | 111 {11290} | | | |
| JVVB200 | | 1/20 | 150 (2.5) | 177 {18110} | 180 (3.0) | 147 {14990} | | | |
| | 1.5kW | 1/5 | 600 (10) | 88.1 {8990} | 720 (12) | 73.4 {7490} | | | |
| | 1.3KVV | 1/10 | 300 (5.0) | 177 {18110} | 360 (6.0) | 147 {14990} | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

With Gearmotor JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type)



| | | | | Jack Gea | r Ratio H | | |
|-----------|-------------|------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| Model No. | Motor | Gear Ratio | 50Hz (15 | (00r/min) | 60Hz (18 | 300r/min) | |
| Model No. | Weight | Geal Natio | Shaft Speed | Thrust | Shaft Speed | Thrust | |
| | | | mm/min (mm/s) | kN {kgf} | mm/min (mm/s) | kN {kgf} | |
| JWH010 | 40W | 1/5 | 1200 (20) | 0.98 {100} | 1440 (24) | 0.88 {90} | |
| JVVHOTO | 4000 | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 2.16 {220} | 720 (12) | 1.67 {170} | |
| | 0.1kW | 1/5 | 1260 (21) | 2.74 {280} | 1500 (25) | 2.25 {230} | |
| JWH025 | U.TKVV | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 5.49 {560} | 780 (13) | 4.70 {480} | |
| JVVHUZJ | 0.2kW | 1/5 | 1260 (21) | 5.49 {560} | 1500 (25) | 4.61 {470} | |
| | U.ZKVV | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 11.5 {1170} | 780 (13) | 9.31 {950} | |
| | 0.2kW | 1/5 | 1260 (21) | 5.78 {590} | 1500 (25) | 4.80 {490} | |
| JWH050 | | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 12.1 {1230} | 780 (13) | 9.70 {990} | |
| 30011030 | 0.4kW | 1/5 | 1260 (21) | 12.3 {1260} | 1500 (25) | 10.2 {1040} | |
| | 0.4KVV | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 25.1 {2560} | 780 (13) | 21.1 {2150} | |
| | 0.4kW | 1/5 | 1200 (20) | 12.3 {1250} | 1440 (24) | 10.2 {1040} | |
| JWH100 | 0.4600 | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 25.0 {2550} | 720 (12) | 21.0 {2140} | |
| JWIIIOO | 0.75kW | 1/5 | 1200 (20) | 22.9 {2340} | 1440 (24) | 19.2 {1960} | |
| | 0.7 3 K V V | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 46.0 {4690} | 720 (12) | 39.0 {3980} | |
| | 0.4kW | 1/5 | 1200 (20) | 12.3 {1250} | 1440 (24) | 10.2 {1040} | |
| JWH150 | 0.4800 | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 25.0 {2550} | 720 (12) | 21.0 {2140} | |
| 30011130 | 0.75kW | 1/5 | 1200 (20) | 22.9 {2340} | 1440 (24) | 19.2 {1960} | |
| | 0.7 3 K V V | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 46.0 {4690} | 720 (12) | 39.0 {3980} | |
| JWH200 | 0.75kW | 1/5 | 1200 (20) | 22.6 {2310} | 1440 (24) | 18.9 {1930} | |
| JVVHZUU | U./ JKVV | 1/10 | 600 (10) | 45.3 {4620} | 720 (12) | 38.4 {3920} | |
| | | | | | · · | · · | |

: Standard : Rush Order : Made-to-Order

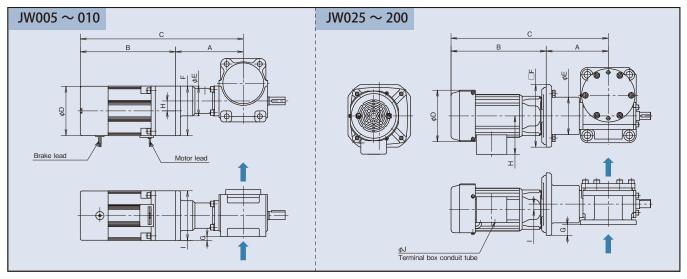
^{*} Other shaft speeds and thrusts also available.

^{*} Values in striped cells /////// indicate thrust rates that exceed allowable capacities. Be sure to adjust thrust to below these rates.

^{*} These thrust rates do not take allowable buckling rates into account. Consider as necessary.

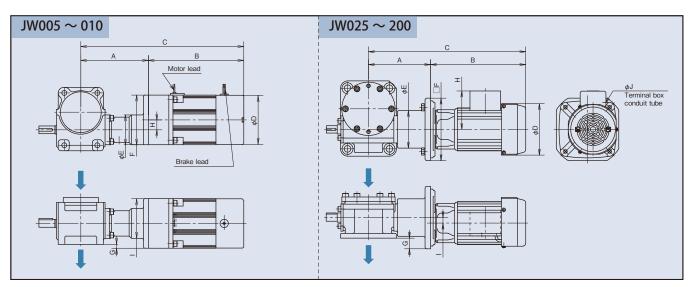
Outline Drawings for Motored Jacks

Standard Gearmotor Mounting



Note) For standard (US, DS) and rotation prevention types (UM, DM), screw shafts will lift in the direction of with normal wiring. For travel nut types (UR, DR), nuts will lift in the direction of with normal wiring.

Gearmotor Mounting on the Opposite Side



Note) For standard (US, DS) and rotation prevention types (UM, DM), screw shafts will lift in the direction of with normal wiring. For travel nut types (UR,DR), nuts will lift in the direction of with normal wiring.

| | | | | | | | | | | | Unit: mm |
|-------------|--------------|-----|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|--------|----------|
| Frame No. | Motor Weight | Α | В | C | D | E | F | G | Н | I | J |
| JW005 | 25W | 106 | 160 | 266 | 84 | 60 | 85 | 15 | 15 | 80 | _ |
| JW010 | 40W | 123 | 188 | 311 | 93 | 54 | 90 | 7 | 18 | 90 | _ |
| JW025 | 0.1kW | 144 | 242 | 386 | 140 | 93 | 170 | 40 | 105 | 15 | 12 |
| JVVU25 | 0.2kW | 144 | 259 | 403 | 140 | 93 | 170 | 40 | 105 | 15 | 12 |
| JW050 | 0.2kW | 169 | 259 | 428 | 140 | 102 | 170 | 29 | 105 | 15 | 12 |
| JVV050 | 0.4kW | 191 | 301 | 492 | 140 | 102 | 200 | 44 | 105 | 18 | 12 |
| JW100 | 0.4kW | 207 | 301(323) | 508(530) | 140 | 131 | 200 | 44 | 105 | 18(23) | 12 |
| J V V 1 O O | 0.75kW | 207 | 353 | 558 | 158 | 131 | 200 | 44 | 114 | 23 | 12 |
| JW150 | 0.4kW | 211 | 301(323) | 512(534) | 140 | 131 | 200 | 30 | 105 | 18(23) | 12 |
| 744120 | 0.75kW | 211 | 353 | 564 | 158 | 131 | 200 | 30 | 114 | 23 | 12 |
| JW200 | 0.75kW | 231 | 353 | 584 | 158 | 144 | 200 | 15 | 114 | 23 | 12 |
| J V V Z U U | 1.5kW | 246 | 461 | 707 | 198 | 150 | 280 | 55 | 143 | 27 | 27 |

^{* ()} assumes 1/30 rpm.

Product Information

| Standard | Gearmotor |
|----------|-----------|
| | |

| Output | 25W ~ 40W | $0.1 \text{kW} \sim 1.5 \text{kW}$ | | | |
|------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Model | With Brake/T | otally Enclosed | | | |
| Voltage | 200/200/220V | | | | |
| Frequency | 50/60/60Hz | | | | |
| Pole | 4P | | | | |
| Phase | 3 Phase | | | | |
| Protection | IP20 | | | | |
| Rating | Continuous | | | | |
| Insulation Class | E | | | | |

Specialized Gearmotor

| Specifications | 25W ~ 40W | 0.1kW ~ 1.5kW | 1.5kW |
|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------|
| Single Phase 100V 50/60Hz | 0 | (100W,200W only) | _ |
| Inverter Motor | _ | 0 | 0 |
| Out door Use (IP55) | _ | 0 | 0 |
| 400V Class Voltage | △* | 0 | 0 |
| Special Voltage | _ | 0 | 0 |
| Global Use (CCC,CE,UL) | △* | 0 | _ |
| One touch brake manual release | _ | 0 | 0 |
| Manual shaft | <u> </u> | 0 | 0 |
| Rotary encoder | _ | 0 | 0 |

^{*} Consult TEM

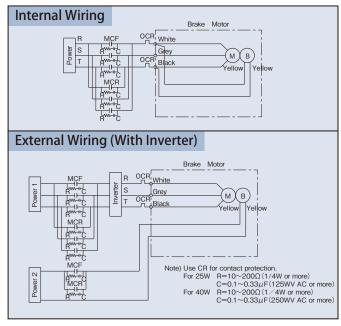
Motor current value and brake current value

| Outrout and | Motor c | urrent valu | e (A) | - Brake | Brake current value (A) | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| Output and frame No. | 200V 50Hz | 200V 60Hz | 220V 60Hz | model No. | 200V 50Hz | 200V 60Hz | 220V 60Hz | |
| 4P - 25W | 0.25 | 0.22 | 0.23 | | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | |
| 4P - 40W | 0.31 | 0.29 | 0.28 | | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.08 | |
| 4P - 0.1 kW | 0.63 | 0.57 | 0.58 | SLB01 | 0.178 | 0.178 | 0.178 | |
| 4P - 0.2 kW | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | SLB02 | 0.178 | 0.178 | 0.178 | |
| 4P - 0.75kW | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.4 | SLB07 | 0.273 | 0.273 | 0.273 | |
| 4P - 1.5 kW | 7.0 | 6.2 | 6.0 | SLB15 | 0.289 | 0.289 | 0.289 | |

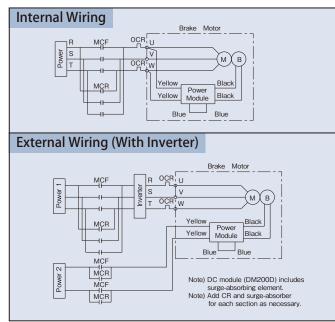
- Note) 1. The above values are the rated current values of motors and brakes.
 - They are given for reference because they may differ according to the actually acting thrust, jack efficiency, etc.
 - 2. The rated current values do not include brake current values.
 - 3. The brake current values show the values on the secondary side of the power supply module (0.1kW up to 1.5kW).

Circuit Diagrams

Circuit Diagrams for 25~40W



Circuit Diagrams for 0.1∼1.5kW





With Motor JWM (Machine Screw Type)

| | | | Jack Gea | r Ratio H | | | |
|-----------|--------|---|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Model No. | Motor | 50Hz(15 | 500r/min) | 60Hz(1800r/min) | | | |
| Model No. | Weight | Shaft Speed Thrust mm/min (mm/s) kN {kgf} | | Shaft Speed mm/min (mm/s) | Thrust kN {kgf} | | |
| | 0.2kW | 1260 (21) | 1.96 {200} | 1500 (25) | 1.66 {170} | | |
| JWM025 | 0.4kW | 1260 (21) | 4.02 {410} | 1500 (25) | 3.33 {340} | | |
| JVVIVIU23 | 0.75kW | 1260 (21) | 7.55 {770} | 1500 (25) | 6.27 {640} | | |
| | 1.5kW | 1260 (21) | 10.0 {1020} | 1500 (25) | 8.33 {850} | | |
| JWM050 | 0.75kW | 1980 (33) | 4.98 {508} | 2400 (40) | 4.12 {420} | | |
| JANIAIO20 | 1.5kW | 1980 (33) | 9.80 {1000} | 2400 (40) | 8.23 {840} | | |
| JWM100 | 2.2kW | 1860 (31) | 15.5 {1580} | 2280 (38) | 12.8 {1310} | | |
| JANIALIOO | 3.7kW | 1860 (31) | 19.6 {2000} | 2280 (38) | 16.4 {1670} | | |
| JWM150 | 2.2kW | 1860 (31) | 14.0 {1430} | 2280 (38) | 11.7 {1190} | | |
| 74/1/120 | 3.7kW | 1860 (31) | 19.8 {2020} | 2280 (38) | 16.4 {1670} | | |
| JWM200 | 2.2kW | 2280 (38) | 11.7 {1190} | 2700 (45) | 9.70 {990} | | |
| 344141200 | 3.7kW | 2280 (38) | 19.7 {2010} | 2700 (45) | 16.4 {1670} | | |

With Motor JWB (Ball Screw Type)

| | | | Jack Gea | r Ratio H | | | |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Model No. | Motor | 50Hz(15 | 600r/min) | 60Hz (1800r/min) | | | |
| Model No. | Weight | Shaft Speed mm/min (mm/s) | Thrust kN {kgf} | Shaft Speed mm/min (mm/s) | Thrust kN {kgf} | | |
| | 0.2kW | 1980 (33) | 3.72 {380} | 2400 (40) | 3.13 {320} | | |
| JWB025 | 0.4kW | 1980 (33) | 7.45 {760} | 2400 (40) | 6.27 {640} | | |
| JVV DU23 | 0.75kW | 1980 (33) | 14.0 {1430} | 2400 (40) | 11.7 {1190} | | |
| | 1.5kW | 1980 (33) | 24.4 {2490} | 2400 (40) | 20.0 {2050} | | |
| JWB050 | 0.75kW | 2520 (42) | 11.6 {1180} | 3000 (50) | 9.60 {980} | | |
| 744000 | 1.5kW | 2520 (42) | 22.9 {2340} | 3000 (50) | 19.1 {1950} | | |
| JWB100 | 2.2kW | 2280 (38) | 36.9 {3770} | 2700 (45) | 30.8 {3140} | | |
| JVVDIOU | 3.7kW | 2280 (38) | 59.5 {6080} | 2700 (45) | 50.3 (5140) | | |
| JWB150 | 2.2kW | 3000 (50) | 27.7 {2830} | 3600 (60) | 23.0 {2350} | | |
| 746120 | 3.7kW | 3000 (50) | 46.6 {4750} | 3600 (60) | 38.7 {3950} | | |
| JWB200 | 2.2kW | 3000 (50) | 27.2 {2780} | 3600 (60) | 22.6 {2310} | | |
| JVV D200 | 3.7kW | 3000 (50) | 45.8 {4670} | 3600 (60) | 38.1 {3890} | | |

With Motor JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type)

| | | | Jack Gea | r Ratio H | | | |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Model No. | Motor | 50Hz(15 | 00r/min) | 60Hz (1800r/min) | | | |
| Model No. | Weight | Shaft Speed mm/min (mm/s) | Thrust kN {kgf} | Shaft Speed mm/min (mm/s) | Thrust kN {kgf} | | |
| | 0.4kW | 6240 (104) | 2.45 {250} | 7500 (125) | 2.06 {210} | | |
| JWH025 | 0.75kW | 6240 (104) | 4.70 {480} | 7500 (125) | 3.92 {400} | | |
| | 1.5kW | 6240 (104) | 9.31 {950} | 7500 (125) | 7.74 {790} | | |
| JWH050 | 0.75kW | 6240 (104) | 4.90 {500} | 7500 (125) | 4.12 {420} | | |
| JWHOJO | 1.5kW | 6240 (104) | 9.70 {990} | 7500 (125) | 8.13 {830} | | |
| JWH100 | 2.2kW | 6000 (100) | 14.3 {1460} | 7200 (120) | 11.9 {1210} | | |
| JWHTOO | 3.7kW | 6000 (100) | 24.0 {2450} | 7200 (120) | 20.0 {2040} | | |
| JWH150 | 2.2kW | 6000 (100) | 14.3 {1460} | 7200 (120) | 11.9 {1210} | | |
| JWHISU | 3.7kW | 6000 (100) | 24.0 {2450} | 7200 (120) | 20.0 {2040} | | |
| JWH200 | 2.2kW | 6000 (100) | 14.0 {1430} | 7200 (120) | 11.7 {1190} | | |
| JVVH200 | 3.7kW | 6000 (100) | 23.6 {2410} | 7200 (120) | 19.7 {2010} | | |

: Standard
: Rush Order
: Made-to-Order

^{*} Other shaft speeds and thrusts also available.

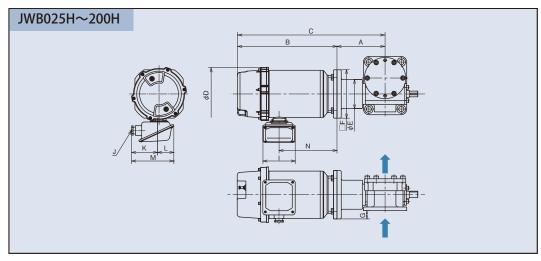
^{*} Values in striped cells ////// indicate thrust rates that exceed allowable capacities. Be sure to adjust thrust to below these rates.

^{*} These thrust rates do not take allowable buckling rates into account. Consider as necessary.

^{*} As for worm ratio L, consult TEM.

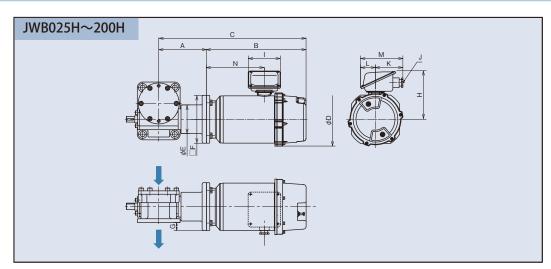
Outline Drawings for Motored Jacks

Standard Gearmotor Mounting



Note) For standard (US, DS) and rotation prevention types (UM, DM), screw shafts will lift in the direction of with normal wiring. For travel nut types (UR,DR), nuts will lift in the direction of with normal wiring.

Gearmotor Mounting on the Opposite Side



Note) For standard (US, DS) and rotation prevention types (UM, DM), screw shafts will lift in the direction of with normal wiring. For travel nut types (UR,DR), nuts will lift in the direction of with normal wiring.

Unit: mm

| Frame No. | Motor Weight | Α | В | C | D | Е | F | G | Н | | J | K | L | М | N |
|-----------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|---------------|-----|----|-----|-----|
| | 0.2kW | 132 | 231 | 363 | 132 | 95 | 120 | 15 | 125 | 84 | SK-14L(PF1/2) | 79 | 45 | 124 | 112 |
| JW025 | 0.4kW | 139 | 253 | 392 | 132 | 95 | 120 | 15 | 125 | 84 | SK-14L(PF1/2) | 79 | 45 | 124 | 134 |
| JVVU25 | 0.75kW | 146 | 289 | 435 | 180 | 102 | 170 | 40 | 166 | 114 | A20C(PF3/4) | 106 | 49 | 155 | 145 |
| | 1.5kW | 146 | 351 | 497 | 194 | 102 | 170 | 40 | 178 | 114 | A20C(PF3/4) | 106 | 49 | 155 | 204 |
| JW050 | 0.75kW | 169 | 289 | 458 | 180 | 102 | 170 | 29 | 166 | 114 | A20C(PF3/4) | 106 | 49 | 155 | 145 |
| 30000 | 1.5kW | 169 | 351 | 520 | 194 | 102 | 170 | 29 | 178 | 114 | A20C(PF3/4) | 106 | 49 | 155 | 204 |
| JW100 | 2.2kW | 207 | 381 | 588 | 207 | 131 | 200 | 44 | 178 | 114 | A25C(PF1) | 110 | 49 | 159 | 213 |
| 300100 | 3.7kW | 207 | 414 | 621 | 229 | 144 | 200 | 44 | 189 | 114 | A25C(PF1) | 110 | 49 | 159 | 239 |
| JW150 | 2.2kW | 211 | 381 | 592 | 207 | 131 | 200 | 44 | 178 | 114 | A25C(PF1) | 110 | 49 | 159 | 213 |
| 300130 | 3.7kW | 211 | 414 | 625 | 229 | 144 | 200 | 44 | 189 | 114 | A25C(PF1) | 110 | 49 | 159 | 239 |
| JW200 | 2.2kW | 231 | 381 | 612 | 207 | 131 | 200 | 15 | 178 | 114 | A25C(PF1) | 110 | 49 | 159 | 213 |
| 300200 | 3.7kW | 231 | 414 | 645 | 229 | 144 | 200 | 15 | 189 | 114 | A25C(PF1) | 110 | 49 | 159 | 239 |

Motor Specifications

| Output | 0.2kW~0.4kW | 0.75kW~3.7kW | | |
|------------------|---|--------------|--|--|
| Power Source | 200/20 | 0/220V | | |
| rower source | 400/40 | 0/440V | | |
| Frequency | 50/60 | /60Hz | | |
| Pole | 4P | | | |
| Phase | 3 Ph | nase | | |
| Protection | IP: | 55 | | |
| Rating | S2 30min | | | |
| Insulation Class | E (B for 400V) | | | |
| With Brake | Electromagnetic Brake (DC, non-excitation type) | | | |



Motor current value and brake current value

| Output and | | Motor current value (A) | | | | | | | В | rake curre | nt value (| A) | |
|--------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| frame No. | 200V 50Hz | 200V 60Hz | 220V 60Hz | 400V 50Hz | 400V 60Hz | 440V 60Hz | Brake model No. | 200V 50Hz | 200V 60Hz | 220V 60Hz | 400V 50Hz | 400V 60Hz | 440V 60Hz |
| 4P - 0.2 kW | 1.3 (4.91) | 1.1 (4.68) | 1.1 (5.14) | 0.63 (2.40) | 0.55 (2.22) | 0.56 (2.41) | SBH02LP | 0.17 0.26 | 0.17 0.26 | 0.17 0.28 | 0.17 0.26 | 0.17 0.26 | 0.17 0.28 |
| 4P - 0.4 kW | 2.4 (11.6) | 2.1 (10.2) | 2.1 (11.0) | 1.2 (5.14) | 1.1 (4.88) | 1.1 (5.39) | SBH04LP | 0.17 0.26 | 0.17 0.26 | 0.17 0.28 | 0.17 0.26 | 0.17 0.26 | 0.17 0.28 |
| 4P - 0.75 kW | 3.9 (24.0) | 3.5 (22.0) | 3.4 (24.0) | 1.9 (12.0) | 1.7 (11.0) | 1.7 (12.0) | SLB07LP | 0.21 0.28 | 0.21 0.28 | 0.23 0.31 | 0.11 0.15 | 0.11 0.15 | 0.12 0.16 |
| 4P - 1.5 kW | 6.5 (49.0) | 6.1 (45.0) | 5.8 (50.0) | 3.2 (24.5) | 3.1 (22.5) | 2.9 (25.0) | SLB15LP | 0.22 0.29 | 0.22 0.29 | 0.24 0.32 | 0.11 0.15 | 0.11 0.15 | 0.12 0.16 |
| 4P - 2.2 kW | 9.6 (67.0) | 9.0 (59.0) | 8.6 (64.9) | 4.8 (33.5) | 4.5 (29.5) | 4.3 (32.5) | TB-A2.2 | 0.25 0.34 | 0.25 0.34 | 0.25 0.34 | 0.13 0.17 | 0.13 0.17 | 0.13 0.17 |
| 4P - 3.7 kW | 15.2 (122) | 14.2 (104) | 13.6 (114) | 7.6 (61.0) | 7.2 (51.8) | 6.8 (57.0) | TB-A3.7 | 0.34 0.44 | 0.34 0.44 | 0.34 0.44 | 0.17 0.22 | 0.17 0.22 | 0.17 0.22 |

- Note) 1. The above values are rated current values of the motor and brake. A numerical value in parentheses is a start current value of the motor.

 - 2. The rated current values and start current values do not include a brake current value.

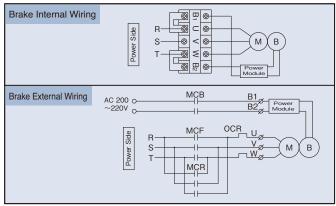
 3. A DC brake is used as a brake. The upper stage of the brake current value indicates a value on the primary side of the power module, and the lower stage indicates a value on the

 - 4. The above values are references because the rated current values for the power cylinder vary depending on operating conditions.

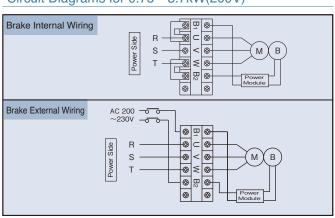
 5. For simultaneous turnoff of 0.1kW to 0.4kW, 400V class, the voltage is converted to 200V through the motor intermediate tap to be input. For individual turnoff, decrease the voltage to 200 to 220V by a transformer. The capacity of the transformer capacity shall be 90VA or more.
 - 6. For individual tumoff of 0.75kW or more, 400V class, the DC module is applicable for 400V class, therefore, it is unnecessary to decrease the voltage. 7. For 0.75kW and 1.5kW of 400V class, the brake model Nos. are "SLB07LPV" and "SLB15LPV," respectively.

Circuit Diagrams

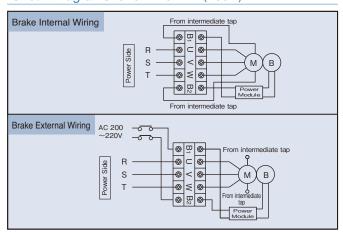
Circuit Diagrams for 0.2~0.4kW(200V)



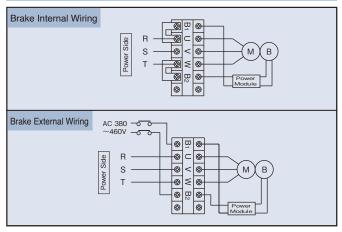
Circuit Diagrams for 0.75~3.7kW(200V)



Circuit Diagrams for 0.2~0.4kW(400V)



Circuit Diagrams for 0.75~3.7kW(400V)



Hypoid Motor Type



Notes

- 1. TSUBAKI E&M compact Hypoid Motor is a space saver.
- 2. To install, the Hypoid Motor can be adjusted at 90° intervals from the input shaft, based on specific applications.
- * Hypoid Motor is a space saving right-angle reducer with high starting and running efficiencies. (Another TSUBAKI E&M product)

Servo Motor Type

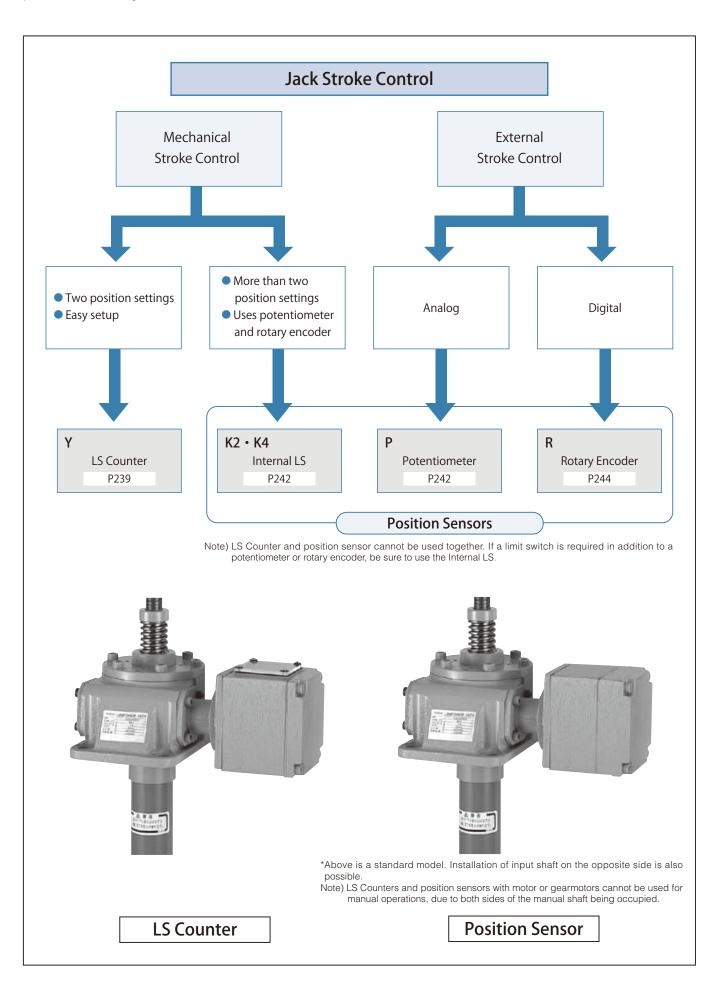


Notes

- 1. Allows complete control of screw shaft speed.
- 2. Allows accurate control of stopping.
- 3. Allows accurate control of force applied to the jack.
- 4. Maintains load with Servo Lock function.
- 5. Operates multiple jack systems without mechanical connections.
- 6. Compatible with any brand of servo motor.

Jack Control System

We offer various stroke control options to suit your specific needs and conditions. Select from a limit switch, analog device with potentiometer, and digital device with an encoder.



LS Counter

A compact stroke adjusting device as well as a detection unit that combines a cam mechanism with a microswitch.

It can be mounted directly to the input shaft of a jack, and mechanical positioning of upper and lower limits of strokes can easily be performed. Stroke control can be performed only by setting the stop position by the reset button. This economy-type limit switch allows for easy adjustment.

Position Sensor

- (1) Internal LS
- (2) Potentiometer
- (3) Rotary Encoder

3 options are available based on specific needs.

A combination of all 3 is also available.

(1) Internal LS

Can be used in addition to a potentiometer and rotary encoder, and is effective under dusty conditions. 2 or 4 microswitch types available. (K2 or K4)

(2) Potentiometer

Comes with a convenient meter that displays stroke range, and allows full adjustment of stroke. It also measures changes in stroke resistance. Below are options available with a potentiometer.

- Stroke display meter (PCB provided)
- Meter relay (PCB provided)

(3) Rotary Encoder

Digital signal of Sequencer or PLC (programmable controller) allows you to control jack stroke.

Open collector and line driver output power sources are available.

The following option is possible with a rotary encoder.

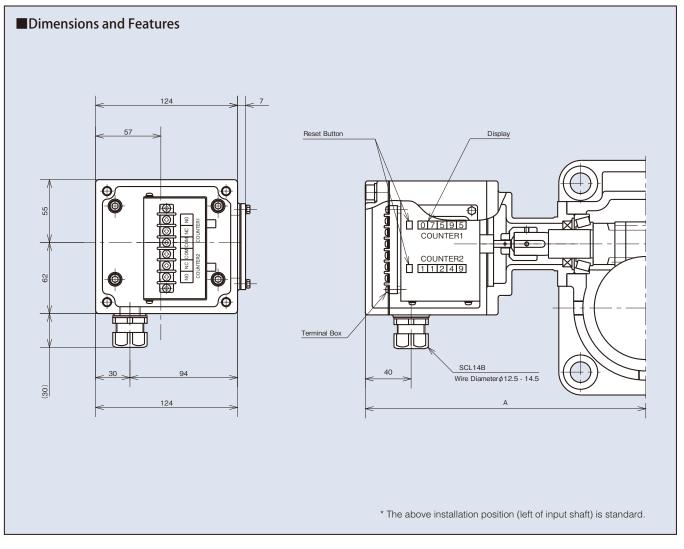
LS Counter

A Limit Switch that uses a mechanical counter to accurately measure and adjust stroke at small intervals. It can be mounted directly to the input shaft. Use two counters and limit switches to control both the upper and lower travel limits. Its one-touch reset button also allows you to stop or reset stroke at any time.

Note) LS Counters cannot be used with a rotary encoder or potentiometer. Rotary encoders and potentiometers must be used with a position detection unit (with internal LS).

| Mechanical Counter |
|------------------------------------|
| 5 (1 Count/Input Shaft Revolution) |
| 1800r/min |
| AVT3254 (Matsushita Electronics) |
| 1 C (Max. and Min. 1 pt. each) |
| 250V AC 3A |
| −5 to 40°C |
| |

When the limit switch is working, the numbers displayed on the LS Counter unit changes from 00000 to 99999 (or 99999 to 00000).



Unit: mm

| Frame No. | 002 | 005 | 010 | 025 | 050 | 100 | 150 | 200 |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Α | 187 | 187 | 211 | 220 | 245 | 271 | 275 | 280 |

^{*} LS is not factory adjusted and requires initial setting before use.

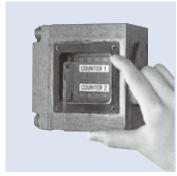
* Take caution so as to avoid water from contacting internal parts while adjusting.

Inquiry Form

Setting the LS Counter

Setting the limit switch is as easy as 1 \sim 6 below.





1. Remove cover.



- 2. Set jack at desired maximum and minimum positions manually or by inching.
- 3. Press the counter reset button.

 (The display will show 00000 and measure from this position.)
- 4. Confirm by moving the jack and then returning it to the set position. Limit switch is now activated.

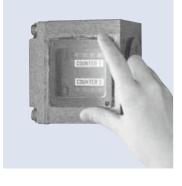


5. Next, set the jack at another position and confirm in the same manner.





6. Replace cover.

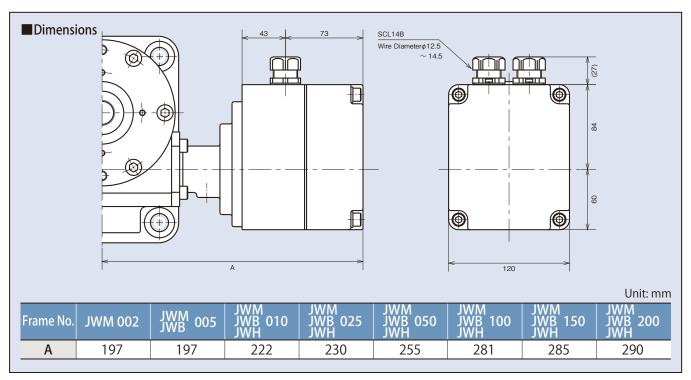


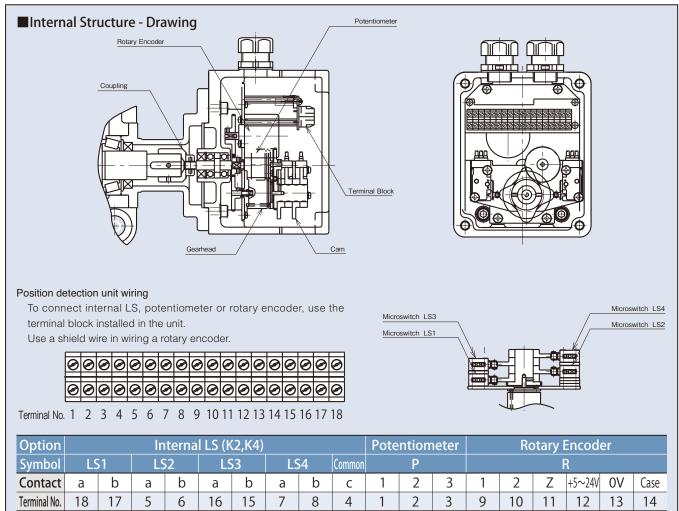
Note) Turning the shaft or travel nut after adjustment will change the setting.

Position Sensors

3 kinds of position sensors are available.

- 1 Internal LS (2 or 4)
- 2 Potentiometer
- 3 Rotary Encoder





1 Internal LS

- ●K2······Arrange microswitches LS1 and LS2 as shown below.
- ●K4······Arrange microswitches LS1, LS2, LS3, LS4 as shown below.

| | Option Symbol | Exan | nple |
|---|---------------|------------------|---|
| Position Detection Unit Internal LS | K2 | LS1 LS2 | Both ends fixed |
| Position Detection Unit Internal LS | K4 | LS3 LS1 LS2 LS4 | Forward: Fixed at midway position. Fixed end. Return: Fixed at midway position Fixed end. |

| Model No. | D2VW-5L2A-1M Equivalent |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Electric Composition | 250V AC 4A (cosφ0.7) |
| Contact Composition | 1C Ø 9 |

⟨LS Setting⟩

Consider inertia when adjusting LS Cam.

To adjust LS Cam, use a hexagonal wrench and loosen the hexagonal screws (2). *LS is not factory adjusted.

Hexagonal screws

2 Potentiometer

Potentiometers are programmed to activate within effective angles.

Do not rotate the input shaft before installing the screw shaft to your equipment. This can shift the stroke phase.

Note that the output resistance value varies depending on each frame No. and each stroke.

Total resistance value is 1.0 k Ω , however, depending on the stroke, approximately 1/3 of the total resistance value may be output according to the rotation angle, therefore, confirm it before use.

| Model No. | CP-30 Equivalent |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Maker | Sakae Tsushin Kougyou |
| Maximum Resistance | 1.0kΩ |
| Rated Power | 0.75W |
| Dielectric Strength Voltage | 1000V AC (1min) |
| Effective Electrical Angle | 355° |
| Effective Mechanical Angle | 360° Endless |
| | |

Potentiometer Control Option 1

Stroke Display Meter

Displays stroke in % by receiving signals from the Printed Circuit Board.

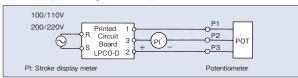
Jack models with a potentiometer should be used.

| Model No. | RM-80B(100 μ A DC)Equivalent | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Class | JIS C 1102 2.5 | | | | |
| Exterior | Black Frame | | | | |
| Scale Used | Maximum Stroke 100% | | | | |

^{*} A separate printed board is also required.

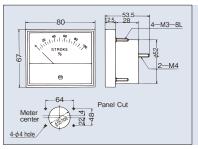
Printed Circuit Board

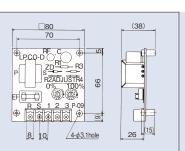
Converts power signals from potentiometer into currents.



In order to adjust the meter, adjust the volume on the printed circuit board. Do not confuse - and +. When adjusting the meter to 100% while stroke is at MIN, replace the terminal 1.2 of the printed circuit board.

Model no. LPCO-D1 (voltage 100/110V 50/60Hz) LPCO-D2 (voltage 200/220V 50/60Hz)







Potentiometer Control Option 2

Meter Relay

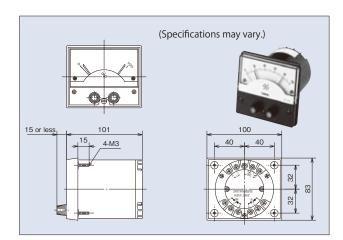
Easy stroke adjustment is possible using the display panel.

(Standard model comes with a metal panel.

Aluminum panels are available upon request.)

Note) For using 4 – 20mA output, designate as "for 4 – 20mA output."

^{*} A separate printed board is also required.



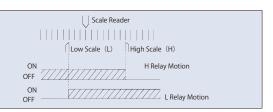
| Model No. | NRC-100HL(TSURUGA) or Equivalent |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Class | JIS C1102 2.5 |
| Exterior | Black Frame |
| Scale | Maximum Stroke 100% |
| Power | 100/100V AC 200/220V AC 50/60 Hz |
| Input | Maximum 100 μ A DC |
| Output Contact Composition | High, Low both 1C (see graph below) |
| Contact Capacity | 250V AC 3A (cos φ=1) |

Use Linipower Jack models with a potentiometer. Take caution so that the input shaft does not rotate while the shaft and the potentiometer are not fully connected. This can shift the phase of the stroke.

Once the maximum and minimum stroke positions are roughly set using the LS, use the meter relay thereafter.

<Relay> (Brake Contact)

Wiring is the same as that for a stroke display meter. However, a separate power source is necessary for the relay. Supply power from the main source used for operation and connect brakes contact in series rather than arranging them in a parallel method.



3 Rotary Encoder

| Rotary encoder specifications | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | TS5305N251 | | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | Tamagawa Seiki Co., Ltd. | | | | | | |
| Output pulse number | 600P/R | | | | | | |
| Output waveform | 90° phase difference two-phase square wave + home position output | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | H — Note 1) | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | L 1V or less Note 1) | | | | | | |
| Power supply | 5 to 24V DC | | | | | | |

Output connection

| Signal 1 | Signal 2 | Signal Z | +5V to 24V | OV | Case |
|----------|----------|----------|------------|------|------|
| (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) |

Figures in parentheses indicate terminal No.

The output signal of the standard specification is of an incremental type, however, an absolute type is also available.

The output type in standard specifications is open collector.

If voltage output type is required, see (Note 1) below.

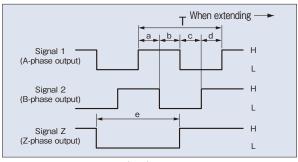
If the specification of line driver output is required, contact us.

Note 1) Due to the open collector output, output signals are obtained when the pull-up

resistor is connected.
Signal 1 and signal 2 are output voltages of H "(power supply voltage – 1)V or more" and L "1V or less.

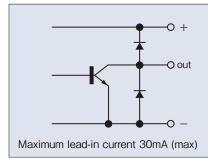
For the Z-phase, negative logic applies. <Reference resistance values> 5V: 220 Ω , 12V: 470 Ω , 24V: 1k Ω

Output waveform



a. b. c. $d = T/4 \pm T/8$ $T/2 \le e \le 3T/2$

Output circuit



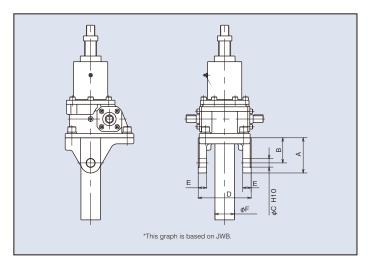
- * Best suited to controlling the stroke by a sequencer or programmable controller, etc.
- More accurate positioning control is possible in combination with motor speed control by an inverter, etc.
- ① The standard products incorporate an incremental type encoder.
- ② It has been set to output 300 pulses per revolution of the input shaft.
- 3 It is possible to set an accurate home position of the machine in combination with a limit switch because home position output is read out every 600 pulses.
- ④ Do not apply vibration or impact to the rotary encoder because it is precision equipment.
- ⑤ Use shield wire for wiring to the rotary encoder.
- 6 As a guide for the distance between the rotary encoder and control panel, a collector current of 20mA should be able to be transmitted approximately 50m (12V pull-up).

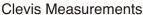
For distances other than the above, consult with us.

Clevis and Trunnion Mounting Adapters

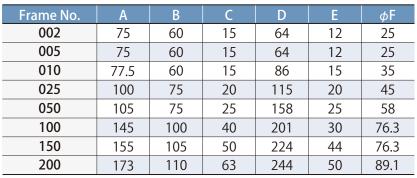
1. Clevis Mounting Adapter

Convenient for use with opening/closing or tilting devices.





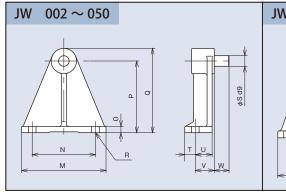
Unit: mm

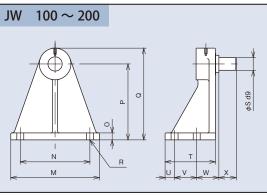


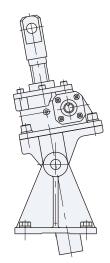
Note)Although standard clevis mounting adapters are for lifting, suspending types are also available. Note)Clevis mounting adapters for rotation prevention are also available in different configurations.

2. Trunnion Mounting Adapter

This trunnion mounting adapter is the same as those for power cylinders.







Trunnion Measurements

Unit: mm

| Frame No. | Trunnion Model No.s | М | N | 0 | Р | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X |
|-----------|---------------------|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|----|-----|----|----|----|----|
| 002 | LPD300KT-T | 130 | 100 | 12 | 100 | 118.5 | 2-φ12 | 15 | 15 | 28 | 30 | 15 | _ |
| 005 | LPD300KT-T | 130 | 100 | 12 | 100 | 118.5 | 2-φ12 | 15 | 15 | 28 | 30 | 15 | _ |
| 010 | LP500L-T | 180 | 130 | 15 | 150 | 178 | 2-φ18 | 15 | 25 | 40 | 45 | 17 | _ |
| 025 | LPTB1000-T | 180 | 130 | 15 | 150 | 178 | 2-φ18 | 20 | 25 | 40 | 45 | 30 | _ |
| 050 | LPTB2000-T | 200 | 150 | 15 | 170 | 200 | 2-φ18 | 25 | 25 | 40 | 45 | 35 | _ |
| 100 | LPTB6000-T | 280 | 220 | 22 | 240 | 290 | 4-φ22 | 40 | 159 | 30 | 70 | 70 | 55 |
| 150 | LPTB12000-T | 360 | 280 | 27 | 300 | 360 | 4-φ33 | 50 | 195 | 40 | 85 | 85 | 70 |
| 200 | LPTB16000-T | 400 | 320 | 30 | 380 | 450 | 4-φ33 | 63 | 210 | 40 | 90 | 90 | 75 |

Hand Wheel and Fitting

1. Hand Wheel

Hand wheels are available for Linipower Jack so that it can be easily used for manual operation.

Types of hand wheels and applicable jack frame No. are as follows.

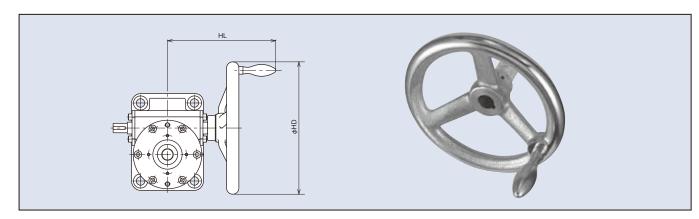
Hand wheels are used for self-lock equipped JWM (Machine Screw Type) only.

Hand wheels are not available for JWB (ball screw type) and JWH (high lead ball screw type) because they are not equipped with a self-lock with the result that the input shaft may be reversed by a load, where it is dangerous to use the hand wheel. Hand wheel efficiency is determined by the required torque for a specified load and the diameter of the hand wheel via the following equation.

Hand Wheel Efficiency =
$$\frac{\text{Required Input Torque}}{\text{Hand Wheel Radius}}$$

Hand wheel efficiency equivalent to or below 49N (5kgf) is recommended.

Also, vibration and shock may cause self-lock failure, in which case a brake unit is recommended.



Hand Wheel Measurements Example model No. for order placement: JWM010-NV100

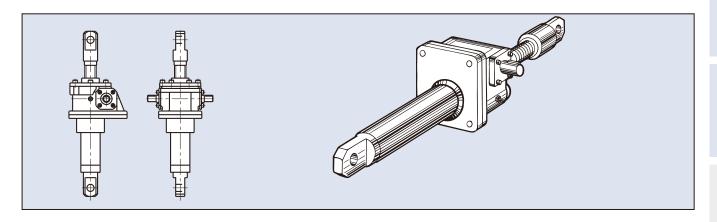
Unit: mm

| \ Handle Size | NV80 | -005 | NV80 | 0-010 | NV10 | 0-010 | NV10 | 0-025 | NV20 | 0-025 | NV20 | 0-050 | NV280 | -050* | NV280 |)-100* | NV450 |)-100* |
|---------------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| Frame No. | HD | HL | HD | HL | HD | HL | HD | HL | HD | HL | HD | HL | HD | HL | HD | HL | HD | HL |
| JWM002 | 80 | 108 | _ | _ | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| JWM005 | 80 | 108 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| JWM010 | _ | _ | 80 | 122 | 100 | 125 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| JWM025 | | _ | _ | _ | | | 100 | 140 | 200 | 198 | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| JWM050 | | _ | _ | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | 200 | 221 | 280 | 229 | _ | _ | _ | |
| JWM100 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 280 | 242 | 450 | 295 |
| JWM150 | _ | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 280 | 247 | 450 | 300 |
| JWM200 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 450 | 304 |

Note) When using in combination with hand wheels marked with an * and crevice fitting, trunnion fitting, hand wheel interferes with trunnion fitting. Separately contact TSUBAKI E&M.

2. Fitting

This can be used with Open/Close, Reverse Rotation, Positioning and other devices.



Safety Cap

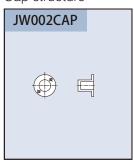
The cap is attached to the jack input shaft, on the other side of the motor unit.

By covering the shaft, a safety cap can prevent accidents and even prevent dust generation for clean room operations.

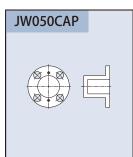
It is compatible with any of the three jack models: JWM (Machine Screw Type), JWB (Ball Screw Type) and JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type).

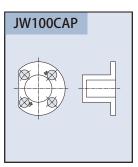
Even if the jack body has already been purchased, safety caps can be installed subsequently.

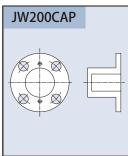
Cap structure



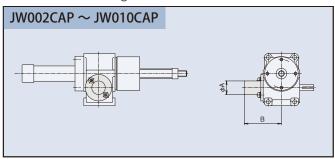


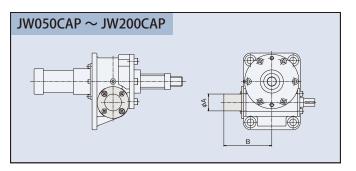






Dimensional drawing





Unit: mm

| Safety Cap Model No. | Suitable Jack Model No. | А | В |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----|
| JW002CAP | JW002 | φ22 | 63 |
| JWUUZCAI | JW005 | ΨΖΖ | 03 |
| JW010CAP | JW010 | φ40 | 87 |
| JWUTUCAF | JW025 | <i>Ψ</i> 40 | 100 |
| JW050CAP | JW050 | φ45 | 128 |
| JW100CAP | JW100 | φ52 | 155 |
| JWTOUCAF | JW150 | Ψ32 | 159 |
| JW200CAP | JW200 | φ60 | 163 |

^{*}All of the above are in stock. Installation screws are provided.

Material : MC Nylon Color : Black

Safety caps made from other materials are also available.

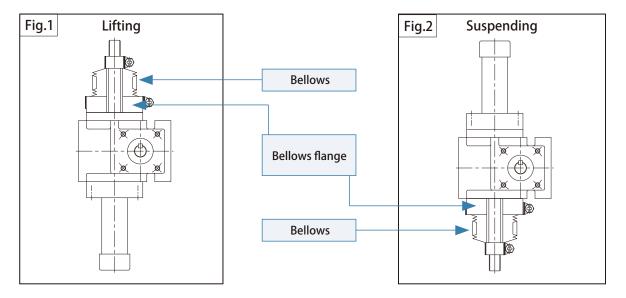
Bellows

Use to protect jack components from liquid, chips, dirt, dust and other debris.

Bellows Below JW010

Sizes below JW010 with bellows are as follows.

Take caution in jack sizing, especially when using for suspension.

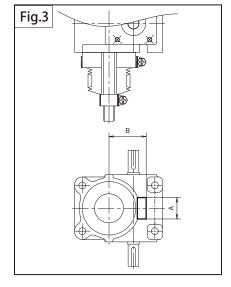


A flange is provided for jacks under JW010 with bellows.

When using for suspension, avoid the bellows interfering with machine parts, including the bellows band.

| Unit: r | nm |
|---------|----|
|---------|----|

| Frame No. | A | В |
|-----------|----|----|
| JW002 | 28 | 42 |
| JW005 | 28 | 42 |
| JW010 | 28 | 47 |



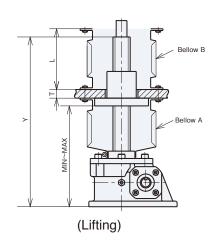
High Lead Ball Screw

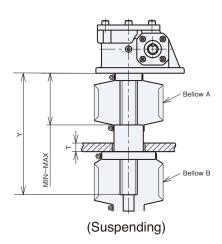
Bellows for High Lead Ball Screw Types are specially designed for specific shaft rpm.

 $\label{thm:contact} \textbf{Contact} \ \textbf{TSUBAKI} \ \textbf{E\&M} \ \textbf{to} \ \textbf{select} \ \textbf{the} \ \textbf{most} \ \textbf{suitable} \ \textbf{bellows} \ \textbf{for} \ \textbf{your} \ \textbf{High} \ \textbf{Lead} \ \textbf{Ball} \ \textbf{Screw}.$

Bellows Inquiry Form for Travel Nut Type

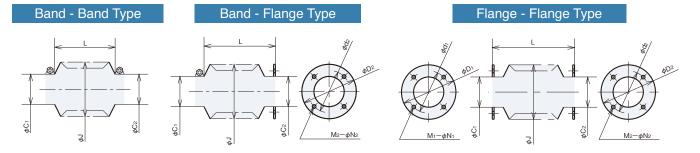
Select bellows for use with travel nuts based on the diagrams below. Select from band or flange type bellows.





| ①Jack model No. | | |
|--|---|----------------|
| ②Actual strokemm MINmm~MAXmm | | |
| ③Type of bellows Bellows A Band-band, band-flange, flange-flange Bellows B Band-band, band-flange, flange-flange | 2 | |
| <pre>④Jack screw shaft length limited yes / no Y=mm</pre> | ®Bellows L measurements L LAMINmm ~ LAMAX= LBMINmm ~ LBMAX= | |
| ⑤Base measurements T=mm | | mm (bellows A) |
| | $\phi C_{B1} = \underline{\qquad} mm \qquad \phi C_{B2} = \underline{\qquad}$ | |
| Trange type and structure (Record only if flange type | was selected in ③). | |
| ϕ DA1=mm ϕ dA1=mm bolt mour ϕ DA2=mm bolt mour | ILIIIU DAIL IVIZ— PCS WINZ— | [[]][] |
| ϕ DB1=mm ϕ dB1=mm bolt moun | nting part M1=Pcs ϕ N1= nting part M2=Pcs ϕ N2= | mm (hellows R) |

Bellows Types



Linipower Jack

Notes on Installation

Installation

1. Orientation

Jacks can be installed horizontally, perpendicularly or inclined. Before installing, however, be sure to select the correct (lifting or suspending) jack type.

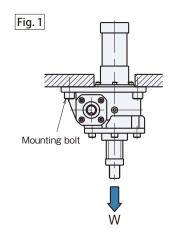
Since jacks have an open structure, grease or oil separated from grease may splatter or drop. Prepare oil pans or the like. Especially in the case of using a jack for suspending, grease may run down the screw shaft.

2. Installation Method

Tighten bolts into the 4 mounting holes in the gear case (mounting bolts are not provided). See Table 1 for bolt sizes. Strength class 8.8 or 10.9 bolts are usually used for mounting. Use 10.9 when load applies directly to the mounting bolts as in Fig. 1.

Table 1. Bolt Sizes

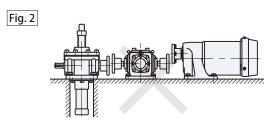
| Frame No. | Mounting Hole | Bolt Size |
|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| JW002 | 4-φ7 | M6 |
| JW005 | 4-φ7 | M6 |
| JW010 | 4-φ9 | M8 |
| JW025 | 4-φ11 | M10 |
| JW050 | 4-φ18 | M16 |
| JW100 | 4-φ22 | M20 |
| JW150 | 4-φ22 | M20 |
| JW200 | 4-φ26 | M24 |
| JW300 | 4-φ33 | M30 |
| JW500 | 4-φ42 | M39 |
| JW750 | 4-φ42 | M39 |
| JW1000 | 6-φ42 | M39 |



* A suspending load together with a self weight of the jack are applied on the mounting bolt as a tension load.

3. Installing Motor, Reducer

When installing a motor and reducer unit in addition to the jack body, prepare a robust counter making allowance for a safety factor to prevent alignment accuracy at installation from being reduced even if the maximum load is applied. Make sure that the transmission shaft connected to the input shaft is aligned accurately (Fig.2). Using a floating shaft may result in malfunction due to vibration depending on rotation speed, therefore, sufficiently consider rigidity of the shaft and backlash of the coupling.



4. Rotation Prevention

The jack's thrusting force may cause the screw shaft (nut in the case of ravel nut type) to rotate, in which case a rotation prevention is required. Screw rotation torque at the basic capacity is described in the standard specification list. When operating with the end connected, and pulling the rope or chain with a sheave or sprocket installed, use the rotation prevention type (symbol M).

5. Shaft End

Attach shaft end by applying an adhesive agent to its setscrew. It is possible for the shaft end to become detached by the rotational torque applied to the shaft. To avoid this, use one of the following adhesives:

<Tightening Agents>

Use the following brands or their equivalent.

Read instructions and safety precautions provided with each product before applying.

Tightening Agents

| Maker | Brand |
|------------------|------------|
| Nihon Lock Tight | # 262, 271 |
| Three Bond | # 1307N |

<Fixing with set screw>

After tightening the end fitting, fix with the attached set screw (hexagon socket head screw) as a locking device.

6. Setting the Limit Switch

Consider maximum possible inertia before setting the limit switch. This means calculating the maximum coasting distance affected by specific load and installation conditions. Also, install a mechanical stopper within the stroke range in case of emergencies.

7. Setting the Position Detection Unit

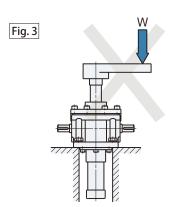
An optional position detection unit (internal LS, potentiometer or rotary encoder) is not factory adjusted for its stroke. Make sure to adjust stroke prior to use. Control units such as the potentiometer and rotary encoder generate various signals by measuring the rotation number of the input shaft. Do not allow the screw shaft (nut in the case of the travel nut) to rotate after adjustment because the setting will deviate if the screw shaft is rotated with the input shaft fixed. When adjusting the internal LS, operate the jack manually or by inching with sufficient care so as not to exceed the stroke range of the jack. If the jack exceeds its stroke limit, the screw shaft may fall off or the bellows may be damaged.

8. Horizontal use of jack with bellows

When using a jack with bellows in the horizontal direction (including use with swing), the screw shaft may catch the bellows, and damage the bellows, or result in failure of the jack. Please contact TSUBAKI E&M.

9. Caution

- (1) Jacks that range under the standard capacity of 49.0kN {5tf} are provided with screw covers made of hard vinyl chloride pipe. Never suspend or carry a jack by its cover.
- (2) Be certain that the jack rating exceeds the maximum possible stroke. If the stroke capacity is exceeded, the shaft may disengage from the unit or fail to function. Preventative devices for such situations are not provided for JWMs (Machine Screw Type) so over stroke must be avoided. Shaft protection provided for JWBs (Ball Screw Type) and JWHs (High Lead Ball Screw Type) is solely for the purpose of preventing shaft rotation during installation. When installing, be sure that the shaft does not rotate or move. When rotation cannot be avoided, use a rotation prevention type.
- (3) Do not operate input shaft manually while loaded. Load pressure will rotate the shaft.
- ▲ (4) Do not use mechanical stops. This will cause major internal damage.
 - (5) Provide oil pans for food manufacturing machines to prevent oil from leaking into food products.
 - (6) To install a screw shaft or cover to the base, avoid drilling large holes so as not to reduce the surface area of contact between the jack and the base.
 - (7) Apply load in the same direction as that of the screw shaft. Load from inappropriate angles can bend the shaft (Fig. 3). For side load, make sure to use guides so the load or bending momentum do not apply directly to the jack.



Maintenance and Inspection

- 1. Screw shaft and reducer unit are factory greased. See Table 1 for the type of grease used.
- 2. Regular lubrication intervals for the shaft screw are as recommended in Table 2. For the amount of grease, see Table 3. To regrease, expand the shaft to full stroke, remove old grease and apply using a grease gun or brush.

 Grease for maintenance is also available. Contact TSUBAKI E&M.
- 3. Reducer units should be greased based on the lubrication intervals shown in Table 2. However, these intervals may vary depending on operation frequency and conditions. Reducer units of JW025 or greater are provided with grease nipples and hexagon socket head plug. When greasing, remove the hexagon socket head plug and pour grease until grease seeps from the hole for the hexagon socket head plug. After greasing, firmly rewind the seal tape on the hexagon socket head plug to tighten so as to prevent grease from leaking.

Table 1. Recommended Grease

| Part | Maker | Grease | | |
|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | TSUBAKI E&M | JWGS100G | | |
| Chaff | Idemitsu | * Daphne Eponex Grease SR No.1 | | |
| Shaft | Nippon Grease | Niglube EP-1K | | |
| Reducer Unit | Exson Mobil | Mobilux EP No.1 | | |
| | Cosmo Lubricants | Cosmo Grease Dynamax EP No.1 | | |
| | Showa Shell | Shell Alvania EP Grease 1 | | |

^{*} Factory filled with this grease.

Note) JWGS100G is separately sold in a 100g container. (See page 262.)

Table 2. Lubrication Intervals

| Operation | Lubrication Intervals | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Frequency | Machine screw shaft | Ball screw shaft | Reducer unit | | | |
| 50~100/day | 1 month | 3 months | 3 months | | | |
| 10~50/day | 3 months | 3 months∼6 months | 3 months∼6 months | | | |
| 1~10/day | 6 mo.s∼1 yr. | 6 mo.s∼1 yr. | 6 mo.s∼1 yr. | | | |

^{*} Numerical values described above do not indicate the life of screws and reducer units.

Table 3. Amount of Grease

| | Application quantity | Initial enclosed quantity | |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Frame No. | Shaft (Stroke 100mm) | Reducer Unit | |
| JW002 | 5g | 35g | |
| JW005 | 5g | 35g | |
| JW010 | 5g | 80g | |
| JW025 | 10~15g | 170g | |
| JW050 | 10~15g | 370g | |
| JW100 | 20~30g | 470g | |
| JW150 | 20~30g | 700g | |
| JW200 | 40~50g | 830g | |
| JW300 | 40~50g | 2600g | |
| JW500 | 50~100g | 5500g | |

- 4. Grease upper bearings for JWB (Ball Screw Type) and JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) using the grease nipple set attached to their housings, at 6-month intervals. Not necessary for jacks JWB/JWH010 and below.
- 5. Inspect regularly for general backlash and screw unit condition. Jack life and replacement timing are determined by the following:
 - JWM···Backlash in the direction of screw shaft and nut hits 1/4 of the screw pitch.
 - JWB JWH • Visible particles due to wear and tear of the screw unit.
 - · All types · · · Replace gear when its input shaft exceeds 30 rpm with backlash at H speed, or exceeds 60 rpm at L speed.
- A Generally, continuous use without lubrication at recommended intervals may cause inefficiency of shafts and failure of travel nuts.
- 6. Adjust brake gaps for brake and gearmotors before their gaps reach their maximum capacities. Gap adjustment is not possible for gearmotors with outputs 25W or 40W. For details, see respective instruction manuals.

Installation Precautions

General Notes

- 1. Carefully consider jack ratings before making a selection. Make sure that all anticipated loads, whether static, dynamic or shock, fall within the rated capacity of the jack at reasonable safety levels.
- 2. Carefully consider the combination of screw shaft rpm and rated load. Also, take extra care in verifying rated buckling load, overhang load and shaft rpm. Exceeding the data provided in this catalog can cause major damage to the system.
- 3. Confirm that the operating temperature of the jack is within −15∼80°C. To measure, check the surface temperature of input shaft (or nut, if used). Make sure that all rotating parts are completely stopped before proceeding to measure.
- 4. Do not exceed the maximum rpm of 1800/min.
- 5. Continuous operation is not possible. Duty cycle at 30 minute intervals for JWM is within 20% ED, JWB and JWH are within 30% ED.

Duty cycle (%ED) =
$$\frac{1 \text{ Duty cycle}}{1 \text{ Duty cycle} + 1 \text{ Rest cycle}} \times 100\%$$

- 6. Be sure not to exceed the maximum input torque for multiple jack systems by verifying the rated input torque for each jack.
- 7. Activating torque should be maintained at 200% above the required torque.
- 8. If operating in freezing temperatures, a change in viscosity may reduce the efficiency of the grease. Set the drive unit so as to accommodate this change.
- 9. Although JWM is equipped with a self-locking device, vibration and shock may affect its efficiency, in which case a brake unit is required. Because of their extremely high efficiencies, JWB and JWH must have sufficient brake units that over power their holding torques.
- 10. Evaluate operating environment based on the following:

| Location | Indoors where rain and moisture are not present |
|---------------------|---|
| Room Condition | Dust Volume - Normal |
| Ambient Temperature | −15°C to 80°C (See General Notes No.3) |
| Relative Humidity | 85% or less (no dew condensation) |

11. When dust level is high, protect shaft with a bellows.

The bellows, which are not water-proof, do not prevent external water from entering and grease in the jack from penetrating to the outside.

(For outdoor use, place a cover to protect jack from factors such as rain and wind).

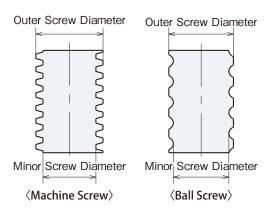
Glossary

1) Basic Capacity:

The maximum possible load sustained or lifted by a jack. Must be calculated by using the safety rate Sf.

2 Outer Screw Diameter / Minor Screw Diameter:

As illustrated below



3Screw Lead :

Distance the shaft (or nut, if used) advances in one revolution of worm wheel.

4Stroke:

Possible distance traveled by screw shaft (or nut). Derived from $X_{\text{MAX}}-X_{\text{MIN}}$.

5Worm Ratio:

Number of input shaft revolutions required to complete one worm wheel revolution. (Gear ratio of input shaft and worm wheel.)

6 Overall Efficiency:

Total efficiency of the jack including those of the screw and the worm wheel.

7 Maximum Allowable Input Capacity:

Input capacity that can regulate the balance between load and screw shaft speed or input rpm.

Operate within the rated capacity of duty cycle (%ED) and reducer unit surface temperature (max.80 $^{\circ}$ C).

® Tare Drag Torque:

Torque required to rotate the input shaft of an unloaded jack.

9Holding Torque:

Input torque required for sustaining basic load capacity.

Maximum possible torque allowed for input shaft only. For multiple jack systems, it is the sum of total torque required for synchronous drive, and the actual amount of torque transferred from one jack to another.

⁽¹⁾Required Input Torque of Basic Capacity:

Input torque required at the input shaft to lift load of basic capacity.

⁽²⁾Screw Movement Per Revolution of Input Shaft :

Distance the screw shaft (or nut) advances in one revolution of the input shaft.

Maximum Input rpm for Basic Capacity :

Maximum possible rpm applied to the input shaft to lift load of basic capacity.

(4) Screw Shaft Rotational Torque for Basic Capacity:

Torque generated when the screw (or nut) auto-rotates to lift load of basic capacity. Rotation prevention must be installed either on the machine or the jack to prevent screw and nut from rotating simultaneously.

15 Rated Load:

Load derived from the maximum allowable input capacity once the input screw shaft rpm is determined.

16 Buckling:

Buckling is produced when the jack rapidly bends from excessive thrusts. Buckling load varies depending on installation condition and/or position.

17 Rated Screw Shaft rpm:

Screw shaft may resonate and vibrate when its rpm comes close to the eigen frequency. It is important that the rpm is lower than the resonance point or the rated screw shaft rpm. Must confirm this for travel nut types.

18 Coasting Distance (Inertia):

Distance traveled after the motor is switched off. System inertia results in over travel depending on the load, brake size and operation circuit.

19 Stopping Accuracy:

Range of positions where the screw shaft stops after each operation.

20 Self-lock:

The ability to maintain load with no brake unit. Self-lock applies to all frame numbers for JWM (Machine Screw Type) 002~1000.

21 Duty Cycle:

The ratio of run time to total cycle time.

Duty cycle (%ED) =
$$\frac{1 \text{ Duty cycle}}{1 \text{ Duty cycle} + 1 \text{ Rest cycle}} \times 100 (\%$$

22Thrust:

Power converted from rated torque that is used to lift maximum loads for motored or geared jacks. Motors must be selected carefully when used to run a jack with another motored jack. Also, select thrust for motored jacks with care.

3 Ball Screw Wear Life :

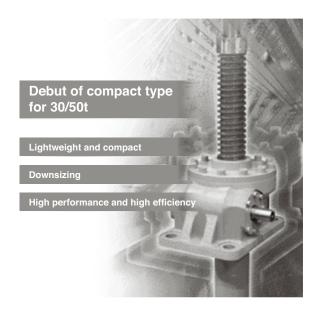
Ball screw wear life is determined by the distance advanced by the screw nut until the ball "flakes" from friction and fatigue. This distance varies even when operated under similar conditions. If the system runs without this "flaking" of the nut for more than 90% of the time, this is considered B10 or the rated ball screw wear life.

Linipower Jack

Product Information

| Linipower Jack Compact Type | ——— P257∼260 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Linipower Jack LD Type ———— | P261 |
| Linipower Jack Bevel Gear Type ———— | P262 |
| Mechatro Center — | P263•264 |
| Quick Delivery — | P265 |

Linipower Jack Compact Type



Features

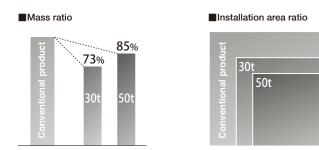
Technology is concentrated in a compact size.

Best suited for downsizing as it is lightweight and compact.

High performance and high efficiency

Comparison with conventional product

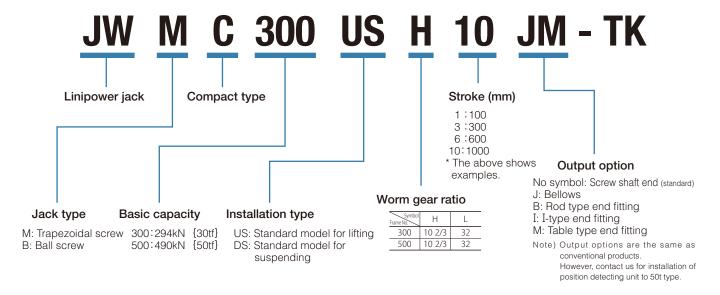
Mass ratio (max): 73% (30t type), 85% (50t type) Installation area ratio: 77% (30t type), 63% (50t type)



77%

63%

Model No. designation



Basic specifications list

| | | JWMC300 | JWBC300 | JWMC500 | JWBC500 | |
|----------------------------|------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | kN {tf} | 294 {30} | 294 {30} | 490 {50} | 490 {50} |
| Major diameter of scr | ew i | mm | 85 | 85 | 120 | 100 |
| Minor diameter of scr | ew I | mm | 67 | 74.8 | 102 | 87 |
| Screw lead | - 1 | mm | 16 | 20 | 16 | 24 |
| Marm gang gatio | | Н | 10 2/3 | 10 2/3 | 10 2/3 | 10 2/3 |
| Worm gear ratio | | L | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| Overall efficiency | % | Н | 20 | 59 | 15 | 59 |
| overall emerciney | 70 | L | 12 | 37 | 9 | 36 |
| Maximum allowable input | kW | Н | 6.0 | 6.0 | 10.6 | 11.8 |
| capacity | KVV | L | 2.8 | 2.8 | 5.4 | 5.1 |
| Drag torque in N·m | | 9.8 | | · · | 9.6 | |

| | | | JWMC300 | JWBC300 | JWMC500 | JWBC500 |
|--|----------------|------------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Allowable input shaft torque *1 | | ·m f·m} | 73. {7 | | 91. {9 | 2.0 3} |
| | | Н | 361.0 | 159.0 | 800.0 | 318.0 |
| Required input torque for basic capacity*2 | N·m {kgf·m} | | {36.8} | {16.2} | {81.6} | {32.4} |
| | | (gf·m) L | 205.0 | 89.0 | 453.0 | 182.0 |
| | | | {20.9} | {9.1} | {46.2} | {18.6} |
| Screw movement per revolution of input shaft | | Н | 1.50 | 1.88 | 1.50 | 2.25 |
| | mm | L | 0.50 | 0.63 | 0.50 | 0.75 |
| Maximum input rpm | r/min | Н | 160 | 380 | 130 | 380 |
| for basic capacity | 1/111111 | L | 140 | 340 | 120 | 300 |

^{*1} The allowable torque is for a jack input shaft only. (Reconfirm for linkage operation.)

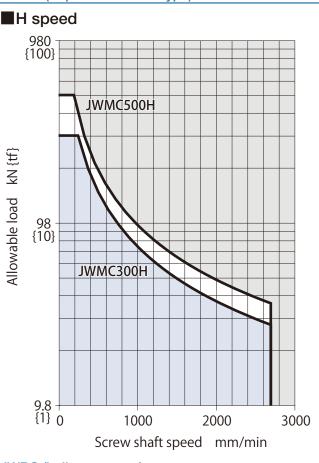
^{*2} The values include drag torque in no-load idling.

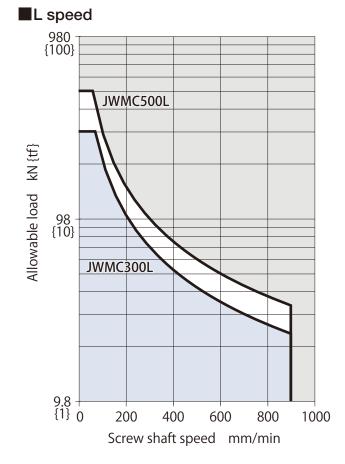
Screw shaft speed (elevation speed) and allowable load related graphs

These graphs show the relationship between screw shaft speed and allowable load. Since these graphs have been prepared in consideration of the maximum allowable input capacity of each jack frame No., check the allowable load with these graphs to determine the frame No.

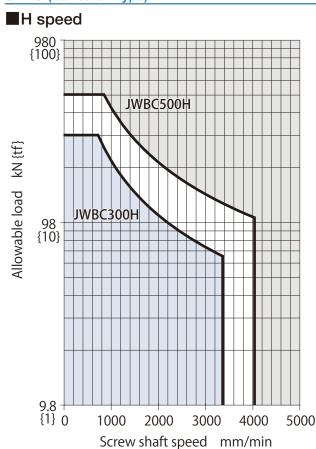
If detailed consideration is required, confirm by calculation (page 149).

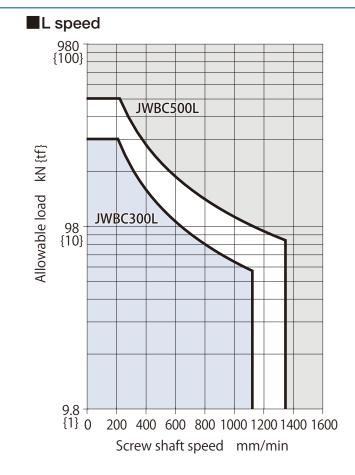
JWMC (trapezoidal screw type)





JWBC (ball screw type)



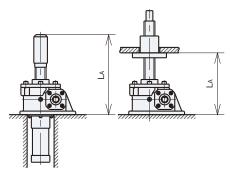


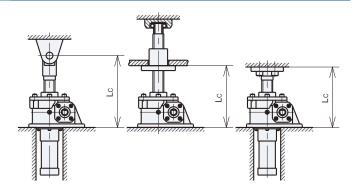
Allowable buckling load

- For use with compression loads, determine the jack frame No. with respect to buckling load from these graphs. The buckling selection graphs assume the safety rate Sf=4.
 - The from the installation conditions A and C shown below, select stroke distances LA and LC. (For installation conditions other than the following, see page 160.)
 - ② Select a jack frame No. from the intersection point of the load W (vertical shaft) and stroke distance (horizontal shaft) per jack.
- Lateral load should not be applied.
 - No lateral load is considered in the following buckling selection graphs.
- In an installed condition, if the equipment is devised so that the screw shaft becomes a tensile load, it will be economical having no buckling.

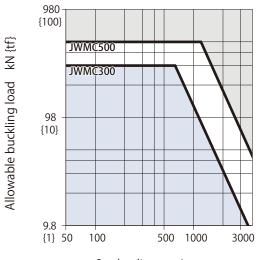
A Fixed base – Shaft end free

Fixed base – Guided shaft end/Fixed shaft end

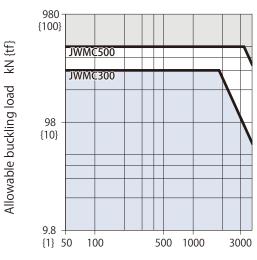




JWMC (trapezoidal screw type)

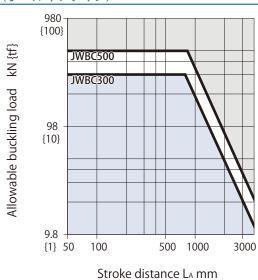


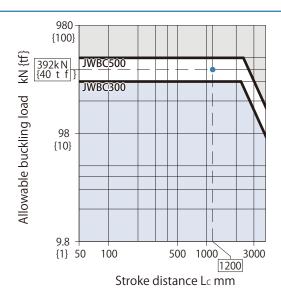
Stroke distance LA mm



Stroke distance Lc mm

JWBC(ボールネジタイプ)



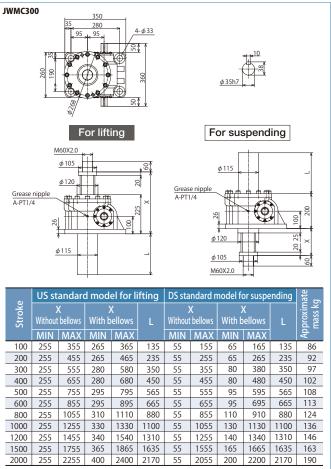


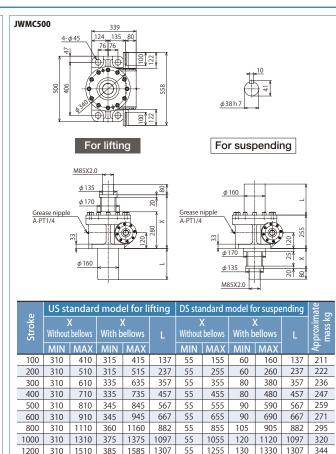
Note)1. The dotted lines on the above graph show an example in which the load is W392kN {40tf} and the stroke distance is 1200mm in the installation condition C with the buckling safety rate Sf=4. In this case, jack JWBC500 that satisfies the intersection point of the vertical axis and horizontal axis can be selected.

2. If detailed consideration is required, confirm by calculation (page 160).

379

Dimensions table; trapezoidal screw type





1500

2000 310 2310

310 | 1810

405 1905

440 2440

1627

2162

55 1555

55

2055

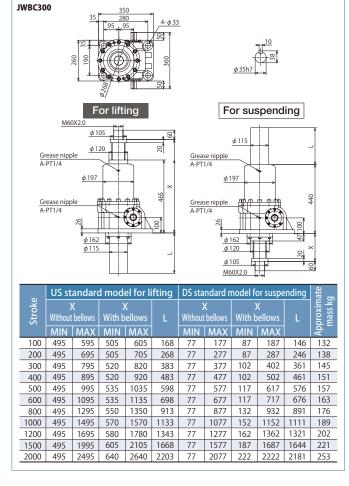
150 1650 1627

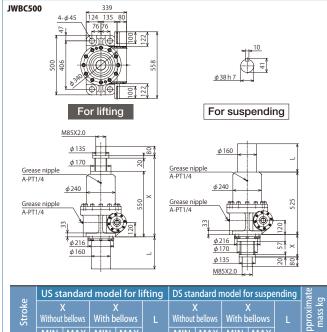
185

2185

2162 440

Dimensions table; Ball screw type



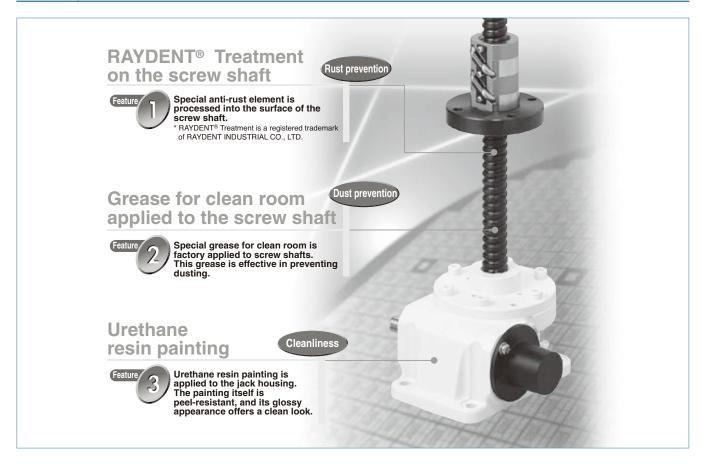


| | US st | US standard model for lifting | | | | | DS standard model for suspending | | | | ate |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|-----|------|---------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|------|---------------------|-----|
| Stroke X Without bellows | | X With bellows | | L | Without | (bellows | With b | (ellows | L | Approximate mass kg | |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | Ар |
| 100 | 580 | 680 | 585 | 685 | 172 | 87 | 187 | 92 | 192 | 140 | 280 |
| 200 | 580 | 780 | 585 | 785 | 272 | 87 | 287 | 92 | 292 | 240 | 289 |
| 300 | 580 | 880 | 605 | 905 | 392 | 87 | 387 | 112 | 412 | 360 | 300 |
| 400 | 580 | 980 | 605 | 1005 | 492 | 87 | 487 | 112 | 512 | 460 | 309 |
| 500 | 580 | 1080 | 615 | 1115 | 602 | 87 | 587 | 122 | 622 | 570 | 319 |
| 600 | 580 | 1180 | 615 | 1215 | 702 | 87 | 687 | 122 | 722 | 670 | 328 |
| 800 | 580 | 1380 | 630 | 1430 | 917 | 87 | 887 | 137 | 937 | 885 | 348 |
| 1000 | 580 | 1580 | 645 | 1645 | 1132 | 87 | 1087 | 152 | 1152 | 1100 | 368 |
| 1200 | 580 | 1780 | 655 | 1855 | 1342 | 87 | 1287 | 162 | 1362 | 1310 | 386 |
| 1500 | 580 | 2080 | 675 | 2175 | 1662 | 87 | 1587 | 182 | 1682 | 1630 | 415 |
| 2000 | 580 | 2580 | 710 | 2710 | 2197 | 87 | 2087 | 217 | 2217 | 2165 | 464 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

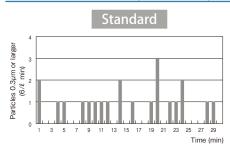
Linipower Jack LD Type

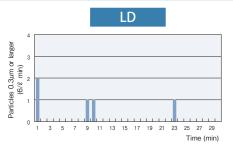
Excellent choice for clean room systems such as FDP (Liquid Crystal/PDP). This model regulates dust generation caused by wear as well as rust produced from the screw. Factory tested for dust volume, it is highly reliable for clean room operations.

1. Basic Specifications



2. Dust Emission Comparison Graphs (Our test results)





[Test Conditions]

| Heading | Contents |
|----------------------------|--|
| Frame no. | JWBO25URH5D (Travel nut type) |
| Speed | 40mm/s (Fixed nut, lift/lower repetition, no load) |
| Location | Clean Room Clean Bench |
| Portion | Bottom of screw |
| Equipment | Laser Dust Monitor |
| Flow | 6 ℓ /min |
| Measured dia. of particles | 0.3μ m and larger |

* The above data is based on dust emitted from the screw portion. Use a safety cap to prevent dust from the oil seal in the input shaft portion. Dust is collected in this cap and prevented from entering into the atmosphere.

3. Options

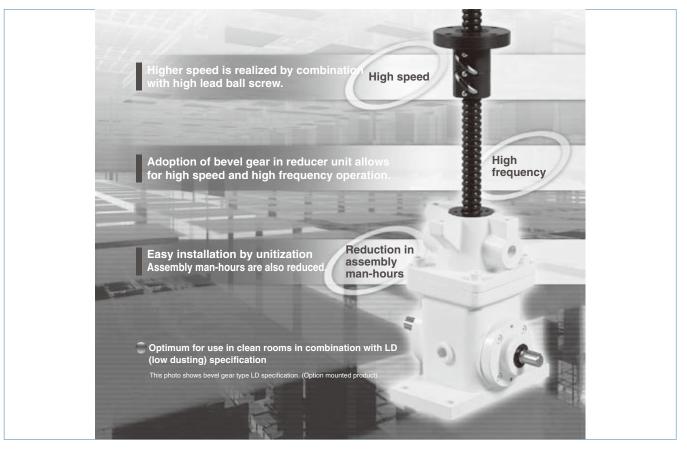
The following options are available with Linipower Jack LD Type: (Select according to specific requirements)

| / | |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Input shaft | Electroless nickel plating |
| End fitting | Electroless nickel plating |
| Steel pipe | Metallic screw cover |
| Safety cap | Plastic |
| Ball nut | RAYDENT® treatment. |

Linipower Jack Bevel Gear Type

Bevel gear type released in response to voices demanding high speed and high frequency operation.

1. Basic Specifications



Lubrication Grease for Power Cylinder Linipower Jack

TSUBAKI E&M Low dusting grease for screw shaft LD grease



TSUBAKI E&M screw shaft lubrication grease

Effective for use in clean rooms!



Linipower jack screw set on sale

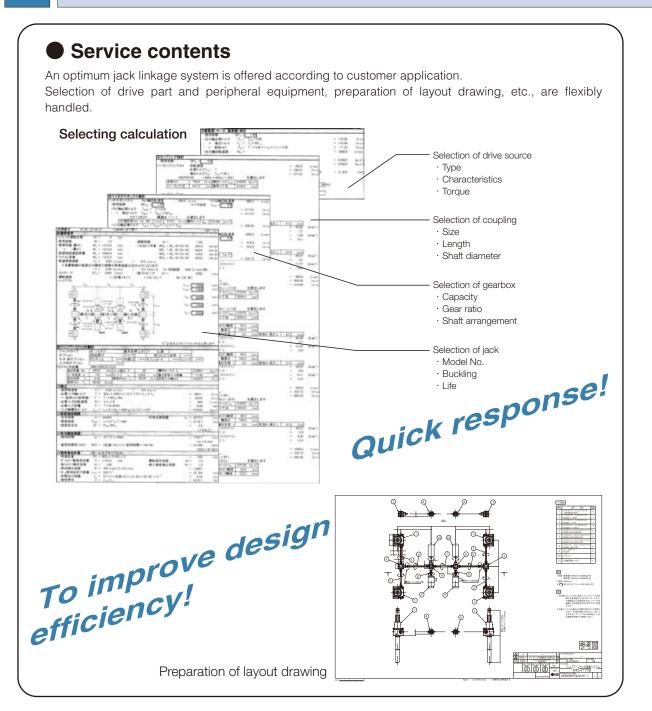
Sets of screw shafts and nuts for linipower jacks are on sale. For screw specifications (screw diameter and screw lead), see the following pages.

Trapezoidal screw P169 \sim 170($\sim \phi$ 85) Ball screw P195 \sim 196($\sim \phi$ 85)

For use and selection set with coupling and reducer, please feel free to consult with us.



Selection service



[Reducers]

Gearmotor



- •Low noise, compact, light
- •0.1~5.5 kW
- Gear ratio 1/5~1/1200
- Unique face mount (standard)
- Quiet, high performance brake.

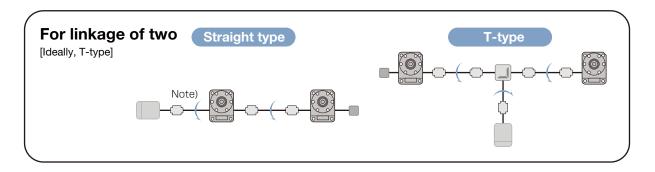
Hypoid Motor

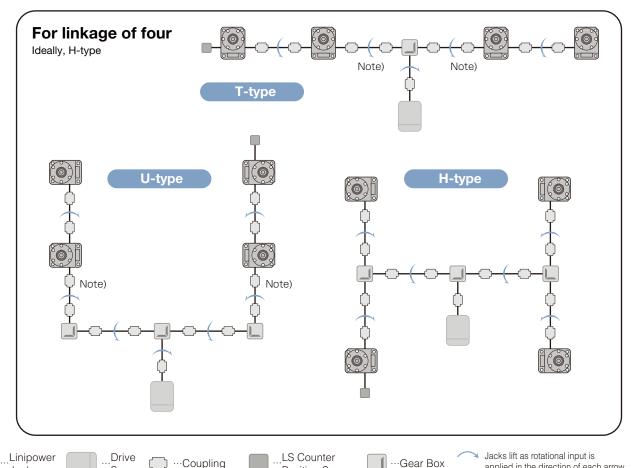


- Space saver
- •0.1~5.5kW
- Gear ratio 1/5~1/1200
- Face or foot mounting and hollow shaft (all standard).
- Quiet, high performance brake.

Cosult with Mechatronics Center

TEL: +81-790-47-1801 FAX: +81-790-47-1939





[Gear Boxes]

Miter Gear Box



- Gear ratio 1:1 size 10 Gear ratio 1.5:1 size 5 Gear ratio 2:1 size 9 Gear ratio 2.5:1 size 5 Gear ratio 3:1 size 5
- Enhanced performance by new AGMA standards.
- Wide variation of models.
- High reliability

Source

[Coupling]

Position Sensor

ECHT-FLEX coupling



- Torque range : 2.9~176400 N·m
- Bore diameter range : 5~289 mm • No backlash, high efficiency and servo motor compatible.
- Requires less maintenance, no lubrication and long life.
- Long Spacer Types requiring no bearings available.

Jaw Flex Coupling

driving in series.



applied in the direction of each arrow.

Note) Consider allowable input torque when

- Compact, light
- Simple
- Easy to un/install

Ask TSUBAKI E&M for other protecting devices such as shock relays, torque limiters, and torque guards

SAVE YOUR T

That is our promise.



| De | elivery chart for st | andard L | inipower Jac | k 🕨 🚟 | |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------|-------------|----------|
| | Туре | Installation type | Basic Capacity | Stroke (mm) | Delivery |
| | JWM (Machine Screw Type) | | 002 | 100~400 | |
| Mode | (Machine Screw Type) | | 005~200 | 100~600 | |
| Standard Model | JWB (Ball Screw Type) | US DS | 005~200 | 100~600 | 5 |
| ភ | JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) | | 010~200 | 100~600 | days |
| ype | JWM | | 002 | 100~400 | |
| ation ion T | (Machine Screw Type) | UM | 005~050 | 100~600 | |
| Rotation Prevention Type | JWB (Ball Screw Type) | DM | 005~050 | 100~600 | week |
| | JWM | | 002 | 100~400 | |
| Гуре | (Machine Screw Type) | | 005~200 | 100~600 | |
| Travel Nut Type | JWB (Ball Screw Type) | UR DR | 005~200 | 100~600 | 0 |
| Tre | JWH (High Lead Ball Screw Type) | | 010~200 | 100~600 | week |
| pact Type | JWMC (Machine Screw Type) | US | 300~500 | 100~1000 | |
| Compact Jack Type | JWBC (Ball Screw Type) | DS | 300~500 | 100~1000 | months |

^{*} Contact us for a lot of 5 units or more regarding the above.

Inquiry Form

Power Cylinder Inquiry Form

Inform TSUBAKI E&M of the following items when making an inquiry.

| | ipany name: | Your name: |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| TEL | : | FAX: |
| Add | (〒 − ress: | |
| no | Application load (thrust) | Normal operation N{kgf} Max N{kgf} |
| Standar Specification | 2. Speed | mm/s (at 50Hz, 60Hz) |
| Spo | 3. Stroke | Actual stroke mm Max stroke mm |
| Electric Motor | 4. Power | 3-phase 200V/50Hz、200V/60Hz、220V/60Hz 3-phase 400V/50Hz、400V/60Hz、440V/60Hz |
| Electri | 5. Special Specification | Brake, Outdoors, Explosion-proof Others |
| | 6. Operation | times/min x min/hrs. x hrs./day x days/yr. (Back and forth count as 2) |
| nent | 7. Ambient Temperature | °C |
| Operating Environment | 8. Mounting Location | Indoor, Outdoors, Explosion-proof Others |
| rating E | 9. Dust | Average, High |
| Ope | 10. Control Device | Stroke adjustment external LS, Thrust detection LS, Internal LS, Potentiometer, Rotary Encoder Others |
| | 11. Others | Trunnion fitting, crevice fitting, I-shape end fitting Others |
| Layo | out Other information | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Servo Type Inquiry Form

Inform TSUBAKI E&M of the following items when making an inquiry.

| Company name: | | | | | Your name | Your name: | | |
|---|---------------------|--|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| TEL: | | | | | FAX : | FAX : | | |
| | (〒 | - |) | | | | | |
| Add | Iress: | | | | | | | |
| (Eq | uipment standa | ard condition | Description | on of equipn | nent used | [Power cylinder operation cycle] | | |
| Type and property of load | | ☐ Horizontal ☐ lift ☐ suspension ☐ tilt ☐ others extent of shock, inertia and vibration ☐ Small ☐ Mi | | | hers □ Middle □ Large | dle □ Large 1 cycle □ se | | |
| Transfer mass | | | kg | | kg | mm/sec | | |
| Necessary thrust | | Normal operation | N {kgf} | Max | N {kgf} | | | |
| Speed | | Normal operation | mm/s | Max. | mm/s | Retract / mm/sec | | |
| Stroke | | Normal operation | mm | Max. | mm | (Tellaut) | | |
| Operating frequency (Back and forth count as 2) | | times/min x min/hrs. x hrs./day x days/yr. | | | | | | |
| Power cylinder expected life | | () years operating schedule | | | chedule | sec | | |
| (Sei | rvomotor used | | | | | | | |
| Servomotor manufacturer | | | | | Servomoto model No. | | | |
| Otl | ner conditions] | | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| | Ambient temperature | °C | | | | | | |
| Operating Environment | Installing place | ☐ Indoor ☐ Others () | | | | | | |
| | Dust | ☐ Nearly average ☐ Others () | | | | | | |
| | Power source | ☐ 3-phase ☐ Others (| 200/200 220 | OV AC 50/60 | | | | |
| Ō | Others | ☐ Trunnion fitting ☐ U-shape fitting ☐ Magnetic sensor ☐ Bellows ☐ Others () | | | | | | |
| Layout Other information | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Linipower Jack Inquiry Form

Inform TSUBAKI E&M of the following items when making an inquiry.

| Cor | mpany name: | Your name: | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TEL | .: | FAX: | | | | | |
| | (〒 - |) | | | | | |
| Ado | dress: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| on | Equipment or Load Condition | Equip. Description • No Shock Light Load • Moderate Shock Medium Load • Severe Shock Heavy Load | | | | | |
| nditi | Overall Equip. Weight/No.of Jacks | Equip. Max load kN { tf}/Jack (Equip. Min. load kN { tf}/Jack) | | | | | |
| Operating condition | Installation form | Standard specification (Lift/Suspend) With/Without Rotation prevention Travel Nut (Lift/Suspend) | | | | | |
| | Installation Condition | A. Fixed Base Shaft end free B. Crevice-Both End C. Fixed Base Fixed Shaft End | | | | | |
| | (Buckling Safety Rate Sf) | (Sf=) Leave open if no buckling load applies to screw shaft. | | | | | |
| | Screw Type | Machine Screw Type Ball Screw Type High Lead Screw Type | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Three pecifications | 1. Load Requirement | Load /Jack based on the above the information kN { tf} | | | | | |
| | 2. Speed | \sim mm/s (\sim mm/min) | | | | | |
| be | 3. Stroke | Actual Strokemm Max. strokemm | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Operation | times/min x min/hrs. x hrs./day x days/yr. (Back and forth count as 2) | | | | | |
| | | Motor with brake (Gearmotor with brake) | | | | | |
| ion | Reducer Unit | kW (1/) Others | | | | | |
| ndit | Power | VHz | | | | | |
| g co | Input R.P.M | r/min | | | | | |
| Operating condition | Ambient Temperature | <u></u> | | | | | |
| Oper | Equipment Condition | Mounting Location with/without guides | | | | | |
| | Dust | Average High with / without bellows Others | | | | | |
| | Control Device | Counter LS • Internal LS • Potentiometer • Rotary Encoder • Others | | | | | |
| | Others | Shaft end (B·I·M type end fitting) • Hand wheel • Clevis • Others | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Layout Other information | | | | | | | |
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SAFETY



Warning Observe the following safety precautions to prevent serious injuries.

- Do not release the brake while jack is loaded. If the brake is released under loaded conditions, suspended objects may fall and lead to accidents.
- Make sure the jack is not loaded when manually operated. Operate jack according to the instruction manual.
- During suspending operations, provide safety guards to prevent load from falling and never stand under the jack.
- Observe the Labor Safety & Hygiene Regulations, General Criteria, Paragraph 1, Chapter 1, Edition 2, or your local regulations.
- Installation, removal, maintenance and inspection:
 - · Carry out operation according to the instruction manual.
 - · While performing electrical wiring, observe laws and regulations such as Electricity Equipment Criteria and Extension Rules, as well as the cautions (e.g. direction, space, operating conditions, etc.) indicated in the manual. Be especially careful in following the instructions on grounding to prevent electric shocks.
 - Turn off the power and make sure that it does not reconnect accidentally.
 - · Wear appropriate clothing and protective gears (safety glasses, gloves, safety shoes, etc.).



Caution Observe the following safety precautions to prevent accidents.

- Always operate within the allowable stroke range. Operating a jack outside its allowable stroke range may result in accidents.
- Before switching on the jack, make sure the limit switches have been wired correctly and the stroke has been adjusted appropriately.
- The motor must be driven within the correct electrical voltage range to prevent motor burnout or fire.
- Efficiencies of parts may decrease with wear and age. Carry out periodic inspections as set forth in the manual. When the parts are no longer functioning or are ineffective, please contact a TSUBAKI E&M distributor for repair.
- Read the manual provided with the product thoroughly before operating and refer to it as necessary. If the instruction manual is misplaced, request a replacement copy from TSUBAKI E&M or your TSUBAKI E&M distributor, indicating the product name, series, and model number.
- The instruction manual must be delivered to the final user.

Warranty

1. Warranty period without charge

18 months effective the date of shipment or 12 months effective the first use of Goods, including installation of Goods to Buyer's equipment or machine - whichever comes first.

2. Warranty coverage

Should any damage or problem with the Goods arise within the warranty period, given that the Goods were operated and maintained according to the instructions provided in the manual, Seller will repair and replace at no charge once the Goods are returned to the Seller. This warranty does not cover the following:

- 1) Any costs related to removal of Goods from the Buyer's equipment or machine to repair or replace parts.
- 2) Cost to transport Buyer's equipment or machine to the Buyer's repair shop.
- 3) Costs to reimburse any profit loss due to any repair or damage and other consequential losses caused by the Buyer.

3. Warranty with charge

Seller will charge any investigation and repair of Goods caused by:

- 1) Improper installation by failing to follow the instruction manual.
- 2) Insufficient maintenance or improper operation by the Buyer.
- 3) Incorrect installation of Goods to other equipment or machine.

- 4) Any modifications or alterations of Goods by the Buyer.
- 5) Any repair by engineers other than the Seller or those designated by the Seller.
- 6) Operation in an inappropriate environment not specified in the
- 7) Force Majeure or forces beyond the Seller's control such as natural disasters and injustices done by a third party.
- 8) Secondary damage or problem incurred by the Buyer's equipment
- 9) Defected parts supplied, or specified by the Buyer.
- 10) Incorrect wiring or parameter setting by the Buyer.
- 11) The end of life cycle of the Goods under normal usage.
- 12) Loss or damage not liable to the Seller

4. Dispatch service

Service to dispatch a Seller's engineer to investigate, adjust or trial test Seller's Goods is at the Buyer's expense.





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